"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Thursday; moderate south to west winds.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXVII..NO. 22,138. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1918.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius. | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles. | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere.

BRITISH ARMY DRIVES ON TOWARD CAMBRAI; CAPTURES 14 VILLAGES AND 10,000 PRISONERS; GERMANS ARE NOW REPORTED QUITTING LENS

WHITMAN NAMED TO FIGHT SMITH FOR GOVERNORSHIP

Governor Wins Primary by Majority of 153,000 Over Lewis.

ALL HIS TICKET CHOSEN

Tammany's Candidate Defeats William Church Osborn by 130,000.

FEW WOMEN AT THE POLLS

In This City Especially They Failed to Display a Keen Interest in the Contest.

The renomination of Governor Charles S. Whitman for a third term in the Republican primaries by a majority over his opponent, Attorney General Merton E. Lewis, of approximately 153,000 was indicated by returns received up to 3 o'clock this morning. At that hour more than one-half of the districts outside of New York City had been heard from. In the returns from New York City the vote in some districts had been estimated.

In the Democratic primaries William Church Osborn, who opposed Alfred E. Smith, President of the New York Aldermen, and candidate for Governor with the indorsement of the Democratic State Conference held in Saratoga last July, was practically snowed under. Estimates based on returns received at 3 o'clock from 1,538 out of 3,714 election districts up-State gave Smith a majority over Osborn outside New York City of 44,000, while returns from this city, with some election districts estimated, gave him a majority of 86,000 in the five boroughs, making a total majority of 130,000.

The returns indicated the renomination of Lieutenant Governor Schoeneck by a plurality of 145,000 over ex-State Senator William M. Bennett of this city. Ex-State Senator Seth C. Heacock of Herkimer ran a bad third. Lieutenant Governor Schoeneck, though the loyalty issue had been raised against him by his opponents as the result of his activities in the case of John A. Tolishus, a former law clerk in his office, who has been indicted for utterances of a disloyal and seditious character, almost obtained a clear majority over both of his opponents.

Organization Republicans Won.

It was an organization victory all along the line in the Republican primaries. The closest contest was between State Senator Charles D. Newton, candidate for the nomination for Attorney General on the Whitman ticket, and Deputy Attorney General Alfred L. Becker on the Lewis ticket. Returns this morning indicated a victory for Newton by a majority of approximately 41,000.

Mr. Becker ran well in this city and in many localities up-State, though both here and outside of the city Senator Newton obtained a majority through the aid of the Republican State machine firmly controlled by Governor Whitman. Mr. Becker had made a fine record in his investigation of the Bolo Pacha case, and his activities in disclosing and putting the quietus on pro-German plotting. The Deputy Attorney General had the indorsement of Colonel Roosevelt, too.

The victory of Governor Whitman could not very well have been more complete. He carried every county up State, according to the indications furnished by returns early this morning except Albany, the political bailiwick of William Barnes, where Attorney General Lewis got a majority estimated at approximately 3,000, which was less than one-third of what his friends had expected.

Brooklyn, which Mr. Lewis's friends had expected for him, was carried by Governor Whitman by two to one. The Governor obtained a substantial majority in Westchester, where the Republican organization, headed by William L. Ward, had declared for Lewis. Monroe, the home county of his opponent, was carried by Governor Whitman by a majority which incomplete returns indicated would be very big. Onondaga, which had been claimed for Lewis, went for Governor Whitman by two to one.

Alfred E. Smith made a phenomenal run in the five boroughs of New York City. Returns from 631 out of a total of 2,067 election districts in the city indicated that Smith had beaten his opponent in Manhattan 18 to 1, in Queens, 16 to 1; in Bronx, 13 to 1; in Brooklyn, 10 to 1, and in Richmond, 7 to 1. Up-State he led Osborn by an average of 5 to 1. Incomplete returns from Chautauqua and Wyoming Counties indicated that Mr. Osborn would carry these over Smith by a narrow margin. Mr. Osborn carried Putnam, his home county.

Vote Light Throughout State.

There was a light vote throughout the State. Indications early this morning were that out of 1,118,000 enrolled Republicans only about 375,000 had gone to the polls. There are 887,000 enrolled Democrats. Returns indicated that upward of 100,000 of these had taken the trouble to vote in the primary election in which a victory for Mr. Smith over his rival was assured the moment he received his indorsement from the Democratic State Conference in Saratoga.

In the race for Lieutenant Governor

Continued on Page Eight.

When you think of Writing, think of WRITING.—Advt.

PRIMARY NOMINEES.

REPUBLICAN.
Governor,
*CHARLES S. WHITMAN.
Lieutenant Governor,
*EDWARD SCHOENECK.
Secretary of State,
*FRANCIS M. HUGO.
Attorney General,
CHARLES D. NEWTON.
Treasurer,
*JAMES L. WELLS.
Controller,
*EUGENE M. TRAVIS.
State Engineer,
FRANK M. WILLIAMS.

DEMOCRATIC.
Governor,
ALFRED E. SMITH.
Lieutenant Governor,
HARRY C. WALKER.
Secretary of State,
FRANKLIN E. BAIRD.
Attorney General,
CHARLES MORSCHAUSER.
Treasurer,
JACOB G. COHEN.
Controller,
BIRD S. COLER.
State Engineer,
DWIGHT B. LA DU.
*Renominated.

SEIZE 20,000 HERE IN SLACKER SEARCH

Men Between 21 and 31 Halted in Streets and Registration Cards Demanded.

12,000 TAKEN IN NEW JERSEY

200 Proven Slackers Sent as Prisoners to Governors Island and Upton.

The roundup of suspected slackers in the Federal districts of Southern and Eastern New York and Northern New Jersey began at 7 o'clock yesterday morning and proceeded at such high speed during the day that by night the roundup machinery had become so badly clogged that slow-down orders had to be issued. No official figures as to the number of arrests were obtainable last night, but it was estimated that between 10,000 and 12,000 men had been rounded up in Manhattan, between 8,000 and 10,000 in Brooklyn, Queens, Coney Island, and other Long Island beaches, and 2,200 in the Bronx. Reports indicated that about 12,000 men had been apprehended in New Jersey. Of this number 7,000 were reported from Jersey City, 4,000 from Newark, and 1,500 from Paterson.

Based on the statistics obtained from a recent similar raid in Chicago, where 27,000 were taken into custody, it is believed that not more than 2 per cent. of the total arrested here will prove to be real and intentional slackers.

Shortly after 9 o'clock last evening a slacker patrol in command of Inspector Andrew Murray of the American Protective League entered the Lexington Avenue Theatre from different directions, just before one of the intermissions in the performance of "Yip, Yip, Yaphank," which is being played by soldiers from Camp Upton. Some twenty-five sailors and a petty officer entered the orchestra and the latter announced that every man in the audience between 21 and 31 must stand up and show a registration card. Considerable confusion followed the announcement, but the army officer commanding the soldier-actors asked that the examination be deferred until after the performance. This was agreed to and when the play was over all the exits were placed under guard while the examination was made. Several men could not produce cards and they were taken into custody.

Charles De Woody, Chief of the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice, said, just before he left the 69th Regiment Armory last night, that 200 intentional slackers had been inducted into the service and been sent to Governors Island or Camp Upton. Two hundred more, he said, will follow them this morning, while about 400 others have been detained for further examination. Most of these men, Mr. De Woody said, were from out of town. The men who are physically fit will go into active training at once. Those who are physically unfit will be sent to Governors Island to work out fines to which slackers are subjected.

More Than 20,000 Agents.

The machinery of the roundup operated even better than was expected. Between 20,000 and 25,000 regular and special agents of the Department of Justice, including several thousand volunteers from the American Protective League, as well as soldiers and sailors, took their prisoners, in Manhattan, first to the police stations and from there to the 69th Regiment Armory. The Brooklyn and Queens prisoners were taken to the 23d Regiment Armory. The men were lined up, double file, in the armories, and yellow cards were handed to them, which they were required to fill up. Telephones in the armories connected with every draft board and the answers written on the cards were reported from the armories to the draft boards for verification. Wherever true answers had been given, the holder of the armory yellow card received a white slip, which was his honorable discharge from cus-

Continued on Page Seventeen.

NEW REVENUE BILL REPORTED; MAY BE LAW IN A MONTH

House and Senate Plan Speedy Consideration of $8,000,000,000 War Measure.

HEAVIER TAX ON PROFITS

Bears Heavily on Incomes Also —Beverage Imposts Raised, None on Breakfast Table.

COMMITTEE EXPLAINS BILL

Framed to Raise Third of War Expenses by Taxation, the Rest by Bonds.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The largest revenue raising bill in the history of this or any other nation was unanimously reported to the House today by Representative Claude Kitchin, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, which drafted the measure after public hearings and daily executive sessions covering three months.

The bill is expected to raise $8,182,492,000, and place about one-third of the estimated war expenditures for the next fiscal year on the people directly, leaving two-thirds of the projected expenditures of $24,328,561,427 to be met by bond issues.

While the bill, doubling, and in some instances tripling, the schedules in the present war revenue laws, chiefly reaches individuals and corporations benefited by the war, yet most citizens will feel an increase in direct taxation, and all will feel the operation of the proposed law by the increased cost of living that necessarily will follow as the result of the imposition of the different taxes.

The bill follows closely the taxation sources of the last two revenue laws, increasing the rates greatly in most cases and correcting inequalities of the present laws. Very few new sources of taxation were found by the committee, which aimed, if possible, to double the returns from the last two previous revenue laws by doubling the rates. This was done wherever the situation permitted, but in order to obtain new sources of revenue the small luxury list was amplified, and a semi-luxury list, based upon the price above a nominal figure, was added. Another new tax written into the bill is a Federal license on users of automobiles, based upon horsepower.

On its face the bill will levy the proposed war profits and excess profits taxes only on corporations. Members of the committee asserted tonight that the excess profits taxes now proposed would not apply to salaried individuals, as did the 8 per cent. tax on salaries over $6,000 levied in last year's taxation scheme. Section 301 of Title III., the war profits and excess profits tax title of the bill reported today, declares that "in lieu of the tax" imposed by the act of 1917 there shall be paid on the "net income of the corporation" a tax to be computed either under the war profits method or the excess profits method. The words "individual" and "partnership" do not appear in this title of the new bill.

Consumption taxes were avoided through the imposition of radical taxes on beverages. Already prohibition leaders are asserting that this tax has been made so heavy with the expectation of furnishing an argument for the defeat of wartime prohibition. It was asserted today that it was expected that a threat would be made during the discussion of this feature of the bill to impose consumption taxes in lieu of the tax on beverages if prohibition should become effective before the end of the current fiscal year. Under the bill as reported it is estimated that $1,137,000,000 will be raised during the twelve-month period from this source. It may be found necessary, members of the Ways and Means Committee assert, to insert a tax on breakfast necessities in lieu of the liquor impost, if the latter is reduced materially or eliminated.

Estimated Yields.

The war profits taxes, combining the English pre-war and a modified form of the excess profits plan of the last previous revenue bill, are expected to raise $3,200,000,000. From individual income taxes it is estimated that $1,491,186,000 will be obtained, also that corporations will pay on their incomes $984,000,000. The receipts from these three sources will, it is estimated, reach $5,576,186,000. The fourth source of great revenue, the levy on beverages, is expected to produce $1,137,600,000. In other words, $6,713,786,000 of the amount to be raised, $8,182,492,000, is proposed to be taken from four taxation sources.

The estimated yield from sources other than incomes, excess profits, and beverages includes: Estate tax, $110,000,000; transportation freight, $75,000,000; ex-

Continued on Page Seven.

70 PER CENT OF THE DENTISTS prefer a powder, which proves that a powder is best. Use CALOX—The Oxygen Tooth Powder.—Advt.

Kaiser's Hair Snow White; He Has Aged Greatly

GENEVA, Sept. 3.—Swiss who saw Emperor William and King Ferdinand quite closely at their Nauheim conference recently, according to the Democrate, declare that the German ruler has greatly aged and that his hair is snow white and his shoulders stooped. The Emperor's eyes are feverish, his gestures abrupt, and his face, which is severely lined and tanned, gives the general impression of a man suffering a great sorrow.

The Democrate learns that the Emperor's visit to King Ferdinand was for the object of obtaining Bulgarian divisions for the western front in order to release German reserves similar to the way Austro-Hungarian troops are being used to fill the gaps caused by the heavy losses during the present retreat. In the meantime German recruits barely 18 years old have received orders to prepare to join the fighting forces on Oct. 1.

WE NOW RECOGNIZE CZECHS AS NATION

National Council Is Formally Greeted as a De Facto Belligerent Government.

LANSING TELLS MASARYK

Previous Recognition Given by Britain, France, and Italy to Council in Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Secretary Lansing, speaking for President Wilson, announced today that the United States Government recognized the Czechoslovaks as a belligerent nation and the Czechoslovak National Council, which has its headquarters in Washington, as "a de facto belligerent Government clothed with proper authority to direct the military and political affairs of the Czechoslovaks." France, Great Britain, and Italy have also recognized the Czechoslovak National Council and the Czechoslovak army.

Secretary Lansing also announced that the American Government was prepared to enter formally into relations with the new de facto Government thus recognized for the purpose of prosecuting the war against the common enemy. Professor Thomas Garrigue Masaryk is President of the Czechoslovak National Council. He is therefore President of the de facto Government which the American Government formally recognized and which, as a Government, is in the same position as the Belgian and Serbian Governments in respect of having its seat temporarily on foreign soil.

The action taken today is interpreted in diplomatic and Congressional circles here as being the forerunner of more important steps to be taken later by America and the Allies in a joint effort to expand the present program for aiding the Czechoslovak forces now operating in Siberia and European Russia. The present Japanese and American expeditionary columns in Siberia were sent to Vladivostok with the distinct understanding that the purpose of the movement was to assist in delivering the Russian people from the shadow of German domination and to aid the Czechoslovak forces in Eastern and Central Siberia.

Czech Army Increasing.

At this time the Czechoslovak forces control the line of the Trans-Siberian Railroad from Samara, on the Volga River, to Irkutsk. From there to Chita it would appear from the latest information that the Bolsheviki have not yet been thrown out, but Czechoslovak and allied control from some distance east of Chita to Vladivostok is practically complete. Regarding the number of Czechoslovaks in arms at present estimates vary. It is doubtful if the leaders of the movement themselves know how many troops they have, but the lowest estimate given by those in touch with the situation is 80,000, and the number runs up to 150,000 or more. It is known that the Czechoslovak army is being rapidly augmented by escaped prisoners as well as by thousands of Russians of Czechoslovak origin who have gone into Siberia in the last twenty years, and it is assumed that with this final act of recognition, as regards the great powers, the increment will be increased largely.

The headquarters of the Czechoslovak National Council formerly were in Paris. The body consists of representatives of the scattered Czechoslovak colonies, but all real authority has been in the hands of the three principal officers of the council. These are, besides Professor Masaryk, General Milan R. Stefanik, its Vice President, and Dr. Eduard Benes, General Secretary. General Stefanik, Vice President of the Council, arrived in New York today from Paris. He was accompanied by his adjutant, Captain Paul Sowneir of the French Army; Captain Ferdinand Ploecky of the Czechoslovak army, and Lieutenant Levi of the French Army.

General Stefanik will come directly to Washington for conferences with Professor Masaryk, and it is believed that important negotiations with the United States Government will follow, the ob-

Continued on Page Nine.

QUEANT PRIZE OF NAVY MEN

Bluejackets and Marines Take Town and Dash On for Cambrai Road.

SEEK TO CUT FOE'S RETREAT

Lowland Scots Meanwhile Are Busy Mopping Up the Hindenburg Line.

ARMY STRIVES TO END WAR

Exerting Utmost Strength to Keep Germans on Run and Bring Peace This Year.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES, Sept. 3.—More than 10,000 prisoners behind our lines are the best human proof of yesterday's victory when our troops broke the Drocourt-Quéant line, and today the enemy is in hard retreat from a wide belt of country north and south of the Arras-Cambrai Road in a desperate hurry to escape lest his transport and troops may be encircled by our men, who are pressing their pursuit.

The capture of Quéant last night by our naval brigades, with Pronville beyond it, gives us the enemy's most important pivot where the Drocourt line joined the main Hindenburg line, which has been completely turned, so that this fortress position on which the Germans set their hopes of safety in defense is now in jeopardy.

Lowland Scots of our 17th Corps are walking along the Hindenburg line southeast of Quéant, clearing it of any men who may still be in hiding there, while the naval men of the Drakes and Hoods and Ansons and the Marines are following the line of the Hindenburg support trenches and curving downward to the Valley of Hirondelle River and across its slopes to get astride the Bapaume-Cambrai Road, which is the enemy's line of retreat for all the heavy transport now scurrying away and burning their stores behind them.

There are great possibilities of success in this situation today, when beyond any doubt the enemy is more panic-stricken, as he has all need to be, than at any time in this war, having lost his strongest defensive positions and many battalions of men, of which he is in desperate want, and is at his wit's end to gather fresh reserves in time to make a stand before much more is lost.

Our troops, among which I have been today, are not in the mood to make things easy for him and are exerting their utmost strength of body and spirit, not heeding need of sleep or rest, to keep those Germans on the move and battled out of their halting places.

Ten Divisions Identified.

In my message yesterday I said how the German command had scraped up every unit of every division which still gave some hope of fighting quality in order to counterattack us with ferocity and gain back their Hindenburg line. Ten divisions were identified against us in the region of Cagnicourt and Dury, and we took prisoners of every company of every regiment.

Yesterday I saw them streaming without escort over the battlefield, beaten and glad of capture, and today again I have seen many more trudging down our tracks after last night's progress; but until last evening it seemed likely that those Germans would show some kind of strength and come back at us with the grim endeavor to retrieve their losses.

That did not happen. What did happen was a steady forward movement of our men all through the darkness of last night, all through

Continued on Page Three.

Look to the Growing American Army To Deliver the Final "Mopping Up" Blow

LONDON, Sept. 3.—The strategical situation on the western front leaves to the Americans the duty of striking a mopping-up blow against the vast German hordes that are being pressed back by the other allies, in the opinion of some of the British military experts. Much is expected of the American forces, which are increasing with surprising rapidity.

The British critics today expressed the belief that the Germans would not be able to hold the Sensée and Nord Canals, and, with the Germans losing more of the Hindenburg line every day, the experts fail to see where the Germans can make a strong stand after their recent severe defeats and their lack of reserves.

German General Staff Moves Back

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 3.—The German General Staff has transferred its headquarters from Spa, Belgium, to Verviers, a little further to the north and 14 miles east of Liége, according to Les Nouvelles.

MUST NOT RELAX, MAURICE WARNS

Britain Must Now Exert Every Resource to Keep Up the Pressure, He Adds.

ENEMY HAS 196 DIVISIONS

Force Approximately Equal to Allies'—Vulnerability of His Line Proved.

By Major Gen. Sir F. B. MAURICE.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—A few days ago I was writing of the impression which the recovery of the British Army from its buffeting in the Spring had made upon me during my recent visit to France. Every one can now see that in what I said I was in no way exaggerating that recovery. What our troops have accomplished in the past few days is one of the most remarkable performances in the course of the war and eclipses even the recovery of the old "contemptibles" from the retreat from Mons.

In recent dispatches Philip Gibbs, while giving fullest credit to the magnificent work of the Canadian and Australian troops, than which nothing could be finer, very rightly tells us not to overlook what the English, Scottish, and Welsh divisions have done. If one could only add Irish divisions to the list, and be sure they were full of Irishmen!

It was upon troops from Great Britain that the brunt of the desperate fighting in the Spring fell, and it stirs the heart to see them now coming into their own with interest and advancing over ground which never before in this war has been trod by British soldiers. The capture of the Fortress of Quéant by Sir Charles Ferguson's corps, composed of English and Scottish troops and of a naval division, is one of the great feats of the war.

Haig's Skillful Manoeuvre.

The story of the last few days has not in its main features been one of hustling an enemy who was determined upon retreat, but of victory over an enemy who meant to stop us if he could. Sir Douglas Haig inflicted one definite defeat upon the enemy at Bapaume, and had followed this promptly by winning a still greater victory south of the Scarpe. These have been won by skillful manoeuvre, the chief feature of which was the transfer of a Canadian corps from the Somme to the Scarpe.

Canadians who appeared at the capture of Monchy last week were, I take it, but an advance guard, and the full effect of the movement has now been seen in the breaking of the Drocourt line. They have also been won by hard fighting, and it is not possible that our own losses should have remained as extraordinarily low as they were a week ago, not that there is any reason to believe them to be excessive, and they have been more than compensated for by the results obtained.

For these we must look beyond the actual battlefield. A week ago, when I was in France, no one expected to recover Kemmel, Neuvé Eglise Ridge, Bailleul, and Estaires without a battle which would have cost us many thousands of casualties.

French Coalfields Freed.

The enemy has been forced to withdraw from all these places and to make a considerable readjustment of his front in Flanders, which may go further because of his heavy losses

Continued on Page Two.

FOE MUST GIVE UP HOLD ON THE VESLE

Relaxing Pressure in Front of American Lines Already Indicates a Withdrawal.

LOSE HEAVILY AT JUVIGNY

Field Toward Terny Piled with Prussian Dead, Where They Strove to Hold Allies.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 3.—With the allied forces continuing their unrelenting pressure on the Germans' lines north of Soissons and gradually hammering their way eastward onto the plateau at the further end, which holds the Chemin des Dames position of the Huns, it would not be surprising if at any time the Germans started withdrawing from the Vesle front back to the Aisne or the Chemin des Dames position.

Several raids thrown against the American lines near Bazoches may be efforts to protect this withdrawal.

The boche artillery work of the past forty-eight hours on the Vesle has been negligible and our aviators report lessening German aerial activity on this sector.

A glance at the map will show how a further advance of General Mangin's army north of Soissons will affect the Hun position south of the Aisne.

Prefer to Surrender to Us.

The fighting of the Americans north of Soissons has brought forth many vitally interesting developments. The most significant of all the stories I believe is the following:

Two hundred Germans were surrounded in a cave near Terny1Sorny by Americans on one side and French on the other. The Germans, learning of the situation, rushed out of the north end of the cave to surrender to the Americans rather than to the French. When one knows that this was not due to any fear of maltreatment by the French it is difficult to analyze just what the game was, yet there cannot be the slightest doubt of the authenticity of the happening.

It may have been because of reports circulated among the German ranks that prisoners taken by the Americans are sent to the United States; it may have been a variety of reasons, but one thing is certain and that is that the German soldiers have learned better than to believe the stories of their officers.

A pretty story is told of two Frenchmen, the crew of a tank. This tank was put out of commission by German shells, but the men were not wounded. Stepping from the tank, they reported to the American commander and requested two rifles and went through the fight by the side of our Doughboys.

I witnessed the official end of a tragic story of the utmost bravery. A report came in saying that a certain platoon was held up by a machine gun nest in an advantageous position in the edge of a wood. A few minutes later a second report said that a certain Lieutenant had advanced single-handed and put the

Continued on Page Five.

HAIG BATTERS FOE ARMY

Germans in Hasty Retreat Behind the Canal du Nord.

QUEANT TAKEN BY STORM

Switch Line of Defense Collapses Under the Heavy Blows of the British.

NEW ADVANCE OF SIX MILES

Worn Enemy Reserves Rushed from Cambrai Offer Only Feeble Resistance.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—Field Marshal Haig's troops, in another wide sweep, pushed forward today to Baralle, eight miles from Cambrai, smashing the Drocourt-Quéant line completely and driving the Germans in hasty retreat to the Canal du Nord.

Quéant, the point of juncture between that line and the main Hindenburg line, was carried by storm and thirteen other villages were taken in an advance along a twenty-mile front, which attained a maximum depth of six miles.

More than 10,000 prisoners were captured by the British in these operations.

London was thrilled for a time by unofficial dispatches announcing the occupation of Lens, but Field Marshal Haig, in his night report, does not confirm this, merely stating that "our posts have been pushed forward slightly in the western outskirts of Lens." The fall of the city within a short time is regarded as certain. A French report late this evening says that fighting is in progress in the suburbs. The Germans are reported to be evacuating the city.

The Douai-Cambria line, one of the main channels of communication for the German forces in Northern France, is seriously endangered. The British have now reached the line of Ytres, (eight miles southeast of Bapaume,) Beaumetz-les-Cambrai, Baralle, Rumaucourt, and l'Ecluse, (twelve miles almost due east of Arras.) The gains were both north and south of the Bapaume-Cambrai road.

Field Marshal Haig reports that the enemy was "heavily defeated in his prepared defenses of the Drocourt-Quéant system." The Germans abandoned large quantities of war material, and in some places their retreat, after obstinate resistance, became almost a flight.

So determined were the Germans to hold the Drocourt-Quéant line that they concentrated eleven divisions on a front of 8,000 yards. Large bodies of reserves, including the 2d Prussian Division, were rushed up from Cambrai, but were so worn out that they were easily thrown back.

Towns and villages captured by the British include Pronville, Hamblain-les-Pres, Bertincourt, Doignies, Velu, Rocquigny, Saudemont, Recourt, Etaing, Villers-au-Flos, and Le Mesnil.

In the Lys salient the British advanced again, and now hold the western outskirts of Neuve Chapelle. They have captured Richebourg St. Vaast and Wulverghem.

French troops have crossed the Somme near Epenancourt and have gained a foothold on the east side of the Canal du Nord. Between the Aisne and the Ailette, the Paris official report states tonight, 1,200 prisoners were taken on Monday.

The Berlin official report again admits a German retirement, but does not indicate the real extent of it.

The first substantial indication that the Germans admitted defeat was when the British troops entered Recourt, after having reached the outskirts last night. They had not been in the town for more than a few minutes when the enemy artillery began shelling it heavily from a distance.

Germans Hastily Retreat to Canal.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 3, (Associated Press.)—The British victory in the battle of the Drocourt-Quéant line seems com-

plete. Without having delivered a single counterattack, and staggering from the blows administered to them yesterday, the Germans during the night and early this morning were in full flight for the eastern side of the Canal du Nord.

The enemy is trying to save what men and material he can from the wreck in and behind one of the most powerful defense systems ever devised. The much boasted Drocourt-Quéant line, or, as the Germans call it, the Wotan line, is totally shattered. The British are driving far through it, and the Germans are hurrying eastward, leaving behind only pockets of machine gunners, and even resistance from these is gradually melting away.

It was early in the morning, after a night in which a battle of the most stubborn nature was fought, that the Germans began to show real signs of generally being beaten. The village of Etaing was reported cleared up. Hamblain-les-Pres, on the extreme flank, was taken, and the troops moved eastward. But they did not go far, as the Germans in desperation had dammed the River Scarpe at Vitry-en-Artois and flooded the lowlands in this locality.

Patrols entered Biache-St. Vaast, which soon was reported captured.

From this general locality on the north the British pushed sharply forward. Early in the forenoon airplanes reported no Germans in any number west of Ecourt St. Quentin, which is east of Recourt and Saudemont, where the British were pushing on and overcoming the diminishing resistance.

Pushing Along Cambrai Road.

The British drove down the Arras-road with ease today. One force, according to word received at Headquarters, captured Inchy-en-Artois, another occupied and cleaned up the entire Buissy switch.

While this was going on a squadron of airplanes, discovering a large group of the enemy some distance to the east, managed to break through the protecting German airplanes and rained bombs down upon the masses. This probably upset any idea the Germans had of making a determined stand west of the canal.

Since that time airplanes report only a few Germans visible for any distance on the western side of the canal, and these observers flew over the whole region at an altitude of only 200 or 300 feet.

Marines Help in Drive.

After Inchy was taken British forces, among them Royal Marines and naval battalions, began a drive to the south past Moeuvres in an effort to reach the Bapaume-Cambrai road before the Germans fleeing along it. Pronville, having been taken during the night, the British from that place worked in a southeasterly direction and closed the valley of the Hirondelle River to Germans desiring to retreat that way, with the result that the enemy forces had to swing southward, then eastward, probably along the direction of the Bapaume-Cambrai road.

The lack of German shellfire was explained in many instances when gunners captured said that they had no ammunition. Many times, they said, they would have fired with open sights into the advancing British, but they had no shells and could not get any.

The fighting this afternoon seemed to be more vigorous along the northern part of the Hindenburg line than elsewhere. The British are sweeping along astride it from the point where it joined the Drocourt line at Quéant.

Prisoners Pouring Back.

Considerable progress is reported and large numbers of Germans have been killed or taken prisoners. Thousands of prisoners are coming into the cages. One army had 6,000 Germans in its cages this forenoon. How many machine guns were captured will not be known for many days, but there were thousands.

The prisoners were of all sorts, including cavalrymen who had been dismounted and fought as infantry. The hard-pressed German commanders took men from anywhere, no matter what they were supposed to be doing, and put them in the line with rifles and machine guns in an effort to stem the tide.

There is a new switch line behind the Drocourt-Queant line of which the Germans may make some use. It was recently completed and is some six miles to the rear of the old line. This line runs from Brebieres, five miles southeast of Drocourt, southward to Moeuvres and joins the Hindenburg line in the vicinity of Graincourt, three and a half miles northwest of Marcoing.

The British today pushed forward well to the east of Noreuil, and the Australians made steady progress to the east of Péronne.

German Reserves Worn Out.

Southeast of Lagnicourt, the southernmost point at which the British have a hold on the Hindenburg line, the Germans fruitlessly threw in what was believed to be every reserve available. Most of the reserve troops, however, had been worn out in the recent fighting and put up a weak resistance. The Second Prussian Division, considered one of the enemy's best, was rushed up from Cambrai, but the men were so worn that they were easily pushed back.

Opinion here is that the Germans have few, if any, fresh reserves available on this front. It is not believed the line of the Sensee Canal can be strongly defended. If this is taken it will be possible effectually to shell Cambrai.

FINDS HIS FATHER HIS GERMAN PRISONER

American Son Evades Paternal Embrace, Reminding the Captive He Is a Boche.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 3.—In the American force fighting north of the Soissons are many German-Americans. Apropos of the work of these men a high American officer told me this story: Four German prisoners were carrying a stretcher on which was a wounded doughboy, and marching behind them was another American soldier with fixed bayonet.

When the prisoners put down the stretcher for a rest one of them turned around and recognized in the American guard his son who had years ago moved to America. As the story goes the father started to embrace the son, who held his rifle at attention and reminded the prisoner that he might be his father, but he was nevertheless a boche, and must march ahead.

British Gains in the Drive Toward Cambrai

The shaded portion of the map shows the latest advance of Field Marshal Haig's army. At Baralle the British are within eight miles of Cambrai.

The War Situation

BY THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

There is one point in connection with the unparalleled success of the continued allied attacks which must occur to even the casual follower of the war. During 1916 the Allies pounded away at the Battle of the Somme and after five months' fighting and a casualty list of half a million men were able to penetrate only eleven of twelve miles into the German positions. In 1917, after the German retreat, the British tried to storm the hinge of the German line about Bullecourt and Queant and after the most vicious sort of fighting were unable to make any impression on the German lines.

This year, after a succession of heavy and uniformly successful attacks against German positions in other parts of the line, the British again struck against the Queant line, and within four days had passed completely beyond it and were in a position to strike the eastern side of the Hindenburg line in the rear. In the two preceding years Russia was still in the war and the German force was of necessity divided. There were indeed at least forty divisions less on the western front than there have been during this year. This is truly one of the great paradoxes of the war. The interesting question is, How can it be accounted for?

Three answers suggest themselves. The secret of successful strategy is always to outnumber the enemy and outgun him at the particular point of attack. It makes no difference how many men he may have if at the crucial point he is outnumbered. This, of course, was possible only if the control of the allied forces were concentrated in a single head. In so far, therefore, as this has been a contributing cause, the answer is found in the superior strategical conceptions of General Foch.

The second explanation is that the Germans, as a result of the severe pounding of the last six weeks, are commencing to crack. They have not broken, but they are deteriorating mentally. And defeat, as Foch himself has stated, is a mental condition even more than a physical fact.

The third solution may possibly be found in Russia. Events in Russia have been turning against Germany for some time. The rate of turning has been much accelerated by the expeditions which have been sent to Kola, Archangel, and Vladivostok. The acceleration will be still greater as the size of these expeditions is increased, and common sense tells us that they must be increased. Germany, seeing her influence in the east dying, and valuing her position there as her only means of obtaining a negotiated peace which will avert positive defeat, must make every effort to retain her grip. Therefore, it is entirely possible that despite the tremendous allied pressure in the west, she has been forced to make certain additions to the forty depleted and inferior divisions left in the east to guard her interests.

The probabilities are that all three of these causes are playing some part in the allied successes, and it is just as important that we realize the cause of a success as the success itself.

The progress of the British military machine toward Douai is most impressive. The British here have beyond question struck the most important blow which has been struck since the allied offensive began. The other moves that have been made tended to push the Germans back where they started from on March 21. The British action has smashed the northern part of this old line and is extending far beyond it. As a matter of fact the British lines are in places six miles further east than they have been since 1914. Already they have advanced almost even with Douai and their positions near L'Ecluse are about six miles south of the city. The principal strength of the German positions has been in the series of bases, well connected by railroad facilities on a north and south line from the Oise to the North Sea. Among these bases, of course, are Lille, Douai, and Cambrai. If one link is cut the chain fails, and the entire German line from the Oise to the sea may be affected.

The British now are working their way east between Cambrai and Douai. They are eight miles from the former place and, as has been stated, six from the latter. But they are going ahead, pushing the wedge in on a front of over six miles, and in doing so not only threatening the connection between these two points, but turning the German positions to the north, thereby operating as a double threat.

The coal area of France, centring at Lens, is thus placed in the balance with the German bases. Lens is of little value in itself, but the area to the east, if reoccupied, will be of incalculable benefit.

Official Reports of the Day's Operations

British

LONDON, Sept. 3.

Night Report—After the heavy defeat inflicted on the enemy yesterday, our progress on the battlefront between Péronne and the Sensée River continued today and our troops reached the general line of Ytres-Beaumetz-Les-Cambrai, Baralle, Rumaucourt and L'Ecluse.

Hostile rear guards which resisted the advance of our infantry have been captured or driven back with loss and heavy casualties were inflicted on the retreating German columns by our artillery. Large numbers of the enemy retiring in close formation over the ridge northwest of Equancourt were successfully engaged by our batteries over the open heights.

In his hurried retreat quantities of stores and material of all kinds were abandoned by the enemy and have fallen into our hands.

As a result of a successful operation this morning south of the Lys, English troops have taken Richebourg-St. Vaast and established themselves on the line of the La Bassée Road and between there and Estaires, which is in our possession. A number of prisoners and a few guns were captured in this attack.

Our posts have been pushed forward slightly in the western outskirts of Lens and east and north of Givenchy-La Bassée. During the night we made progress northeast of Steenwerck and entered Wulverghem.

Day Report—Our operations carried out yesterday south of the river Scarpe were completely successful. The enemy was heavily defeated in his prepared defenses of the Drocourt-Quéant system with the result that he is retiring this morning along practically the whole battlefront.

In the course of yesterday's battle, in addition to inflicting heavy losses on the enemy, we captured 10,000 prisoners.

We are now advancing and are reported to have entered Pronville, Doignies, and Bertincourt.

Canadian troops showed the greatest skill and courage yesterday in storming the Drocourt-Quéant line. These lines had been perfected by the enemy in the past eighteen months. They provided the most formidable obstacle, as they had been furnished with every device of modern engineering.

The enemy had reinforced his defences here to such a degree that on a front of 8,000 yards no less than eleven German divisions were indentified. Undeterred by the strength of his defensive organization, the Canadians, assisted admirably by British troops on their left, carried all before them.

South of the Canadian corps, English, Scottish, and naval troops of the 17th Corps, under command of Lieut. Gen. Sir Charles Fergusson, Bart., K. C. B., K. C. M. G., M. V. O., D. S. O., performed no less a gallant and ardous task in storming the junction of the Drocourt-Quéant and Hindenburg systems.

Those defenses were of the most formidable character, but our troops swept over and around them, encircling Quéant from the north, with the result that this important pivot fell into our hands at nightfall. The tank corps again assisted materially in the success of those operations.

French

PARIS, Sept. 3.

Night Report—Our infantry has crossed the Somme before Epenancourt. Further south our troops have gained a footing in the village of Ceuvry, (Genvry?) east of the Canal du Nord, taking 200 prisoners.

East of Noyon we made new progress and reached the outskirts of Salency. The artillery fighting is lively in this region.

In the course of the battle yesterday between the Ailette and the Aisne we took 1,200 prisoners.

An enemy raid in the Vlolu sector (the Vosges) brought no results.

Day Report—During the night there were artillery actions on the front of the Somme and between the Oise and the Aisne.

Enemy raids along the Vesle River and in the Vosges region were without result.

German

BERLIN, (via London,) Sept. 3.

Night Report—Between the Scarpe and the Somme the day passed quietly. Movements commenced during last night were completed in accordance with our plan.

On both sides of Noyon, partial French attacks were repulsed. Between the Ailette and the Aisne fresh fighting developed in the evening.

Day Report—Army groups of Crown Prince Rupprecht and General von Boehn—Between Ypres and La Bassée there have been successful infantry engagements in front of our new positions.

Between the Scarpe and the Somme the British continued their attacks. Southeast of Arras they succeeded, by putting in strong, superior forces, in thrusting back the infantry line on both sides of the Arras-Cambrai high road.

On the line of Etaing, the eastern fringe of Dury, east of Cagnicourt, northwest of Quéant and the northern fringe of Noreuil we held the enemy thrust. Enemy attempts, several times repeated, to press further forward over the heights before Dury and east of Cagnicourt against the canal failed, owing to the intervention of our reserves, which were in readiness.

Enemy attacks made on both sides of Bapaume, in part with tanks and in part after the strongest artillery preparation, were repulsed.

North of the Somme, after vigorous engagements, we retained the heights east of Sailly-Saillisel, Moislans, Aizecourt-le-Haut and the eastern fringe of Péronne.

On both sides of the Nesle-Ham railway line, Reserve Infantry Regiment D 271, which especially distinguished itself during recent engagements, yesterday also repulsed repeated French attacks. Apart from this, there was only artillery activity between the Somme and the Oise.

After the strongest artillery preparation for several hours, the French, supported by Moroccans and Americans, attacked in the afternoon between the Oise and the Aisne. Attacks launched from the plain of the Ailette against Pierremande and Folembray failed under our fire. At isolated places ourt counterattacks drove the enemy back.

In a portion of the wood west and south of Coucy-le-Château the enemy pressed back our foremost line somewhat from the Ailette.

Between the Ailette and the Aisne very strong enemy attacks, several times repeated, failed. The Garde Cuirassiers and the Eighth Dragoons up to and including yesterday, had repulsed sixteen enemy attacks and always succeeded in holding the positions intrusted to them.

Yesterday we shot down thirteen enemy balloons and fifty-five airplanes, thirty-six on the Arras battlefield. Twenty-six of these were brought down by the Chaser Squadron No. 3 under the leadership of First Lieutenant Lörzer, who achieved his thirty-fifth aerial victory.

The Times Special Cable Dispatches from the War Zone

MUST NOT RELAX MAURICE WARNS

By Major Gen. Sir F. B. MAURICE.

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

further south and because he had to find troops to meet Douglas Haig's advance toward Douai and Cambrai. Thus our gains in Flanders must be added to our gains in Picardy when we are balancing accounts of past battles, nor must it be forgotten that our victories have freed the French coalfields, which had to close down in consequence of the German advance into Flanders last April. This is a matter which touches us all very closely, for it means that the call which France has been forced to make upon us for coal will before many months are past be reduced, and Sir Guy Calthrop will be relieved of some of his anxieties.

Furthermore, the Arras-Albert-Amiens railway is again in our hands, and there is an excellent prospect that before very long, and for the first time in the war, we shall be able to use an extension of that railway through Lens to Bethune. This will give us a great increase in manoeuvring power and France very improved facilities for her coal supply.

The breach which we thus made in the Wotan line, otherwise known as the Drocourt switch, is one more proof of the truth of what I was saying last week.

The barrier in the west has ceased to be impenetrable. No line can now stop an attack by our tanks backed by a short but very intense bombardment and, above all, by our men, provided we keep battalions up to strength and give them ample opportunities for training. But we must not expect miracles. There is a sound old military maxim, Hope for the best and prepare for the worst. The one fatal course is to hope for the best and to do nothing.

I cannot be accused of underestimating our prospects in the past. As far back as Aug. 11 I said that it was legitimate to hope that the effect of Haig's victory of Aug. 8 would be to cause the enemy to fall back over the Somme at Péronne and to readjust his front north of that river. That forecast was based not so much upon the effect of the gain of ground which had been made, but upon the effect of the losses which had been inflicted upon the enemy since Aug. 8. His losses have been increasingly heavy, and his need for shortening his front grows greater.

We may, therefore, hope to see the enemy still further east before long, but that does not mean that complete victory is yet in sight, for he can and is shortening his front while our men have had a hard year and cannot go on fighting hard much longer unless they are kept up to full strength. Now that the enemy is yielding it is time to keep up pressure on him, and, therefore, there is greater need than ever for every economy which we can practice and every effort we can make to release men for the front.

The enemy is on the down grade, and we have just been told that he has had to break up eight divisions and to appeal to depressed Austria for help. That process of breaking up divisions must continue, and will be hastened as a consequence of Haig's last victory, but it does not mean that the enemy is exhausted without Austrian help. He has 196 divisions, which is about what we Allies have. It is true that the average strength of our divisions is greater, particularly that of the American divisions, but the difference in strength is not yet sufficient to enable Foch to strike the coup de grace.

Foch is not yet by any means at the end of his resources, and it is legitimate to hope for still better things this year, but the way to make certain of them is to allow no slackening in our efforts. The worst we have now to prepare for is the postponement of complete victory, but it certainly will be postponed if we are satisfied with extravagant predictions of success and do not back the glorious deeds of our men in the field to the very limit of our power.

FRENCH CLOSING ON LAFFAUX POSITION

German Supply Roads Now Under Observation—Gain on the Soissons Plateau.

By G. H. PERRIS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Sept. 3.—The last stage of the victorious approach of Mangin's army to the southern corner of the great German line of defense about Laffaux makes an immense difference in the situation. We have been slowly climbing by converging routes up what the soldiers call the Glacis on the outer slopes and breaking down, one by one, the outlying fortifications of the vast natural citadel that had been strengthened with all the resources of most modern military science. If, as the Cologne Gazette says, this defense has been for the enemy the bitterest battle of the war, its difficulties for the French may readily be admitted. In such a case it is only the most persistent valor in all ranks and the shrewdest dispositions by the army command that can win the reward of victory.

We are now atop the outer wall of the fortress on the west front, Leuilly to Terny-Sorny, and on the south above Cuffies and Crouy. The former position is the more important because it gives us henceforth extended views over the German rear and supply roads. Standing on the promontory above Leuilly you look across the Ailette right up the valley between St. Gobain Mountain and the Chemin des Dames. Anigy is below you. The two towers of Laon Cathedral rise from the northeastern horizon and between these points you have the highways on which the German convoys depend under full observation.

Hill 172, just south of Terny-Sorny, the highest point of the Soissons moorlands, which was carried yesterday afternoon by a famous body of Zouaves and other French troops over the dead bodies of part of the Prussian Guard, gives a different prospect. Looking back to the southwest you see swelling slopes cut by the deep narrow gullies by which we mounted step by bloody step from the Aisne Valley. Forward to the east you face the terrible battlefield where in April of last year from the mouth of a sheltering quarry I watched French soldiers climbing the steep sides of Laffaux and the marginal ravines.

GERMANS DESPERATE IN RESISTING MANGIN

Prussian Guard Units Almost Annihilated in Fighting at Terny-Sorny.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY, Sept. 3.—On the right of the French battlefront the French and Americans have a firm grasp on Terny-Sorny, the plateau whose importance relative to subsequent operations against the enemy positions from the Chemin des Dames to the Vesle is obvious at a first glance at the map.

The centre is momentarily marking time, but the left has made important progress on Hill No. 70, seven miles east of Nesle, which commands the Somme Valley and national highway No. 30 between Ham and St. Quentin. Its occupation will facilitate operations across the river further north against the hill Notre Dame Joie and important developments in this region are probable.

Meanwhile the German effort to resist Mangin is even more desperate than against the British east of Arras. Division after division is recklessly spent, no matter what its quality. Troops of the Prussian Guard counterattacked five times yesterday and Sunday in an attempt to retain Terny-Sorny, with the result that they were practically annihilated.

A cardinal feature of the whole battle is that in the exterme north and south, where the fighting is fiercest, the enemy is unable to hold strong positions fortified with all the modern arts of defense. The allied methods of attack, the multiplication of tanks and Stokes guns, and the magnificent spirit that animates the attacking army have justified the forecast made to your correspondent ten days ago by a French officer that land defenses, however powerful, would not check the allied progress.

Resistance depends primarily and essentially on men, and the quality of the defense which those men put up is measured by their morale and their numbers. It is impossible to speak with certainty of the German morale, but all available indications, including official documents, letters, and prisoners' statements, tend to show that it is already poor and steadily growing worse. Mutinies have occurred in Germany and at the front. There are stories of pillage, not only in French or Belgian territory, to which the severity of army orders regarding acts of indiscipline lends more than the color of truth.

But it is in numbers that the German weakness is most apparent and dangerous. German divisions comprise thirty-six infantry companies, four to each battalion, whose average strength is sixty men. There are also nine machine gun companies of an average strength of sixty-five men and some batteries of light "accompanying" artillery and trench mortars.

The total fighting strength of a division is thus limited to 3,000 men, and already several cases have been noted where the number of companies per battalion has been reduced to three. Even more drastic measures have proved necessary. Some divisions have been suppressed and their men distributed, to maintain the strength of others. The general effect of such procedure is to produce weakness and confusion and seriously to increase the prevailing demoralization.

AMERICAN DIVISION BEAT FOUR AT JUVIGNY

Called on by Mangin for Crucial Task, Our Men Acquitted Themselves Gloriously.

By CAMERON MACKENZIE.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 2.—The first five days of arduous fighting northwest of Soissons have just come to an end for a division of the American Army, and as a result it is possible to report a by no means inconsiderable sum of achievement in the chain of operations just brought to completion.

The United States troops captured nearly 1,000 prisoners, and upon a two-mile front drove the Germans back to a depth of four miles, forcing them out of Juvigny, off the Juvigny tableland, and then eventually, in the engagements of yesterday and last night, pushing them across the highly important Soissons-St. Quentin road. The task that was set for them to perform they performed thoroughly on a set time and brilliantly.

General Mangin used the American troops for work of crucial importance in the scene of the entire operation. The work was such as could be intrusted only to soldiers of assured stamina, of surest quality.

In its essence the task presented to them before the middle of last week was to gain possession of a strip of the Soissons-St. Quentin road, and in particular of the elevation in the highway at the village of Torney-Sorny. Hence, it was as shock troops of the first order that the American division was sent into the line, and it was as shock troops of the first order that they gave account of themselves.

Four different German divisions were opposed to the one American division in the course of the five-day battle. Originally the attackers encountered the 7th Division, an enemy unit of proved worth. Two days of ceaseless combat used that outfit up, and three fresh divisions were rushed forward to ease the pressure. These were the 227th, which was actually marched on foot from Metz, a distance of 140 miles; the 238th, which was brought from Rheims, likewise on foot, and to complete the list the 23d, which was in reserve to the 7th.

Once the drive had started and the Germans had perceived the vigor and determination with which the Americans were pressing the business in hand, it is likely that they fell into something of a panic. At any rate, to match four divisions against one was a grim compliment to the qualities of the new forces from overseas.

In the course of the engagement the whole of this particular American unit displayed much the same fighting characteristics that other units earlier displayed—great personal initiative, intrepid courage, endurance, and agility and skill with the rifle.

If one strove especially to name some one new trait developed in the experiences of Juvigny and Terny Sorny, one would probably declare that these doughboys, through days and nights of shell fire more savage than anything they had perhaps even guessed at, conducted themselves with almost uncanny coolness.

SENT TO "ENGLISH RIVIERA."

American Convalescents to Use a Compatriot's Estate in Devonshire.

PAIGNTON, England, Aug. 20, (Associated Press.)—Many convalescent American soldiers are now being transferred from hospitals in London and other parts of England to the American Red Cross Hospital on the South Devonshire Coast here.

The hospital is the former country home of a wealthy American, who turned it into an American hospital for British privates early in the war. It is now occupied almost entirely by American enlisted men, sick and wounded.

The estate is one of the finest of its kind in Great Britain, and its location is unsurpassed for convalescent cases. This particular part of Southern England is known as the "English Riviera," on account of its abundance of sunshine and its bracing air. The hospital at present has a capacity of about 300 beds, and is staffed throughout by American doctors and nurses.

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Theatres Opening

The Fall theatrical season gets into full stride this month, and it seems apropos to remind you of our Bureau of Information on the Main Floor Balcony, 34th St. side, where you may reserve your seats with no charge for the service. Also—

Boys and Girls Off To Boarding School

will find that our facilities for starting them on their railway journey are adequate. We will buy your tickets, arrange for your reservations, etc.

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PHILIP GIBBS'S SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCHES FROM BRITISH BATTLEFRONT

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

its rainstorms until the light of dawn came, and they moved faster still to make more gains. And everywhere the enemy yielded before them, and in some places, like Quéant, the key position of all his line, he crept away in advance of our men without a show of fighting.

Canadians and English held a line last evening east of Eterpigny Wood, southeastward to Dury and Villers-le-Cagnicourt, and thence southward to our side of Inchy. They, too, were expecting counterattacks, and at one time our airmen reported that the Germans were massing in a wood called Aubigny-au-Bois, covered by an aerial escort of nineteen air scouts. Some of our flying men tried to break through that formation of airplanes, but only one pilot could get past them under cover of clouds, and then he bombed the assembling troops so fiercely that they were broken up and never came forward.

The night was quiet on the Canadian front, and in the morning their troops advanced again to the west of Saudemont and then onward two miles further beyond Inchy, and toward that old evil forest of Bourlon Wood, where last November our men of the 62d Division and others fought in clouds of poison gas and under storms of shells.

Etaing Taken by English Troops.

English troops who were working with the Canadians on the left are reported to have taken the village of Etaing last night, with sixty prisoners, and this morning their patrols went into Recourt Wood, east of that, encountering enemy rear guards, but not meeting stubborn resistance anywhere, so that they went beyond to a high plateau a thousand yards further. The enemy shelled the village of Recourt as soon as our men were in it—so quickly that it is clear his gunners expected us to arrive, and their fighting line withdrew some distance back, leaving a wide No Man's Land for our men to cross.

It was reported this morning that German troops were debouching in Marquin, across the Arras-Cambrai Road, not far from their rear guard, and our guns found this place for their target.

Meanwhile West Lancashires, Naval Brigades, and Lowland Scots in the 17th Corps below the Canadians were advancing steadily. I told yesterday how the West Lancashires attacked in the morning, in line with the Canadians, after much hard fighting on previous days, and then swung southward and cleared out the triangle between the Hindenburg support line and a wood where many pockets of the enemy remained with machine gun nests giving much trouble by their crossfire. They did this with dogged courage, and in one place south of Bois de Bouche marines of our naval brigades helped them crush one of these wasp nests.

The naval men came into action determined to get their own back and go far forward after their adventures of last March, when they had to fall back before the enemy forces across the Somme battlefields, where I met them then fighting a bitter rearguard action. They had to march far yesterday over ground which I traveled today, so I knew the look of it and the smell of it and the horror of it all.

Behind our present front which is moving forward so quickly there is for many miles a stricken wilderness. There are no landmarks here, as even there are on Somme battlefields, where at least there are rivers and roads and natural features upon which the imagination may fasten for remembrance, but here beyond Neuville-Vitasse and Boiry and Croisilles there is nothing but a landscape of bare monotony rising and falling slightly from one slope to another without highroads cutting across it, without a river or a valley to break its lines, without even ruins more than rubbish heaps of brick which once were hamlets.

Trenches marked by hummocks of white chalk zigzag over this infernal desolation, where tangles of barbed wire, all rusted to the color of withered bracken; piles of abandoned shells gleaming wet in the rain, thousands of German stick bombs, gas masks, helmets, boots, rifles, shattered gun limbers, lorries slashed to pieces by explosives, and huts broken to matchwood are flung about between tumbledown dugouts, deserted gunpits, overturned blockhouses, dead horses, and deep shell pits.

Through this plague-stricken land, mile after mile to the far horizon, our men are marching and our guns are going up and our tents are pitched and our wounded come walking down. Even to them it has become familiar, so that they do not turn their heads to study how this obscenity of a wilderness of death is changed to different tones of evil or of grimness when the sunlight breaks through the rain clouds and washes it all with its pale gold light, revealing more sharply a detail of it all, or how it is darkened when the sun is hidden by a black mass of clouds piled up above the distant slopes.

Yet there is one feature of the landscape to which the naval men turned their heads when they marched up to battle. It is the only thing left standing in all this ruin behind our lines with some character and menacing beyond a mere ruin. In the centre of Croisilles, which is quite destroyed so that hardly one brick stands whole upon another, there is a Calvary of life size. The figure of Christ has been smashed from the cross and lies with face upward on a little hillock, but the Madonna is still left, almost unscarred I think, and the figure of St. John stands out above all this wreckage with a queer gesture of pity for the evil that has been done.

I write these things so that people who do not see them may have in their mind's eye the scenes through which our men are passing, yet no words of mine can give more than a faint, blurred image of what this desolation is really like.

March of the Naval Brigades.

For miles our naval brigades marched through this until they reached their line of action south of the Canadians and below Bouche Wood. As I have said, some Royal Marines turned aside to go to the help of the West Lancashires, but two other bodies of marines and Ansons, followed by Hawkes, Drakes and Hoods, went forward to their first objective, swinging southeastward in order to come down to the valley of the Hirondelle, or Agaghe Valley, as it is sometimes called, in order to block it below Inchy. Here they were checked by machine gun fire from German strongholds, but were successful in destroying these posts and passed on.

They passed beyond range and help of their guns for a time into the zone of open warfare, having to rely utterly upon their own rifles and machine guns for fire power. Their machine guns did terrible work among the enemy. One team fired 30,000 rounds at the retreating Germans and many men fell under this sweeping fire. Very cunningly and rapidly our naval machinegun crews worked their way forward with patrols and small bodies of infantry, enfilading the German positions and getting their targets.

After all the first objectives had been taken one Brigadier went around his forward line, examined the problem ahead and satisfied that his men could go further without grave peril ordered them to advance again and keep on, as long as they did not lose touch with each other or meet trouble in overwhelming odds. Darkness came but they did not stop, and still crept on slowly and cautiously into the enemy's country until dawn came, when they found themselves on the west side of Inchy with Quéant and Pronville below them and a valley curving down southeastward.

Their duty was to block the valley and capture Quéant by this turning movement from the north. According to this plan they spread out and went down the slopes to the valley on the east side of Quéant and Pronville, closer to them than had been intended at first, but achieving the same result. All the Germans fled from Quéant before their arrival, panic-stricken at the knowledge that we were behind their lines and bearing down on them. A small garrison of seventy men were still holding out in Pronville, and these surrendered to a man when they found themselves surrounded.

Later this morning the naval brigades advanced again below Inchy toward the Bapaume-Cambrai road. Their object, as I said before, was to cut this artery of German retreat. If they are successful, it is almost certain that they will hamper the movement of the German forces in sharp retreat further south, and that they will prevent the withdrawal of the heavy transports. The enemy succeeded in getting away most of his guns, but has been forced to blow up some of his Howitzers, which are now behind our lines, with their crews as prisoners.

Guns Rushed to New Lines.

The work of our own gunners in getting forward to keep pace as far as possible with the infantry advance has been very fine, and I saw today how our batteries were straining every nerve to follow up over all this wild, roadless land. Some of our sixty-pounders, which are heavy and slow-going weapons, were already so far forward that at noon today they opened rapid fire on the crossroads outside Cambrai, so that this highway must have been a terror to the crowded German transports struggling back in their retreat.

German prisoners coming back through this ground watched our gun teams gloomily, understanding the meaning and marvel of all this movement toward their lines; where cheery young gunner officers called to their men to carry on and make haste after the Hun, and gunner Colonels rode forward to prospect new positions, and transport men tethered their horses in fields from which the enemy had gone only a little while ago leaving frightful litter and filth behind him.

Small groups of prisoners passed and passed, so that we must have gone well beyond that 100,000, and in wired inclosures stood new arrivals who had drifted down after night and were now under guard. Miserable-looking men were sleeping themselves into forgetfulness of war or pacing up and down like animals in a cage or munching food which we provided. They were very hungry, many of them having gone several days without supplies owing to the chaos and disorganization behind the German line.

But one figure among these groups attracted my attention more than the others because of his gay plumage. It was a German cavalry officer, like a caricature by Hansi, in a sky-blue coat with red collar, almost too beautiful to be true in time of war. He was a haughty young man, too proud to speak even with German infantry officers, so that he kept aloof from them and paced up and down, as he had been doing, I am told, for many hours.

There were numbers of dismounted cavalrymen among our prisoners, wearing a yellow band around their caps and belonging to the 7th Cavalry Division which has been almost completely destroyed during the last twenty-four hours. These men curse the fate which brought them to the west front after an easy time in Russia, where they knew nothing of British barrages and believed the war was won.

In one camp not far from Arras there are today several thousands of prisoners, belonging to ten different divisions, and looking at them one might well wonder whether at last one might be justified in believing that the German Army is beginning to crack. It is only just beginning and is not near the breaking point yet, but the events of the last day and night reveal greater weakness in our enemy than most of us had dared to hope for or believe.

In the north they are still drawing back in Flanders, and on the other side of Péronne the Australians are gaining much of our old ground. Whole German armies on both fronts are being forced into retreat, and how they will camouflage all this under the eyes of their own people or explain what cannot be explained away is an interesting problem.

Our men are full of hope and eagerness to make an end of the whole business; to strike so hard and to go so fast that the enemy will have no time to recover. To end the year with peace is what inspires the hearts of our men, and for that they will fight with their spirit keyed high. Perhaps our wishes go beyond realities, but at least the vision is good.

Some of our men are on their way back to something like peace already. Red Cross trains are running down from the casualty clearing stations with blighty men. They line close to the windows, and have passed down from that abominable land where nothing grows between the shell craters but rank grass and weeds, and where there is nothing human except their own selves in this devilish desert of war.

They travel now behind the lines into the sweet, good country of France, where the last of the harvest is being gathered in and bronzed wheat sheaves stand in stubbled fields and peasant girls wave hands to them and small boys and girls watch by clover patches where sleek cattle feed and white, sun-drenched clouds are piled high above peaceful villages.

Through this landscape, near to the scenes of war now far away, in beauty, our wounded pass homeward-bound after great victories.

Monday's Great Victory.

Sept. 2.—I have seen some very wonderful scenes on the battlefields today. All were proof of another victory, a big and astounding victory, in its first hours. After all our recent progress and the long endurance of our men, today we have pierced the sector of the Drocourt-Quéant line, the main line of German resistance, and our advanced troops are away beyond. The enemy has massed units from divisions fresh or broken, every man and batch of men who can hold rifles and use them, pioneers and dismounted cavalry, labor battalions and signalers whom he can gather together in his back areas miles away, and is rushing them up by road and rail, in motors and carts, in order to smash us back and save himself from irreparable disaster.

So there may be hard fighting ahead; but our men this morning—Canadians and Lancashire men and Scots and English county troops—have braved the enemy's strongest line, taken great numbers of prisoners, utterly shattered the enemy's first lines of defense, and got into country where we have never been before and where now they are fighting against strong and desperate resistance. It is a remarkable military feat that this attack of ours should be made so quickly after the battles I described last week, in which our men engaged in hard and bitter fighting round about Bullecourt and Hendecourt and Riencourt with the Germans stiffening against them every day.

I said in my message yesterday that we had gained the first phase of the offensive which started on Aug. 8 by driving the enemy back to the edge of his main line of defense—his famous Hindenburg line with the Droucourt-Queant switch or Wotan line, as they call it, at the northern end—and that a new phase would begin when we drove through that. But I did not then think we could start that new attack so soon, considering all that it involved.

The situation was still difficult yesterday about Hendecourt and Riencourt because the enemy had counterattacked again heavily, and we had withdrawn from both those villages. It was necessary to retake them before the Canadians and our English battalions could go ahead today to storm the Drocourt-Quéant line on the way to Cagnicourt and Buissy and the country beyond.

Busy Lancashire Troops.

This task of retaking the villages was carried out yesterday by Lancashire troops who had already attacked at 12:30 A. M. on one day, 12:30 A. M. on another, and at 4 and 5 o'clock yesterday morning, and now at 6:05 o'clock that evening started out again to meet the enemy in the open. They stormed their way into the villages, and our observers, whom I met today, saw them fighting at close grips with the Germans in the ruined streets, while others of the enemy escaped and ran. The Lancashire machine gunners did terrible work in this neighborhood, firing at the enemy with close targets; and one Sergeant claims to have killed sixty men with his own gun. One Lancashire light trench mortar battery, further south by Bullecourt, knocked out two machine guns and took twenty-six prisoners, then the next day took thirteen prisoners, engaged three nests of machine guns and cleared them, obtained a direct hit with a trench mortar on one emplacement, destroying its guns, and received the surrender of another machine-gun section—a wonderful achievement for one small team of men.

It was after all that work that these Lancashire lads began the attack this morning in conjunction with the Canadians on their left and other British troops on their right. The Canadians themselves held the ground from the dry wood south of the Scarpe to the left of Hendecourt village, and the Drocourt-Quéant line was 2,500 yards ahead of them, protected by belts of thick and sharp spiked wire and by an elaborate trench system with many dugouts and gun emplacements and strong artillery support. Then they had to go 1,500 yards more to the west side of Dury and Cagnicourt, and then to get through another line to Villers.

The Arras-Cambrai road ran straight through this country. At the southeasterly angle they had the help of a number of tanks. The tank officers and crews waited beside their engines in tense expectation of dawn, when they were to start on their new adventure with many perils ahead of them.

Enemy Scrapes Up Reserves.

Meanwhile, things as we now know were happening on the enemy's side of the lines. The German high command was expecting an attack, but perhaps not quite so soon, and in desperate anxiety to save the Drocourt-Queant line had decided to counterattack the Canadians today in order to defeat our plans, and it had scraped together, as I have said, every available unit from miles back of the line. Into this country south of the Scarpe they had flung up three fresh divisions, the 3d Reserves, 15th Reserves, and the 16th Division, with the remnants of the 1st Guards, 2d Guards Reserve, 12th Reserve, 58th and 7th Cavalry Division, dismounted, A Battery of the 36th, and the 111th Division. The 12th Reserve had been badly broken at Bullecourt, the 111th had suffered exceedingly two days ago at Bapaume, and the others had been hard hit.

It was a wild confusion of men mixed up with units not intended for fighting in the line except in the last ditch of despair, and filled up with some individuals of at least third-class physique, combed out from the last and poorest reserves of German manhood. Truly the German General Staff is hard pressed for manpower to fight battles with such mixed lots.

They had intended, as I said, to attack this morning, and had assembled for this purpose; but our attack broke first. By enormous labor and courage, our gunners had brought their artillery forward over the battle ground captured only a day or two ago, and had many heavy guns as well as field batteries in position; so that when at 5 o'clock our barrage opened it was terrific in power and effect.

The enemy artillery was in position, too, though not in such strength, and their gunners were fixing their fuses and standing by, ready to sweep our lines with fire, when ours broke upon their lines. They found themselves obliged to alter their range, and one minute after our storm of shells burst they dropped down their barrage onto our positions and roads. It was intense and terrible, but many of our men were already away beyond its "mean point of impact," as the gunners put it, and, owing to short shooting, many German soldiers were wounded by their own splinters and direct hits.

The Advance Begins.

Our men went away with the haze of the earliest dawn. It was some time, indeed, before the light pierced through the storm clouds and rain showers and showed any glimmer above those wide fields of desolation, where the only landmarks are torn woods and piles of ruin and white chalk, parapets of broken trenches, and shell-broken windmills and hummocks of earth where the German machine gunners lay in hiding, and belts of barbed wire tossed into broken strands by our bursting shells.

The tanks moved forward over this rough ground behind the first infantry advance, trampling over the wire, plunging over old trenches, searching for German machine-gun nests, while the lighter whippets went faster ahead to round up prisoners and strike terror into the trench garrison.

The German gunners watched for their coming and tried to get direct hits on them as they came. The first German lines were stormed quickly by our men, and the German soldiers were so panic-stricken by our advance and so shaken by fear of death that they could not fight.

"They crowded down in their dugouts," said Canadian soldiers this morning, who came back with many prisoners or with wounds, "and screamed for mercy as soon as we were on them. I'll never forget the sound of those men's yells down there in the darkness where they were jammed in and afraid to come up. It was fairly blood-curdling."

I do not know how many prisoners we took this morning. All I know is that I have never seen so many trooping back over the battlefields. There is one road up which I passed to the front which held a strange and tragic drama, and though I have seen many pictures of war and the swirl of many battles I shall not forget the traffic of that road.

Scenes Behind the Front.

Today the battle was in full progress away over there and our guns were firing heavily; and now and then German shells came over to ruined villages on either side of this winding road, bursting with gruff coughs and flinging up vomits of smoke and death. Through the black raincloud the sun shone upon these frightful places, these huddles of brick and timber that gashed the skyline with their ribs and fragments, and upon the wreckage of railways and overturned engines and old gunpits and earthworks out of which we had hurled the enemy on our recent progress. That was the background of the road, and along the road itself came an incessant stream of men and mules and guns. It was like a long frieze on a living panel in some picture of war.

A stream going one way was made up of an endless chain of batteries and gunlimbers going forward to follow up the enemy and battalions were marching up in support, played up part of the way by their bands, and there were pioneers to make the way straight for the guns and ammunition and all the supplies, and ambulances with their red crosses burning through all this black etching of guns and wagons. The other way, coming away from the battleline, were the walking wounded and prisoners and stretcher bearers. On one side was the spirit of victory moving forward, and on the other side the human price of victory and the tragedy of defeat. Crowds of German prisoners came stumbling back in small groups of twenties and fifties, odd dozens of pairs of men, and single figures hobbling slowly and painfully, with drooping bodies and their big steel helmets bent to their chests. Many were wounded, their heads all bloody and their faces like masks of blood, or with broken arms or bullet wounds in their legs; others were worse than that, so that they could not walk and seemed already dead. They were carried shoulder high on stretchers by unwounded comrades, one man to each corner of the stretchers, trudging slowly down that crowded way.

Our wounded and the German wounded mixed together and helped each other. Some of the Germans carried one badly wounded man as they carried their own. I saw many groups of English and Canadian and German soldiers walking together with arms about each other's neck, propping each other up, tumbling together, resting together for a time in the shelter of ditches and under ruins by the wayside. Some of them had picked up bits of timber and were using them as crutches or sticks to help them on the way, and others, after coming so far, dropped and waited for an ambulance to pick them up later in the day. Companies of wounded prisoners marched down in military formation with their own officers at their head, without escort. The officers called out words of command to them, as though on their own side of the lines; and I saw some battalion commanders among them, walking gravely through with a beaten look.

There were hardly any escorts at this stage. Our troops were too busy fighting to provide escorts, and the prisoners trudged back alone, perfectly harmless now, and eager to get beyond shell range. They passed and passed, as the guns went up hour after hour; so there must be a lot of them. For the most part, I am bound to say, they looked tall and proper men, though they come from such mixed units and scratch reserves.

Germans Weary of the War.

There were many boys among them, but sturdy enough to make good fighting men, and their high steel helmets gave them a grim look. Many, however, wore their field caps, and by the numbers on their shoulder straps one could see many different regiments. After their first terror, they showed gladness at their escape, and many of them showed gratitude to our men by stopping them on the roadway and offering them Iron Crosses or pictures from their pocketbooks. Some of them spoke bits of English, and held wayside conversations with their captors. I overheard some of these remarks:

"When will the war end, Fritz?" asked one of our men, and the man answered:

"This year."

"Then it will be win for us," said the English lad.

"Perhaps," was the answer, "and I don't care, as long as peace comes."

"Are you fellows tired of the war?" asked an English officer, and the answer was:

"The whole world is tired of war, and so are all of us."

"Is England hungry?" was a question put by a German prisoner, and he seemed surprised when our men laughed and said, "Not a bit of it. We have heaps to eat."

"Then you get plenty of food from America," said the German.

"Some," was the reply. "Your U-boats don't stop us much."

"Ach," said the German sadly, "our U-boats are kaput—finished."

"How many Americans do you think we have in France?" was one question of our men, and another German soldier said:

"Perhaps a million, and that is very bad for Germany."

So they passed and passed, men going up and men coming down, our wounded and theirs.

The battle was going well so far, but the German strength of resistance was growing as the hours passed. The Canadians had swept through the Drocourt line and were beyond Cagnicourt and into Dury and Buissy. They had very hard fighting at Dury, where there was a sunken road behind a windmill crammed with machine guns. They came up against the German 3d Reserve Division, brought up from Mauberge with orders to attack at dawn today and take as much ground as possible.

These men, whose attack had been frustrated, fought well and are still resisting strongly. The Town Major of Dury was captured, and one strange bird who fell into Canadian hands was an officer coming back from leave, who rode this morning with his orderly down the Arras-Cambrai road ignorant of the attack until he fell, horse and all, into the Canadian line there. Several battalion commanders were taken, and one of them, who belongs to the Lancashire bag of prisoners, saw one of his stretcher-bearers carrying the wounded and asked leave to speak to him. Consent was given, and he called the man up and said:

"I was going to give you the Iron Cross yesterday for gallant conduct, and now take this opportunity of presenting it to you with my congratulations."

The stretcher-bearer seemed stupefied by this decoration on our side of the lines.

Another battalion commander, taken yesterday by Lancashire men at Hendecourt, was asked whether he thought we should break through the Drocourt-Quéant line.

"No," he said stiffly; "Germany wants it."

"Yes," said an English officer, "but Germany wanted you, and yet we have taken you."

This seemed to leave the German commander without further argument.

"Mopping Up" the Field.

British troops today south of the Canadians had a difficult operation at the outset holding Hendecourt and Riencourt. They had to form up behind the Canadians, then follow on and swing south to "mop" up the ground in the triangle formed by the Hindenburg support line as a base with a little wooded copse as its apex. This they did, walking down the legs of the triangle; but pickets of the enemy remained in between with nests of machine guns which they served with the utmost resolution. The copse was a source of trouble in this way, and the Lancashires here did not have the help of tanks, as most of them at that time were on the Canadian front. However, all objectives were taken this morning, and our observers reported the tanks far ahead of our line.

The Canadians had hard fighting across the Arras-Cambrai road, especially at certain crossroads near a ruined factory and a place called Brioche Farm.

It is too soon yet to tell the result of the battle, because it is still in progress, and, as I have said, the enemy is apparently pouring up men for counterattacks. But as far as the first phase goes, we may claim full success; for we have broken the Drocourt line and taken many hundreds of prisoners and certainly some guns.

Many Canadians told me this morning that they had passed German batteries abandoned by their gunners, so that these ought to fall into our hands—another severe blow to the enemy; and if we can hold against their fierce counterattacks it must jeopardize the strength of the Hindenburg line and perhaps force them to a greater retreat.

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912 CASUALTIES REPORTED IN THE LIST OF A DAY FROM OUR OVERSEAS ARMY

List Names 124 Killed in Action, 531 Wounded, and 210 Missing

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The War Department today gave out two casualty lists, which contained 912 names, bringing the total for the army to 25,128. No marine casualty list was issued. The total for the army and marines is now 28,120.

Army lists today included the names of 124 killed in action, 25 died of wounds, 9 died of accident, 13 died of disease, 306 severely wounded, 225 wounded to a degree undetermined, and 210 missing.

SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.

	Previously Reported		
Deaths.	Reported.	Sept. 3.	Total.
Killed in action	4,577	124	4,701
Lost at sea	291		291
Died of wounds	1,468	25	1,493
Died of accident or other causes	757	9	766
Died of disease	1,643	13	1,656
Total	8,736	171	8,907
Wounded	12,756	531	13,287
Missing, including prisoners	2,724	210	2,934
Grand total	24,216	912	25,128

ARMY CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED SEPT. 3.

The following army casualties, with next of kin and emergency addresses, were announced today.

KILLED IN ACTION—124.

Major.

HOUSTON, H. H.; Mrs. M. E. Houston, Baltimore, Md.

Lieutenants.

ARBELANG, L. P.; Mrs. M. Ambelang, Cascade, Wis.
STUBBS, DAVID H.; D. T. Stubbs, Des Moines, Iowa.
WRIGHT, RULIFF; c. Nevada Rus Angeles Cal.
MILLER, RAYMOND E.; Mrs. C. Miller, Detroit, Mich.
POST, DANA CECIL; Dr. E. J. Post, Benton Harbor, Mich.
STEEN, JOHN H.; Mrs. John H. Steen, Vaughan, Miss.

Sergeants.

DE VRIES, A. D.; Dr. U. De Vries, Grand Rapids, Mich.
FULTON, CHARLES J.; Mrs. L. Fulton, St. Clair, Mich.
GLENN, JAY TAYLOR; E. L. Glenn, Gregory, Mich.
GRIFFUS, A. E.; Mrs. A. Robbins, Grand Rapids, Mich.
GRAHAM, JAMES H.; Hiram B. Graham, Madison, Wis.

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KOCHANIK, JOHN; Mrs. Kochanik, Milwaukee, Wis.
LAFRANIA, KENELM; Joseph Lafrania, Bloomer, Wis.
MACARTHUR, C. R.; Mrs. A. McArthur, Hancock, Minn.
MCPHERSON, IVAN; John McPherson, Onaway, Mich.
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REID, NEIL; James Melvin Reid, Warren, Mich.
SACK, FRED S.; Mrs. R. M. Kokler, Chicago, Ill.
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TOMMEY, M. P.; Mrs. Tomazos, Mich.
WATKINS, HARRY T.; Wm. Watkins, Alma, Mich.
WINCH, RAY; Carlton Winch, Marshfield, Wis.
NOLAN, EDWARD J.; Andrew Yaun, Coatsville, Tenn.
HANEY, JOHN TODD; Mrs. R. Haney, Mckeesport, Penn.
SELLS, OTTO B.; Mrs. Caroline Sells, Oshkosh, Wis.
SINGER, MIKE; Joseph Singer, Weyerhauser, Wis.
WIDDIFIELD, C. P.; D. Widdifield, Lynchburg, Va.
ZANNI, EUGENE T.; Mrs. Regina Zanni, Boston, Mass.

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MARTIN, LUCE C.; Mrs. Hattie Martin, Pittsburgh, Penn.

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LA ROCCA, ANTONIO; Luigia Smabia, 537 E. 11th St., New York.
SALZBERG, BERNARD; Mrs. Anna Bernstacker, 536 Morris Av., New York.
SHEEHAN, DANIEL J.; Mrs. Mary McCall, 309 E. 88th St., New York.
KAVANAGH, FRANK H.; Rose Kavanagh, 247 E. 52d St., New York.
MARANZANO, DOMENICO; Nicola Maranzano, 343 E. 108th St., New York.
OLMSTEAD, CARL F.; Jesse Olmstead, Box 121, Wolcott, N. Y.
STEVENS, R. R.; James G. Stevens, Churubusco, N. Y.,

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BECK, WILLIAM E.; J. B. Beck, Lansing, Iowa.
BENNETT, R. J.; Mrs. E. Bennett, San Francisco, Cal.
BOBB, THE; RODERICK; Mrs. Zetta Bobe, Wash.
BRABAZON, A.; Mrs. M. Brabazon, Oshkosh, Wis.
BURBEY, PAUL; Paul Burbey, Lena, Wis.
COOK, CARL J.; Mrs. H. J. Cook, Gillette, Wyo.
COOPER, W. S.; Joe Cooper, Superior, Wis.
COWLEY, JOSEPH R.; Mrs. E. Cowley, Jackson, Mich.
GEORGULIS, E.; C. H. Georgulis, Falawurition, Greece.
HAMILTON, I. R.; Mrs. H. Thayer, Grand Rapids, Mich.
HEIDBACH, HARRY; Mrs. Heidbach, Antwerp, Penn.
HOHN, JOSEPH; John Hohn, West Morland, Kan.
LUX, JESSE J.; Peter Lux, Encinitas, Cal.
MCGLUE, W. S.; William McGlue, L'Anse, Mich.
MIKOLAJCZYK, JOSEPH; Mrs. Mikolajczyk, Milwaukee.
MILLER, O. G.; Nellie Miller, Detroit, Mich.
SCZEPANICK, MARIAN; William Sibley, Ashland, Wis.
SPENCER, FRANK; Mrs. Willow Spencer, Pontiac, Mich.
STAUBER, J. R.; Mike Stauber, Menominee, Mich.
TIGMAN, RAYMOND; Phil Tioman, Hamilton, Ohio.
VOELKER, W. C.; Miss Bertha Voelker, Colfax, Wash.
WALSH, AMBROSE; Ambrose Walsh, Jamestown, N. D.
ALTSCHTHAL, G.; Henry Altschthal, Jackson, Mo.
EDWEIN, W. G.; Gottlieb Erdwein, Philadelphia, Penn.
ESTABROOK, S.; Mrs. Carl Selgle, New London, Wis.
FANT, G. W. G. W. Fant, Big Sandy, Texas.
GREGO, DOMINICK; Mrs. Grego, Mault Ste. Marie, Mich.
HENNING, W. W.; William Henning, Mt. Clemens, Mich.
ASCH, FRANK; Fred Asch, Birmingham, Mich.
COOLEY, JESSE; Mrs. Frances Cooley, Brighton, Mich.
DRADENSTOTT, A.; Mrs. Dradenstott, Custer, Mich.
DRISCOLL, L. J.; Thomas Driscoll, Ashmont, Mass.
ESSMAN, A. B.; Mrs. Elizabeth Essman, Waterford, Wis.
ENGLISH, G. D.; Mrs. M. English, Pittsburgh, Penn.
GLADSOW, J. D.; Robinson, Holton, Kan.
HAGERMAN, D. G. J. A. Hagerman, Nachos City, Wash.
MANN, T. P.; Joseph Mann, Finckneyville, Ill.
MEDICO, MICHELS; Angelo Medico, Dunmore, Penn.
MUNDAY, JOHN; Mrs. Lena Munday, San Francisco, Cal.
NELSON, FRITICHOF; N. A. Nelson, Iron Mountain, Mich.
PITEMAN, PAOLA; J. W. Reynolds, Terre Haute, Ind.
ROSS, L. H.; Edward Ross, Orweil, Vt.
SOBBASKI, STANISLAUS; Mrs. Sobbaski, Berlin, Wis.
FRANZ, W. C.; John Franz, Wheeling, W. Va.
FULLER, W. R.; Mrs. R. L. Fuller, St. Joseph, Mich.
GALVIN, J. L.; John Galvin, Sr., Cottage Grove, Wis.
GELAO, LUIGI; Domenico, Oneonta, N. Y.
GREEN, R. A.; Albert Green, Portland, Mich.
GUZAL, A. J.; Mrs. Mary A. Guzal, Pinconning, Mich.
HOOTON, F. B.; W. D. Hooton, Burlington, Iowa.
HOVERCAMP, JOHN; Charlie Hovercamp, Oswingo, Mich.
KING, E. G.; Mrs. Etta Cair, Westfield, Penn.
KOSTER, THOMAS; William Koster, Butterfield, Mich.
MCCARTHY, C. W.; Mrs. Mary McCarthy, Brookline, Mass.
MARDER, M. E.; Mrs. Marie Marder, 2,331 177th St., N. Y.
POPHAM, C. J.; Mrs. Flora Padgett, Battleton, Ky.
RANKIN, C. L.; Henry Rankin, Schoolcraft, Mich.
ROSKY, JOHN; Thomas McQuire, Deward, Mich.
SAKOLKA, JOHN; Mrs. T. Sakolka, Wielbinski, Russia.
SAKOWSKA, ERNEST; Oscar Sakovola, Chassell, Mich.
SCHOOF, C. W.; William Schoof, Washington, Mich.
SCOTT, A. E.; S. C. Scott, Brookline, Mass.
STEVENS, J. B.; Mrs. Stevens, Monroe, Iowa.
TERRY, ARTHUR; Mrs. Lucy Terry, Drakes Branch, Va.
THOMAS, LESLIE; W. Thomas, Michigan City, Ind.
TOWN, E. D.; Mrs. M. B. Town, Casnovia, Mich.
TRACY, L. B.; Mrs. L. Solagiver, Sand Lake, Mich.
LEHMAN, L.; Mrs. M. Lehman, Rib Lake, Wis.
LUESKOW, A.; Mrs. Bertha Lueskow, Menominee, Mich.
MACHAMER, W. L.; W. L. Machamer, Sr., Pine Grove, Pa.
MALINOWSKI, N.; Albert Malinowski, West Alis, Wis.
MOORE, GEORGE W.; Louis Moore, Minneapolis, Minn.
OXLEY, WILLIAM D.; Mrs. John Small, Philadelphia, Pa.
SINARSKI KASIMER; Lewis Sinarski, Detroit, Mich.
TAYLOE, J.; Mrs. C. W. Aikmson, Windsor, N. C.
VAN DE PUTTE, J.; Ed. Van De Putte, Hibbing, Minn.

DIED OF WOUNDS—25.

Lieutenant.

WASSON, LOWELL T.; James A. Wasson, Ozark, Mo.

Sergeant.

FULLER, HARRY JAY; Willie C. Fuller, 150 Crane St., Schenectady, N. Y.

Corporals.

STEVENS, JOSEPH R.; Mrs. Francis H. Stevens, Gerry, N. Y.
WAYRYNEN, PETER A.; Peter Wayrynen, Troy, S. Dak.

Mechanics.

KANNER, MICHAEL; Gussie Kanner, 740 E. Sixth St., N. Y.
DECKER, LLEWELLYN R.; W. A. Decker, Bangor, Me.

Privates.

MANSFIELD, HARRY; Mrs. J. Smith, 2,843 8th Ave, New York.
MARCO, JOHN; Mrs. Rose Marco, Prospect St. and Transfer Place, Elm Park, Staten Island, N. Y.
PAUL, EDWARD RAYMOND; Mrs. George Hardy, Pearl River, N. Y.
SMITH, FRED; Mrs. Sarah Jackson, 114 Harrison Place, Syracuse, N. Y.
CARROLL, WILLIAM G.; Mrs. Anna Carroll, Glenville Road, Greenwich, Conn.
FINERTY, T. A.; Thomas A. Finerty, Chicago, Ill.
HANNEL, B. R.; Mrs. Mary M. Hannel, Cass, Ind.
HANSEN, TONY; Mrs. Margaret Morris, San Rafael, Cal.
TOMM, ADOLPH; Christ Kreuger, Sawyer, Mich.
PRINCE, VERLIN R.; S. L. Stephens, McCrory, Ark.
BELLE, MAX; Harry Belle, Cleveland, Ohio.
BUCKLES, O. C.; Mrs. E. Buckles, Elizabethtown, Ky.
STAMNITZ, H. E.; Mrs. E. Stamnitz, Behawing, Mich.
BRATTSTROM, A. G.; Mrs. K. Brattstrom, Seattle, Wash.
GABAI, LOUIS; George Romanek, Milwaukee, Wis.
DALCOUR, A.; Fred Dalcour, Jefferson Parish, La.
MCREE, J. G.; R. L. McRee, Ozark, Ala.
MORRISON, G. D.; D. F. Morrison, Germfask, Mich.
WALSH, A. A.; John Curan, Scranton, Penn.

DIED OF DISEASE—13.

Sergeant.

BISHOP, F. H.; Mrs. S. Bishop, 1,208 College Av., N. Y. C.

Corporals.

ROY, C. M.; Calvin M. Roy, Jerome, Mich.
BROWN, SILAS; Mrs. Agnes McGee, Waukegan, Ill.

Privates.

BRIDGER, ROBERT; A. B. Bridger, 142 Duane St., N. Y.
FIELDS, PRESTON; Robert Fields, Tampa, Fla.
GRISHAM, ACIE; Mrs. J. D. Grisham, Council Bluffs, Ia.
KOETHEN, T. C.; W. L. Koethen, Los Angeles, Cal.
MILLER, R. M.; Mrs. Tressa Miller, E. Plymouth, Penn.
REILLY, T. C.; Mrs. J. C. Reilly, St. Louis, Mo.
RICE, H. E.; Mrs. Alice May Rice, Fowler, Mich.
GRUBB, W. E.; Mrs. M. E. Grubb, Rievesville, W. Va.
GARRETT, HENRY; Frazier Garrett, Marshall, Texas.
MAGNER, T. J.; Mrs. Mary Magner, Detroit, Mich.

DIED FROM AIRPLANCE ACCIDENT—3.

Lieutenants.

CARMANK, WILLIAM G.; A. Smith, Niagara Falls, N. Y.
SAGE, DONALD M.; R. H. Sage, Delaware, Wis.
OTT, LENWOOD H.; Lenwood H. Ott, Washington, D. C.

DIED FROM ACCIDENT AND OTHER CAUSES—6.

Corporal.

GUINN, WAYMAN; Mrs. M. W. Guinn, Evanston, Ill.

Privates.

BILZA, MICHAEL; Mrs. T. Loritus, Philadelphia, Penn.
DACEY, JOHN P.; Mrs. A. Lenhan, Alpha, Penn.
DAY, THOMAS C., JR.; T. C. Day, Sr., Maxey, Ga.
JOHNSON, WM.; Mrs. I. Johnson, Los Angeles, Cal.
THOMAS, A. H.; Mrs. M. Thomas, Mount Winans, Md.

WOUNDED SEVERELY—306.

Captains.

REESE, JOHN F.; F. C. Reese, Pottsville, Penn.
GIFT, L. H.; Frank H. Gift, Peoria, Ill.

Lieutenants.

McVICKER, L.; H. G. McVicker, Knickerbocker Club, N.Y.
O'MALLEY, E. A., Jr.; Mrs. E. A. O'Malley, Syracuse, N.Y.
OSBURN, JAMES C.; Mrs. J. Osburn, New Rochelle, N.Y.

DONALDSON, H. M.; Mrs. O. Donaldson, Marinette, Wis.
OAS, OTTO; John Oas, Manitowoc, Wis.
WILCOX, D. W.; Mrs. D. W. Wilcox, Battle Creek, Mich.
ZIOMBEK, N. M.; Mrs. A. Ziombek, Milwaukee, Wis.

Sergeants.

CRAIGO, WARNE M.; I. L. Craigo, Smithers, W. Va.
GILLESPEY, IRA E.; Mrs. D. Waldron, Mattoon, Ill.
PECK, BENJAMIN SAMUEL; F. Peck, Coopersville, Mich.
PLETT, JAMES G. JR.; W. F. Plett, Grand Rapids, Mich.
SEATON, EARL D.; Mrs. Josephine Seaton, Peru, Ill.
VAUGHAN, LEO J.; Miss Nellie Vaughan, Madison, Wis.
HALL, LEOD D.; Joe Hall, Little Rock, Ark.
KING, JOYSBURN J.; Miss Jessie Patrett, Chicago, Ill.
ZIMMERMAN, CHESTER T.; L. Zimmerman, Chicago, Ill.

Corporals.

THOMAS, LEROY E.; G. E. Thomas, Kerhonkson, N. Y.
WEINER, HARRY; Mrs. D. Weiner, 185 Rivington St., N.Y.

ARNDT, JOHN WILLIAM; W. S. Arndt, Morley, Mich.
BOOTS, WILLIAM M.; Lem Boots, De Soto, Iowa.
CARLTON, THAD M.; Y. G. Carlton, Woodruff, S. C.
COOK, JAMES A.; Mrs. Lorena Cook, Granite City, Ill.
DAY, JOHN A.; James Day, Shirley, Ind.
GAUSS, ALBERT J.; Mrs. C. F. Gauss, Detroit, Mich.
JOLITZ, WILLIAM F.; A. Jolitz, Rhinelander, Wis.
KOCH, PAUL L.; John C. Koch, Shawano, Wis.
MUSICK, WILLIAM S.; A. F. Musick, Hostetter, Penn.
PARKER, HOWARD; Mrs. Barber, Minneapolis, Minn.
DAVIS EDDIE; Sam Davis, Center, Texas.
EWING, EDWIN H.; E. F. Ewing, Ludington, Mich.
HAGGARD, R. T.; Y. Haggard, Oliver Springs, Tenn.
WAWOWSKI, JOSEPH; A. Wawowski, Milwaukee, Wis.
KIELMA, EDWARD; Stanley Kielma, Milwaukee, Wis.
NENNIG, WALTER; Peter Nennig, Marshfield, Wis.
UPTON, HOWARD J.; C. M. Upton, Tekonsha, Mich.
VALE, ELMER E.; Mrs. Emma Keats, Latrobe, Penn.
BALDWIN, HARRY L.; Richard Gillmore, Leith, N. D.
BLACK, JACKSON; James Black, Philadelphia, Penn.
BOWDEN, WILLIAM A.; W. L. Bowden, Chicago, Ill.
BURNS, JOSEPH; Mrs. G. M. Burns, Shelburn, Vt.
MCKELLIGOTT, M. J.; P. McKelligott, Hadley, Mass.
MOORE, RALPH A.; Mrs. E. J. Moore, Mencken, N. D.
ROUNDS, LLOYD L.; Mrs. G. H. Rounds, Mott, N. D.
CHRISTIAN, AUBREY; Mrs. D. Christian, Aubrey, Ark.
THOMAS, ARTHUR L.; Mrs. M. Larch, Bauxite, Ark.
WILLIAMS, DAN S.; Richard Williams, Evansville, Wis.

Bugler.

EMERY, W. J.; Mrs. M. Moore, Highland Park, Mich.

Mechanic.

MISNER, GERALD F.; Mrs. Rose Misner, Ionia, Mich.

Wagoner.

VAN ELLS, ANDREW; A. Van Ells, Pt. Washington, Wis.

Cooks.

GUNDERSON, A.; Mrs. A. Gunderson, Menominee, Mich.
BURKHARDT, CHARLES W.; C. Burkhardt, Viroqua, Wis.

Privates.

BALLOU, EGUENE R.; Henry Prime, Enhratah, N. Y.
CARLSON, AXEL I.; Frank Lawson, Hartford, Conn.
GIKAS, GEORGE W.; Antony Gikas, 71 Bond St., Bklyn.
O'DONNELL, HARRY; Mrs. E. O'Donnell, 456 E. 135th, N.Y.
BARNES, JULIA BEATRICE; Julia Beatrice Barnes, Tonv.
DE GEORGE, J.; Mrs. L. Carre, 77 Thompson St., N.Y.
FLETCHER, EVERETT R.; D. Fletcher, Consadea, N. Y.
HECKFORD, HAROLD A.; Mrs. C. Heckford, Albany, N.Y.
HOWARD, CHARLES; Howard Burgess, Oneonta, N. Y.
MELNICK, JACOB; David Melnick, 73 Norfolk St., N. Y.
PLISS, MORIS; Mrs. Rosa Pliss, 114 E. 97th St., N. Y.
WRAY, HAROLD E.; Emelia Skelly, Yonkers, N. Y.
RENNIE, JOHN E.; Ronald Rennie, Rye, Rochester, Conn.
EDINGER, WILLIAM E.; Mrs. W. E. Edinger, Trenton.
LAMOTTA, LOUIS; Mrs. Antonio Patello, Newark, N. J.
McELROY, FRANCIS; Mrs. R. McElroy, 166 Hoyt St., Bklyn.
MEYER, LEROY; Dorothy Meyer, 331 177th St., N. Y.
MITCHELL, CEDRIC B.; Mrs. L. Mitchell, Rochester, N.Y.
PERKINS, WILLIAM; Henry Perkins, Pittsford, N. Y.
REGAN, W.; Mrs. D. Regan, 2,381 Valentine Av., N.Y.
REILLY, EDWARD J.; Mrs. C. Reilly, 432 Vanderbilt Av., Bklyn.
SAGER, RAYMOND; Mrs. Ella Sager, Amsterdam, N. Y.
STONE, WALTER; Mrs. Carrie Stone, Colton, N. Y.
TASHLEIN, C. F.; Mrs. Delia Tashlein, 475 9th Av., N. Y.
BLUM, EDMUND; Mrs. B. Sumpy, Monroe, Iowa.
COHEN, LOUIS A.; Mrs. M. Cohen, 69 Morrell St., Bklyn.
KASS, CHARLES; Charles Kass, 174 Himrod St., Bklyn.
BAUM, ISRAEL; Isaac Baum, 401 Alabama Av., Bklyn.
BELLAVANCE, A. J.; J. Bellavance, Sand Lake, Conn.
KAVANAGH, C.; Mrs. J. Breman, 416 Franklin Av., Bklyn.
McDIVITT, DEWEY R.; Lee McDivitt, Bolliver, N. Y.
SIMKCIK, MIKE; Miss Jennie Simscik, Newark, N. J.
TRENISZ, PETER; Mrs. Helen Urnisz, Schenectady, N. Y.
McAVOY, JAMES R.; Mrs. M. McAvoy, 72 E. End Av., N.Y.
UMLA, FRANK; Miss C. Umla, 323 E. 50th St., N. Y.
BLUMHART, C.; Miss G. Blumhart, Chippewa Falls, Wis.
BOWERS, GEORGE E.; Williams Bowers, Kalispell, Mon.
BRENNAN, DEWEY; Mrs. G. Edwards, Blackwell, Okla.
BROGAN, EDWARD H.; Mrs. M. Brogan, Rupert, Idaho.
BROWN, JAMES D.; James Brown, Great Falls, Mon.
CASPERSON, CARL F.; Mrs. I. M. Casperson, Norway.
DUQUAINE, FRANK J.; H. S. Duquaine, Girvitz, Wis.
FREISING, CLARENCE E.; Henry Freising, Baraboo, Wis.
FURBERSHAW, J. A.; Mrs. M. F. Furbershaw, Wash., D. C.
GEORGESON, JOHN A.; George Georgeson, Madison, Wis.
McCLAIN, CURNIRD C.; Joseph McClain, Scary, W. Va.
MARTIN, MARSHALL D.; William Martin, Carlisle, Penn.
MOELLERING, MARTIN F.; F. Moellering, Lemona, Wash.
PARKS, RAYMOND C.; Mrs. B. Parks, Mt. Sterling, Ill.
RICHARDS, EDWARDS B.; W. T. Richards, Big Falls, Minn.
SCHULTZ, GUSTAV R.; Fred Schultz, Modena, Wis.
SIMPSON, ROBERT A.; Mrs. J. Simpson, Glasgow, Sctl'n.
SKARTVEDT, SELMER K.; S. O. Skartvedt, Mott, N. D.
STOMBER, JAMES T.; F. Stomber, Gardner, Mass.
TERRILL, VERNON H.; Mrs. G. Terrill, Fairmount, N.D.
TIFF, GEORGE; Samuel Tiff, Big Rapids, Mich.
VAN GALDER, MERLE; C. Van Galder, Janesville, Wis.
KHALIEL, DAVID; Nageb Fares, Cleveland, Ohio.
KING, THOMAS J.; Miss Bridget King, Chicago, Ill.
LANDSTROM, FRED E.; Peter Landstrom, Cheyenne, N.D.
LATTAIL, LOUIS N.; Mrs. Emma Regen, Grenora, N.D.
LEHECKA, FRANK; Albert Lehecka, Chicago, Ill.
ARTHUR, FRAZIER; J. W. Arthur, Fayetteville, W. Va.
BAXTER, GUY C.; W. H. Baxter, Clifton, S. C.
BERRY, EMILE; Mrs. Alonzo Sanford, Trenton, Ark.
BERRY, WILLIAM E.; Mrs. G. McKinsley, Flat Rock, Ind.
BLACKMAN, GEORGE W.; F. Blackman, Muskegon, Mich.
BROWN, BENJAMIN L.; Mrs. R. Brown, Blythville, Ark.
BROWN, TOM G.; Mrs. Brown, Waelder, Texas.
BYERS, RAYMOND; Mrs. Eliza M. Byers, Concord, Ind.
CAPENER, GEORGE; Mrs. May Capener, Baraboo, Wis.
CHENEY, REID C.; Claude Cheney, Jackson, Mich.
CORNELISON, FRED; C. Cornelison, Scottsboro, Ala.
CUSHING, JAMES L.; Mrs. J. Cushing, Calvary, Fla.
ELDER, E. M.; Mrs. J. Elder, Mammoth Springs, Ark.
GARNES, CICERO H.; Mrs. Charlotte Garnes, Paris, Mich.
GRECO, VINCENZO; Sam Greco, Pittsburgh, Penn.
GRIFFIN, WILLIAM P.; Miss Abigail Griffin, Siloz, Ark.
HILDRETH, JAMES E.; J. A. Hildreth, Chesterfield, S. C.
HIX, JAMES G.; Henry W. Hix, Detroit, Mich.
JARAMILLO, AMELGAR; Elfa Jareau, Jarreau, La.
JONES, WALTER L.; George H. Jones, Franklinville, N.C.
JURACH, JOSEPH P.; Joe Jurach, Karnes City, Texas.
KEEL, EDWARD H.; C. O. Keel, So. Bellingham, Wash.
KELLEY, DAN O.; Sanford Kelley, Cement City, Mich.
KELTZ, HARRY A.; Mrs. Emma Keats, Latrobe, Penn.
LANDRIE, PETER C.; Joe Landrie, Hanley, Canada.
LEGGETT, BERT; Mrs. Belle Leggett, Covelo, Cal.
LEMOINE, EUGENE; Mrs. A. Lassage, Stoneham, Mass.
LEVITZ, VINCENT; no emergency address given.
McMANUS, HURLEY; T. P. McManus, Buffalo, S. C.
MAXWELL, WILLIAM D.; W. D. Maxwell, Baker, Ore.
MEYER, ALBERT; Charles Meyer, Matteden, Ill.
MIRALDA, FRANK; Miss Mary Miralga, Westville, Penn.
Tachefsky, Joseph J.; Tachefsky, Russia.
PHELAN, W. A.; Mrs. Dennis Phelan, Sandusky, Wis.
PHILBROOK, G. W.; Mrs. R. F. Philbrook, Superior, Wis.
PROTOSIEWICZ, PAUL; Mrs. E. Brodzik, Milwaukee, Wis.
RACZUNAS, J.; Mrs. B. A. Racunas, San Antonio, Tex..
RACZYNSKI, LOUIS; John Raczynski, Lisle, Ill.
RANDOLPH, W. A.; Jerome Platt, Rapid City, S. Dak.
REYNOLDS, F.; Mrs. E. Reynolds, Mt. Pleasant, Mich.
ANDERSON, CARL M.; Oscar Anderson, Wenspet, Idaho.
BLAKE, JAMES A.; Mrs. Ida Blake, Wilmington, Del.
FLETCHER, E. R.; Donald Fletcher, Consadea, N. Y.
HUST, ARTHUR; Mrs. Arthur Hust, Imperial, Neb.
KADROWSKI, JOHN C.; Paul Kadrowski, Detroit, Mich.
KAMINSKI, ——; Mrs. Agnes Kaminski, Depere, Wis.
KAUFMAN, JOHN B.; Mrs. Barbara Kaufman, Erie, Penn.
McCOY, JOHN; Mrs. Anna McCoy, Chicago, Ill.
BECKWITH, G. H.; F. L. Beckwith, Blanca, Cal.
BIELECK, M.; Joseph Bieleck, Grand Rapids, Mich.
BORST, Albert; John Borst, Chicago, Ill.
BOYKIN, WILLIAM L.; S. T. Boykin, Zavalla, Texas.
BRIMMER, DELMAR, J.; Mrs. D.J. Brimmer, Stanley, Wis.
BUETTNER, OTTO; Mrs. Vine Trichsl, Oshkosh, Wis.
CAVANAUGH, J.; Mrs. Emma Cavanaugh, Muncie, Ind.
CHISHOLM, ROBERT D.; W. J. Chishoim, Tacoma, Wash.
CLOUGH, BENJAMIN; Lorrodo Clough, Marinette, Wis.
COOGAN, MARTIN J.; P. Coogan, Philadelphia, Penn.
CROCKER, ARCHIE; Mrs. Fanny Crocker, Anderson, S.C.
CROWDER, DEWEY L.; W. D. Crowder, Engle, Ark.
DOUGHTY, Alex C.; Mrs. Loraine Doughty, Bunkie, La.
DOTSON, WILLIAM T.; Mrs. M. Dotson, Cardova, Ala.
EBEYER, LAWRENCE J.; Mrs. M. Ebeyer, New Orleans, La.
ELLIS, WILLIAM; Charlie Whitesido, Kenneville, Penn.
EMMICK, W. H.; Mrs. Samuel Emmick, Morris, Penn.
GARCIA, W. R.; Mrs. N. Garcia, Bay St. Louis, Miss.
GIDEON, E. H.; C. H. Hayslip, Crockett, Texas.
GILLESPIE, A. A.; Mrs. A. M. Gillespie, Coldwater, Mich.
HAINES, J. J.; Mrs. Haines, Monroville, Penn.
HOUCK, G.; Henry Houck, Baldwin, N. C.
IRISH, JOHN; Mrs. Nellie Irish, Sandford, Mich.
KING, HERBERT J.; James H. King, Peshtigo, Wis.
KOWALSKI, W.; Zyg. Augustyn, Milwaukee, Wis.
KURLIETIS, JOSEPH; Laurinas Kurklietis, Toledo, Ohio.
PAWLAK, JOHN D.; Dominick Pawlak, Baltimore, Md.
PETERSON, JOHN; Harry Devet, Fayette, Mich.
PLOETZ, ANTON JAMES; Mrs. Shawano, Wis.
SANFORD, G. C.; Mrs. M. Sanford, Battle Creek, Mich.
TALSMA, ARTHUR J.; Joe Talsma, Manton, Mich.
TWIGG, E.; William Twigg, Spring Gap, Mich.
VALENTINE, FRANK; Mrs. M. Valentine, Chicago, Ill.
WARNICK, H. C.; Mrs. S. Warnick, Weston Fort, Md.
WATSON, ROBERT; John Watson, Rome, Mo.
WEITZEL, E. J.; Miss Mabel Weitzel, Raspeburg, Md.
WIESLER, C.; Miss L. Wiesler, Tarora City, Mich.
ZALENSKI, S.; Mrs. Lena Betiejewski, Muskegon, Mich.
PHERNETTON, MACIE E.; F. G. Phernetton, Dallas, Wis.
LOCKHART, E. L.; Fred L. Brackley, Dorchester, Mass.
McANDREWS, J. J.; Patrick McAndrews, Uniontown, Pa.
McBRIDE, WILLIAM; John McBee, Homestead, Penn.
MAXON, ROBERT J.; Mrs. Grace G. Maxon, Brookdale, Pa.
MIELNICKI, FRANK; Mrs. Mary Mielnicki, Chicago, Ill.
MILES, JOHN; Mrs. Anna Miles, Chicago, Ill.
MOSCOW, GEORGE; Ardach Haloocan, Detroit, Mich.
NESCI, CARLO; Gerardo Nesci, Cittadicastello, Italy.
PEARSON, RAYMOND R.; I. H. Davis, Bartlesville, Okla.
PETERS, HAROLD E.; Mrs. Mary Peters, Chicago, Ill.
RABUN, EATHER A.; Zeb. Rabun, Midiothian, Texas.
RAPPATTA, T.; Mrs. Clara Rappatta, Ashland, Wis.
REGIER, A. J.; Waldemar Regier, Graceville, Fla.
RITCHIE, C. F.; Mrs. Ivey Ritchie, New Hamilton, Ga.
ROSENFELD, CHARLES; Noufen Mozer, Chicago, Ill.
SARNOWSKI ANTONY; John Sarnowski, Chicago, Ill.
SILLIMAN, ELDRED E.; J. W. Siltman, Pingree, N. Dak.
SMITH, NORMAN; Brooks Addair, Cleveland, Ohio.
SNIDER, JAMES; Mrs. J. H. Snider, Cleveland, N. Dak.
AUTH, WILLIAM L.; Mrs. Anna Auth, Pittsburgh, Penn.
CELICHOWSKI, FRANK; M. Celichowski, South Bend, Ind.
CHAMBERLIN, FLOYD; Holden W. Vale, Mass.
GREDELL, JAMES F.; Mrs. E. Gredell, Alexandria, Mo.
HEROBOULOS, ANAST; Alek Heroboulos, Canton, Ohio.
IPEL, TONY; Walter Ipel, Chicago, Ill.
JARESZENSKI, J.; A. Jareszenski, Kontzka Wlna, Russia.
LANG, LEONARD; George W. Lang, Plainfield, Ill.
LITTERER, CARL L.; William Litterer, Clarksville, Iowa.
ROBERTSON, H.; C. W. Robertson, Knightdale, N. Car.
SULLIVAN, D.; T. Nolan, Homewood, Pittsburgh, Penn.
ANDERSON, JOHN C.; Mrs. C. Anderson, Racine, Wis.
AURAND, GEORGE J.; Mrs. Emma Aurand, Ill.
AYLER, HOMER; Mrs. R. E. Ayler, Ft. Ripley, Minn.
BATES, ROBERT H.; Mrs. Nancy Bates, Wahoo, Neb.
BOND, Luther; Luther Bond, Mount Vernon, Ill.
BREITSPRECHER, W. F.; Mrs. Mary Breitsprecher, Chicago, Ill.
BROOKS, ISAAC; Mrs. Nellie Beasley, Indianapolis, Ind.
CASEY, JACOB M.; Mrs. J. M. Casey, Marlin, Texas.
DeSHONG, W. B.; Mrs. Ada M. DeShong, Fairchance, Pa.
DURA, VICTOR; Victoria Dura, Pittsburgh, Penn.
GREENBERG, M.; Abraham Greenberg, Philadelphia, Penn.
GREENWAY, JOHN W.; Mrs. Etta Collins, Atlanta, Ga.
HARENZA, JOSEPH; Miss Mary Stokwisz, Chicago, Ill.
HEINES, ROBERT; William Heines, Chicago, Ill.
BEIDEMAN, Z. H.; Mrs. Erline Beideman, Ambler, Penn.
BLACKWELL, JULIA BEATRICE; Julia Beatrice Blackwell, Tonv.
BROMBERREK, F.; Michael Bromberek, Beaver Dam, Wis.
FARNUM, M. R.; R. E. Farnum, Inkster, N. Dak.
HAMMOND, W. F.; Mrs. C. E. Hammond, Eight Mile, Ark.
HASELTON, EDWARD; Edward Haselton, Clearbrook, Minn.
HUBER, JOHN C.; Isadore Huber, Peosta, Iowa.
KENNEDY, EARL R.; Mrs. E. Kennedy, Montfort, Wis.
LONG, B. E.; Mrs. S. M. Long, Feytonsburg, Ky.
NEHRING, MAURICE R.; Mrs. M. R. Nehring, Oconomowoc, Wis.
NICHOLS, ANTHONY D.; C. Proctor, Vt.
PARA, NICOLAJ; T. Para, Detroit, Mich.
PRINDIVILLE, M. J.; Mrs. M. Prindivile, Chicago, Ill.
PURDOM, HAROLD W.; Mrs. E. Purdom, Chicago, Ill.
QUALEY, CARL; Mrs. Qualey, Norton, Va.
SMITH, HORACE G.; Wm. E. Smith, Birmingham, Ala.
SNOW, JAMES W.; Edward Snow, Madison, Wis.
THOMPSON, THOMAS; Thomas Thompson, Augusta, Ga.
VERI, LOUIS T.; Tony Veri, Pittsburgh, Penn.
ALMEN, C. Von; Mrs. M. Von Almen, Elizabeth, Minn.
WILLIAMS, S. H.; S. H. Williams, Nortonville, N. C.
WOODS, CHARLES J.; Ida Woods, Imogene, Iowa.
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AMERICAN 1ST ARMY EXPECTED TO STRIKE

Washington Officers Think the Time Near When Foch Will Deal Telling Blow

IN RHEIMS-VERDUN REGION

Indications That Foe Is Disorganized and May Fall Back to the Rhine This Year.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3. — Reports from the British front today indicated to officers here that the German retirement, heretofore conducted with utmost military skill, was getting out of hand. Under the terrific pressure of the British and French armies all along the line from Ypres to Soissons, the enemy apparently is being forced to a more precipitate withdrawal, particularly on the old Drocourt-Quéant front, where Marshal Haig's men hammered forward irresistibly again today.

The official announcement from London that more than 10,000 prisoners have been taken in two days of fighting on this front in itself indicates, it is said, that there is growing disorganization in the German ranks.

With this in mind, there was wide speculation today among officers as to what new developments of the battle were to be expected. It was clearly evident that observers believed the time was fast approaching when General Pershing's first field army could participate in the battle, on the theory that General Foch has been withholding this new and vigorous force for a decisive blow when the time was ripe. As to where or when that blow would be delivered, however, there was wide variance of opinion.

Menace to Hindenburg Line.

The British now have broken a decided gap in the old German fortified line, and the fall of Cambrai, Douai, St. Quentin, and several other rail and road centres upon which the Hindenburg line depended seems imminent.

If the enemy intended to fall back upon this line when he was forced into a general withdrawal along his whole front from Rheims to Ypres, his chances are rapidly dwindling, as the British lines surge forward at the very centre of the great battlefront.

Marshal Haig's forces are moving on Cambrai, the key to a large section of the old line, and if that place is taken it appears to officers here that the enemy will be quickly forced to evacuate the salient in which he is rapidly being pocketed by the French and American advance on the Oise-Aillette lines in the south and the British thrust eastward from Péronne to the north.

So evident is the growing disorganization among the Germans, shown in reports from the British front, that some officers are inclined to think it possible that the enemy may be forced to a withdrawal to the Rhine this year. Others, however, feel that the skill the German leaders have displayed does not warrant any participation of an early collapse of the military machine.

On all sides it is evident here that announcement of the formation of the first American field army and the fact that many American units which had been brigaded with the French or British for final training, have been withdrawn to be added to it, have been taken to mean that the Americans would attack the present year. Ample time remains, it is said, for the organization of the force to be completed and the assault to be launched before Winter interferes.

The American army is a picked force composed of the prime fighting manhood of the nation and filled with ardor for the battle. It forms, officers here believe, an ideal instrument with which General Foch will be able to deliver a real offensive stroke when he deems the field ready. The present fighting, in this view, is preparatory to the delivery of such a blow and it now appears probable to many observers that it will be delivered soon and probably in a region to the east of Rheims or of Verdun, where the concentration of enemy reserves to meet it will be the most difficult because of the bitter fighting in Flanders and Picardy.

In connection with the evidences of weakness noted in the German war machine in the last few days, an official dispatch today from France quoting captured German documents showing the great wastage of men in the enemy's ranks was received with peculiar interest. According to these papers, a typical German infantry battalion in March, 1918, when the German drive was launched, consisted of 980 men. On July 1 this had been reduced to 880, and a telegram from German headquarters, dated July 30, requests opinion from line officers as to further reduction.

FOE MUST GIVE UP HOLD ON THE VESLE

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

German gunners out of the fight, and that the advance had been continued. Following on the heels of the second report came a third, saying that the Lieutenant had been killed while pushing on beyond the machine gun nest with his men.

There was another story of how seventeen Americans captured thirty Germans, including two officers. Another of how five doughboys rounded up twelve Huns and brought them in. Another of how a young German soldier who had a brother in our army staggered into our lines with a wounded American on his shoulders.

These are just a few of many tales which stir one. Many of the prisoners seem glad to be captured—at least they say so. Two German Lieutenants were listening to their men express this sentiment, when one spoke up and said, apologetically: "You know, it is very inconvenient for German officers to be captured. I mean when we get back, you understand."

The Americans told him they understood.

I know of an instance that occurred three months ago when Germans taken by the Americans rushed into French hands. I myself signed an affidavit not so very long ago testifying against the German propaganda stories that German prisoners were mistreated by our men. The Americans have succeeded in proving the falsity of that accusation.

This change in the attitude of the German soldiers is not unwelcome to our army. I may say that disregarding the motives of humanity which prompt our army we have strong military reasons to encourage that feeling. In the first place Foch and Hindenburg agree that the big object in fighting now is to weaken the other side's man power.

One must also realize that the capture of 1,000 Germans by Americans not only weakens the German strength by 1,000 men, but increases the American military strength by 1,000 men. This is because we are short of laborers behind the lines, and the Germans placed at that work liberate Americans who may be taken to the front. Therefore, it is an exceedingly happy turn that the Germans are now showing a desire to surrender to the Americans.

Prussian Dead Lie in Heaps.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES IN THE FIELD, Sept. 3, (Associated Press.)—The battle for the plateau north of Soissons has used up some of the best divisions in the German army. Yesterday's fighting between Crecy-au-Mont and Leuilly and betwen Juvigny and Terny was particularly severe. This was evidenced this morning by the field being strewn with the dead of the Prussian Guards. They are piled one on top of the other in some trenches, and long lines of them show where the Guards counterattacked five times in a vain effort to stem the tide of battle which was running relentlessly against them.

Each one of these efforts added largely to the losses of the Prussians in wounded as well as in dead, while after each rush a lot more of unwounded prisoners remained in the hands of the French. More than 1,200 Germans were sent to the rear in the course of the battle.

Both tanks and air squadrons contributed to the rout of the Guards. Aviators, flying low over the field, met the attacking forces with a galling machine gun fire and pursued the decimated lines as they retired before the unflinching French troops. Tanks drove into the enemy's lines, machine gunning and shelling the assaulting waves and opening big gaps in the German lines.

South of Leuilly, French mountain troops crossed the ravine of Fontaine-St. Remy Hermitage, and took the St. Remy Hermitage, giving the French a solid hold on the plateau leading to Laffaux and the road leading from the Hermitage to Terny-Sorny.

On the left of the line of attack the French troops widening their bridgehead north of the Ailette, took the wood just west of Coucy-le-Château, and gained a footing in the woods west of the Nogent Mill, which borders the road from Chauny to Terny-Sorny. These successes make serious inroads upon the line of defense east of the Ailette and on the plateau that the German troops were ordered to hold at any cost. The first line of defense on the plateau is now entirely in French hands, and breaches have been made in the second line.

Soissons gets more "elbow room" as a result of these operations, and the River Ailette, with its formidable defense works, is entirely held by General Mangin as far south as the Chauny-Terny-Sorny road, while the south bank is dominated to the region north of Vauxaillon.

The French are now only five miles from the line they held before the German advance across the Chemin-des-Dames, and the enemy has only a narrow margin of fighting ground between his present lines and the Hindenburg position along the edge of the Forest of St. Gobain.

Elite of Germany There.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 2, (Associated Press.)—Localization in the activity of the infantry in the past two days has given the appearance of the relinquishment of the pressure on the flying German lines from the Somme to Soissons. The altered face of the battle is due to changes in the conditions of the ground and tactics and though the fighting has been confined to comparatively short sectors north of Soissons, north of Noyon and around Nesle engagements of the utmost importance have been in progress in which the Allies have gained advantages that explain the enormous sacrifices the Germans made to hold them off at those points.

The French and Americans met around Juvigny the élite of the German Army — grenadiers of the Prussian Guard, picked storming battalions, and hardy mountain infantrymen. They defeated them decisively, taking an enormous death toll from their ranks and sending a goodly number or captives to the rear. The Associated Press correspondent saw a column of these prisoners filing back over the plateau to the west, where white wood crosses over fresh graves marked the scene of other recent defeats. Some were young, but all were sturdy, and humiliation and depression showed in their faces rather than the satisfaction exhibited by other prisoners over their final release from the inferno of war.

The Americans co-operated in the attack on Juvigny with the type of tanks which the French have named "Chars d'Assaut," or shock cars. These engines of war have been called "armored infantry." They have all the suppleness of troops afoot and they advance readily into the enemy's positions, dealing weath with gruesome profusion from their quick-firers and cannon. One of these cars, manned by a French Lieutenant, killed 200 Germans before Juvigny. He had just abandoned a damaged tank to take the place of a wounded man in another. His pilot, whose orders were to stay by the disabled car, was unable to resist the enthusiasm of the charging troops past his abandoned post, and fell in with a platoon of Americans short of officers. The pilot showed them the route, and fought with them all afternoon.

Praises the Americans.

"It's good to see how those Americans fight," this boy said to the correspondent. "We are glad to fight with them. Together we will get the Germans."

Very severe fighting has been going on also north of Noyon, along the Meve River and the Canal du Nord and around Nesle. After forcing the last fortified centres of resistance around Roye and Chaulnes, the French arrived at these points, confronting natural obstacles which the Germans utilized to best advantage.

American Guns Level Towns.

AMERICAN HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Sept. 2.—A great fight has been in progress all day north and northeast of Soissons. The Germans are defending the Pont Rouge Plateau, northeast of Soissons, and the Laon Railway with great vigor, as well as the line on the right along the north bank of the Aisne.

The Americans are bombarding the German positions from the south and west. The lines of the enemy for hours have been a seething inferno of smoke and dust. The villages he has been holding are burning like vast torches.

Smoke from the conflagrations is boiling up from the valley and over the hills, which are about 600 feet high. Fires are spreading through the woods and about them in scarlet wreaths of flame.

The Germans at 1 o'clock drenched the American positions on the Juvigny plateau with gas, but in retaliation an American barrage silenced his guns for the moment.

The scene in the bright September sunshine is one of extraordinary splendor The entire battlefield is spread out before one. Every shellburst can be seen over a front of many miles.

On the southern end of the line the enemy is continuing to interpose an energetic resistance between the Ailette and the Aisne, profiting by the intricacies of the terrain, which make the region one of the most difficult to attack and easiest to defend on the whole of the western front. Nevertheless, General Mangin is making progress daily, scoring advances which, while not great in themselves, are appreciable and continuous and are calculated to have a cumulative effect.

Through the capture of Leuilly, eight miles north of Soissons, and of Terny-Sorny, three miles directly south of Leuilly, the French have completed the capture of the plateau above Soissons. Leuilly, in addition, is close to the Ailette, while Terny-Sorny is on a level with the Chemin-des-Dames, which is less than four miles to the east. One effect of the advance is to give a view eastward over the whole country as far as Laon, an advantage which will have its effect in due time.

RHINE RAIDERS DROP 15 TONS OF BOMBS

British Independent Air Force Smashes Military Centres in German Towns.

WRECKS HANGARS AT BUEHL

Railway at Ehrang and Saarbrucken Attacked—Fires Started in Burbach Works.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—The British independent air force within the last twenty-four hours has dropped fifteen tons of bombs on German military works in the Rhine provinces.

Three raids were made on the German airdrome at Buehl. Three hangars were demolished and direct hits were obtained on many others.

The railways at Ehrang, four miles northeast of Treves, were attacked from a height of 900 feet and every bomb scored a direct hit.

At Saarbrucken, forty miles southeast of Treves, the Burbach works and railways were bombed.

The Air Ministry this evening issued the following statement dealing with recent aerial operations:

In addition to the attacks already reported on the hostile airdrome at Beuhl on the morning of the 2d inst., our squadrons on the afternoon of the 2d inst. again attacked the same objective. Very good results were obtoined. More hangars were hit and a fire was started. All our machines returned safely.

On the night of Sept. 2-3 our squadrons dropped a total of seventeen tons of bombs. The Beuhl airdrome was again heavily attacked and the following targets bombed: The Burbach works and the railways at Saarbrücken and Ehrang and the Boulay airdrome. Several fires were started. At Beuhl three hangars were demolished and direct hits were obtained on mnay others. The attack was carried out at an altitude from 300 to 900 feet. More than fifteen tons of bombs were dropped on this airdrome in twenty-four hours.

The railways at Ehrang were attacked from a height of 900 feet and every bomb obtained a direct hit. A fire was started in the Burbach works (Saarbrücken) and very good bursts were observed. All our machines returned safely.

American and British airmen in a raid on the German airdrome at Vassenaere, Belgium, have caused great damage, according to an announcement made here today. A gasoline and oil dump was set on fire, and this in turn ignited an ammuition dump and also six Fokker biplanes. Two other machines were destroyed by direct hits by bombs, and a large Gotha hangar was completely burned.

The pilot of a British two-seater was attacked by seven hostile machines. The enemy fired explosive bullets and the pilot was hit five times in the left leg. Although his leg was almost severed, he succeeded in landing his macnine behind the British lines.

Of the work of the airmen in the battle zone an official communication this evening says:

"On Sept. 2 our airplanes worked all day in front of the advancing battle line, behind which our observation balloons followed closely. Our airmen were frequently attacked by large formations of hostile machines, but persisted in their various tasks.

"The targets offered by the retiring Germans were reported to our artillery and contact with our infantry and tanks was maintained. Concentrations of hostile troops and transport along the road were engaged with bombs and machine guns, hostile anti-tank guns were silenced, and supplies of small arms ammunition were dropped to our infantry in the forward zone.

"Many aerial encounters took place. We destroyed ten German machines and drove two down out of control. Our missing machines amounted to twenty.

"Twenty-four tons of bombs were dropped during the day and the nighth following."

PARIS, Sept. 3.—The War Office announcement tonight says:

"Aviation—On Sept. 2 our aviators were particularly active along the whole front. They did important work. Our observers increased their reconnoissances over the enemy lines. They took about one hundred photographs of the battle zone. Our infantry airmen chronicled the advance of our troops, reported on the enemy batteries in action, and in liaison with the artillery co-operated in the destruction of enemy centres of resistance.

"Numerous engagements were fought, in the course of which nineteen enemy planes were brought down or put out of action, and nine captive balloons were burned.

"Our bombing planes dropped more than thirteen tons of bombs in the region of Chavignon, Ainzy, and Brancourt. During the night our bombing machines continued their work. Sixteen tons of projectiles were dropped on stations, bivouacs, and railways behind the enemy front. The station at Flavy-le-Martel received six tons, and two violent fires broke out. Three tons were dropped on cantonments in the region of Jussy, and four tons on the stations at Guignicourt and Maison Bleue, giving excellent results. Our bombing machines also used several thousand cartridges against enemy bivouacs."

AUSTRIA LOSES STAR FLYERS.

Several of Her Best Pilots Downed on Italian Front.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—A telegram to the Italian Embassy today stated that during recent enemy raids on the Italian front the Austrians lost numerous machines and several of their best pilots. Eight of these had been mentioned in Austrian dispatches for special bravery.

The dispatch said that in August Lieutenants Oppocher and Schuffs were killed over Levico. Lieutenant Linke and Count Salm, belonging to the 13th Dragoons, also were killed in air encounters. Lieutenant Hebra, who had been decorated several times, was brought down after a fierce duel over Klagenfurt. Lieutenant Eprfeld also has been killed and Baron Kutchers has had both legs fractured.

A communiqué to the Belgian Legation today stated that Lieutenant Willy Coppens of the Belgian Aviation Service had brought down in flames three balloons, achieving his twenty-sixth, twenty-seventh and twenty-eighth victories.

159 SURVIVORS LAND.

Crews of Several Vessels Sunk by U-Boat Reach Canadian Port.

A CANADIAN ATLANTIC PORT, Sept. 3.—One hundred and fifty-nine men, comprising the crews of a Norwegian steamer and five Lunenburg, Newfoundland, and French fishing schooners, recent victims of a German submarine, have arrived here on a trawler. The men, in thirty-one dories had been nearly a week in making land. They were picked up off the Grand Banks.

The men reported that after they were ordered from their craft they were not allowed to go back for food, clothing or money.

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COMMITTEE REPORT ON BILL TO RAISE $8,000,000,000 IN TAXES

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

press, $20,000,000; club dues, $9,000,000; admissions, $100,000,000; gasoline, $40,000,000; pleasure boats and yachts, $1,000,000.

In presenting the bill, Representative Kitchin read the chief parts of his comprehensive report and explained that the committee had worked faithfully and along nonpartisan lines in drafting the immense revenue raiser. He obtained unanimous consent to begin consideration of the bill next Friday, and the measure will have right of way until passed, which probably will be within less than ten days. Mr. Kitchin said that if the prohibition bill should reach the House while the revenue bill was under consideration it could not be taken up until the revenue bill was on its way to the Senate.

An effort by House leaders today to obtain the consent of the Senate for a joint recess while the Senate Finance Committee was considering the war revenue measure failed. The Senate is not disposed to have any recess. Members of the House wanted the recess so they would be able to go home to engage in campaign work.

The Finance Committee will begin hearings next Friday. It is expected that the committee will be able to offer the bill to the Senate within ten days. A vote on the measure if the plans of the Senate leaders are not upset, may come soon after Oct. 1.

The committee report, after explaining the purpose of the bill, the raising of $8,000,000,000 by taxation, one-third of the estimated expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1919, the balance of the $24,000,000,000 to be raised by the sale of bonds, announces that the bill is divided into fourteen titles, as follows:

Title 1.—General definitions.
Title 2.—Income tax.
Title 3.—War profits and excess profits tax.
Title 4.—Estate tax.
Title 5.—Tax on transportation and other facilities and on insurance.
Title 6.—Tax on beverages.
Title 7.—Tax on cigars, tobacco, and manufactures thereof.
Title 8.—Tax on admissions and dues.
Title 9.—Excise taxes.
Title 10.—Special taxes.
Title 11.—Stamp taxes.
Title 12.—Advisory Tax Board.
Title 13.—General administrative provisions
Title 14.—General provisions.

Taking up the income tax, the committee, under the subhead of "Definitions," says in part:

Distribution of Profits.

"The dividend provision makes any distribution made by a corporation out of its earnings or profits accrued since Feb. 28, 1913, and payable to its shareholders or members, whether in cash or in other property or in stock of the corporation, subject to tax in the hands of the shareholder the same as under the present law. It also provides that any distribution made in 1918 or subsequent years shall be deemed to have been made from earnings or profits accrued since Feb. 28, 1913. The present law provides that dividends distributed to the stockholder shall be taxable to the individual at the income tax rates in effect in the year in which the dividend is received, unless the corporation distributes more than its earnings for the taxable year, in which case the additional amounts so distributed are taxable in the hands of the individual at the rates in effect during the year in which the corporation earned the same. Under the proposed bill all distribution of earnings accrued since Feb. 28, 1913, will be taxable in the hands of the stockholder according to the rates in effect during the year in which the divided is received. The proposed bill, like the present law, provides that earnings or profits accrued prior to March 1, 1913, may be distributed in stock dividends or otherwise exempt from tax after the earnings and profits accrued since Feb. 28, 1913, have been distributed.

"Under court decisions an addition to surplus through reappraisement of assets is not made out of earnings or profits, and therefore a distribution of the amount so added to surplus would not be a taxable dividend, since not made out of earnings or profits. In order to prevent tax evasion by this method it is provided by the proposed bill that any distribution made shall be deemed to have been made from earnings or profits unless all earnings and profits have first been distributed.

"In determining gain or loss from the sale or disposition of property, real, personal, or mixed, the bill provides that the basis shall be as follows:

"In the case of property acquired before March 1, 1913, the fair market price or value of such property as of that date; and in the case of property acquired on or after that date, (1) the cost thereof, or (2) the inventory value, if the inventory is made in accordance with the rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue in order that the inventory may clearly reflect the income.

"In many cases the only way that the net income can be determined is through the proper use of inventories. This is largely true in the case of manufacturing and merchandise concerns. The bill authorizes the Commissioner to require inventories whenever in his opinion the same is necessary in order clearly to reflect the income of the taxpayer."

Taxation of Individuals.

Under the subhead "Individuals" the report continues:

"Under existing law a normal tax of 2 per cent. is levied under the Revenue act of 1916 upon the amount of the net income of a head of a family or married person in excess of $4,000 and upon the amount of the net income of a single person in excess of $3,000. A like normal tax of 2 per cent. is also levied under the Revenue act of 1917 upon the amount of the net income of a married person or head of a family in excess of $2,000 and in the case of a single person in excess of $1,000. In lieu of the rates now in effect the proposed bill (Section 210) levies upon citizens or residents of the United States a normal tax of 12 per cent. upon the amount of the net income in excess of credits provided in Section 216, but provides that upon the first $4,000 of this amount the rate shall be only 6 per cent.

"The committee gave careful consideration to the advisability of making a differential between earned and unearned income, but finally determined that a flat normal tax was advisable in view of the difficulty experienced by the committee in finding a satisfactory method of distinguishing between earned and unearned income (a difficulty also experienced by the Treasury Department) and in view of the almost insuperable difficulties in the administration of such a differential and the added complications in the law which would be necessitated thereby. The Treasury Department also gave careful consideration to this question and reached the same conclusion as the committee.

"In determining the amount of net income for the purpose of the normal tax only the following credits are allowed (sec. 216) (1) The amount received as dividends from a corporation. (2) Any amount received as interest upon obligations of the United States, any State, Territory, any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, if the same has been included in gross income. (3) In the case of a single person, an exemption of $1,000 or in the case of a head of a family or a married person living with husband or wife, a personal exemption of $2,000. A husband and wife living together are entitled to but one personal exemption of $2,000. If a husband and wife make separate returns either one may take credit for the $2,000 or they may divide the same between them. (4) An additional credit of $200 is allowed a taxpayer for each dependent receiving his chief support from the taxpayer if the dependent is under 18 years of age or incapable of self-support because mentally or physically defective.

"The only changes in the credit provisions are as follows

"For the purpose of the normal tax levied under the act of 1916, a single person was entitled to a personal credit of $3,000 and a married person or head of a family to $4,000. The proposed bill reduces this exemption to the exemption provided under the Revenue ac tof 1917, namely, $1,000 in the case of single persons and $2,000 in the case of heads of families or married persons. Under the Revenue act of 1917 a credit of $200 was allowed a taxpayer for each dependent child under the age of 18 years. The proposed bill allows the same exemption for dependent children under 18 years of age, but extends the $200 exemption to cover persons receiving their chief support from the taxpayer who are incapable of self-support because mentally or physically defective.

"Under existing law a nonresident alien is not entitled to a personal exemption, but is only subject to a 2 per cent. normal tax. The bill provides that the normal tax upon nonresident aliens be made the same as in the case of citizens or residents, namely, 12 per cent. of the net income in excess of credits provided in Section 216 (but without any reduction to 6 per cent. on the first $4,000) and that nonresident aliens be entitled (Sec. 217) to the same deductions and credits as citizens of the United States if they file or cause to be filed with the Collector a true and accurate return of their total income received from all sources, corporate or otherwise, in the United States, and include therein all the information which the Commissioner may deem necessary for the calculation of such deductions and credits. Provision is made in the bill (Sec. 217) to allow the Commissioner, in his discretion, to permit nonresident aliens to file a claim for the personal exemption with the withholding agent in cases where the income is withheld at the source.

"The bill also provides (Sec. 216 (e)) that if the nonresident alien is a citizen or subject of a country which imposes an income tax the personal exemption shall be allowed only if such country allows a similar exemption to United States citizens residing in such country.

"The following table shows the surtaxes levied under existing law and the proposed bill:

Incomes.		Surtax rates under— Existing law, (P.C.)	Proposed bill, (P.C.)
$5,000-	$7,500	1	3
7,500-	10,000	2	3
10,000-	12,500	3	3
12,500-	15,000	4	7
15,000-	20,000	5	10
20,000-	30,000	8	15
30,000-	40,000	8	20
40,000-	50,000	12	25
50,000-	60,000	12	32
60,000-	70,000	17	38
70,000-	80,000	17	42
80,000-	90,000	22	46
90,000-	100,000	22	48
100,000-	150,000	27	50
150,000-	200,000	31	50
200,000-	250,000	37	52
250,000-	300,000	42	52
300,000-	500,000	46	54
500,000-	750,000	50	58
750,000-1,000,000		55	58
1,000,000-1,500,000		61	60
1,500,000-2,000,000		62	60
2,000,000-5,000,000		63	63
Over 5,000,000		63	65

Tax on Specified Incomes.

"The following table shows the income tax levied under existing law and under the proposed bill for specified incomes of married persons without dependents and without dividends from corporations or interest from tax-free securities.

Incomes.	Tax under— Existing law.	Proposed bill.	Percent. of tax to net income. Existing law (per bill (per law.	bill.
$2,500	$10	$30	0.40	1.20
3,000	20	60	.67	2.00
3,500	30	90	.86	2.57
4,000	40	120	1.00	3.00
4,500	60	150	1.33	3.33
5,000	80	180	1.60	3.60
5,500	105	220	1.91	4.00
6,000	130	260	2.16	4.33
6,500	155	330	2.38	5.08
7,000	180	400	2.57	5.71
7,500	205	470	2.73	6.27
8,000	235	545	2.93	6.81
8,500	265	620	3.12	7.29
9,000	295	695	3.28	7.72
9,500	325	770	3.42	8.11
10,000	355	845	3.55	8.45
12,500	530	1,820	4.42	10.56
15,000	730	3,795	4.87	11.97
20,000	1,180	8,895	5.90	14.48
25,000	1,780	4,245	7.12	16.98
30,000	2,380	5,595	7.93	18.65
35,000	2,980	7,195	8.51	20.56
40,000	3,580	8,795	8.95	21.99
45,000	4,380	10,645	9.73	23.66
50,000	5,180	12,495	10.36	24.99
55,000	5,980	14,695	10.87	26.72
60,000	6,780	16,895	11.30	28.16
70,000	8,880	21,895	12.69	31.26
80,000	10,980	27,295	13.72	34.12
100,000	16,180	39,095	16.18	39.10
150,000	31,680	70,095	21.12	46.73
200,000	49,180	101,095	24.59	50.55
300,000	94,680	163,095	30.80	55.03
500,000	192,680	297,095	38.54	59.42
1,000,000	473,180	647,095	47.32	64.71
5,000,000	3,140,180	3,527,095	62.80	70.54

Net Income Defined.

"The bill (Sec. 212) defines net income to mean the gross income as defined in Sec. 213 less the deductions allowed by Sec. 214. Gross income will include the same items of income as are included under the present law, with the following exceptions:

"(1) The bill includes in gross income the interest from obligations of States, Territories, political subdivisions thereof, or the District of Columbia, issued after the passage of this act, unless authorized by law prior to the passage of this act or unless issued for the purpose of funding or refunding interest-bearing indebtedness outstanding at the time of the passage of this act or for the performance of a contract entered into prior to the passage of the act. The committee was of the opinion that, although there is doubt as to the constitutionality of including the interest on these obligations, justice requires that at least in time of war the holders of these securities should share the burdens equally with the holders of Liberty bonds. The bill places these bonds and Liberty bonds upon the same basis, exempting the holder of not more than $5,000 of them from all income, war profits, and excess profits taxes, and exempting him from normal income tax on the interest received from the total amount held by him, and subjecting him to surtax, war profits or excess profits tax on the interest received from such bonds the aggregate principal of which exceeds $5,000.

"(2) The compensation of the President of the United States and of the Judges of the Supreme and inferior courts of the United States and all other officers and employes of any State, Territory, or political subdivision thereof or the District of Columbia, is made subject to income tax. The compensation of these officials under existing law is not subject to income tax. Your committee realizes that there is a great difference of opinion among the best legal talent with reference to the constitutionality of this provision, but feels that in all equity and justice such officials should be subject to income taxes and that, if necessary, this matter should be definitely decided by the courts.

"(3) The bill also excludes from gross income amounts not in excess of $3,500 received by persons in the military or naval forces of the United States as salary or compensation in any form from the United States for services abroad or at sea in such forces.

"(4) The present law excludes from gross income the proceeds of life insurance policies paid upon the death of the insured to individual beneficiaries. The proposed bill also excludes the proceeds of such policies paid to the estate of the insured.

"(5) Under the present law it is not necessary to include in gross income the income of foreign Governments received from investments in the United States in stocks, bonds, or other domestic securities owned by such foreign Governments, or from interest on deposits in bank of the United States of moneys belonging to such foreign Governments. The proposed bill, in addition to providing that the aforementioned income shall not be included in gross income, provides that income of foreign Governments from any other source within the United States shall not be so included.

"(6) Under the present law it is doubtful whether amounts received through accident or health insurance, or under workmen's compensation acts, as compensation for personal injury or sickness, and damages received on account of such injuries or sickness are required to be included in gross income. The proposed bill provides that such amounts shall not be included in gross income.

Deductions.

"Sec. 214 of the bill allows the same deductions from gross income as under existing law, with the following exceptions:

"1. The present law allows the deduction of interest paid, except on indebtedness incurred for the purchase of tax-free obligations or securities. This is difficult of administration, for in many cases it is impossible to tell for what purpose indebtedness is incurred. A man, for example, may have a mortgage on his house and have $1,000 in bank. He borrows $1,000 and buys a Liberty Bond and makes a payment on his mortgage. For what purpose was the $1,000 borrowed? The proposed bill allows the deduction of all interest paid in excess of the amount of interest received free from income tax. This is easy of administration and carries out the general purpose of the existing law.

"2. The present law allows as a deduction the whole amount of taxes paid to a foreign Government. The proposed bill, since it allows (Sec. 222) the amount of income and excess profits taxes paid to foreign countries upon income received from sources therein as a credit against the income tax payable to the United States, does not allow the same amount over again as a deduction in computing net income.

"3. Under existing law, in transactions entered into for profit but not connected with the taxpayer's business or trade, only the losses actually sustained therein during the year to an amount not exceeding the profits arising therefrom can be deducted. The proposed bill changes the provision of existing law to allow the entire loss in such transaction to be deducted.

"4. Due to the necessity for erecting buildings and building machinery for war purposes many buildings and much machinery have been erected that will be of little value after the war. Under existing law it is impossible for the Treasury Department to allow deductions other than for the ordinary exhaustion, wear and tear, and depletion of such property. A provision is incorporated in this bill to allow the Treasury Department in such cases to allow special amounts for amortization, according to the peculiar condition in each case, but such amounts cannot exceed in any year 25 per cent. of the net income. At any time within three years the allowance may be re-examined, and if found incorrect the taxes will be readjusted, and any overpayment refunded or any underpayment collected from the taxpayer.

"5. The depletion provision of existing law does not grant an allowance for cost of development. In the case of mines, oil, and gas wells such an allowance seems only equitable and fair and the bill provides that a reasonable allowance in such cases be allowed for depreciation of improvements. The bill also corrects an inequality of the present law by providing for an equitable apportionment of the depletion allowance between lessor and lessee.

"Under the proposed bill the partners will be liable to income tax the same as under existing law. The partnership as such is not liable to income tax, but each partner will pay his income tax upon his share of the partnership profits, whether the same are distributed or not.

"Under existing law a citizen of the United States can only deduct income war or excess profits taxes paid to a foreign country from income upon which a tax is imposed by the United States by allowed a citizen of the United States subject to income and war or excess profits taxes in a foreign country of an amount equal to the tax paid in such country upon income that is derived from sources within such country. The bill further provides that in the case of an alien resident of the United States who is a citizen or subject of a country which imposes income, war profits, or excess profits taxes, a like credit shall be allowed if such country allows a similar credit to citizens of the United States resident in such country.

Individual Returns and Estimates.

"Under existing law only persons of lawful age have to make returns. A minor's income is either included in the income tax return of the parent or a return is made for the minor by his guardian. Single persons of lawful age and having a net income of $1,000 or over and married persons having incomes of $2,000 or over are required to make returns under existing law. The proposed bill requires every person, whether of lawful age or not, having a net income for the taxable year of $1,000 or over, if single, or if married and not living with husband or wife, to make a return, and requires all married persons living with husband or wife having a net income of $2,000 or over to make returns. It is deemed advisable to allow persons under 21 years of age to make their own return and pay their own tax upon the theory that even if they are making their own living or are emancipated. It is believed that there are a considerable number of young men and women under the age of 21 now earning more than $1,000 per year.

"The income tax estimates are based upon the returns for the calendar year 1917, as near as the Treasury Department can determine the details of such returns at this time.

"These figures show that there were about 615,000 individuals with an income of over $4,000 per annum, and 2,440,000 with taxable incomes of $4,000 or less.

"The total taxable income is given as $7,400,000,000 of income subject to normal tax $4,700,000,000. The difference being due to the fact that in computing the normal tax a credit is given for the personal exemption and for dividends received from corporations.

"It is estimated that the individual normal income tax will yield $414,000,000 and the surtaxes $1,068,186,000, making the total individual income tax for the current taxable year $1,482,186,000.

Corporation Income Tax.

Taking up the income tax on corporations, the report says:

"Under the Revenue act of 1916 a corporation tax of 2 per cent. is levied upon the net income of all corporations, and under that act dividends received by one corporation from another are not allowed to be deducted in arriving at net income. The Revenue act of 1917 levies an additional corporation income tax of 4 per cent. upon the net income of all corporations, but for the purpose of such additional tax allows a corporation to deduct dividends received by it from other corporations in arriving at its net income. The proposed bill allows a deduction of all dividends received by any corporation from another in computing net income and levies, (Section 230,) a corporation tax of 18 per cent. upon the amount of the net income in excess of the credits allowed in Section 236, but provides that the rate shall be 12 per centum upon as much of this amount as does not exceed the sum of (1) the dividends paid during the taxable year, plus (2) the amount paid during the taxable year out of earnings or profits in discharge of bonds and other interest-bearing obligations outstanding prior to the beginning of such year.

"An example will make clear the effect of this tax. Suppose the amount of the net income of a corporation in excess of its credits is $100,000. Suppose it has paid out during the year $50,000 in dividends, and discharged $10,000 worth of bonds. Its tax would then be 12 per cent. of $60,000, and 18 per cent. of $40,000.

"The committee believes that the reduction of the rate to 12 per cent. on an amount equal to the amount of dividends paid will have a wholesome effect in many cases in stimulating the payment of dividends, which will be subject to surtax in the hands of the stockholders.

"The bill makes no change in the corporations exempt from income tax.

"Section 234 of the bill allows corporations the same deductions from gross income as under existing law, with the following exceptions:

"(1) Under existing law the interest deduction is limited to interest on an amount of indebtedness not in excess of the sum of the paid-in capital stock plus one-half of the interest-bearing indebtedness. Since borrowed money is not allowed to be included in computing invested capital for the purpose of the war profits and excess profits tax, it seems only fair to allow as a deduction in computing net income the whole amount of the interest paid during the year. This is done in the bill, which, however, contains the same limitation in respect to the tax-free interest received by the corporation which is applied in the case of an individual. This matter is discussed under the heading 'Deductions,' under the portion of this report relating to the individual income tax.

"(2) Existing law allows as a deduction the whole amount of taxes paid to a foreign Government. The proposed bill, since it allows (Sec. 238) the amount of income and excess profits taxes paid to foreign countries upon income received from sources therein as a credit against the income tax payable to the United States, does not allow the same amount over again as a deduction in computing net income.

"(3) A new amortization provision applicable to corporations has been added to the deduction provisions. This amortization provision as applied to corporations is exactly the same as the amortization provision applicable to individuals, which is explained at an earlier page of this report.

"(4) The depletion provision of existing law has been changed in the same manner as in the case of an individual. For a statement in regard thereto, see Paragraph 5 on an earlier page of this report.

"In computing the net income for the corporation tax the following credits are allowed:

"(1) The amount received as interest upon obligations of the United States, any State, Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, which is included in gross income.

"(2) The amount of any war or excess profits taxes imposed by act of Congress for the same taxable year.

"(3) In the case of a domestic corporation, $2,000.

"Like existing law, the proposed bill provides that every corporation not specially exempt shall make a return. The exempt corporations are specified in Section 231. The return will be required to show the items of gross income and the deductions and credits allowed, in a manner similar to that now required under existing law. The returns will be required to be filed with the collector of the district in which is located the principal place of business or principal office or agency of the corporation, the same as under existing law.

"The net income of corporations for the current taxable year has been estimated by the Treasury Department at $10,000,000,000.

"After deducting from this amount the credits allowed (1) $2,000 exemption allowed each corporation, estimated to amount to $500,000,000, and (2) the estimated excess and war profits taxes amounting to $3,200,000,000, the income subject to the corporation taxes will be $6,300,000,000. It is estimated that of this amount $4,000,000,000 will represent amounts distributed in dividends and indebtedness paid off during the taxable year and at the 12 per cent. rate will yield $480,000,000. The remaining $2,300,000,000 will be subject to the 18 per cent. rate and will yield $414,000,000 revenue, thus making a total revenue of $894,000,000 from the corporation income taxes."

Payment in Installments.

Under the head of "Administrative Provisions," the report says:

"Under existing law all corporations having an accounting period ending with the close of the calendar year and all individuals are required to make their return on the following March 1 and to pay their tax on or before June 15. Under the present law corporations having a fiscal year other than the calendar year are required to make return on the first day of the third month following the close of the fiscal year. In order to harmonize the payment dates of business concerns and Government transactions, with a view of distributing the burden upon the banks to the best advantage, it is deemed preferable to change the time for filing the return of such corporations to the fifteenth day of the third month after the close of the calendar or fiscal year. A like period is also provided for individuals having accounting periods for a fiscal year other than the calendar year and also for those having an accounting period closing at the end of the calendar year.

"In order not to have the large payment of income and excess profits taxes come upon one date, the bill provides that these taxes be paid in three installments, one-third to be paid at the time of the filing of the return, one-third on the fifteenth day of the second month thereafter, and the remaining one-third on the fifteenth day of the fourth month after the time fixed by law for filing the return. In other words, the tax payment dates of individuals and corporations whose accounting period is on the basis of the calendar year will be March 15, May 15, and July 15. The commissioner is authorized to extend the time for making the return, whenever in his judgment good cause exists, for a period not to

"In the case of taxpayers who are abroad the commissioner has discretionary authority to extend the time for such period as he deems necessary. Except in the case of a taxpayer who is abroad, taxpayers securing such extension of time must pay the first installment of taxes upon the expiration of the period of extension, and the second and third installments will become due as in the case of all other taxpayers and as above stated. In the case of any taxpayer who is abroad the commissioner may extend the time for payment of the second and third installments by not more than four months after the expiration of the period of any extension of time for filing his return.

"A new provision is incorporated in the bill providing that if upon examination of any return of income made pursuant to the income tax provisions of the Revenue act of Aug. 5, 1909, or Oct. 3, 1913, or the Revenue acts of 1916 and 1917 or this act it appears that an amount of income, war profits, or excess profits tax has been paid in excess of that properly due the amount of the excess so paid shall be credited against any income, war profits or excess profits taxes or installments thereof then due from the taxpayer under any other return and that any balance of such excess shall be immediately refunded to the taxpayer. It is believed that this provision will materially assist in the settlement of transactions between the taxpayer and the Government.

"The Revenue act of 1917 abolished collection at the source and substituted information at the source in lieu thereof, and provided that all individuals, corporations, and partnerships, including lessees or mortgagors of real or personal property, fiduciaries, and employers making payment to another individual, corporation, or partnership of any fixed or determinable annual or periodical sum in excess of $800 should report this information to the Commissioner in order that he might use the same as a check upon the returns of the respective taxpayers. The proposed bill retains the system of information at the source, but only requires information of income payments made in excess of $1,000 or more in any taxable year.

"The proposed bill, as under existing law, only requires the withholding of income in the case of payments by individuals, corporations, and partnerships of fixed or determinable annual or periodical gains, profits, and income to nonresident alien individuals or nonresident corporations. In the case of nonresident aliens the normal tax will be withheld at the rate of 12 per cent.

"In the case of tax-free covenant bonds, the obligor will be required to deduct and withhold a tax equal to 2 per cent. of the interest upon such bonds and similar obligations the same as under existing law."

War and Excess Profits Taxes.

Taking up the levies to be made on war profits and excess profits, the committee reports:

"In lieu of the excess profits tax imposed by Title II of the revenue act of 1917 and in addition to the other taxes imposed by this act, a tax is levied for each taxable year upon the net income of every corporation, computed according to whichever of the two following methods will yield the higher amount of taxes: (1) The war profits method or (2) the excess profits method.

"In view of the increased individual normal and surtax rates upon the income of individuals and partnerships which in most cases will make the taxes paid by such individuals as high as this income and excess or war profits taxes paid by corporations engaged in similar business and in view of the difficulty in administering an excess profits tax applicable to individuals, the bill provides that the war and excess profits taxes shall apply to corporations only.

"In view of the fact that in many cases it has been the experience under the present excess profit tax law that the excess profits tax has borne more heavily upon many small corporations with capital of less than $50,000 than upon the larger corporations, because of the fact that the smaller corporations are in most instances capitalized on a different basis, and the income of such smaller corporations is in most cases largely attributable to the personal activities of the stockholders rather than to the capital invested. In order to more equally distribute the tax burden the bill provides that in the case of a corporation having an invested capital of not more than $25,000 the excess or war profits tax levy shall in no case exceed 35 per cent. of the amount of its net income for the taxable year in excess of $3,000, and that in the case of corporations having more than $25,000 but not more than $50,000 invested capital, the excess or war profits tax levy shall in no case be more than 40 per cent. of the amount of its net income for the taxable year in excess of $3,000. This provision, however, will not apply to corporations whose net income exceeds $50,000.

"In certain instances the experience under the existing excess profits tax law has been that there are certain classes of corporations the earnings of which are to be ascribed primarily to the activities of the principal owners or stockholders and in which capital is not directly or indirectly a material income-producing factor. In such cases the excess profits tax would bear too heavily upon such corporation, as practically all or by far the greater portion of the income would be subject to the rate provided in the highest excess profits bracket. In order to equalize this situation the bill provides in Section 303 that in the case of such a corporation, in lieu of the tax imposed by the excess profits tax provision of the Revenue act of 1917 and in lieu of the tax imposed by Section 301 of the proposed bill, and in addition to all other taxes imposed by such bill, a tax of 20 per cent. upon the amount of the net income of such corporation for the taxable year in excess of $3,000. It is provided, however, that no corporation shall be taxable under this provision if 50 per cent. or more of its gross income consists of gains or profits derived from purchase or sale, or of gains, profits, or commissions derived from Government contracts, or if the invested capital of such corporation is more than $100,000. Such corporations will be taxable under Section 301 under the excess profits method or the war profits method, whichever will yield the higher tax.

"All corporations exempt under the income tax title will be exempt from the excess profits or war profits tax. A list of these corporations will be found in Section 231.

War Profits Method.

"This part [Part III.] fixes the prewar period as the calendar years 1911, 1912, and 1913, or, if a corporation was not in existence during the whole of such period, then as many of such years during the whole of which the corporation was in existence. The bill provides a tax of 80 per cent. upon the amount of the net income in excess of the war profits credit. The war profits credit will be determined in the following way: Every corporation will be allowed a specific exemption of $3,000, and in addition its average pre-war earnings for the pre-war period of 1911, 1912, and 1913. In the case of corporations who have increased their capital since the pre-war period, the bill provides that an additional amount be allowed equal to 10 per cent. of the additional invested capital employed during the taxable year. If the corporation has reduced its capital since the pre-war period, the allowance must be decreased by an amount equal to 10 per cent. of the invested capital withdrawn. If a corporation was not in existence during the whole of any one calendar year during the pre-war period, or if it had no net income for the pre-war period, or if its pre-war earnings were less than 10 per cent. of its invested capital for the taxable year, it will be entitled to a specific exemption of $3,000 and an additional amount equal to 10 per cent. of the invested capital for the taxable year. The proposed bill, like the present excess profits tax law, specifically provides that a foreign corporation shall in no case be entitled to the specific exemption of $3,000.

"The war profits tax is not distinctly a war profits tax, since a minimum exemption of 10 per cent. is allowed in all cases. In view of the high rate of tax imposed by this method and in view of the fact that owing to a serious depression in many industries, many corporations were making very small profits during the pre-war period, your committee believes that it is only equitable and fair to allow such corporations a minimum exemption of 10 per cent. and that such an exemption is necessary to allow such corporations a sufficient return upon their investment in order to assure them a reasonable profit and at the same time to enable them to maintain their plants as going concerns.

Excess Profits Method.

"The bill provides that for the purpose of determining the excess profits tax the credit shall consist of a specific exemption of $3,000 plus an amount equal to 8 per cent. of the invested capital of the corporation for the taxable year. The tax under the excess profits tax method will be computed upon the following basis: Thirty-five per cent. of the amount of the net income in excess of the excess profits credit (of 8 per cent. of the invested capital plus $3,000) and not in excess of 15 per cent. of the invested capital for the taxable year; 50 per cent. of the amount of the net income in excess of 15 per cent. of the invested capital and not in excess of 20 per cent. of such capital; and 70 per cent. of the amount of the net income in excess of 20 per cent. of such capital. Even with the increased excess profits tax rates, it is probable that many corporations whose tax will be computed under this method will have their taxes increased to so great an extent over their excess profits taxes of last year as many corporations whose taxes will be computed under the war profits tax method.

"Under existing law it is found that some corporations of small capital would not be able to take their entire credit out under the first bracket. The bill provides that in such cases where the full amount of the credit cannot be allowed in the first bracket by reason of the fact that such credit is in excess of 15 per cent. of the invested capital the part not so allowed shall be deducted from the amount in the next succeeding bracket, and if not then fully allowed the remaining part shall be deducted in the last bracket. As under existing law, in computing the excess profits tax a foreign corporation will not be entitled to a specific exemption of $3,000 in computing the excess profits tax under the proposed bill.

Net Income.

"The net income of corporations for the prewar period 1911, 1912, and 1913 will be computed exactly as under existing excess profits tax law and will be comparatively easy to ascertain, since the returns are already on file in the Treasury Department. The net income for the taxable year will be computed upon the same basis and in the same manner as is provided for computing the corporate income under Title II. of the proposed bill.

"The average net income for the prewar period will be determined by dividing the number of years within that period during the whole of which the corporation was in existence into the sum of the net income for such years, even though there may have been no net income for one or more of such years.

Invested Capital.

"The definition of invested capital in the existing law, while rewritten in the proposed bill in the interest of clearness and while changed slightly in order to apply a more liberal rule in a few cases where the existing law has in operation been found to produce certain inequalities, has not been changed in any important particular.

"In order to simplify the definition of invested capital it has been deemed advisable to define certain terms, such as 'intangible property,' 'tangible property,' 'borrowed capital,' and 'inadmissible assets.' These definitions will be found in Section 325 of the bill.

"In the case of certain investment banking houses whose business is almost entirely confined to tax-exempt securities, such as municipal and State bonds, a very difficult question arises as to what should be the invested capital of such corporation. Although the definition of invested capital in existing law specifically states that the amount invested in such securities shall not be included in invested capital if the interest income from the same is not subject to income, excess and war profits taxes, the income from the gain upon the sale of these bonds, however, is subject to all the afore-mentioned taxes. The bill, therefore, allows such a corporation to add to its invested capital an amount equal to the same proportion of the amount invested in such tax-free securities as the profit from the sale of such securities bears to the total net income derived from the sale thereof and the interest thereon.

"It also has been the experience of the Treasury Department that the excess profits tax places a very heavy burden upon investment houses and similar corporations whose business is largely confined to dealing in tax-free securities, because such corporations cannot include in invested capital either such securities or borrowed money. In order more nearly to equalize this burden, the bill provides that in such cases a corporation shall be entitled to include in invested capital an amount invested in such tax-free securities not in excess of the borrowed capital of such corporation (other than indebtedness maturing within one year of its creation, all accounts payable and current liabilities) for such year, if it includes in its net income for excess profits tax purpose the interest and dividends from the bonds and stocks included in computing invested capital.

Constructive Capital.

"The existing excess profits act provides that in cases where the Secretary of the Treasury is unable to determine satisfactorily the invested capital of a corporation he may construct the same upon the basis of representative concerns. The bill provides that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue be given this same discretion under the proposed excess profits tax method and adds a provision in Section 327 for the construction of capital in two additional specified cases: (1) Where the mixed aggregate of tangible property and intangible property has been paid in for stock or for stock and bonds and the Commissioner is unable satisfactorily to determine the representative values of the several classes of property at the time of payment or to distinguish the classes of property paid in for stock and for bonds, respectively, or (2) where capital is a material income producing factor but where, because of the fact that the capital employed is in large part borrowed, there is no invested capital, or the invested capital is materially disproportionate to the net income as compared with representative concerns engaged in a like or similar trade or business. This section is not, however, to apply to any corporation 50 per cent. or more of whose gross income is derived from Government contracts.

"The bill provides in Section 328 that in determining invested capital in the above cases the Commissioner shall compare the taxpayer only with representative corporations whose invested capital can be satisfactorily determined and which are as nearly as may be similarly circumstanced with respect to gross income, net income, profits per unit of business transacted and capital employed, the amount and rate of war or excess profits, and all other relevant facts and circumstances.

"Section 328 also provides that the commissioner shall keep a record of all cases in which invested capital is constructed under Section 327 and that the Senate or House of Representatives may call for a copy of such record or information regarding any such cases without regard to the restrictions contained in Section 257 with reference to publicity of income tax returns.

Reorganizations.

"In the case of the reorganization, consolidation, or change of ownership after Jan. 1, 1911, of a trade or business now carried on by a corporation, for the purpose of determining the net income and invested capital for the prewar period, the corporation shall be deemed to have been in existence prior to that date, and the net income and invested capital of the predecessor trade or business for all or any part of the pre-war period prior to the organization of the corporation shall be deemed to have been the net income and invested capital of the corporation.

"In the case of the reorganization, consolidation, or change of ownership of a trade or business after March 3, 1917, if an interest or control in such trade or business of 50 per cent. or more remains in the same persons or any of them, in such case no asset transferred or received from the predecessor trade or business shall, in computing invested capital, be allowed a greater value than would have been allowed in computing the invested capital of the prior trade or business if such asset had not been so transferred or received.

"In the case of corporations having a fiscal year ending during 1918 the income will be divided into two parts: The income falling in the year 1917 will be subject to the excess profits tax rate provided under existing law in the revenue act of 1917, and the income falling in the period from Jan. 1, 1918, to the close of the fiscal year will be taxable at the war-profits rate or excess-profits rate, whichever is higher, provided in this bill.

"No returns for excess or war profits tax purposes will be required of any corporation not having a net income of $3,000 or over for the taxable year. Corporations subject to tax under this title will make return and pay their taxes at the same times and places and in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as is required of corporations in making their return for income-tax purposes.

"The basis of the estimate for the excess profits taxes is as follows:

"It is assumed that the net income of corporations for the current taxable year will be $10,000,000,000. This is less than the net income for the last taxable year, which is estimated by the Treasury Department at $10,500,000,000, and it is estimated that these earnings will be reduced to the above figure for 1918.

"As a basis for applying the rates provided in this bill, the returns of about 11,500 corporations for 1917, selected at random, were tabulated. It is assumed that the returns for the current year will be similar to these known corporations reporting for last year, the total net income, of course, being estimated at $10,000,000. It is estimated that the revenue from these taxes will be about $3,200,000,000."

Inheritance Tax.

The report then proceeds to explain the inheritance, or estate, tax.

"The present bill," says the committee, "provides for the imposition of a tax which will take the place of that imposed by Title II. of the Revenue act of 1916 as amended March 3, 1917, and the tax imposed by Title IX. of the Revenue act of 1917.

"Section 402 of this bill, which takes the place of Section 202 of the original act, has been revised so as to contain a provision specifically including in the gross estate dower, curtesy, or any estate created in lieu of dower or curtesy.

"There has also been included in the gross estate the value of property passing under a general power of appointment.

"The gross estate section has been amended to specifically include (1) insurance receivable by the executor under policies taken out by the decedent upon his own life and (2) insurance in excess of $40,000 receivable by all specific beneficiaries under policies taken out by the decedent upon his own life. Agents of insurance companies have openly urged persons of wealth to take out additional insurance payable to specific beneficiaries for the reason that such insurance would not be included in the gross estate.

"Section 403, which takes the place of Section 208 of the original act defining the deductions for the purpose of arriving at the net estate, inserts a provision that income taxes upon income received after the death of the decedent, and estate, succession, legacy, or inheritance taxes, are not to be deducted.

"An additional subdivision has been added to Section 403 which will grant a deduction of amounts which have been received by the decedent as a

WHITMAN NOMINATED IN THE REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES, SMITH IN THE DEMOCRATIC

WHITMAN NAMED TO FIGHT SMITH

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

Mr. Schoeneck carried all counties with the exception of Kings, where almost complete returns indicated a victory for Bennett, and Oneida, where, with about half of the election districts heard from, ex-Senator Heacock had a lead over both his opponents.

In the Democratic primaries Mr. Osborn carried his home county, Putnam, where the vote stood 99 for Smith and 441 for Osborn. In Wyoming County, in the extreme western part of the State, with nine election districts missing, Smith had 99 votes against 127 for Osborn.

Probably two score of women had been designated for nomination throughout the State, a majority in the Socialist and Prohibition Parties. The women in nearly every case ran unopposed and in districts where the party which named them is in a hopeless minority.

An exception was Miss Helen McKelvey of Rockland County, who was a contestant with Mrs. Mary C. Brewster for the Republican nomination for State Senator in the Twenty-fourth District, including Richmond and Rockland Counties, and won the nomination in a district which at the present time is represented by a Republican. Mrs. Ida B. Sammis, who was a candidate for the Republican nomination for Assembly in the Second Suffolk District against Henry A. Murphy, the present incumbent, according to all indications will win a nomination which is almost certain to result in her election to the Assembly.

In the Twenty-first Congressional District in New York City, where there were four candidates for the Republican nomination, John A. Bolles, the organization choice, won easily. There was a contest in the Democratic primaries in the same district between Jerome F. Donovan and D. C. Oliver. Donovan, who had organization backing, won.

In the Thirty-fourth Congressional District, which includes Broome County, the fight between William H. Hill and Julius E. Rogers was close, but the returns indicate a Hill victory.

Representative Walter W. Magee, who was a candidate against Giles M. Stilwell for renomination in the Thirty-fifth, which includes Onondaga and Cortland, won a ready victory, though Francis Hendricks, the vetrean Republican leader of Onondaga had indorsed his opponent.

In the Third Congressional District returns indicate that Conrad Hasenflug by a narrow majority has defeated Francis P. Bent, the candidate of McCooey and Hylan.

STATE VOTE.

GOVERNOR—REPUBLICAN.

County.	WHITMAN.	LEWIS.	E. D. Missing.
Albany	6,484	7,484	68
Allegany	*2,300	*800	..
Bronx	6,819	1,662	18
Broome	3,505	1,807	58
Cattaraugus	814	254	51
Cayuga	280	93	48
Chautauqua	1,536	391	50
Chemung	1,365	158	23
Chenango	1,743	831	18
Clinton	2,155	244	15
Columbia	490	104	34
Cortland	2,389	514	2
Delaware	1,216	833	34
Dutchess	1,192	528	35
Erie	15,736	6,149	..
Essex	569	76	29
Franklin	731	103	20
Fulton	1,262	514	19
Genesee	1,558	879	3
Greene	712	223	5
Hamilton	57	35	7
Herkimer	*3,000	*1,000	..
Jefferson	2,662	736	28
Kings	24,090	13,321	75
Lewis	*1,100	*500	..
Livingston	1,594	718	4
Madison	307	49	41
Monroe	8,269	3,435	76
Montgomery	872	444	28
Nassau	3,563	619	8
New York	22,369	5,853	66
Niagara	2,017	1,513	16
Oneida	3,165	821	83
Onondaga	12,703	5,650	5
Ontario	1,062	179	45
Orange	*4,600	*1,900	..
Orleans	478	659	17
Oswego	1,457	251	50
Otsego	310	66	50
Putnam	690	325	..
Queens	4,485	1,290	34
Rensselaer	3,937	645	43
Richmond	2,682	291	20
Rockland	809	208	24
St. Lawrence	2,421	231	61
Saratoga	1,859	1,621	48
Schenectady	1,644	431	37
Schoharie	573	182	17
Schuyler	574	91	9
Seneca	852	137	9
Steuben	*3,200	*1,800	..
Suffolk	3,808	834	30
Sullivan	141	67	34
Tioga	628	171	25
Tompkins	*1,300	*700	..
Ulster	1,760	1,032	34
Warren	278	38	23
Washington	3,839	1,196	..
Wayne	2,648	668	..
Westchester	4,066	2,510	125
Wyoming	1,100	263	9
Yates	2,063	554	6
Total	191,870	76,683	1,721

*Estimated.

Majority for Whitman, 115,187, with 1,721 election districts missing out of 5,781.

CITY VOTE.

GOVERNOR—REPUBLICAN.

BOROUGH SUMMARY.

Borough.	WHITMAN.	LEWIS.	E. D. Miss'g.
Manhattan	22,369	5,853	66
Bronx	6,819	1,662	18
Brooklyn	24,090	13,321	75
Queens	4,485	1,290	34
Richmond	2,682	291	20
Total	60,445	22,418	213

213 election districts missing out of 2,067.

MANHATTAN.

A. D.	WHITMAN.	LEWIS.	E. D. Miss'g.
1	395	92	2
3	683	202	2
4	208	20	..
5	762	213	..
6	834	87	1
7	1,111	599	4
8	698	220	..
9	1,083	495	2
10	2,059	457	1
11	958	456	4
12	900	177	2
13	832	251	8
14	1,813	122	3
15	1,220	509	1
20	1,765	196	2
17	820	177	4
18	880	220	1
19	915	166	10
20	522	96	..
21	1,038	290	3
22	819	320	8
23	1,591	458	3
Total	22,369	5,853	66

66 election districts missing out of 784.

BRONX.

A. D.	WHITMAN.	LEWIS.	E. D. Miss'g.
1	915	182	..
2	1,101	211	2
3	646	218	2
5	535	207	1
5	665	222	..
6	1,004	175	3
7	456	132	7
8	1,447	315	3
Total	6,819	1,662	18

Eighteen election districts missing out of 267.

BROOKLYN.

A. D.	WHITMAN.	LEWIS.	E. D. Miss'g.
1	1,080	519	..
2	1,080	318	2
3	322	127	..
4	1,062	793	8
5	1,698	732	2
6	890	688	5
7	534	224	3
8	384	236	7
9	910	390	..
10	1,441	616	2
11	1,739	807	5
12	1,121	652	5
13	412	493	3
14	269	335	2
15	816	258	3
16	871	427	1
17	1,635	799	1
18	1,182	454	5
19	417	397	4
20	1,413	1,252	3
21	2,537	744	3
22	1,837	1,837	2
23	440	223	3
Total	24,090	13,321	75

75 election districts missing uot of 777.

QUEENS.

A. D.	WHITMAN.	LEWIS.	E. D. Miss'g.
1	542	111	4
2	409	221	5
3	612	103	8
4	1,108	243	6
5	875	277	4
6	939	335	7
Total	4,485	1,290	34

34 election districts missing out of 191.

RICHMOND.

A. D.	WHITMAN.	LEWIS.	E. D. Miss'g.
1	80	17	20
2	132	25	18
Total	212	42	38

38 election districts missing out of 48.

LIEUT. GOVERNOR, (REP.)

Borough Summary.

Borough.	Schoeneck.	Bennett.	Heacock.	E. D. M's'g.
Manhattan	14,524	6,792	1,538	75
Bronx	4,788	2,356	339	34
Brooklyn	15,750	17,621	1,956	71
Queens	3,268	2,396	387	22
Richmond	380	322	43	18
Total	38,710	29,487	4,163	120

Plurality for Schoeneck, 9,213.

220 election districts missing out of 2,067.

MANHATTAN.

A.D.	Schoeneck.	Bennett.	Heacock.	E. D. M's'g.
1	327	84	10	3
2	442	65	10	1
3	585	215	46	1
4	150	22	3	2
5	503	269	40	8
6	649	80	9	3
7	830	583	147	4
8	631	159	26	..
9	865	474	161	1
10	676	463	167	2
11	706	542	124	3
12	746	220	44	1
13	437	375	78	10
14	649	236	31	2
15	1,316	376	125	1
16	678	187	27	1
17	548	160	29	4
18	651	229	24	2
19	606	330	54	10
20	375	130	14	1
21	641	410	87	5
22	580	445	99	6
23	933	738	183	4
Total	15,424	6,792	1,538	75

75 election districts missing out of 784.

BRONX.

A. D.	Schoeneck.	Bennett.	Heacock.	E. D. M's'g.
1	644	297	26	3
2	762	307	61	7
3	523	285	32	1
4	370	265	36	2
5	434	306	44	..
6	825	285	34	3
7	234	209	24	10
8	996	402	82	8
Total	4,788	2,356	339	34

34 election districts missing out of 267.

BROOKLYN.

A.D.	Schoeneck.	Bennett.	Heacock.	E. D. M's'g.
1	629	789	121	..
2	676	550	88	4
3	162	244	15	..
4	554	973	71	8
5	1,125	1,126	127	1
6	49	112	168	26
7	62	30	240	17
8	52	19	208	17
9	246	74	667	7
10	212	93	806	17
11	208	121	1,047	21
12	144	80	659	21
13	99	133	284	83
15	209	122	419	11
16	135	70	381	20
17	266	167	969	15
18	169	78	668	17
19	78	216	245	12
20	160	307	553	29
21	398	168	1,649	12
22	156	141	457	32
23	81	60	168	11
Total	3,556	2,498	12,344	375

375 election districts missing out of 777.

QUEENS.

A.D.	Schoeneck.	Bennett.	Heacock.	E. D. M's'g.
1	348	239	32	4
2	296	309	22	4
3	478	253	35	5
4	780	487	144	4
5	595	539	77	2
6	771	569	77	3
Total	3,268	2,396	387	22

22 election districts missing out of 191.

RICHMOND.

A.D.	Schoeneck.	Bennett.	Heacock.	E. D. M's'g.
1	183	120	25	12
2	197	202	18	6
Total	380	322	43	18

18 election districts missing out of 48.

CONTROLLER—REPUBLICAN.

Borough Summary.

Borough.	Frazer.	Kissel.	Travis.	E. D. M's'g.
Manhattan	4,114	1,051	11,959	237
Bronx	1,141	342	2,556	128
Brooklyn	3,556	2,498	12,344	375
Queens	411	220	1,230	139
Richmond	143	33	298	31
Total	9,365	4,144	28,387	910

910 election districts missing out of 2,067.

MANHATTAN.

A. D.	Frazer.	Kissel.	Travis.	E. D. M's'g.
1	90	56	263	3
2	77	14	491	0
3	211	40	470	7
4	25	5	102	5
5	187	66	440	12
6	10	9	81	19
7	223	41	724	13
8	134	58	575	2
9	297	75	742	7
10	356	82	1,584	7
11	199	44	389	18
12	197	66	584	8
13	164	30	346	18
15	119	40	445	13
16	264	73	883	10
17	117	48	536	10
18	172	42	431	7
19	151	47	560	5
20	100	19	216	23
21	55	7	130	26
22	183	50	521	14
23	248	62	499	12
25	535	77	947	8
Total	4,114	1,051	11,959	237

237 election districts missing out of 794.

BRONX.

A. D.	Frazer.	Kissel.	Travis.	E. D. M's'g.
1	150	45	319	19
2	167	34	394	21
3	226	44	359	9
4	73	26	199	14
5	228	61	401	3
6	71	43	268	20
7	53	37	102	20
8	173	52	514	22
Total	1,141	342	2,556	128

128 election districts missing out of 267.

BROOKLYN.

A. D.	Frazer.	Kissel.	Travis.	E. D. M's'g.
1	259	121	710	7
2	180	53	564	12
3	64	38	179	5
4	40	28	98	31
5	236	166	912	17
6	49	112	168	26
7	62	30	240	17
8	52	19	208	17
9	246	74	667	7
10	212	93	806	17
11	208	121	1,047	21
12	144	80	659	21
13	99	133	284	83
15	209	122	419	11
16	135	70	381	20
17	266	167	969	15
18	169	78	668	17
19	78	216	245	12
20	160	307	553	29
21	398	168	1,649	12
22	156	141	457	32
23	81	60	168	11
Total	3,556	2,498	12,344	375

375 election districts missing out of 777.

QUEENS.

A. D.	Frazer.	Kissel.	Travis.	E. D. M's'g.
1	39	15	94	26
2	51	64	164	20
3	34	5	81	25
4	38	11	138	26
5	179	71	513	16
6	70	54	240	26
Total	411	220	1,230	139

139 election districts missing out of 191.

RICHMOND.

A. D.	Frazer.	Kissel.	Travis.	E. D. M's'g.
1	79	20	173	14
2	64	13	125	17
Total	143	33	298	31

31 election districts missing out of 48.

ATTORNEY GENERAL, (REP.)

BOROUGH SUMMARY.

Borough.	NEWTON.	BECKER.	E. D. Miss'g.
Manhattan	14,449	8,144	84
Bronx	4,371	2,369	56
Brooklyn	15,968	15,410	125
Queens	5,824	4,240	46
Richmond	602	348	11
City total	41,214	30,551	322

322 election districts missing out of 2,067.

MANHATTAN.

A. D.	NEWTON.	BECKER.	E. D. Miss'g.
1	288	119	3
2	490	72	2
3	414	245	9
4	114	19	4
5	391	248	13
6	84	12	19
7	437	494	15
8	566	185	2
9	547	519	9
10	1,199	468	12
11	355	370	16
12	554	237	11
13	293	252	18
14	427	133	16
15	737	398	12
16	614	166	7
17	286	185	16
18	527	178	7
19	165	83	25
20	120	45	14
21	454	319	14
22	430	370	13
23	886	508	12
Total	10,378	5,625	269

269 election districts missing out of 784.

BRONX.

A. D.	NEWTON.	BECKER.	E. D. Miss'g.
1	301	129	22
2	281	153	28
3	324	199	13
4	42	40	23
5	361	265	5
6	218	63	22
7	....	....	28
8	292	212	27
Total	1,819	1,061	168

168 election districts missing out of 267.

BROOKLYN.

A. D.	NEWTON.	BECKER.	E. D. Miss'g.
1	484	386	10
2	171	165	24
Brooklyn	39,632	4,371	125
Queens	18,217	1,756	47
Richmond	2,682	291	20
Total	61,483	5,378	1,111

Majority for Smith, 56,105.

1,111 election districts missing out of 2,067.

MANHATTAN.

A. D.	SMITH.	OSBORN.	E. D. Miss'g.
1	3,757	54	4
2	980	26	2
3	2,311	64	11
4	832	16	2
5	1,117	77	25
6	370	20	6
7	593	63	18
8	842	41	2
9	953	129	7
10	931	137	12
11	842	98	11
12	2,807	95	12
13	904	109	20
14	1,497	112	14
15	868	123	12
16	2,338	112	20
17	663	45	12
18	1,088	58	12
19	419	28	23
20	76	2	23
21	252	22	24
22	528	51	29
23	938	109	20
Total	25,904	1,591	321

321 election districts missing out of 784.

BRONX.

A. D.	SMITH.	OSBORN.	E. D. Miss'g.
1	1,688	166	16
2	918	67	28
3	575	66	15
4	496	180	15
5	904	130	8
6	544	40	21
7	347	31	24
8	287	32	32
Total	5,762	712	159

159 election districts missing out of 267.

BROOKLYN.

A. D.	SMITH.	OSBORN.	E. D. Miss'g.
1	194	130	..
2	1,255	163	4
3	1,712	88	5
4	977	82	15
5	2,031	249	4
6	1,238	187	11
7	2,211	121	3
8	1,616	138	13
9	2,105	195	..
10	2,031	194	4
11	1,959	194	10
12	2,048	156	8
13	1,543	223	6
14	104	137	1
15	4,012	470	3
16	2,094	272	4
17	1,366	159	2
18	1,743	216	3
19	1,711	179	4
20	2,171	237	9
21	1,653	169	5
22	1,905	187	8
23	1,033	225	3
Total	39,632	4,371	125

125 election districts missing out of 777.

QUEENS.

A. D.	SMITH.	OSBORN.	E. D. Miss'g.
1	4,012	324	8
2	3,564	361	5
3	3,290	295	9
4	1,494	235	12
5	2,776	298	..
6	3,081	243	..
Total	18,217	1,756	47

47 election district missing out of 191.

RICHMOND.

A. D.	SMITH.	OSBORN.	E. D. Miss'g.
1	1,708	148	12
2	974	143	8
Total	2,682	291	20

20 election districts missing out of 48.

GOVERNOR—DEMOCRAT.

BOROUGH SUMMARY.

Borough.	SMITH.	OSBORN.	E. D. Miss'g.
Manhattan	25,904	1,591	321
Bronx	5,762	712	159

MANHATTAN.

A. D.	NEWTON.	BECKER.	E. D. Miss'g.
1	100	63	17
2	141	82	16
Total	241	145	33

33 election districts missing out of 48.

WOMEN STAY AWAY FROM CITY'S POLLS

Their Absence All Over the City Was the Feature of Primary Day.

WHITMAN VOTES WITH WIFE

Governor's Wife Casts Ballot No. 1 Through Courtesy of Woman in Line Ahead of Her.

Yesterday's primary election was one of the quietest ever held in this city. From the time the polls opened at 1 P. M. until closing time at 9 o'clock last night the police had no difficulty in preserving order. During the afternoon the voting in practically every section of the city was unusually light, but after 5 o'clock, when the men returned from work, there was more activity at the polling places Women who participated yesterday for the first time in a primary election for candidates for nomination to State, Congressional, legislative, and judicial offices were slow to go to the polls during the first few hours, but they made up for the dilatoriness after sundown. In some districts the woman vote equaled that of the men.

In the eastern section of Harlem the women late in the afternoon turned out in large numbers, but along the upper west side the vote was light and the draft crusade appeared to be the centre of attraction.

In the Yorkville section the voting during the afternoon was exceptionally light, although it picked up considerably at night. At one polling place, the Eleventh Election District of the Fifteenth Assembly District, located at 713 Lexington Avenue, only thirteen votes had been cast up to 4 o'clock, and of this number two were women. Little interest was manifested anywhere in the outcome of the Whitman-Lewis fight in the Republican primary or the Smith-Osborn contest among the Democrats, for the Governorship nomination, but in districts where there were local contests there was frequent old-time election activity.

In other sections of the city, particularly on the east side, most of the voting was done during the last two hours. In the Twelfth and Fourteenth Assembly Districts, on the lower east side, few persons went to the polls until after 6 P. M. The voting by women was particularly light. In the Twelfth Assembly District, the home of Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, the men and women did not go to the polls in any numbers until after the dinner hour. In the First and Second Assembly Districts, on the east side, the voting was extremely light up to 6 o'clock, except in the Sixteenth Election District of the First Assembly District, which is Alfred E. Smith's district. At 4 o'clock the vote totaled 77, women casting 11 of the ballots. Fifty of the 99 registered women in the district had voted up to 6:30 o'clock.

In the district where Governor Whitman voted, the Eighth Election District of the Fifteenth Assembly District, the vote cast at 5 o'clock was: Democratic, 14; Republican, 42. In the Fourth District, adjoining, the vote at the same hour was: Democratic, 7; Republican, 26; Socialist, 2. The absence of any large number of women at the poling places was the feature of the day.

Governor and Mrs. Charles S. Whitman cast their ballots at a polling place n the store of a florist at 940 Sixth Avenue. They reached the polling place at 1:07, but had to wait fifteen minutes while the polling place was being put in order. When the Whitmans arrived there was one voter ahead of them, a woman. She insisted that Mrs. Whitman and the Governor take precedence, so Mrs. Whitman voted Ballot 1 and the Governor Ballot 2. The proprietor of the establishment presented Mrs. Whitman with a bunch of roses.

NEW REVENUE BILL MAY BE LAW SOON

Continued from Page 7.

space of time that the same estate passing within a short period of time has been subjected to the estate tax and thereby diminished unreasonably because of the short period within which the two levies have been made.

"Section 404 includes a provision that returns shall be made in all cases where the gross estate exceeds $50,000 instead of $60,000, as provided under existing law.

"A provision has been included in Section 406 which will enable the Commissioner to grant relief in the form of an extension of time for the payment of the tax not to exceed two years from the due date where the requirement for immediate payment of the tax will impose undue hardship upon the estate.

"The rate of interest chargeable on taxes not paid within a year and a half after the decedent's death has been changed from 10 per cent. to 6 per cent. per annum in the belief that this rate is a fair rate as interest, and that penalties should preferably be imposed as penalties and not in the form of penal rates of interest.

The following table compares the estate tax rates imposed by the existing law and the proposed bill:

AMOUNT OF NET ESTATE, (AN EXEMPTION OF $50,000 IS ALLOWED ESTATES OF RESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES IN COMPUTING THE VALUES OF NET ESTATES.)

	Rates on Net Estate Under— Existing Law. Per Cent.	Proposed Bill. Per Cent.
Not exceeding $50,000	2	3
Exceeding—		
$50,000 and not $150,000	4	6
$150,000 and not $250,000	6	9
$250,000 and not $450,000	8	12
$450,000 and not $1,000,000	10	15
$1,000,000 and not $2,000,000	12	18
$2,000,000 and not $3,000,000	14	21
$3,000,000 and not $4,000,000	16	24
$4,000,000 and not $5,000,000	18	27
$5,000,000 and not $8,000,000	20	30
$8,000,000 and not $10,000,000	22	35
Exceeding $10,000,000	25	40

"It is estimated that the estate tax will yield during the fiscal year 1920 $110,000,000, and that when the bill is in full operation the annual yield will be $140,000,000. For the fiscal year 1919 it is estimated that the estate tax yield will be about $80,000,000.

Transportation and Insurance.

On the taxation of freight and kindred subjects the report says in part:

"The proposed bill does not increase the present rate of 3 per cent. upon the amount paid for transportation of freight. It does provide, however, that in the case of freight transported from a point without the United States to a point within the United States, a tax of 3 per cent. shall be paid upon the amount paid for transportation of such freight within the United States.

"The receipts from the freight tax during the period it was in operation during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1918, amounted to $30,000,000. It is estimated that this tax will yield $75,000,000 during the first twelve months' period the bill is in operation.

"The proposed bill does not increase the rate of 1 cent for each 20 cents or fraction thereof of the amount paid for transportation by express. It does, however, as in the case of the freight provision, provide that a tax shall be paid upon express transported from a point within the United States to a point without the United States, and levies a tax of 1 cent for each 20 cents or fraction thereof upon the amount paid for such transportation within the United States.

"During the period that the express tax provision was in operation during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918, the express tax receipts amounted to $6,459,000. It is estimated that this tax will yield $20,000,000 during the first twelve months' period the bill is in operation.

"The proposed bill levies a tax of 8 per cent. upon the amount paid for transportation of persons, the same as under existing law.

"During the period that this tax was in operation during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1918, the tax yielded $24,306,000. It is estimated that during the first twelve-month period this bill is in operation the receipts from this tax will amount to $60,000,000.

"Under existing law the tax upon Pullman accommodations is an amount equivalent to 10 per cent. of the amount paid for seats, berths, and staterooms in parlor cars, sleeping cars, or on vessels. The proposed bill reduces this rate to 8 per cent. This reduction is recommended because the Director General of Railroads contemplates issuing in the very near future a ticket combining the regular fare and Pullman accommodation charge, and therefore in order to most expeditiously conduct the sale of such tickets and to avoid making a separate computation of tax for each railway and Pullman transportation charge, it is deemed advisable that the rate for both such charges be the same.

"The receipts from seats and berths during the period that the tax upon Pullman accommodations was in effect during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1918, amounted to $2,237,000. It is estimated that this tax will yield during the first twelve months' period this bill is in operation $5,000,000.

"In view of the fact that freight charges have been increased 25 per cent. and that there has been no similar increase in the transportation charge on oil by pipe line, your committee deems it fair to make an increase in the tax on the amount paid for the transportation of oil by pipe line of approximately 25 per cent. The present rate is 5 per cent. of the amount paid for such transportation, and the bill provides that the rate be increased to 6½ per cent. of the amount so paid.

"During the period of the fiscal year 1918 that the oil tax provision was in operation the receipts from this source amounted to $1,453,000. It is estimated that the receipts from the increased tax during the first twelve months this bill is in operation will amount to $4,550,000.

"Under existing law a tax of 5 cents is levied upon each telegraph, telephone, or radio dispatch, message, or conversation in which the charge for the transmission is 15 cents or more. The bill provides the following taxes upon the transmission of such messages: A tax of 5 cents for each message on which the charge is more than 14 cents and not more than 50 cents, and a tax of 10 cents upon all such messages when the charge is more than 50 cents.

"The bill provides a new tax upon the amount paid to any telegraph or telephone company for any leased wire or talking circuit special service equivalent to 10 per cent. of the amount so paid. It is provided, however, that this tax shall not apply to the amount paid for so much of such service as is utilized (1) in the collection and dissemination of news through the public press or (2) in the conduct by a common carrier or telegraph or telephone company of its business as such.

"The receipts for the period the tax upon

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Interdependence Day.

This is the term the editor of The London Telegraph has applied to July 4th. The allied celebration of this historical date, with its deep-rooted significance, is described in the September issue of Current History Magazine. 58 articles giving the facts of the last month's military, political, and economic developments are presented in this issue. 250 a copy; $2.50 a year; 45 cents at all stands. Adv.

OPERETTA RETURNS IN 'FIDDLERS THREE'

The Good Old-Fashioned Thing Crops Up in Darkest Wartime.

LOUISE GROODY ARRIVES

Book and Music in the Ripe Tradition of Years and Years Ago.

FIDDLERS THREE, an operetta in two acts and three scenes. Book and lyrics by William Cary Duncan; music by Alexander Johnstone. At the Cort.

Gilda Varelli	Louise Groody
Carlo Andreani	Henry Leoni
Reginald Denby, Lord Duffer	Echlin Gayer
Sam Wrigglesberry	Hal Skelley
Rosa	Betty Dodsworth
Nicolo Colona	Thomas Conkey
Giuseppe	Joseph Miller
Suzanne Foppitt	Josie Intropidi
Bernice Brockway	Hazel Kirke
Anina Andreani	Tavie Belge
Beppa	Antonio Salerno
Paganini	Gilbert Clayton
Kubelik	Antonio Salerno
Giorgio	Tenpe Evans

The good public which last saw "Flo Flo" at the Cort will rub its eyes when it envisages "Fiddlers Three." Rip Van Winkle could scarcely be more mystified at the difference in the morning. After decades of musical comedy which has made it a business, as the historic Devery might have said, to touch on and appertain to what it shouldn't, here we have again the real old thing, with a grand manner of propriety which is absolutely Victorian. The book is soundly based on tradition, with no false step—and not too many gay ones; while the score is so scholarly and eclectic that you positively can't tell it from music unless you happen to know about such things.

The scene is in Cremona, and the story is of three makers of violins who compete with their handiwork in an annual contest. The atmosphere of artistic endeavor is enlivened by an English fortune-hunting lordling, who pursues a supposed pickle heiress from Pittsburgh, and by an American salesman of egg beaters. With such material, of course, it is quite impossible to go wrong. The prima donna is Tavie Belge, whose excellent voice is familiar to patrons of the Strand. Henry Leoni is the heavy father and Thomas Conkey the romantic lover—sound artists both. There is an operetta chorus of Italian village maidens, reasonably personable and skirted to the ankle.

It remained, however, for a virtual newcomer to score the hit of the evening. Louise Groody is her obviously veracious name. Her voice is no better than it should be, but she has a trick of personality which stands out, in that academic cast and play, like a rocket among the stars. And how she does dance! Assisted by Hal Skelley, the purported salesman of egg beaters, she smiled and moued and rollicked her way into the very hearts of last night's audience, which for once burst into spontaneous applause.

It was rumored in the lobby that "Fiddlers Three" is the precursor of a coming series of operettas, the aim of which is to bring into this dark wartime a ray from the serener past. Be that as it may, it may safely be asserted that Miss Groody has arrived to stay. And if her advent falls in with a coming back of operetta—why not? Very much worse might happen—has happened. As Maestro Kelcey Allen put the case, with the draft age mounting and all that is really young sailing from Hoboken, it is up to us others who linger to renew our own youth as best we may.

SOVIET GOVERNMENT TRIES REIGN OF TERROR

Decrees Summary Execution for All Persons in Moscow Found with a Weapon.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—The attempted assassination of Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevist Premier, has been followed by drastic measures on the part of the authorities in Moscow, according to the Helsingfors correspondent of the Hamburg Fremdenblatt, who reports that, in addition to the removal of thousands of persons from Moscow to Petrograd, the following proclamation has been issued by M. Peters, Chief of the Extraordinary Commission in the Russian capital:

"The criminal adventures of our enemies force us to reply with measures of terror. Every person found with a weapon in his hand will be immediately executed. Every person who agitates against the Soviet Government will be arrested and taken into a concentration camp and all his private property seized."

The Russian newspaper Pravda says that numerous officers and members of the Social Revolutionary Party have been arrested at Moscow in connection with the attempt to assassinate Lenine.

In connection with the assassination at Petrograd on Aug. 31 of Moses Uritzky, the People's Commissary for Home Affairs, the Pravda says that numerous houses were searched. They included the building of the British Embassy, where an exchange of shots took place. Two persons were killed, one of them being a Britisher whose identity has not yet been established.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 3.—All persons in Petrograd and Moscow who are not actually residents are ordered by a decree issued by the Government to leave within twenty-four hours, says a Moscow dispatch received here from Berlin.

The condition of Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevist Premier, has so improved that physicians consider all danger passed, according to a Moscow dispatch received through Berlin.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 3.—Dora Kaplan, the Russian revolutionary who attacked Premier Lenine, has refused to disclose the names of her accomplices or to give any information regarding the attack, says a dispatch from Moscow to the Berlin Lokal-Anzeiger. She said that she recently arrived in Moscow from the Crimea.

Witnesses stated that a student about 15 years old stopped the Premier and handed him a paper and at the same time two women approached him. Dora Kaplan, after the shooting, fled into the street, where she was arrested and taken to the Ministry of War. Poisoned cigarettes were found on her.

HYLAN REPORTS ON AUTOS.

Mayor Promises None Will Be Used for Pleasure Next Sunday.

Mayor Hylan sent a telegram last night to President Wilson reporting on New York City's observance of the Government's request that pleasure automobile riding be discarded on Sundays. In his telegram he said:

"The Police Department reports that out of 193,000 cars usually in use in New York on Sundays not more than several hundred were observed in use last Sunday. Owners of many of these had their cars out through misunderstanding.

"I am sure that following a proclamation which I shall issue within a day or so there will not be a pleasure vehicle on the streets of New York next Sunday. You would have thrilled with pleasure had you been here to see how patriotically New Yorkers observed the Government's request as if it had been a command."

Army Flying Instructor Killed.

FORT WORTH, Texas, Sept. 3.—Lieutenant Sidney Greene of Calhoun, Ga., was killed today at Barron Field, when an airplane in which he was instructing a cadet went into a tail spin and crashed to the ground. The cadet was not seriously injured, as the plane did [illegible] from a [illegible] height.

WE NOW RECOGNIZE CZECHS AS NATION

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

ject of which will be to obtain all the aid that is so vitally necessary to the Czechoslovak forces fighting in Russia and Siberia. These forces need clothing, munitions, and arms, and must be safeguarded against enemy movements of any character intended to cut off the Czechoslovaks in Central Siberia from lines of communication toward Vladivostok.

Whenever he is in Washington Professor Masaryk will act as the diplomatic representative of the Council. When absent from the city he will be represented by Charles Pergler, his secretary, who is a delegate to the Council and will act as a substitute. Mr. Pergler is a native of Bohemia, but has lived a long while in America.

Mr. Lansing's Announcement.

The official text of Secretary Lansing's announcement of recognition follows:

The Czechoslovak peoples having taken up arms against the German and Austro-Hungarian Empires, and having placed organized armies in the field, which are waging war against those empires under officers of their own nationality and in accordance with the rules and practices of civilized nations; and,

The Czechoslovaks having, in prosecution of their independent purposes in the present war, confided supreme political authority to the Czechoslovak National Council,

The Government of the United States recognizes that a state of belligerency exists between the Czechoslovaks thus organized and the German and Austro-Hungarian Empires.

It also recognizes the Czechoslovak National Council as a de facto belligerent Government, clothed with proper authority to direct the military and political affairs of the Czechoslovaks.

The Government of the United States further declares that it is prepared to enter formally into relations with the de facto Government thus recognized for the purpose of prosecuting the war against the common enemy, the Empires of Germany and Austria-Hungary.

Secretary Lansing received Professor Masaryk at noon today and formally conveyed to him the fact that the American Government had taken this important action. Professor Masaryk subsequently issued this statement:

"Mr. Lansing handed me the declaration today at 12 o'clock; I read it and thanked him very heartily as indeed I value the American recognition of our army, the National Council, and nation very highly. Mr. Lansing's explanation confirmed what I have read myself in the wording of his declaration.

"The American recognition differs from the French and British in that these recognize the right to our independence directly, whereas Mr. Lansing's wording recognizes in the first place our army and the National Council. But speaking of the Czechoslovaks the declaration denotes our whole nation. The British text recognizes our national council as the present trustee of the future Government; the United States recognizes our council directly as the de facto Government.

"The United States lays stress on the belligerency and they emphasize the organization of our nation shown first in mobilizing armies and second in confiding all political affairs to the leading authority of the National Council. In accordance with the humanitarian principles of the American Constitution the military practice of our armies, (this applies especially to our army in Russia,) is acknowledged.

"I once more would express my satisfaction and thanks to the United States Government and the President for their recognition of our national cause. I, of course, know that we also owe a good deal to the American public opinion and its representatives."

Careers of the Czech Leaders.

Professor Masaryk was a teacher in the University of Prague, as well as Deputy to the Vienna Parliament for a great many years. He left Bohemia a few months after the outbreak of the war with full authority from representatives of the Czech political parties to speak in foreign lands in the name of his people. He is 69 years old, and even before the war he was looked upon by every member of the Czechoslovak race as the "grand old man" of Bohemia. Both his official position and the reverence in which he is held by his people make his authority supreme and unquestioned.

General Stefanik was, before the war, a noted astronomer in Paris. Upon the outbreak of the war he entered the French Army as a private and soon became an officer and a daring aviator. He has been wounded several times and promoted for gallantry. He holds at present the rank of Brigadier General in the French Army. He represents the Slovak branch of the Czechoslovak nation on the National Council.

Dr. Edouard Benes was an instructor at the University of Prague, fled from Bohemia at the first opportunity, and was placed in charge of the Paris office. He is a diplomat and an author of ability.

The Commander in Chief of the three Czechoslovak armies in Russia, France, and Italy is Professor Masaryk. The General in command of the forces in Russia is General Diderichs. The Commander of the forces on the French front is Major Gen. M. Janin. The Czechoslovaks in Italy are commanded by General Graziani.

There are 410,000 Czechoslovaks in the United States, a large proportion of them naturalized and most of those of military age have already been incorporated into the United States military forces.

The recognition of the Czechoslovaks is held here to mean that America is irrevocably committed to the principle of dissolution of the Austro-Hungarian Empire as a feature of the scheme of reconstruction of Europe along the lines of nationality.

BOLSHEVIKI INTERN ENTENTE SUBJECTS

Say Samara Government, Formed by Constituent Assembly Members, Is Having Trouble.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—The Daily Chronicle's correspondent at Stockholm, under date of Sept. 1, wires that the Bolshevist official journal, Pravda, announced on Aug. 28 that, in accordance with an order of the Commission Extraordinary for Combating the Counter-revolution, all subjects of the Entente States between the ages of 16 and 45 were being interned, and would not be released until they had explained their reported anti-Soviet action.

There is a report from the Murman coast of an attempt upon an English General. A bomb was thrown into his room.

The Pravda also gives extracts from newspapers in the Archangel region, from which it may be seen that the Governmental power there is composed of members of the Constituent Assembly from the northern provinces, under the name of the Supreme Administration of the Region of the North. The Government is supported by Social Revolutionaries and Menshevist Social Democrats. With British aid, a volunteer army is being organized. Private soldiers receive subsistence and 100 rubles (about £10) a month in wages, and noncommissioned officers 125 to 175 rubles.

The Bolsheviki having taken away before their retreat all money in the State bank, the Government is finding pecuniary difficulties. Money is being raised by subscription, as well as by a certain number of Russian notes printed in England. The Bolsheviki are trying by their propaganda to provoke disorders. They seem to have succeeded in bringing about a railway strike, now on the eve of a settlement. The Social Democratic journal, Loutch, published at Archangel, is urging the working classes to reunite with other democratic forces in the common object of liberation of their country.

Recent issues of Pravda give extracts from newspapers of Samara, from which it would appear that the power is in the hands of a Central Committee, elected by members of the Constituent Assembly. The committee has concluded treaties with the Ural and Orenberg Governments upon a basis of a federative union or all-Russia coalition of political parties on a democratic platform, a reprisal war against Germany, and an alliance with the Entente. The committee has not succeeded in concluding a similar treaty with the Siberian Government, which has separatist tendencies; but recently a conflict has broken out between it and the Siberian District Duma, representing the democratic parties of the Government. All the democratic members of the Government have resigned, and the issue of the conflict is still unknown.

It is announced that the conference of Consuls of the Entente Powers, which took place at Cheiyabinsk, pronounced itself in favor of the District Duma. This dispute appears, therefore, to be analogous to that with General Horvath at Vladivostok.

Other difficulties seem to be springing up to cause a financial crisis, the great capitalists having refused to lend money to the Samara Government without guarantees by the Entente. Representatives of commerce and industry, assembled at Samara, have decided to draw up a declaration to the Allies, asking for the desired guarantees.

Life at Samara is reviving every day. Politicians are arriving from all parts of Russia, as well as subjects of the allied countries, and a national army is being energetically organized. In the near future a gathering will be convoked of all members of the Constituent Assembly for the Volga, Ural, and Siberian regions, with the object of co-ordinating the nation.

GERMANY PREPARING TO INVADE RUSSIA?

London Hears of an Ultimatum to Bolsheviki Demanding Passage for Troops—Not Verified Here.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—It is reported here on what seems to be good authority that the Germans have decided to take military action in Russia against the Allies and have delivered an ultimatum to the Bolshevist Government demanding free passage for their troops. Official confirmation of this is awaited.

At present the Germans do not seem to be in a strong military position in Russia. Their economic measures in occupied districts have undoubtedly turned the feeling of the masses against them in the last month, and a strong reaction in allied favor among all classes is noted in the scant news that comes from there. Meantime all those who know Russia argue strongly against the Allies supporting any single party or initiating any political program in Russia beyond the restoration of order and giving economic help to the starving population.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Nothing to confirm the rumor that Germany had served an ultimatum on the Bolsheviki demanding a free passage for German troops through Russia to attack the Czechoslovaks and Allies had reached Washington tonight. Secretary Lansing said the State Department had no confirmation of the report. Professor Masaryk, President of the Czechoslovak National Council, and the Russian Embassy were also without confirmation. It was intimated, however, in several quarters that it would be no great surprise should such action be taken by Germany.

BOOTH
45th St., West of Bway. Evgs. 8:20.
FIRST MATINEE TODAY 2:20.
OLIVER MOROSCO'S NEW COMEDY
WATCH YOUR NEIGHBOR
IS BY ALL ODDS THE BIGGEST HIT OF THE YEAR.
The Critics Unanimous in Their Praise:
TIMES SAYS: "Exciting, thrilling and fascinating * * * never a dull moment. Moves swiftly and begins where all other spy plays leave off. You are certain to wax enthusiastic over it."
TRIBUNE SAYS: "There is no denying the fun of 'Watch Your Neighbor' and its thrills."
MORNING WORLD SAYS: "Full of love and romance. A complete popular delight. Plenty of food for laughter."
HERALD SAYS: "A real novelty * * * a ripping melodrama."
MORNING SUN SAYS: "Leon Gordon made a hit as the Captain and that, of course, means that the play did. Comparable with 'Grumpy' * * * melodrama, comedy and farce mixed with Thespian skill."
EVENING SUN SAYS: "'Watch Your Neighbor' deserves a place on the rolling list of all."
HAVE YOU SEEN EDITH?

Study this picture so you will know how genuine Pepto-Mangan looks.
Gude's Pepto-Mangan
"The Red Blood Builder"
helps to make your blood a rich, pure, red stream of nourishment which carries new vigor and energy to all parts of your body.
Pepto-Mangan is made only by
M. J. BREITENBACH CO., New York
Manufacturing Chemists
Sold by druggists everywhere

How You Can Burn Less Coal This Winter

We will show you how to burn less coal—how to be warmer with less trouble—for less money

WE are so sure of this fact, from our many years of experience, that we are making a special offer if you act at once and avoid the last minute Fall rush. You trade in your automobile, piano, sewing machine or typewriter. Why not trade in your old heating boiler for a new one? You can get a cash allowance on your old boiler by having installed for you a

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The Famous "down draft" Boiler which burns less coal and requires less attention

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It costs you nothing to find out how much you can get for your old boiler and to get our expert's advice on how much you ought to spend for heating your house. You are under no obligation — we simply want to get the information into your hands, knowing that if we can show you how it will pay you, you will wish to take advantage of this special chance at once.

You have read in the papers that we are going to be short of coal. Prepare now for this emergency.

Cut out the coupon today and send it to us, no matter how small or how large your heating plant may be, and valuable information about your own heating and how much we will allow you on your old boiler, will come to you at once.

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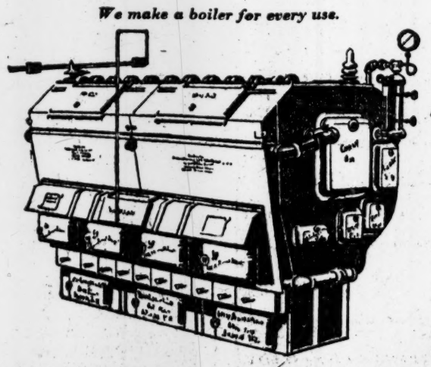

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My house has.....rooms. Last Winter I burned.....tons.
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Address.....

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NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE
POP. MATS. TODAY & SAT. 50c TO $2.
Regretfully LAST 2 WEEKS
Ziegfeld Follies
ALL SEATS AT BOX OFFICE.
ROOF ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC
PHONE 240 BRYANT.

GLOBE B'WAY, 46th St. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
First Mat. Today 2:20.
The New York World says
Booth Tarkington's
PENROD
Dramatized by E. E. Rose.
is a tonic which should not be missed—a fragrant breath of youth wafted into Broadway. * * * There were moments in the final golden act which in humor and human interest were worth half the plays now in New York rolled into one."

CORT WEST 48TH ST. Evgs. at 8:20.
FIRST POP. MAT. TODAY 2:20.
JOHN CORT presents the Musical Operetta
"FIDDLERS THREE"

BELASCO West 44 St. TOMORROW At 8:20 Sharp.
DAVID BELASCO announces
"DADDIES"
SEATS NOW. FIRST MATINEE SATURDAY 2:30.

LIGHTNIN
GAIETY B'way, 46 St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Sat. 2:20.

TODAY POP. WED. MATINEE $1.50
BEST SEATS
Season's Gayest Music Play
MITZI IN "HEAD OVER HEELS"
GEO. COHAN THEA., B'way & 42d St. Tel. Bryant 392. Evs. 8:20.

COHAN & HARRIS THEA., W. 42d St. Evenings at 8:20.
POP. 50c to $1.50 MAT. TODAY
3 FACES EAST
THE MOST FASCINATING MYSTERY PLAY EVER WRITTEN.
Hundreds turned away at every performance.

HUDSON West 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats TODAY & Sat. 2:20.
LOUIS MANN & SAM BERNARD
In FRIENDLY ENEMIES

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats TODAY (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
POP. 50c TO $1.50 MAT. TODAY.
GOING UP
The Talk of the Town
The Aviation Musical Comedy Sensation.

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way at 38th Street.
Opening Postponed Until MONDAY NIGHT, SEPT. 9.
"SOMEONE IN THE HOUSE"
Tonight's Tickets Good Monday Night.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. NEXT MONDAY Seats Tomorrow.
CHARLES DILLINGHAM will present
THOMAS A. WISE
in a comedy "MR. BARNUM" of circus life
By Harrison Rhodes & Thos. A. Wise.

FULTON 46th St., W. of B'way. FRIDAY at 8:20 Sharp.
Oliver D. Bailey & Nathan D. Smith announce
"OVER HERE"
SEATS NOW. First Matinee Saturday 2:20.

STANDARD B'way, 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Tomorrow 25-50c.
LOU TELLEGEN in "BLIND YOUTH."

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th St. near 8th Ave. Evgs. 8:30.
POP. MAT. TODAY at 2:30 Best Orch. Seats $1.00
DAVID BELASCO Presents
TIGER ROSE
Original Lyceum Theatre Cast and Production. Always 500 Orchestra Seats at $1.00.

LEXINGTON Thea., 51st & Lex. Ave. Evgs. 8:10, & Sat. Mat. 25c to $2.
Matinee Today 2:10. Best Seats $1.00.
LAST 6 TIMES IN NEW YORK.
YIP, YIP, YAPHANK
A MUSICAL "MESS" COOKED UP BY THE BOYS OF CAMP UPTON.
Words and Music by Sergt. Irving Berlin.

"Everything" AT THE HIPPODROME
MAT. TODAY Best Seats $1.00 Evenings at 8:15.

Plaza Madison Ave., at 50th St.
Charlie Chaplin, a New One, "Triple Trouble." Lucille Lee Stewart, "The Eleventh Commandment." Allies' Official War Review.

CHOICE SEATS FOR
YIP, YIP, YAPHANK at
JACOBS' NORMANDIE TICKET OFFICE, B'WAY & 38 ST. PHONE 4189 GREELEY.

Loew's American Roof 42d St., W. of B'way Evgs. Eve. at 8:15.
JOS. K. WATSON, "MISS HAMLET," BARNES & ROBINSON & SIX OTHER ACTS. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

STEEPLECHASE
CONEY'S FUNNY PLACE
Ocean & Pool Bathing, Dancing, Roller Skating & 35 other attractions.

New Mat. To-day BRIGHTON Brighton Beach. (Chilson-Ohrman, Al. & Fannie Stedman, Martelle, Bronson & Baldwin, "Crosby's Corners" & ors.

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK
Opposite W. 129th St. Ferry. Best of all Sea Water Surf Bathing Now Open.

MOTION PICTURES.

44TH ST. THEATRE. D. W. Griffith's SUPREME TRIUMPH
HEARTS OF THE WORLD
TWICE DAILY
Mats. at 2:10 Nights at 8:10 Nights & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1.50 Other Mats. (inc. Sun.) 25c to $1.

RIVOLI B'way and 49th St. Lower $1
LILA LEE ('Cuddles') 'The Cruise of the Make Believes.' Soloists. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA
RIALTO Times Square
BILLIE BURKE in "In Pursuit of Polly." Comedy. Review. Soloists. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

BROADWAY THEATRE 'For Husbands Only.'
B'way at 41st St.
Cont. Noon to 11:30 P.M. P.S.—Bring Your Wife!

STRAND GERALDINE FARRAR In "The Turn of the Wheel." Soloists.
B'way at 47th St. STRAND ORCHESTRA.

81 st St. Theatre, on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980
Douglas FAIRBANKS in "Bound in Morocco."
Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF. 10, 20, 30
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
JEWEL CARMEN in "Lawless Love."

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, INC.

WINTER GARDEN Evgs. at 8. Matinee TOMORROW at 2.
PASSING SHOW OF 1918

CENTURY Theatre, 62nd St., nr. B'way. Phone Cols. 8800. Evs. 8:10.
MAT. TODAY 50c to $1.50.
AL JOLSON in "SINBAD"
With the Original Winter Garden Cast. Always Good Seats 50c, 75c, $1.00 & $1.50.

ROOF CENTURY THEATRE AT 11:30
CENTURY GROVE MIDNIGHT REVUE
BEAUTIFUL GIRLS 'N' EVERYTHING
A BIG HIT.... MOLLIE KING

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.
LAST 6 TIMES ALLEGIANCE
Next Mon. "Maytime" Moves here from the Lyric.

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:15.
FOR 3 WEEKS—2D TIME IN NEW YORK
SAN CARLO GRAND OPERA CO.
Repertoire This Week: Today Mat., Tales of Hoffmann; Tonight, Cavalleria & Pagliacci; Thurs., Carmen; Fri., Faust; Sat. Mat., Romeo & Juliet; Eve., Il Trovatore, 50c to $2. Wed. Mat., 50c. to $1.50.

CENTRAL THEATRE
Broadway and 47th Street.
OPENING MONDAY, SEPT. 9th.
FOREVER AFTER
A New American Play by Owen Davis in which ALICE BRADY Returns to the Speaking Stage.
MAIL ORDERS ACCEPTED NOW.

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU
In "WHERE POPPIES BLOOM."

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30.
UNDER ORDERS
With Shelley Hull & Effie Shannon.

BROADHURST 44th St., W. of Broadway. Bryant 64. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2:20.
THE MUSICAL PLAY DE LUXE!
HE DIDN'T WANT TO DO IT "A BEAUTY SHOW."—Tribune.

A Very Good Young Man
With WALLACE EDDINGER, ADA LEWIS & Other
Plymouth Thea., W. 45th. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:20. Seats Selling 8 Weeks in Advance.

ASTOR THEA. 45th & B'way. Evgs. 8:20. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:30.
MR. & MRS. SIDNEY DREW
Personally in "KEEP HER SMILING"
a spoken comedy.

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Sat. at 2.
LAST WEEK AT THIS HOUSE.
MOROSCO & ELLIOTT'S THEATRE NEXT MONDAY.
MAYTIME NOW IN ITS SECOND YEAR.
With JOHN CHARLES THOMAS
John T. Murray—Eileen Van Biene.

The Lustre of THE BLUE PEARL
AT THE LONGACRE WILL DAZZLE YOU. WEST 48TH ST. EVES. AT 8:30. MATS. TODAY & SAT., 2:30.
GEORGE NASH and Great Cast.
Popular Price $1.50 Matinee Today.

BIJOU 45th, West of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:30.
DOUBLE EXPOSURE

Beg. MON., SEPT. 9th. Seats Tomorrow.
OLIVER MOROSCO will Present
Jack Lait's New Metropolitan Comedy
"ONE OF US"

48TH ST. THEATRE Near B'way. Evgs. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2:30.
THE WOMAN ON THE INDEX
"PUT IT ON YOUR LIST, FOR IT IS EXCELLENT INTEREST-COMPELLING MELODRAMA."—Charles Darnton, Eve. World.

HARRIS WEST 42d St. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
WHY WORRY?
With Fannie Brice and Avon Comedy 4.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Evgs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. at 2:30.
THE LAUGH HIT
SHE WALKED IN HER SLEEP

SHUBERT-RIVIERA B'way & 97th. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15.
EYES OF YOUTH with ALMA TELL.
High't Price Or. Seats, $1. Tues. & Thurs. Mats. 50c.

FOLLY CAPRICE
PABST HARLEM, W. 125TH ST.
Restaurant. Tel. Morningside 1295.
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The Greatest Revue Ever Presented.
From 8 to 11, MONTMARTRE REVUE.
From 11 to 1, Cabaret & Dancing on the Balustrade. Cover Charge $1. No Cover Charge After 11:30 P. M.

PALACE B. F. KEITH'S B'WAY & 47 ST. Daily Mats. 25c-$1. GEORGE 'AN AMERICAN WHITE' | ACE Taylor & Granville & Laura Pierpont, Stella Mayhew, others & Dooley & Rugel.

RIVERSIDE B. F. KEITH'S B'WAY & 96 ST. BLANCHE RING, BLOSSOM SEELEY, LEO BEERS, JOE JACKSON, others.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily 12:15 & 8:15. Popular Prices.
The New STAR & GARTER SHOW.

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16 East 43d Street,
Next to Hotel Manhattan,
SERVES REAL FOOD AT A FIXED PRICE
WEDNESDAY DINNER:
FRIED CHICKEN and SWEET POTATOES.

THE PIROUETTE 22 East 45th Street. Lunch 35-40c; Dinner 55c
MARY LOUISE 175 Madison Avenue. Lunch 55c; Chicken Lunch 50c
THE ADELAIDE 7 West 56th Street. Will reopen Sept. 9th.

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At THE GREEN TEA POT
13 East 30th Street.
LUNCHEON 60c. AFTERNOON TEA.

THE MARGUERITE 49 West 39th Street. Club Breakfast.
Open Sundays from 1 to 7 P. M.
Luncheon, 50c; Afternoon Tea; Dinner, 75c.
Chicken Dinner Sunday, Wednesday and Friday.

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Established 1912. Closed Sundays.
Breakfast, 40-50c; Lunch, 60-75c; Dinner, $1-1.25.
Under Same Management as the ROSE GARDEN.

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The Oldest Tea Room in New York.
"Club" or a la carte. Smoking in garden.

Luncheon, dinner and always a hearty welcome at
SCOTCH TEA ROOM, Inc. 21 E. 47th St. SPECIAL
Home-made Scotch Shortbread and Scones.

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EAT OUT OF DOORS
Lunch 40-50c; Dinner 75c; Sunday Dinner 1 P. M.

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Homelike Tea Room for LADIES and GENTLEMEN

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ONLY PLACE OF ITS KIND IN AMERICA.

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OPENS SEPTEMBER 3.

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Open every day.
Breakfast; Luncheon, 45c; Dinner, 75c.
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Luncheon, Afternoon Tea, Dinner. Russian Cooking.

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Lunch, 50c. Dinner, 65c. Sunday Dinner 5:30-8, 75c.

THE GROTTO 165 MADISON AVENUE. Open Sundays for Dinner.
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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 4, 1918.

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TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays,) 1 year, $2; Canada, $3; other countries, $3.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3, (foreign, $4.) Per Copy, 25c.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.
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RECOGNITION OF THE CZECHO-SLOVAKS.

The United States takes its place beside Great Britain, France, and Italy in recognizing the Czechoslovak people as co-belligerents. It is a policy of wisdom, it is right; we might add that it is a generous policy did we not feel that it is first of all an act of justice. The Czechoslovaks stand with us against the common enemy of mankind. They have shown their bravery in Siberia, in Italy, and in France. In recognizing them as co-belligerents, the allied nations make official acknowledgment of an accomplished fact and discharge a just obligation.

The Government of the United States, as Secretary LANSING states its purpose, "recognizes that a state "of belligerency exists between the "Czechoslovaks" and the German and Austro-Hungarian Empires. Our Government also recognizes "the "Czechoslovak National Council as a "de facto belligerent Government "clothed with proper authority to "direct the military and political af-"fairs of the Czechoslovaks." The fact of recognition by four Allied Powers and its implications will be of the greatest encouragement to the Czechoslovaks in their aspiration to free themselves from the Hapsburg and the Magyar and to establish an independent State. It follows of necessity that at the peace conference their separation from Austria-Hungary will be insisted upon and their recognition as a nation will be a natural consequence.

The Allies have reached the end of their period of delusion about Austria. We hear very little now about a separate peace with that Power, for it is recognized that she is an instrument in the hands of Germany. Nor is there any considerable acceptance of the theory that it would be to the advantage of civilization to preserve Austria as a national unity of federated autonomous States as a counterpoise to the power of Germany. The races hitherto held in subjection to that Empire cannot be federated under its rule. Their interests are distinct, their yearnings for nationality and independence cannot be satisfied by any such artificial political arrangement. It smacks too much of the doings of the Congress of Vienna, separated from this present time by a century of which the chief political distinction was the growth and recognition of the nationalist feeling. The Czechoslovaks have earned their freedom and the Jugoslavs must be set free with them.

When the time is ripe, a logical extension of the policy of recognition of the Czechoslovak would demand equally the recognition of Poland. The Polish people are at present under the Prussian heel, but they must be delivered, as Russia must be delivered. A very brief survey of the map of Europe will bring home to the mind the wisdom of establishing between Germany and the new Russia a barrier of independent States. The Czechoslovaks with their 9,000,000 people, the Poles with some 20,000,000 in the territory they aspire to call Free Poland, the Lithuanians and Finns, would serve an important end in sheltering Russia from German designs of domination. It will be many years before the Russian Government can be so firmly established that it will reconstitute the power of that once great Empire and be able to maintain itself against the unceasing efforts of Germany, by intrigue, by "economic penetration," and by all the detestable arts of which Potsdam is the master, to control the destiny of the Russian people. The recognition of the Czechoslovaks is a step in the creation of a permanent barrier against German exploitation in the east.

PAY FOR LOST NEUTRAL SHIPS.

Since the reception in Berlin of the note in which Spain announced her intention to seize interned German vessels in place of any Spanish ships torpedoed thereafter, two sinkings have called for such compensation. Both of the ships destroyed, the Carasas and the Ataz Mendi, were engaged in peaceful service. One was bringing coal to Spain from England. The U-boats have sunk eighty-three Spanish ships, or 20 per cent. of the nation's merchant tonnage, many of them, as was said in the note to Berlin, "without the slightest pretext."

After the warning from Madrid, Germany replied to a recent protest from Norway by offering to pay for Norwegian vessels destroyed if it should be proved that they were torpedoed without warning. This is not enough to satisfy the Norwegian press, which says the Government must not only insist upon replacement of ships lost but also demand compensation payments to the families of the seamen who have been killed. Having made this offer to Norway, Germany cannot reasonably refuse to deal with other neutrals in the same way. It can easily be proved that hundreds of neutral vessels were torpedoed "without warning," and the number would be increased if the men lost on ships "sunk without trace" could be brought to life. Compensation for all the vessels destroyed and for the murdered seamen would severely tax the Berlin treasury. According to the latest reports, neutral sinkings have been as follows: Norway, 856; Denmark, 172; Sweden, 124; Holland, 159; Spain, 83. And the number of sailors killed exceeds 2,000.

The offer to Norway and the seizures in Spanish ports clear the way for concerted action by these neutral countries. They should now agree to seize all German ships interned in their harbors, and to insist upon full pay for all not thus replaced, with compensation for the lives wantonly and brutally taken.

THE SHADOW OF DISASTER.

Marshal HAIG's great victory on Monday is not to be measured by the number of prisoners taken, which is estimated at more than 10,000, and by this time may be double that total; it must be estimated by the significance of the breaking down, the shattering, practically the elimination of the fifteen-mile-long Drocourt-Quéant defensive line of HINDENBURG guarding the railway and strategic centres of Douai and Cambrai. On the southern part of that line the British delivered a smashing blow which carried them to Cagnicourt and to Buissy, the latter three miles east of the line, while Pronville, a mile and a half southeast of Quéant, was taken.

In his dispatch Marshal HAIG says that "the enemy was heavily defeated "in his prepared defenses of the Dro-"court-Quéant system, with the result "that he is retiring along practically "the whole battlefront." Marshal HAIG adds that "these [the enemy's] "lines provided the most formidable "obstacle, as they had been furnished "with every device of modern en-"gineering." The Germans had been at work on them for eighteen months. They were defended stubbornly, as their loss would mean a disaster to the defensive plan of the General Staff; how desperately, indeed, may be judged from the fact that "on a front "of 8,000 yards, [almost five miles,] "no less than eleven German divi-"sions were identified." No official sophistry can distort the character of the defeat suffered by the German Army. It took the spirit out of the men in the works. They must have surrendered faster than they could be taken back. There was no resisting the furious onslaught of the British infantry, led by squadrons of tanks that found their way everywhere.

On both sides of the Bapaume-Cambrai road (Arras and Bapaume are the base of a triangle, the apex of which is Cambrai,) the British are making swift advances—Bertincourt, five miles from Bapaume, and Doigniés, to the northeast of Bertincourt, have been taken, so that HAIG'S forces are converging on Cambrai. Marquion, which they are nearing, is only five miles from that very important railway centre.

What we are now seeing is the battering down of the German defenses all the way from Ypres to Péronne in what may be described, strange as the term sounds, considering the elaborate German works, as open warfare. The British are pressing their advantage in Flanders, where La Bassée is about to fall, as well as in Artois. The wearing-down process goes less rapidly in the north, but surely. Douai, a great railway and canal centre, almost midway between Cambrai and Lille, is menaced by the crumbling of the Drocourt-Quéant line. To speak of forcing the Germans to retire from the great industrial city of Lille would seem like rashly discounting the future and assuming the breaking down of German resistance. But there is no doubt that it has been broken down on the key defensive line, Drocourt to Quéant; and if the Allies can take Douai and Cambrai and extend their lines east of those towns—there are two good fighting months left—the Germans will have to consider seriously the giving up of Lille.

The condition of the German Army now verges on demoralization. At no time in the war has it suffered such heavy losses in men and guns. The tally of prisoners taken by the Allies in little more than six weeks must be near 150,000 with HAIG'S latest success. The Germans are gravely crippled by waning power of artillery. Their casualties have recently been enormous. It is evident that they cannot bring up enough reserves to stop the Allies. The Germans are in the shadow of a great disaster on the western front.

TRYING TO FRIGHTEN US.

Germany incorrigibly believes, after four years of war, that she can terrorize her enemies. She believes it in the face of her failures in that direction, her failures by air raids, by submarine crimes, by atrocities of every description. She includes us in that belief. Witness the story told by Captain MANUEL QUADROS of the American fishing schooner Rush, sunk by a U-boat off the Nova Scotia coast. Captain QUADROS had a long conversation with the commander of the submarine, and the most interesting thing he reports of what the German said is this:

He said that when his vessel left Germany it was under instructions to sink only three-masters, but that because of the attitude of the American press orders had come to the U-boat by wireless to sink everything in sight.

In other words, the expert psychologists who conduct Germany's affairs believed that the mere bringing of the war to American coasts, the mere sinking of a few three-masters, would spread panic here. They watched eagerly for the American newspapers to find the signs of this panic. Not finding it, it never occurred to them that America could not be terrorized. The fault must be, they argued, that the dose was not strong enough. So now they have ordered unrestricted warfare, and no doubt they are again eagerly reading the extracts they get from the American press to get the first whiff of that panic.

This would not be so extraordinary if it had not happened so often, with the same result. They tried, for instance, to terrorize England by air raids. It resulted only in enraging England and stimulating recruiting. Again it did not occur to Germany that England could not be frightened; the thing to do was merely to increase the dose, which they did, with the same result. To this day they must believe that the only reason France is not on her knees begging for mercy is that they have not committed atrocities enough. The only possible conclusion is that they judge others by themselves; they could not possibly hold this delusion so long if that were not the case. It is precisely for that reason that the German Generals and press exhibit so much alarm when they see the first faint signs of despondency or irresolution among their soldiers and people, and issue such furious exhortations to them to be "men" and to be "stout-hearted."

POLITICAL MYTHOGENESIS.

Pondering the candidacy of Mr. HENRY FORD for Senator, The Chicago Tribune repeats his declaration that he is in the contest "solely because "he was requested to run by Mr. "WILSON." While a statement to this effect has been made by Mr. FORD, our Chicago contemporary ought to remember the intensity of his business duties, his long remoteness from and innocence of politics, and his philosophical indifference to history.

It is matter of very recent history that Mr. WILSON, writing to Senator CHILTON of West Virginia, "abhorred even so much as the appearance of an effort to pick and "prefer a candidate."

Mr. FORD, in his political emanation, is so largely the creature of myth that it is not unjustifiable to suspect that his belief in his being picked and preferred by one who abhors even the appearance of picking and preferring may well be of mythical origin.

If verbal or documentary "evidence" to the contrary be submitted, it must be thrown out of court. Mythogenesis arises from a condition of the mind. It is not subject to the rules of evidence or controlled by facts.

NEXT YEAR'S FOOD PRICES.

President WILSON'S continuance of last year's wheat price into the next crop year goes far to establish other food prices. All breadstuff prices are relative to wheat, and bread is a more necessary food than meat. No doubt wheat producers will be disappointed. Already the President has been compelled to veto a proposal to enact higher prices than the Food Administration approved, but public sentiment will not favor the producers' claim for larger profits at the expense of consumers. The price fixed by the President is even more generous for the next year than for this year, for the end of the war is at least nearer by the elapsed time between the crops, and the steady gain in the construction of ocean tonnage promises to give speedy access in either war or peace to immense supplies in Australia and elsewhere which now hang over the market. The President's estimate of a possible loss to the country of a half billion dollars by giving the farmers a "sure thing" on the next crop is perhaps fairer to the farmers than to the consumer.

What the President has done for the consumer is set forth in THE ANNALIST in the form of a chart showing the effect of the Food Administration's policy upon the course of prices. The writer of the article, Mr. RAYMOND PEARL, is chief statistician of the Food Administration, and he describes authoritatively what he calls an "economic miracle." He shows that the prices paid to the farmer have risen while the wholesale price has fallen. For years the two prices ran along in neighborly fashion, alternately rising and falling in relation to each other within narrow limits. But in 1917-18 they separated widely by the steady and large rise in the farmers' prices. For the Food Administration period these two prices compare in this manner for May, the latest month calculated for each year:

	1916.	1917.	1918.
Producers' price index..	110	216	218
Wholesale price index..	120	193	179

These figures are not the usual record of price fluctuations. The figures are weighted for forty-six articles of food according to nutritional value, in an attempt to include the variation of food costs by substitutions of one article for another. On this long and varied list of farm products the producer made a gain of 108 points over three years, and the wholesaler a gain of 59. But for the last year the producer made a gain of 2 points, while the wholesaler lost 14. It is not practicable to carry the results through the retail trade, but it is clear that the Food Administration, by limiting the costs of wholesale distribution, has advantaged the consumer, and not at the producer's loss. If the producer has done his share by increasing his product, he has had his reward. The consumer also has done his share by paying the added price, and by self-denial which has enabled us to feed our hungry allies in a manner for which they have expressed their gratitude.

While the farmer gets a guarantee of next year's prices, the consumers and the taxpayers take up their burden without grudging the farmer his prosperity, but not without casting an observant eye over such items as the purchase of automobiles, the payment of farmers' taxes, especially the income tax, and subscriptions to the Liberty Loans.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Teaching the Rule of Service.

A truly excellent address was made to the men and women who are to form the working staff of the new Consolidated railway ticket offices in this city by GEORGE A. CULLEN, Chairman of the United States Railroad Administration Committee, on the eve of the day when they were to begin their very important dealings with the public. It is evident that Mr. CULLEN had heard, or heard of, the complaints not a few people have been making about a new brusqueness, irritability, and arrogance that have been displayed by some railway officials and employés since the roads came under Government control. It is equally evident that he does not approve of any change in this direction, for, in a speech at once brief, simple, and earnest, he laid down the principles of true service—principles which, if followed in the new ticket offices or in any other offices, would bring about ideal relations between those who serve and those who are served.

He told his hearers, first, of the admirable conditions in which their work is to be done, and of the many facilities that had been provided to lighten and expedite it. There remained only, he said, for them to do their part in the sincere spirit of courteous helpfulness toward the great number of people who would come to them in search of the accurate and vital information they had a right to expect from the agents of their Government. Here is a fine passage from the address:

> You can respond to this need in a careless and perfunctory way, doling out half-facts and guesses, or you can painstakingly ascertain what the inquirers want to know (indeed help them to find it out as is so often necessary) and then give them clear, explicit, and understandable answers—a joy to do. You can provide them with transportation and accommodations in a grudging and indifferent manner, or do this with carefulness and alacrity and with consequent satisfaction to yourselves.

Mr. CULLEN didn't issue any orders or lay down any laws—not on this occasion, at least. He contented himself with making what amounted to an appeal for a practical application of the Golden Rule by every employé of every grade in the new offices.

Bettering Records of Railways.

There is a general impression, far from ill-founded, that the airplane is still a machine not very confidently to be trusted—of enormous possibilities far from fully developed. Yet many a commuter, though his daily journeys of a few miles are over a steel roadway spiked firmly in place, along which he is drawn by a machine on the perfecting of which human ingenuity has been expended for the better part of a century, must have read with bitter envy the record made last month by the four airplanes that have flown back and forth every day between New York and Washington.

In that time these most unstable of vehicles—the only vehicles that can be called third dimensional — have failed only twice to make continuous trips or to arrive and depart on schedule time. And in both of the exceptional instances the delays were trivial, the longest of them being only ten minutes! In 105 trips there were no accidents worthy of the name, but one aviator having been obliged to land in a fog because he didn't know exactly where he was, and another having had an engine trouble that lasted only a few minutes under his skilful ministrations. Not one mailbag or one letter was lost, and no attention was paid to weather, though it was by no means constantly good.

It seems only yesterday, and it was only a few years ago, when we read with rather more incredulity than amazement that the Wright brothers had made a continuous flight of five whole minutes in a machine heavier than air. Now expert and experienced aviators talk seriously of a flight across the Atlantic, and most people are wondering why they don't do it rather than prophesying disaster if they attempt the feat! Its accomplishment any day would excite interest, indeed, but it would be taken as a matter of course—one of the things that everybody expects. As for flying across the English Channel or Long Island Sound—things like that are done in "tuning up" for a real day's work in the air, though it was only the other day that they supplied material for long stories on the front pages of all the papers.

Pleasure Riding Unpleasant.

Nobody has a single word to say in defense of the few automobilists who ventured abroad last Sunday on errands that were not works of charity or necessity, and the experiences of the venturers were not such as to encourage them in further defiance of public sentiment as it was demonstrated by all whom they encountered. From their going out of their garages until the returning thereto they found themselves the objects of clearly audible scorn, and when they were haled to police court, as they were whenever a policeman could discover a colorable excuse for doing so, the least of their penalties was a lecture from the Magistrate far more severe than he is wont to deliver to pickpockets.

Naturally enough, a good many of these vicious and unpatriotic folk violated the laws of their country in addition to ignoring a reasonable and well explained request of their Government. They drove recklessly or they drove without a license. In all those cases, arrest meant the heaviest fine the law allowed, a workhouse sentence if circumstances permitted, and a holding for trial under heavy bail when that was what was required by the particular statute they had infringed.

Next Sunday, in all probability, will see no pleasure riding at all in motor cars, chiefly, perhaps, because there will be no pleasure in it and much of humiliation and risk.

Just why all the saving of gasoline should be done on one day has not been very clearly explained. The really good citizen economizes in that as in other directions every day, quite content with charging his deprivations up against the Germans, and he finds his consolation in thinking of the payment he will exact some day—some day.

Not a Public Library Ban.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In today's issue of THE TIMES there is an article under the title, "Censorship at Its Very Worst," in which it is stated that "a very recent inquirer at one of the New York libraries for "The Unpardonable Sin," by Rupert Hughes, was told, rather scornfully and rather haughtily, that it was not the intention to have the book there or to assist in its circulation." It is not stated at what library this happened; and I fear some of your readers may be led to conclude that it was at some branch of the New York Public Library.

The book referred to was approved for purchase for the branches of the New York Public Library some time ago. In due course copies will go to every one of the branch libraries in Manhattan, the Bronx, and Richmond—the only libraries under the control of the New York Public Library. We cannot promise fully to meet the demand for the book, because our book funds are inadequate.

If the incident described by "Inquirer" occurred at a branch of the New York Public Library we shall be grateful to him if he will write us at once, giving the name of the branch and information that will enable us to identify the assistant who made such a statement as he describes. It goes without saying that branch library assistants do not decide questions of this sort.

E. H. ANDERSON,
Director, New York Public Library.
New York, Sept. 3, 1918.

A War Creed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

President Wilson's Labor Day message is the war creed of the United States. It is a stupendous truth and a superb classic, and should be put at once in the curriculum of all public schools, high schools, private schools, and colleges, to be learned and recited by every boy and girl in the United States.

This concrete statement of our war aims cannot fail to enter the brain and soul of every human being who reads it. It frees every vein and artery for the spirit of patriotism to circulate, and stirs the heart to carry on to intensive service over every physical limitation. Never have the great mind and brilliant pen of our President given such an inspiring call to his people. It is the bugle call for action today and an epic for the history of ages to come. It stands for democracy and human brotherhood as a condition and not a theory, and shines to the world through the halo of love and justice.

FLORA MacDONALD POTTER.
New York, Sept. 2, 1918.

THE TEMPER OF A PEOPLE.

They did not know—nor we—one year ago!

We seemed a Land of unrelated folk
Who thought in terms of gold and selfish gain,
A Nation all untempered, unrefined,
Unrecognizing still that clash of wills,
The Will to conquer for the sake of Might
Against that Will-to-Live, undriven, free,
Wherever men belong, on land or sea!

And then—God knows just how—we saw the truth!
From State to State its silver bugle sang:
"This war is ours!—A war that Washington
And Lincoln, Lafayette, Ben Franklin, Lee
Would fearlessly have waged and grimly won!
This war is ours, and each must do his part
In mine or shipyard, factory or trench!
This war is ours, the war of rich and poor,
Of men and women, soldiers, mothers, priests,
Of laborers and poets, clerks and cooks,
Of men who sail our seas or write our books."

And so we learned the need of sacrifice,
To give our blood, our dreams, our splendid sons, . . .
To yield those lesser things, good wheaten bread,
And dazzling lights, and that sweet joy of speed
Which seemed but yesterday essential to
Our children's health and ours: no law was passed,
No grim *"forbidden"* posted in our streets!
. . . We merely understood the Nation's need
To husband even gasoline, and lo!
A Sunday like our Sundays years ago!

Wherever free men dwell, in home or camp,
Wherever souls aspire and dream of God,
Wherever Youth burns bright, a lighted torch
To carry on the flame from age to age,
There waves our flag, beside those elder flags,
To carry Freedom o'er the tortured Earth!

No rest shall be until the thing is done,
The World set free from him men name the Hun!

ELIZABETH NEWPORT HEPBURN.

ASSAILS WILSON AS AN AUTOCRAT

Senator Sherman Declares the President Is Using War to Undermine Civil Liberty.

COL. HOUSE ALSO A TARGET

Administration Described as a Political Clique Bent on Exploiting the Nation.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—In a long speech today on what he called "unofficial and personal government," Senator Sherman of Illinois, Republican, made a bitter attack on President Wilson and his Administration, and, particularly, on Colonel E. M. House, the President's personal friend and adviser.

He declared that under the guise of war necessity the Administration was seeking to set up a civilian autocracy.

"What of those," she said, "who, while the American people are centering thought and effort on our tremendous task, use the war to betray republican government to its undoing? Under the specious pretext of war necessity they are now substituting their obsessions and follies for the institutional liberty that is the birthright of both soldier and civilian. They pillage the temple of free government and set up in it their false gods, shouting that war demands the new worship. When the men return in victory, they face in civil life a socialistic State. Vast bureaucracies and centralized departments will have seized the principal occupations of private life. I believe it part of my duty to save for the man at the front the domestic institutions of his country at home while he is making the world safe for democracy abroad.

"Autocratic power never rests. One demand granted becomes the lever to lift its impudent claims to further heights of usurpation. The great climacteric of civil government will come with the end of the war. We must then decide whether the American Republic remain a Government of regulated individualism or be transformed into a civilian autocracy of interrelated boards, bureaus, and departments operating the chief instruments of production, distribution, and communication of thought, including the printing press. The newspaper is as much within this subtle and malign power as the telegraph or bank. The recent order curtailing news columns under the guise of conserving paper stock is an invasion of the right of a privately owned, free press, designed to control the avenues of information.

Calls It Political Control.

"Not one undertaking seized as a war measure is intended ever to be returned to their owners by the Burlesons, the Bakers, and the Gompers. They know as we do that the war is a handy npretense to embark the Government on their fantastic adventures. Physical properties are seized. They are used to exploit pay rolls dedicated to the alleged sacred cause of labor. At the very mention of this a complaisant Congress falls prostrate. Pay rolls inevitably become the potent rod of politics. Not a Government enterprise but will be a recruiting station to mold votes to continue such a Government. It is political, not Government control. It is not Government ownership, it is political ownership. No one knows this better than its promoters, who laugh at the ease of concealing from the public their real political purpose.

Further on he denounced the Administration as a political oligarchy, saying:

"History does not record a race that permitted its private possessions, its earnings, and its right to toil to be assumed by an oligarchy, however wise and just originally, that the subjugation of their personal rights or civil war did not end the melancholy chapter. Those who deserve civil liberty and the rights of a free man see danger from afar, as did the sprites who laid the deep foundations of the Republic now so vilely sought to be cast away with the best of our blood and brain struggles devotedly to free the world from a military despotism. The Kaiser will be overthrown, his ambition blasted, till he eats the bread of bitterness and drinks of the waters of sorrow. While we sacrifice to this paramount purpose, shall we permit without protest civil officers to rivet an economic class despotism on our necks? I abhor such a scheme. I denounce a political autocracy covertly engaged when the nation is in the stress of war in undermining the institutional civil liberty that will turn victory into ashes on a trusting people's lips.

Politics Not Adjourned.

"Politics adjourned! Worse, more rampant, rancorous, partisan politics never abused the patriotism and generous confidence of a great nation. I know the answer to this. My reward will be the mendacious charge that I am embarrassing the Administration in its conduct of the war. American civil government need not be destroyed to achieve victory abroad. 'A country preserved at the sacrifice of all the cardinal principles of liberty is not worth the cost of preservation.' Against the clandestine partisan activities of this Administration, hidden under the thick clouds of war, I raise my voice seasonably in remonstrance.

"Behind this rampart of a nation's devotion hide a coterie of politicians gilded and plated by a group of theorizing, intolerant intellectuals as wildly impractical as ever beat high heaven with their phrase-making jargon. They appeal to the impulsive, the thoughtless, the ignorant, class hatred, the iconoclast, the freak, the degenerate, to convert the United States into an economic class despotism administered by a political party. Even now it is putting up and pulling down candidates to this end. Not on principle is the test, not how they voted, but when, and their ability to endure servile prostration before the seat of power. It even presumes to dictate Republican candidates in Republican States, beating its pharisaical bosom the while that all may witness its nonpartisan virtues."

The Senator lauded ex-Secretary Garrison and denounced Newton D. Baker in the following remarks:

"A. Mitchell Palmer was originally slated for Secretary of War. Unfortunately Mr. Palmer was a Quaker. He feared the position would endanger his creed. There was little time left in Cabinet building, we learn by a perusal of the book, to secure a man of the proper calibre, so they had to take what was available. Joseph P. Tumulty suggested Lindley Garrison. Every sincere lover of his country could wish Mr. Tumulty might have been authorized then and there to select more of the Cabinet if this is so. Garrison measured up to the place. He saw the shadow of the mighty struggle across the Atlantic. More practical was he than House because he sounded the note of preparation. His plan would have trained an army ready to strike when we declared war, not fifteen months afterward. Creel would have been robbed of his rapturous ecstacy, but the public would have reconciled itself to that. Garrison's successor has made everybody wish the Quaker had overcome his scruples and been put in charge of the fighting instead of one who thinks the war front is 3,000 miles away, talks glibly of quantity production of combat airplanes, delays three months the draft law amendment of 1918, opposes universal military training, and says Washington's soldiers at Valley Forge were drunkards and chicken thieves, only to be declared by Executive proclamation to be the most capable official that distinguished functionary ever knew."

Attacks Colonel House.

Colonel House was characterized by Senator Sherman as "this alleged, unelected, unofficial assistant President."

The Senator gave an analysis of a novel which he said had been written by Colonel House, which he described as an autobiography.

"When the Colonel," said the Senator, "went to Europe as the President's personal envoy in May, 1914, he abode in the capitals of the Powers. Advice he gave them in abundance. The faithful chronicler of unofficial Government informs us they listened politely and went their several degenerate ways. The views of the United States on the freedom of the seas were delivered to the belligerents in March, 1915, by the Colonel on a second trip. In substance it meant the exemption from capture or harm of all noncombatants and neutrals and confined war solely to operations of the armies and navies of the belligerents, the cargo, contraband or noncontraband, of merchantmen being guaranteed against seizure. A blockade of an enemy nation becomes impossible. A navy could be used only as a defense against invasion. The United States was then a neutral and at peace with every Government in the world. The offer of Colonel House changed the international law known to every civilized country. The President then had no war powers. His secret and personal envoy exercised unofficial and usurped powers of government. His gratuitous advice so to settle the U-boat dispute provoked the derision of Germany and the impatience of the Allies."

RAILROAD WAGES GO UP.

Nearly a Million Men Share in Second Increase Granted by McAdoo.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Nearly 1,000,000 men, or half the railroad employes in the United States, share in additional wage increases approved today by Director General McAdoo for track laborers, watchmen, other maintenance of way employes, clerks, station agents, and other classes of employes drawing relatively low pay.

The new increases, the second granted in supplement to the Government's general wage order, will add nearly $100,000,000 to the annual railroad payrolls, it is said. Most of the increases range from 10 to 30 per cent. above present wages.

Details of the new order will be announced tomorrow. The Director General adopted most of the recommendations of the Board of Railroad Wages and Working Conditions, which investigated requests of employes for more pay. Pay increases for railroad telegraphers are the subject of another report to be made soon to the Director General.

MONTREAL, Sept. 3.—Wage increases amounting to $15,000,000 annually will be granted to 30,000 men in railroad shops throughout Canada, affecting all the railroads in the Dominion, under an agreement announced here today. The award is the same as that given to railway employes in the United States by Director General McAdoo.

The agreement was reached between the Canadian Railway War Board, through its Labor Committee, and representatives of the Railroad Shopmen's Federation, which had presented the wage demand.

AGRICULTURAL BILL SNAG.

Final Vote on Measure in Senate Blocked Again by Debate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Final vote on the emergency agricultural appropriation bill with its rider for national prohibition next July was blocked in the Senate again today by discussion of appropriations designed to stimulate farm production. Leaders, however, were confident that the measure would be disposed of tomorrow.

Practically the whole day was spent in debating and voting on an amendment by Senator Kenyon of Iowa, Republican, to eliminate appropriations aggregating $600,000 for the stimulation of the production of beef cattle, pork, poultry, and sheep, and "for making cottage cheese on the farm."

The amendment was voted on by sections, and after all the other sections had been voted down Senator Kenyon withdrew that relating to cottage cheese. This provision, however, later was stricken from the bill, on motion of Senator Thomas of Colorado.

POST FOR H. B. WALKER.

Takes Charge of All Coastwise Ships of Railroad Administration.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—H. B. Walker, President of the Old Dominion Steamship Line, today was placed in charge of all coastwise steamships operated by the Railroad Administration and will succeed the Railroad Administration's coastwise steamship Advisory Committee, of which L. J. Spence is Chairman.

This unification of control was decided on by the Director General to effect more efficient management of the seventy-nine vessels under railroad control. Mr. Walker will make headquarters in New York and will resign from the Old Dominion.

The lines now controlled by the Railroad Administration are the Mallory, Old Dominion, Clyde, Merchants and Mariners, Ocean, Southern Pacific, and South Steamship Companies.

PEACE MOVE THAT FAILED.

Germans Said to Have Negotiated with English Pacifists.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 3.—Nya Daglight Allehanda quotes Pieter Jelles Troelstra, the Dutch Socialist leader, as saying, in an interview at Lucerne, that an attempt was made last January by the leaders of the three parties constituting the German Reichstag majority to reach an agreement with the political pacifist leaders of England with the view to preparing the way for energetic action in favor of peace on the principles enunciated by President Wilson.

PREDICTS GERMAN REVOLT.

Swiss Hear That Continued Reverses May Cause Revolution.

PARIS, Sept. 3.—A dispatch from Berne, Switzerland, to Le Matin quotes a prominent Swiss citizen, recently returned from Germany, as declaring that in the past six weeks a formidable disillusion has swept over Germany.

If the German military situation does not improve, the informant said, trouble that may surpass the acts of the Bolsheviki in Russia menaces the German Empire.

FEAR FOR GERMAN EMPRESS

Complications Have Set In and All Royal Engagements Are Canceled.

COPENHAGEN, Sept 3.—The German Empress is still very ill, says the Berlin Vossische Zeitung. Although some days ago her condition began to improve, new complications have supervened and she is still confined to her bed.

There is no immediate danger of a fatal termination to the illness, the newspaper declares, but a serious relapse is feared. All engagements of the royal family have been canceled.

OPEN BUSH TERMINAL CLUB.

Buyers and Manufacturers Brought Together in New Quarters.

The informal opening of the clubrooms of the International Buyers' Club, an auxiliary organization of the Bush Terminal Sales Building, 132 West Forty-second Street, took place yesterday. The clubrooms will be open for the inspection of the business public for the next two weeks, and the privileges of the club are available for every merchant and accredited buyer. There is no charge for membership.

Three floors of the building, which is one of the tallest in upper Manhattan, are devoted to the purposes of the club. The first, second, and third floors are given over entirely to the club, and they are among the most handsomely furnished clubrooms in the city. On the first floor are the general reception room, small conference rooms, and grill room. The second floor is fitted up more especially for women, who constitute nearly 50 per cent. of the buyers, but not exclusively for them. In the front is the writing room, while in the rear is the library, which contains many volumes on all mercantile business.

The purpose of the Bush Terminal Sales Building is to give to the smaller merchant the same buying opportunities as his largest competitor. On the other hand, it gives the smaller manufacturer of worthy merchandise an opportunity, at comparatively small cost, to cultivate domestic and foreign markets which he could not otherwise afford to reach out for.

SPAIN NOT EXPECTED TO ENTER THE WAR

She Can Be of Material Help to the Allies Without Being a Belligerent.

STAND STIFFENS NEUTRALS

Emboldened by Allied Victories to Take Firm Attitude Toward Germany.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 3.—One important international sideshow that is progressing with entire satisfaction to the Allies is the controversy between Germany and Spain over sunken tonnage. A reply is expected from Germany in a few days to Spain's announcement that for every Spanish ship torpedoed hereafter a German ship in a Spanish port will be taken.

Nothing but an equivocal answer to save time is anticipated, but the Spanish Government now has full confidence in allied victory because of the July-August offensive and will adhere to the determination to reimburse itself for further ship losses.

There is nothing retroactive about the Spanish resolution. It calls for no seizures to make up for 20 per cent. of Spain's entire tonnage destroyed before the recent declaration.

It is not at all expected by the Allies that Spain will enter the war. Neither is it desired. Of course, if she did she would be proclaimed as one more belligerent, but she is doing the cause more good now by her new aggressive attitude toward Germany than she could do by contributing troops. At best she would only put in a few indifferently equipped divisions, not greater in numerical strength than what America is sending every month.

Afterward there would be added complications caused by the reward which Spain would want in the international settlement. She might feel that she had earned Gibraltar or a piece of French colonial territory in Northern Africa.

As it is now, Spain is rendering great service in a moral way by setting a good example to the other neutrals. In a more concrete way she has taken a step that will assure more tonnage in future for trade between the Allies and neutrals. She knows that she has nothing to fear from Germany if the Kaiser does make an empty declaration of war.

There are practically no Spaniards in Germany. On the contrary, there are 100,000 Germans in Spain who may be interned or sent out of Spain. Neither could Germany attack Spain anywhere. Spain, without entering the war in a military way, can use effective economic measures against Germany both during and after hostilities. For example, she can use her influence in South America against a resumption of Germany's efforts to re-establish prestige in that continent.

This entire situation, so favorable to the Allies, has been brought about without the slightest suggestion or advice from them to Madrid. Its logical outcome is a stiffening of the Spanish backbone.

PLANS FOR LAFAYETTE FETE

Thousands of Children Expected at Central Park on Sept. 6.

Lieutenant Adrien de Pachmann of the French High Commission will make the address on "Lafayette" at the children's fête in Central Park on Sept. 6 to celebrate the 161st anniversary of the birth of the Marquis and the anniversary of the first battle of the Marne, under the auspices of the Women's National Committee of the American Defense Society. Plans have been made for great numbers of children to attend the fête and learn something of the historic events which have formed a band of union between France and America. Several settlements and children's societies have arranged to have groups of children dress in French costumes, carry French and American flags, and march to the Mall in the park from Fifty-ninth Street escorted by Boy Scouts. Mothers in different parts of the city are organizing the children of their blocks, and these will proceed to the fête in "block" parties, preparing the way for energetic action in favor of peace on the principles enunciated by President Wilson.

DRAFT BOARD TO PICK REGISTRATION PLACE

All Will Be Allowed to Select Points Most Convenient for Work in Districts.

11,500 REGISTRARS NEEDED

Trained Policemen and Firemen of Three Years' Service Remain Eligible to Exemption in Class 3 D.

Local draft boards all over the city have been informed by Martin Conboy, Director of the Draft for this city, that location of registration points for Sept. 12 will be left to their discretion, subject to the approval, of course, of the Provost Marshal General's office here. In other words, the local boards are to select places for registration most convenient for their localities and as many such places as are required to expedite the registration of citizens between the ages of 18 and 45.

The draft boards are directed also to appoint one registrar for every eighty registrants, which will mean a force of 11,500 for the 900,000 men who are expected to register on Sept. 12, this figure being computed on the basis of one and a half times as many men as appeared for the first registration. So far as possible, the nature of the population and territory permitting, the draft boards will concentrate the work of registration in one place. If the population of the district is unusually large or scattered over a wide territory, more than one place of registration is to be selected—as many, in fact, as will be necessary to accomplish the work within the specified hours.

The registration places will be schoolhouses, halls, empty stores, or places of any other description that may suit the convenience of the local board and receive the approval of Director Conboy's office. No use will be made of the city's election machinery as such, although election officials will be called in to help in th work in those boards where the registration is too large to be handled by the officials designated for the purpose.

Special interest has developed in the possible status of policemen and firemen in relation to exemption claims. Captain David Asch of the Adjutant General's office stated yesterday that "trained" policemen and firemen of three years of service would remain as usual eligible to exemption in Class 3D. Fire Commissioner Drennan, as the result of a conference with Provost Marshal General Crowder, however, will endeavor to obtain this classification for all firemen and policemen, whether they have seen three years' service or not, in view of the fact that the Fire Department is especially short of men and is in need of every man that it has.

Provost Marshal General Crowder, according to the Commissioner, declined to make a general ruling on the subject in view of the fact that any such ruling from him would have to apply to the country as a whole, and would inevitably result in slackers seeking to avoid the draft in many small villages by enrolling in the volunteer fire organizations or by becoming constables. Fire Commissioner Drennan, however, intends to obtain such an interpretation by the district board of the questionnaire with reference to firemen and policemen as would enable the local boards to put firemen and policemen in Class D on a certification of the Commissioner of either department that they were necessary to the service. The new form of questionnaire facilitates such an interpretation in that it does not qualify the question: "Are you a trained fireman," &c., by the designation of any number of years of service.

While Commissioner Drennen is endeavoring to retain the firemen, the draft officials, on the other hand, assert that many firemen and policemen have complained that their eagerness for service is interfered with by the attitude of Mayor Hylan in declining to allow them the difference between the Government and the city pay, unless they were forcibly drafted.

Considering the fact that the Jewish holidays begin Sept. 6 at 5 P. M., Captain Riegelman of Director Conboy's office yesterday issued a notice notifying all drafted men scheduled to leave for Southern camps on that date that their departure had been postponed until Monday, Sept. 9, when they will leave at the same hour and from the same place as specified under the orders for Sept. 6. The postponement is made in order that drafted men of the Jewish faith may spend the holiday at home with friends and relatives.

Drafted men numbering 594, and representing thirteen local boards, mostly from Brooklyn, left here yesterday for Southern training camps. Local Board 36, located at 175 Nassau Street, Brooklyn, a neighborhood made up largely of Italians, sent eighty-seven men. These came in taxicabs, vans, and limousines. The parents and friends led the procession in two large horse-drawn trucks. Local Board 32, located at 219 Patchen Avenue, Brooklyn, sent forty-eight men. Forty-one automobiles were used to convey the recruits and their relatives and friends to the place of departure.

There was a rush of applicants for birth certificates at the Brooklyn offices of the Health Department yesterday following the passage of the new draft bill. All day long the offices of Dr. Sylvester J. Byrne, the Assistant Registrar of Records, were crowded with men and youths anxious to obtain documentary evidence as to their correct ages. Most of them were lads whose eighteenth birthdays and men whose forty-fifth birthdays fall near the draft registration date.

POLICE AND FIREMEN ARE TO BE EXEMPT

Provided the Municipality Will Certify That They Cannot Be Replaced.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—A greater number of firemen and policemen will receive deferred classification in the coming draft under new regulations announced today by Provost Marshal General Crowder. Deferred classification service in the same municipality it being necessary only that the department employing that the registrant certify that he is highly trained and cannot be replaced "without substantial and material detriment to the public service." The registrant must make the same statement in his own behalf in filling out his questionnaire.

No changes are contemplated in the basic rules governing the operation of the draft in the case of men included under the new age limits. This was indicated today by Provost Marshal General Crowder, who after a visit to the White House with General March, Chief of Staff, explained that the principles which prevailed in the selection of men between the ages of 21 and 31 would be retained in large measure for the guidance of those operating the selective machinery.

There will be some changes, however, in the details relating to men engaged in certain industries, and more especially to men of more mature age included in the new registration. Just what these are the Government is not prepared to announce, but it is believed that rules to cover all questions that can be foreseen now will be sent to draft boards within a few days.

General March and General Crowder conferred with President Wilson for an hour today. They were summoned by the President, who wished to familiarize himself with all details of the man-power measure and its proposed method of operation.

Whether arrangements will be made which will automatically exempt railroad men and coal miners as a body cannot yet be stated. Director-General McAdoo is understood to be in favor of providing some method other than the decision of local boards for exempting essential railroad employes. General Crowder said that, under present plans, the matter of exempting this class of workers would be in the hands of the district boards, to be taken up by them after the questionnaires have been passed on by the local boards which, he said, are without jurisdiction to exempt a registrant on the ground that he is an essential industrial worker.

Just what the changes in detail of selecting those of the higher ages will be, Marshal-General Crowder was not prepared to say. This information will be forthcoming later, when all the arrangements for making selections are promulgated.

CAPTAIN ROOSEVELT TO MEET WIFE TODAY

Telephones to Oyster Bay He Will Be in Washington—Colonel and Wife Vote Early.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Sept. 3.—Captain Archibald Roosevelt, who is in this country to recuperate from his wounds on the French battlefront, telephoned his wife at Sagamore Hill this afternoon that he would be able to leave the hospital and journey to Washington tomorrow. Upon receipt of the news Mrs. Roosevelt left for Washington, where she will visit Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, Colonel Roosevelt's daughter.

Colonel and Mrs. Roosevelt appeared early today at the primary voting place. Mrs. Roosevelt took her ballot and was only a few minutes in the booth. The Colonel waited until she had finished and then marked his ballot. The former President and his wife had motored from Sagamore Hill. On the front seat of their car was Mrs. Clara Lee, wife of Charles Lee, who has been the Colonel's negro chauffeur for many years. She waited for the Colonel to vote and then cast her ballot.

THOMAS R. TALTAVALL DIES.

Editor of Telegraph and Telephone Age Was a Veteran Operator.

Thomas R. Taltavall, 63 years old, editor of The Telegraph and Telephone Age, of New York, and one of the most expert telegraph operators in the country, died yesterday at his home in Mahwah, N. J., of heart disease.

Mr. Taltavall began his career in a telegraph office in Wellsville, Ohio, in 1867. He was one of the first operators on the first wire leased by the Associated Press to handle newspaper service between New York and Washington in 1875. He was with the Associated Press in this city for fourteen years.

Mr. Taltavall resigned in 1890 to become editor of the Electrical Age, which four years later he gave up to become associate editor of The Electrical World. In 1911 he became editor of The Telegraph and Telephone Age, which position he filled at the ttime of his death.

Cardinal Farley Sits Up Every Day.

MAMARONECK, N. Y., Sept. 3.—Cardinal Farley continues to improve. Mgr. Carroll, his secretry, said today that the Cardinal was able to sit up an hour every day. "He has a good appetite and is improving slowly," said the Monsignor. There is no sign of a relapse, which is the thing most feared at present.

Obituary Notes.

JEREMIAH J. SMITH, retired shoe manufacturer of 666 McDonough Street, Brooklyn, died on Sunday in his sixty-third year.

Mrs. MARY BENDER ROCH, wife of Jacob Roch and a daughter of John Bender, who was a prominent merchant of Brooklyn, died on Sunday at her home, 623 Decatur Street, Brooklyn.

JOHN ALONZO VIERSCHILLING, 61 years old, a retired upholsterer, died at his home, 384 Harman Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday.

Miss CAROL THOMAS, long active in the work of the First Presbyterian Church in Brooklyn, died on Monday at her home, 22 Monroe Place, Brooklyn. She was a daughter of the late Henry K. Thomas.

Mrs. BARBARA S. GERRY, widow of Joseph G. Gerry and for many years proprietor of the Gerry House at Hammels, Rockaway Beach, died on Sunday at the age of 68 years.

EUGENE NELSON CARMAN, 47 years old, manager for a large brass and copper manufacturing concern, died in Winsted, Conn., yesterday from heart disease. His home was at 42 Martense Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. MABEL MILLER SMITH, widow of Charles H. Smith, who was secretary of the Manhattan Trust Company, died on Monday at her home, 78 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn. She was born in Chicago, Ill., sixty-two years ago, and was a daughter of Olive Thorne Miller, a well-known author.

TELL A. BAGUELIN, sixty-seven years old, jeweler and importer of watches at 26 John Street, died yesterday at his home in Plainfield, N. J.

DRAFT REGISTRATION SEPT. 12.

Every man 18 to 45 years of age, except those already registered, must register for the selective service draft on Sept. 12.

One of the many First Class Hotels furnished with

HALL'S BEDDING

The Standard of Quality

Home comfort is what draws guests again and again to certain hotels. Managers realize this, consequently many are furnished with "Hall's" pure horse hair mattresses and box springs. Before furnishing your home visit our salesroom. Everything in bedding.

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ISAIAH TEMPLE

127-131 West 89th St., Columbus and Amsterdam Aves.

Rabbi, SAMUEL GREENFIELD; Cantor, MAX HELFERE.

Holyday Services, ushering in the New Year 5679, Friday, 8 P. M.
Saturday 10 A. M. Union Prayer Book used.

Special War Service and Sermon, on Sunday, 10 A. M.

UNCLE SAM'S "BOYS" WELCOMED AT EVERY SERVICE!

Organized and incorporated in 1913, Isaiah Temple, through its founders, desired to fill a long-felt want as a moral and spiritual source of inspiration for communal work by and for upper west side Jewry. Continuing in that line, the Board of Trustees seeks the interest and patronage of UNAFFILIATED Jews for a broad and liberal synagogue. Dues are nominal, the cost of seatings minimum.

Committee in attendance every evening for personal explanation. 'Phone or send letter to the Rabbi or B. Beekman, Sec'y, 170 Broadway.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

SILBERSTEIN.—To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Silberstein, 905 West End Av., formerly Jeanette Cohen, a son, Sept. 2.

Engaged.

GROSSMAN—LIPKIN.—Anna Lipkin to Harry Grossman.

NORRIS—COSTELLO.—Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Costello of 135 Central Park West, New York City, announce the engagement of their daughter, Jessie W. Costello, to Mr. Beverly A. Norris, son of Mrs. Henry D. Norris and the late Mr. Henry D. Norris of this city.

Married.

COPP—LIGGETT.—On Saturday, Aug. 31, in St. Ambrose Chapel, Cathedral of St. John the Divine, Charles Clement Copp, P. A. Paymaster, U. S. N., to Mary Coffman, daughter of Mrs. Winfield Liggett and the late Winfield Liggett of Harrisonburg, Va.

GLUCK—STEWART.—Mr. and Mrs. James B. Stewart of 301 West 108th St., New York City, announce the wedding of their daughter, Madeline I. Stewart, to Lieutenant Jack P. Gluck, U. S. A., son of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Gluck of 49 Clinton Av., Jersey City.

LANCASTER—GREIG.—Mr. and Mrs. Carlisle Norwood Greig of Chicago announce the marriage of their daughter, Elizabeth Lansing, on Monday, Aug. 26, to William Woart Lancaster of New York.

WATTERS—KEGELER.—At Church of the Transfiguration, Tuesday, Sept. 3, 1918, Elisa F. Kegeler, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. H. Chas. Kegeler, to Edwin B. T. Watters, U. S. N., of Birmingham, Ala.

Died.

BAER.—Joseph S., husband of Alice Frey, at Far Rockaway, on Tuesday, Sept. 3, after a long illness. Service at 1,206 State St., Far Rockaway, Thursday morning, Sept. 5, at 10:30. Interment at Rose Hill Cemetery, Chicago. Chicago papers please copy.

BEGUELIN.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Tuesday, Sept. 3, 1918, Tell A. Beguelin, in his 68th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 148 East Front St., Plainfield, N. J., on Thursday evening, Sept. 5, at 8 o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited without further notice.

BROWN.—At Hyde Park, N. Y., Sept. 2, 1918, Ann Eliza Brown, in her 70th year. Funeral service Thursday, 8 P. M., at residence of her daughter, 492 Convent Av. Interment private.

BUCKELEW.—At New York, on Sept. 3, Minetta Rogers Buckelew. Services at the home of her mother at New Brunswick, N. J., on Thursday, at 3 P. M.

BURCKHARDT. — John, beloved father of Grover C. and Mabel I. Byrne, in his 63d year, at his residence, 433 East 139th St. Masonic services, under the auspices of Lincoln Lodge, No. 748, F. and A. M., Wednesday, 8 P. M. Members of Lincoln Lodge and the Pastime Athletic Club respectfully invited to attend. Funeral services 1 P. M. Thursday. Interment Lutheran Cemetery.

CADWELL.—At Branford House, Eastern Point, Groton, Conn., the residence of her daughter, on Sept. 2, Rowena Morgan, wife of the late Martin Cadwell. Prayer at Branford House, Wednesday, Sept. 4, at 10 A. M. Services at chapel of Cedar Hill Cemetery, Hartford, at 3 P. M.

CAHEN.—Suddenly, Julius P. Cahen, 354 Central Park West, in his 76th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DAVIDSON.—Aaron, on Sept. 3, in his 75th year, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. S. A. Keller, at Woodmere, L. I., beloved husband of Isabella Davidson and devoted father of Elsie D. Keller, Dewit A., Maxwell, Jesse M. and Harold B. Davidson. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DAVIS.—Annie Casper Davis, beloved wife of Abraham Davis, mother of Zelda Y. and Gordon J. Funeral from her late residence, 928 Kelly St., Wednesday, Sept. 4 at 2 o'clock.

DAVIS.—Hebrew Tabernacle members are requested to attend the funeral of Mrs. Abraham Davis, wife of our member, today at 2 P. M. from 928 Kelly St.
ABRAHAM ARNDT, President.
ADOLPH SCHWARZBAUM, Secretary.

EILENBERG.—Helene W., beloved wife of Robert B. Eilenberg and mother of Frances Schelbel, Robert L., and George W. Funeral from her late residence, 1,068 Forest Ave., Thursday, 1:30 P. M.

FLETCHER.—Monday, Sept. 2, 1918, E. R. Fletcher, son of the late Oscar B. and Martha W. Fletcher, in the 70th year of his age. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

Died.

GARVIN.—The Samoset Democratic Club and the County Committee of the Second Executive District, Bronx, regret to announce the death of the Hon. Michael J. Garvin. Funeral from his late residence, 887 Cauldwell Av., Wednesday, 9:30 A. M.
Hon. HENRY BRUCKNER, President.
JOHN M. DENNERLEIN, Secretary.

GALLAND.—At the Elks' Club, Wilkes-Barre, Penn., suddenly on Sept. 3, 1918, Max Galland, aged 59, of Wilkes-Barre, Penn., and New York City, beloved husband of Roselle B. and brother of George Galland. Funeral at convenience of family.

HICKS.—Knickerbocker Chapter, Daughters of the Revolution, State of New York, announce with deep regret the death of Mrs. Thomas W. Hicks, 926 President St., Brooklyn, a beloved member of this chapter.
Mrs. Bernardo Franklin Fischer, Regent.
Mrs. Charles Everett Banker, Secretary.

HIDDEN.—Suddenly, at Watch Hill, Tuesday, Sept. 3, Thomas B. Hidden. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HOLL.—At Chatham, N. J., Sept. 3, 1918, Martha W., widow of J. E. Holl, in her 67th year. Funeral private. Interment Laurel Hill Cemetery, Philadelphia, Penn. Philadelphia papers please copy.

HOMAN.—Charles M., on Monday, Sept. 2, 1918. Funeral services Thursday afternoon, Sept. 5, 2:30 o'clock, at his late residence, 416 Greene Av., Brooklyn.

JEFFREY.—Suddenly, at his Summer home, Mt. Kisco, N. Y., Sept. 1, 1918, Alexander MacLean Jeffrey, M. D., in his 59th year. Funeral services at the Presbyterian Church, Mt. Kisco, N. Y., on Thursday, Sept. 5, 1918, at 1 P. M. Automobiles will meet train leaving Grand Central Terminal 11 A. M. Interment Kensico Cemetery.

KATZ.—Morris D. Katz, 221 Sherman Av., age 56, Sept. 3. Funeral services Wednesday, Sept. 4, at 11 o'clock.

LANGFELD.—Suddenly, at Lebanon Hospital, A. J. Langfeld, brother of Sol and Herman, Melissa Brooks, Pauline Haslacher, Celia Goldsmith. Wilkes-Barre papers please copy.

LOWENSTEIN.—On Monday, Sept. 2, after a short illness, in his seventy-first year, Morris Lowenstein, beloved husband of Alice, dearly devoted father of Abe L., Lieutenant Leon, Mrs. Clare Wineburgh, Mrs. Josephine Newman, Mrs. Estelle King, Mrs. Cora Bendheim. Funeral services at his late residence, 490 West End Av., Wednesday, Sept. 4, at 10 A. M.

LOWENSTEIN.—Members and seat holders of Temple Israel of Harlem are requested to attend the funeral services of our late member, Morris Lowenstein, from his late residence, 490 West End Av., Wednesday, Sept. 4, at 10 A. M.
DANIEL P. HAYS, President.
J. GOODFRIEND, Honorary Secretary.

McGRATH.—John White, suddenly, on Sept. 2, 1918, at Kianeesha, N. Y., beloved and only son of Thomas F. and Lily White McGrath. Interment private.

MURPHY.—On Sept. 3, John Francis, beloved husband of Anna Cotman Murphy, late of the 7th Ward, Grand St., and a member of Elks Lodge No. 22. Elks services will be held Wednesday at 8:30 P. M. at CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St. Requiem mass will be said at The Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Broadway and 70th St., Thursday morning, 10 o'clock. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

NEUBURGER.—After a short illness, Sept. 2, at Far Rockaway, Fanny, dearly beloved mother of Adele Sinsheimer and Max Neuburger. Funeral from Harlem Funeral Chapel, 208 Lenox Av., Wednesday, 10 A. M. Interment private.

NEWCORN.—Suddenly, at White Lake, N. Y., on Sunday, Sept. 1, 1918, Minnie, widow of the late Harris Newcorn and beloved mother of Isidor, Julius, and Sylvia Newcorn and Rose Silberman. Funeral notice later. Please omit flowers.

PETERS.—At Newark, N. J., at his home, 117 Clinton Av., on Monday, Sept. 2, 1918, Clarence Peters, son of Sarah M. and the late George Peters. Funeral private.

PETERSON.—At his home, 269 Madison Av., Flushing, N. Y., on Sept. 1, James Drummond Peterson, husband of Anna Tower, in the 73d year of his age. Funeral service at St. George's Church, Flushing, Wednesday, 5 P. M. Interment Waterville, N. Y.

PETERSON.—Members of the British Schools and Universities Club of New York are requested to attend the funeral of our late Secretary, Mr. James Drummond Peterson, at St. George's Church, Flushing, Wednesday, Sept. 4, at 5 P. M.
EDWARD F. DARRELL, President.

PETERSON-BERG.—Mme. Hilma, beloved mother of Dr. Frederick Peterson, on the morning of Sept. 2, 1918, at 535 Park Av., in her eightieth year, peacefully while she slept. The funeral will be private. Please do not send flowers. Buffalo and Chicago papers kindly copy.

Died.

PEYSER.—Annie, late of 460 East 141st St., beloved wife of Joseph Peyser, passed away on Sept. 3. Services and funeral from her late residence Thursday, Sept. 5, 2 P. M.

QUINBY.—At her residence, 14 James St., Newark, N. J., on Sept. 3, 1918, Mary V. Quinby, widow of James M. Quinby.

QUIRK.—On Sunday, Sept. 1, 1918, Madeleine M., dearly beloved daughter of William F. and Nora E., and sister of Sergeant William F., Jr., U. S. A.; Cecelia V. and Anna I. Quirk. Funeral from her late residence, 298 East 7th St., on Wednesday, Sept. 4, thence to St. Brigid's Church, 8th St. and Avenue B, at 10 A. M.

SANFORD.—On Sunday, Sept. 1, after a lingering illness, Oscar M., husband of Sarah Comstock Sanford, at his home, Flemington, N. J. Interment Wednesday, at New Dorp, Staten Island, N. Y.

RIORDAN.—On Sept. 3, Dennis G., beloved son of the late Jeremiah and Mary Riordan, (nee Gilburn,) and brother of Mrs. John J. Murray, Mrs. James P. Geagan, and James J. Riordan. Funeral from his late residence, 134th St. and Washington Ave., Belle Harbor, L. I. Notice of time later.

REILLY.—Lydie J., at her residence, 3,505 P'way. Funeral notice later.

SANIEWSKA.—On Sunday evening, Sept. 1, Irene Saniewska, daughter of the late Felix Saniewska. Funeral services at 33 Keene St., Providence, Rhode Island, on Thursday, Sept. 5, at 11 A. M. Interment private. Philadelphia papers please copy.

SCOLLAY.—On September 2, 1918, Maria V. Maxwell Scollay, M. D., wife of Ulysses G. Scollay. Solemn requiem mass at Church of St. Patrick, 95th St. and 4th Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Wednesday, Sept. 4, at 9 A. M. Boston, (Mass.,) London, Dublin papers please copy.

SCOTT.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Sept. 3, Cora Martin, widow of John B. Scott, in her 81st year, at her home, 346 West 85th St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SIGOD.—At 2,306 Grand Av., Sept. 3, 1918, Celestine M. Sigod. Funeral Friday, Sept. 6, 9 A. M. Requiem mass at St. Vincent de Paul's Church at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

SMITH.—Monday, Sept. 2, at her residence, 78 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn, Mabel Miller, beloved wife of the late Charles H. Smith and daughter of Olive Thorne Miller. Funeral private.

SPELLMEYER.—At East Orange, N. J., Tuesday, Sept. 3, 1918, Mary B., wife of the late Charles H. Spellmeyer, in her 69th year. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. G. F. Mattlage, 2 Carnegie Av., Thursday morning, Sept. 5, on arrival of train leaving Hoboken 10:45 for East Orange Station.

THOMAE.—Suddenly on Sept. 2, Carol Thomae, sister of Mary T. Loeser. Funeral from her late residence, 22 Monroe Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., on Wednesday, Sept. 4, at 3 P. M.

THOMSON.—On Sunday, Sept. 1, at the Greenwich Hospital, Greenwich, Conn., William Thomson, husband of Sarah Hobby Thomson, in his 5th year. Funeral services at Knapp's Mortuary Chapel, Greenwich, Wednesday, Sept. 4, 1918. Interment in Putnam Cemetery.

TRAPHAGEN.—On Sept. 2, Peter Duryea, father of Lottie and William Traphagen. Funeral from his late home, 473 Amsterdam Av., on Wednesday at 1:30 P. M.

VEIT.—Lillian E., wife of John M., passed away suddenly on Sunday. Funeral services 120 North Centre Av., Rockville Centre, on Wednesday at 2 P. M. Interment Greenfield Cemetery.

WATROUS.—Amanda Bowne, widow of Alexander C. Watrous, at her home, Atlantic Highlands, N. J., Monday, Sept. 2, aged 72 years. Funeral Wednesday, 2:30 P. M.

WILSON.—On Sept. 2, Elizabeth Wilson, (nee Condell,) beloved mother of Elizabeth, Barton, and William Wilson. Funeral services from her late residence, 125 St. Nicholas Av., on Friday, Sept. 6, at 1 P. M. Interment Evergreen Cemetery.

In Memoriam.

DODGE.—In loving memory of our beloved mother, Ruth Anne Dodge, born May 23, 1833, who passed into eternal rest Sept. 4, 1916. "Her children rise up and call her blessed."

SMITH.—In memory of Livingston D. Smith, who entered into eternal rest Sept. 4, 1916.

TORREY.—In loving memory of a devoted husband, Herbert Gray Torrey, Sunday, Aug. 29, 1915.

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MURRAY EASILY BEATS TILDEN IN FINAL FOR NATIONAL TENNIS TITLE

MURRAY CRASHES WAY TO VICTORY IN TENNIS FINAL

Buries Tilden Under Avalanche of Burning Drives in Match for National Title.

ONLY THREE SETS NEEDED

Philadelphian's Finished Play an Obstacle of Straw Against Force of Opponent.

Robert Lindley Murray of Niagara Falls, one of the finest sportsmen and most proficient racquet wielders who ever came forth from the Golden Gate, was crowned yesterday as the national singles tennis champion when he defeated William T. Tilden, 2d, of Philadelphia in the final round of the tournament at the West Side Tennis Club at Forest Hills, with the score 6–3, 6–1, 6–3. Probably there has seldom, if ever, been a case in the long history of the championship when a player so little coveted the title as did Murray this season. A month ago it was his firm intention not to play in the event, and he was shaken from his resolve only because he was impressed with the motives which induced the tennis officials to provide funds for the soldiers and sailors in this manner.

Even when Murray did consent to play there was hardly a possibility that he would be able to go through the tournament. He had had no practice. Being engaged in war work, he had more serious things to interest him than tennis. It has been the history of championship tennis that a player must prepare during an entire season before he could even hope to stand forth prominently in a national singles event. How much the worthy successor to Maurice E. McLoughlin, William M. Johnston, and Richard Norris Williams, 2d, champion of 1916, accomplished in the short space of time allotted to him is indicated by his victory yesterday, an accomplishment as amazing as it is gratifying to a host of Murray's admirers.

Murray's Improvement Rapid.

Coming to the Southampton tournament only two weeks ago, Murray was a weak contender, but his improvement in play has been quick as well as steady, and it reached its culmination in the final match against Tilden, who was fairly swept off his feet by the onrush of the indomitable Californian. It was a victory in straight sets, where five had been freely predicted; it was the triumph of the brilliant, forcing, McLoughlin type of tennis over the finished but less fiery play of the Easterner.

It must be said for Tilden, who had not before met defeat this season, that he was not at his best for the crucial match of his career on the courts. There was lacking something of the dash, much of the court-covering ability, because the Quaker City expert was suffering from a boil on his right ankle, but eventaking this into consideration it is difficult to see how under the most favorable conditions he could have beaten Murray as the latter was playing yesterday.

There was a calm confidence in his own ability that marked the former Californian's work from the moment he took the court. The big gallery that crowded into and overflowed the stand could almost sense that he was saying, "I am here to win," for from the first moment of play until the last his star was in the ascendant. But even with the title in sight, Murray probably had little thought of the honor that might come to him with victory. At Southampton he said, "Now that I am in the tournament, I shall give my best to the game," and through round after round against some of the strongest tennis stars in the country he advanced steadily until at last he came to the end of the play to receive laurels which he had not really sought.

Stage Set for Brilliant Play.

The stage was set for brilliant tennis when the two rivals Tilden and Murray came to the court for the big match. Eddie Conlin, umpire par excellence, was in the chair, and there was a coterie of linesmen, many of whom had themselves been prominent in the title play. But the match, from the standpoint of keen tennis, did not live up to expectations. Tilden, who had been favored in some quarters to defeat his Coast rival, could not rise to the occasion. When Murray broke through his service in the second game of the match, the handwriting was clear that Murray would be proclaimed the winner, and it took just short of an hour to establish the fact beyond all doubt.

It was Murray's service more than anything else which broke up Tilden's play. The Philadelphian, himself a brilliant player in this particular, met more than a match in the Californian, who time and again burned across service aces that were hardly more than a streak. Even Murray's twist service was a puzzle to Tilden, who found himself drawn into repeated errors. On the other hand, Tilden's service, which was not going any too well, was far from being troublesome to Murray.

The new champion played the characteristic net game for which he is famous. He tricked Tilden with ease with soft shots and stop volleys and smashed and volleyed in a manner that almost defied return. For the greater part of the time Murray's game was under rather better control than usual. There was only here and there a trace of wildness, and, with an almost impenetrable defense and an offense that was wickedly severe, Murray raced along to victory, to the amazement of the spectators, who had expected to see him forced at least to a hard match.

Path to Victory Is Smooth.

The first two sets fell to Murray with comparative ease. In the second set he broke through Tilden's service with slight difficulty on three occasions. He had a lead of 4–1 in this set in a twinkling, and then it was only a matter of two more games before he had the set safely tucked away.

In the third set it looked as if Murray would once more race away from his opponent, but Tilden by a determined effort and a rally that was nobly fought, in view of his handicaps, carried the score from 4–1 against him up to deuce. Tilden had sacrificed his own service in the fourth game, but in the ninth he broke through Murray in a love game, and took the next game as well, to bring the scores to 5 all. The Californian burned across two service aces to clinch the next game, and then broke through Tilden to take the set and match.

During the course of the tournament a raffle was conducted in which chances were sold on the racquet which should be used by the champion in winning the match. The lucky number in the draw was 804. It was announced that some $8,000 had been raised by the tournament for the Army and Navy Departments' Commissions on Training Camp Activities.

Prior to the championship match Mrs. George W. Wightman and Nathaniel W. Niles competed against Miss Molla Bjurstedt and Frederick B. Alexander in an exhibition mixed doubles event. Miss Bjurstedt and Alexander won the first set at 9–7, and the second went to the rival pair at 7–5.

The point score and stroke analysis of the Murray-Tilden match follows:

Robert Lindley Murray vs. William T. Tilden, 2d.

FIRST SET.

Murray	4	4	6	0	4	4	5	4	4	–35	6		
Tilden	1	1	4	4	1	6	3	6	0	–26	3		

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Nets.	Outs.	Place.	S.A.	D.F.
Murray	8	4	10	1	3
Tilden	12	12	11	0	0

SECOND SET.

Murray	4	4	4	4	0	4	4	2	4	–24	6		
Tilden	2	0	2	2	4	1	2	4	3	–13	1		

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Nets.	Outs.	Place.	S.A.	D.F.
Murray	1	0	5	6	0
Tilden	2	6	4	2	2

THIRD SET.

Murray	4	1	5	5	4	1	4	2	0	0	4	–34	7
Tilden	1	4	3	3	0	4	2	4	4	0	2	–31	5

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Nets.	Outs.	Place.	S.A.	D.F.
Murray	5	8	8	5	2
Tilden	12	8	14	2	1

RECAPITULATION.

	G.	Sets.	Pts.	Nets.	Outs.	Pl.	SA.	DF.
Murray	19	3	93	14	18	29	12	5
Tilden	9	0	70	26	26	29	4	3

TROTTERS IN CLOSE FINISH.

Patrick Duluth Shows Heels to Big Field at Hartford.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 3.—Close finishes prevailed during today's Grand Circuit meeting at Carter Oak Park. Patrick Duluth, with Crozier in the sulky, took first money in the 2:15 trot, winning two heats of the race, which was conducted on the three-heat plan, every heat a race. In both heats the field of ten starters came down the home stretch so closely bunched that the judges experienced much difficulty in placing the horses. The decisions were not satisfactory to the drivers, three or four of whom entered protests.

The other two events, the Whirlwind, a $3,000 purse for the 2:04 pacing class, and the $2,000 Nutmeg Stake for two-year-old trotters were also decided in straight heats, Murphy winning the former with Directum J., and Serrill, up behind, let fly, carrying off first money in the latter event.

The summaries:

2:15 CLASS TROT.—THREE HEATS. (PURSE $1,000.)

Patrick Duluth, (Crozier)	3	1	1
Joseph Guy, (Hyde)	2	2	7
Leonard C., (Crossman)	4	8	2
Zombidotte, (McDonald)	1	7	3

J. W. Mokum, Mont Volo, Benzol, Salina Guy and Worthy Bingen also started.

Time—2:10¼; 2:10¼; 2:10¼.

WHIRLWIND, 2:06 PACE.—THREE HEATS. (PURSE $3,000.)

Directum J., (Murphy)	1	1	1
Mary Rozalind, Parr, (Valentine)	2	3	3
Edward P., (Loose)	3	4	2
Oro Rino, (Geers)	4	2	5

Little Batiste and Walter Cochato also started.

Time—2:04¼; 2:05; 2:05¾.

THE NUTMEG, FOR 2-YEAR-OLD TROTTERS, 2 IN 3, (PURSE $2,000.)

Let Fly, (Serrill)	1	1
Dorothy Day, (Murphy)	2	2

Mary's Sister and Eliza Dillon distanced.

Time—2:15¼; 2:16¼.

Greb to Box Bartfield Again.

Pittsburgh promoters are angling for a return match between Harry Greb, formerly of Pittsburgh, now attached to Uncle Sam's navy, and Soldier Bartfield, the Brooklyn middleweight. It is planned to stage a contest between these boxers for ten rounds at Forbes Field, Pittsburgh, if satisfactory terms can be agreed on by the representatives of the fighters.

SUNNY SLOPE AGAIN IN VAN AT BELMONT

New Contender for Three-Year-Old Honors Handily Defeats Motor Cop at a Mile.

William Martin's Sunny Slope firmly established himself as a serious contender for three-year-old honors over the mile route when he easily disposed of Motor Cop in the Jerome Handicap at Belmont Park yesterday. The victory over the winner of the Withers was the more remarkable because Sunny Slope was an added starter, his name only being put on the board after it was determined that he had suffered no ill effects in scoring handily over Eyelid and Hollister in the Autumn Handicap on Monday.

It takes a good horse to win races in first-class company on successive days, and Sunny Slope proved himself one. He had to pick up a five-pound penalty for his success on Monday, which brought his impost up to 120 pounds, only three pounds less than Motor Cop carried. The latter had won his races at this distance with such ease that with Loftus in the saddle he was made an odds on choice, but there was plenty of support for Sunny Slope.

Loftus evidently had received waiting instructions, for though Motor Cop was off in front he allowed Sunny Slope to take the lead in the middle of the back stretch, and the son of Astronomer was rated along in the van thereafter. Loftus did not make a move on the favorite until entering the stretch and he partially closed up the gap of two lengths before Callahan called on Sunny Slope for his extreme speed. Loftus's whipping finish was of no avail thereafter, for Sunny Slope moved away freely and was pulled up near the finish to win handily by two lengths.

Morton L. Schwartz gained double brackets, winning the steeplechase with Crest Hill and then scoring with Flyaway in the very next race, a five-and-a-half-furlong dash for two-year-olds. The fields were small but puzzling, as only one of the favorites won.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For Rockaway Handicap, for all ages, by subscription of $10 each, with $700 added; six and a half furlongs, main course. Time—1:19 2-5.

Columbine, G. D. Widener's ch. f., 4 years, 109 pounds, by Garry Herrmann-Navarre's Hope, 5 to 1, 2 to 1, and 4 to 5, (F. Robinson) 1½

*Regal Lodge, S. C. Hildreth's b. c., 3, 107½, by Beppo-Oriani, 4 to 5 and 1 to 3, (G. Walls) 2½

Top o' th' Morning, W. C. Weant's ch. g., 6, 122, by Pep o' Day-Lady Balgowan, 2 to 5, third, (W. Knapp) 3

Corn Tassel, *Poacher, and John I. Day also ran.

*Coupled as S. C. Hildreth entry.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase, selling, for 4-year-olds and upward, by subscription of $5 each, with $700 added; about two miles. Time—4:13 1-5.

Crest Hill, Morton L. Schwartz's b. g., 6 years, 141 pounds, by Simmons-Alice Darden, 16 to 5, 3 to 5, and out, (H. Crawford) 1½

Syosset, Greentree Stable's b. g., aged, 147, by Migraine-Sister Stella, out for place, (V. Powers) 2

Rideet, Triple Spring Farm's b. g., 6, 136, by Red Fox II.-Destitute, out for third, (J. Rowan) 3

Kilwinning also ran.

THIRD RACE—For 2-year-olds, selling, by subscription of $5 each, with $600 added; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:06 3-5.

Flyaway, Morton L. Schwartz's ch. f., 111 pounds, by King William-Wild Wings, 2 to 5 and out, (J. Hanover) 1

Madam Byng, W. P. Orr's b. f., 109, by Jack Atkin-Dentifrice, 3 to 5 and out, (A. Collins) 2

Far Beyond, J. E. Madden's b. f., 99, by Star Shoot-Little Buttercup, out for third, (G. Preece, Jr.) 3

Cafeteria and Nanette Flack also ran. Earlocker scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—The Jerome Handicap, for 3-year-olds, by subscription of $25 each, starters to pay $50 additional, with $1,500 added; one mile. Time—1:38 2-5.

*Sunny Slope, William Martin's ch. c., 120 pounds, by Astronomer-Neva, 3 to 2 and out, (J. Callahan) 1

Motor Cop, A. K. Macomber's b. c., 123, by Uncle-Xarco, out for place, (J. Loftus) 2

Lady Gertrude, F. Ilsemann's br. f., 108, by Meddler or Fritz Herbert-Lady Winifred, out for third, (L. Lyke) 3

Only three starters. Papp and Tippity Witchet scratched. *Added starter.

FIFTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $700; one mile and a quarter. Time—2:08 1-5.

Woodthrush, R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, b. c., 3 years, 96 pounds, by Olambala-L'Alouette, 10 to 1, 5 to 1, and 6 to 5, (Q. Preece) 1½

Deckmate, S. C. Hildreth's br. c., 4, 105, by Hastings-Dragnet, even and 2 to 5, (G. Preece, Jr.) 2¾

Conduit, J. F. Cobb's br. f., 4, 110, by The White Knight-Chute, 1 to 4, third, (J. Loftus) 3

Judge Wingfield and Ellison also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden 2-year-old fillies, purse $600; five and a half furlongs, straight. Time—1:05 3-5.

Merry Princess, P. A. Clark's b. f., 115 pounds, by Spanish Prince-Merriment II., 16 to 5, 6 to 5, and 3 to 5, (L. Enger) 1½

Minuet, R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, b. f., 115, by Olambala-Fantasque, 6 to 5 and 1 to 3, (F. Robinson) 2½

Maggie Maitland, J. E. Madden's b. f., 115, by Star Shoot-Our Lassie, 8 to 5, third, (W. Knapp) 3

Catspaw, Bradamante, Antoinette, Antique, Stiletto, and Landlady also ran. Sledmere and Scrub Lady scratched.

Weather, clear; track, fast.

BELMONT PARK ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming; six and a half furlongs, main course. The Dension, 122 pounds; Sorcerer II., (imp.,) 115; Defense, 112; Perseus, 112; Melora, 109; *Miss Fannie, 107; Currency, 105; Poor Butterfly, 105; William Humphrey, 105; Everest, 105; Lady Vard, 102; June Dug, 102; *Adele, 100; *Whippoorwill, 100; *Miss Bryn, 97.

SECOND RACE.—For maiden three-year-olds and upward; conditions; one mile. Magnetite, 115 pounds; Gloriola, 115; Mose (imp.,) 115; Grouse, 113; No Lawn, 115; Phalaris, (imp.,) 115.

THIRD RACE.—The Locust Valley Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Wise Man, 117 pounds; Smart Money, 115; Wyoming, 108; Irregular, 106; Game Cock, 95; The Banshee II., (imp.,) 95.

FOURTH RACE.—The Mineola Selling Stakes, for two-year-olds; six furlongs, straight. Questionnaire, 122 pounds; Lion d'Or, 112; Court Jester II., 108; Blairgowrie, 108; Aunt Dinah, 107; *Osgood, 105; Uncle's Lassie, 102; Thistledon, 102; Roi Craig, (imp.,) 102.

FIFTH RACE.—The Brentwood Handicap, for two-year-olds and upward; one mile. Stromboli, 128 pounds; Peter Piper, (imp.,) 110; Walnut Hull, (imp.,) 107; Jane Frances, 102; Brooks, 100; Rhine Maiden, 98; Berlin, 90.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-olds, conditions; five and a half furlongs, straight. Lion d'Or, 113 pounds; Purchase, 113; Ophelia, 110; Roi Craig, (imp.,) 108.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

SANFORD TO SELL HORSES.

Amsterdam Owner Will Retire from Racing During the War.

Turfmen were surprised yesterday by the announcement that John Sanford had decided to sell the thoroughbreds in training, as well as the yearlings at his Hurricania Stud at Amsterdam, N. Y. The breeding establishment, which was founded by his father, the late General Stephen Sanford, will be maintained, and the friends of Mr. Sanford were unanimous in the opinion that he would return to active participation in racing as soon as the war is over.

The yearlings will be sold on Friday evening, Sept. 13, while the horses in training will be disposed of in the paddock at Belmont Park on Futurity Day. Mr. Sanford has been a large purchaser of blooded stock, both at home and abroad, for a number of years, and he has some of the best racing strains in the world in the animals which will be offered at auction.

Last Call for A. A. U. Dues.

Announcement was made yesterday Association A. A. U. that Friday would be the last day of grace for local athletic clubs to pay the annual dues to the organization. This date is ten days in advance of the Metropolitan Association meeting.

Boxing Bouts at Yacht Club.

The Bensonhurst Yacht Club of Brooklyn has received a sanction to promote an amateur boxing tournament at its quarters Sept. 17 and 19. The classes listed for competition are 110, 118, 128, and 138 pounds, and it is likely that there will be at least one special bout between topnotch amateurs.

SOX AND CUBS FIT FOR WORLD SERIES

Both Confident of Victory on Eve of Opening Game at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Sept. 3.—A cloudless sky, with a bracing wind sweeping out of the northeast, is the weather forecast for the opening game of the wartime world's series between the Chicago Nationals and Boston Americans at Comiskey Park tomorrow afternoon. Everything is set tonight for the initial combat. Each team is supremely confident of eventual triumph, and the players are in perfect physical condition.

Manager Mitchell of the National League champions put his players through an hour of batting drill at Comiskey Park this afternoon, and ende the practice with a spirited fielding workout. The players limbered up in dashing form, and Mitchell left the field satisfied they were ready for the series.

The Red Sox, however, reached Chicago from the East too late to engage in practice, and Manager Barrow sent his players early to bed. The American League pennant winners are quartered at a hotel within a short distance of the baseball park and may take a brief workout to loosen up their muscles tomorrow morning.

While neither of the rival leaders would announce for publication the pitcher selected for the opening game, the Chicago pilot said he expected to start a left-hander—either Vaughn or Tyler.

"Vaughn and Tyler will both warm up," Mitchell said, "and the one that appears to be in the better shape will be selected. Killifer will do the catching, so I am certain to have a strong battery. Naturally, I feel confident the Cubs will win the series. I base my conclusion on the fact that we have the better ball club."

Manager Barrow declined to give any hint in regard to his probable pitching selection, but bleacherites guessed that "Bullet Joe" Bush would be chosen, with second choice falling to "Babe" Ruth.

"The best thing I can say is that the Red Sox are ready for a fight, and I, of course, feel certain that we shall bag the championship," Barrow said. "I realize that we are playing a wonderful team. The games, I think, will be close and will arouse more interest than is expected."

Fred Thomas, former third baseman of the Boston team, was granted a two weeks' furlough from the Great Lakes Naval Training School today, which will permit him to participate in the world's series.

Interest in the series has not proved one-half as great as in former years, and there will be no protest that tickets have fallen into the hands of the scalpers, which was the cry last year, when the White Sox and Giants clashed.

Despite the apparent lack of interest, officials of the Chicago Nationals expect a capacity crowd—approximately 30,000—when the game is started tomorrow. Walter Craighead, business manager of the club, referred to the fact that there were more than 300,000 applications for seats to the 1917 games, with but 30,000 available.

"There certainly is one-tenth as much interest in the games this year," he said.

GUTH LEADS GOLFING FIELD.

Net Card of 70 Is Best in Newspapermen's Handicap.

Qualifying rounds in both the club championship and the tournament for the September cup of the New York Newspaper Golf Club were decided coincidentally over the Van Cortlandt links yesterday. The competition for the September trophy is on a handicap basis, and in this event M. Guth led with a card of 98, 28–70. T. R. Grimler returned the best gross score of the day, an 83. War Savings Stamps were given as prizes. The pairings for the first match round in the club championship were as follows:

Grimler vs. Davis, Scollard vs. Laux, Dailey vs. Wood, Gabest vs. Zimmerman, Pope vs. Roth, Guth vs. Campbell, Hall vs. Nowlan, Perez vs. Ruhlander.

The scores of the qualifiers were as follows:

M. Guth, 98, 28—70; T. R. Grimler, 83, 12—71; Frank P. Nowlan, 88, 17—71; W. P. Wood, 86, 15—71; Charles Gebest, 92, 19—73; Peter L. Campbell, 94, 20—74; H. Perez, 89, 15—74; Leo Zimmermann, 93, 19—74; A. P. Roth, 87, 12—75; Charles Laux, 94, 17—77; C. A. Dailey, 100, 23—77; Charles Scollard, 99, 21—78; David Hall, 93, 14—79; Frank Pope, 92, 12—80; F. B. Davis, 96, 16—80; Robert Ruhlander, 103, 20—83.

America's Finest Thoroughbreds at America's Finest Race Course

RACING TO-DAY

AT BEAUTIFUL

BELMONT PARK

$2,000 Mineola Stakes

Locust Valley Handicap Brentwood Handicap

AND 3 OTHER STERLING CONTESTS—BEGINNING AT 2:30 P. M.

Special Race Trains leave Penn. Station, 33rd St. and 7th Ave., also Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, at 12:30 and at intervals up to 1:55 P. M. Also reached by trolley.

Special Car Reserved for Ladies on all Race Trains.

GRAND STAND AND PADDOCK, $8.30. LADIES, $1.65, Including War Tax.

"Don't tell me your cigar smoking is costing you more every day! Of course it does—everything does.

"You're like the fellow who said he couldn't pass through the doorway because his hat would strike the top of the framework.

"Well, take off *your* hat to the Piccadilly Little Cigar, and be thankful I told you about it.

"If you want to economize in your smoking; if you like and feel you must have the fragrant Havana flavor, buy a box of Piccadilly Little Cigars.

"These are the days to save; but how rarely can one save without sacrifice! Smoking the Piccadilly in lieu of big, costly cigars is one of the rare cases.

"Buy a box today; why defer the pleasure and profit?"

Stop That Waste!

Laid aside to answer the 'phone and then relighted—it was thrown away because it had lost its taste and aroma

10 for 12c

Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co.

Don't be disturbed by everything you read in the newspapers, even though there may be a temptation in some quarters to reduce standards, as evidenced by the following news item appearing in yesterday's Sun:

Some Clothing Makers Slighting Their Wares

SOME manufacturers of clothing are taking advantage of war conditions and slighting workmanship, according to one buyer of large quantities of clothing. And not only is this circumstance making it hard for the retail clothier, he said, but high prices and poor merchandise also enter into the equation.

"Formerly when I bought clothing I was able to work up a considerable amount of enthusiasm over my wares," he stated, "and I was able to instil that enthusiasm into my salesmen, but there is nothing to enthuse over in the goods we are getting now. Every time I sell a suit of clothes I feel like a gold brick salesman, because I know that the value isn't there."

No such condition here. Exactly the same high quality as before the war. The finest fabrics. The highest type of tailoring.

Easy to vouch for because we make all our own clothes.

"The best is the cheapest in the end."

School and college outfits now ready.

(Open from 8 to 6)

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "The Four Corners" | Broadway at 34th St.

Broadway at Warren | | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

WORLD SERIES

BASEBALL GAMES

CHICAGO VS. BOSTON

Madison Square Garden

COMMENCING TO-DAY, 1 P. M.

And every day the teams play thereafter ON THE WONDERFUL COLEMAN LIFELIKE BASEBALL PLAYER.

DOORS OPEN 1 P. M. Adm. 25c-50c BRING THE LADIES.

DIRECT WIRE TO THE GAME. ARMY & NAVY MEN HALF PRICE.

DODGE BROTHERS

BUSINESS CAR

All business men realize better than ever before that they must supply their own transportation.

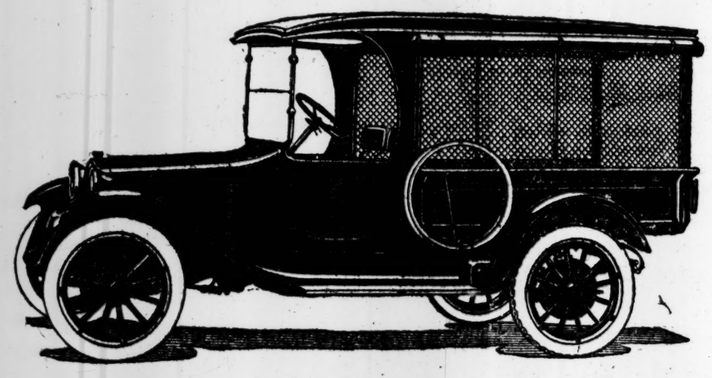
Dodge Brothers business car answers this need in a most striking and impressive way.

It will pay you to visit us and examine this car.

The haulage cost is unusually low.

COLT-STRATTON COMPANY

Commercial Car Dept., 109 West 64th St. Tel. COLUMBUS 7100



Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.

Smart High Russet Shoes at $4.85

With Rubber Heels

Russet Cordovan $7.00

Black Vici Kid Wide Toe Shoes $5.00

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BEADS Wanted.—Imitation pearl strings; pay cash. Universal Bead Co., 3 E. 17th.

BEAVER, Salt's, Wanted.—8160 and Hudson seal plush. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th. Farragut 4680.

BLANKET CLOTH Wanted.—Beacon and Whitman, in large quantities. O 143 Times.

BURELLA DELHI Wanted.—All shades, for cash. Rosh & Mayers, 1,178 Broadway.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted.—Manufacturers and contractors take notice: We are in the market for $50,000 worth of coats, suits and dresses, in jobs of better grades only; quantity and cash no object. Apply Kruger's, 38 West 26th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobbers buying lots, also placing orders for second line. Call 4th floor, rear elevators, 151 West 28th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on new models in misses' and ladies' coats; 45 West 27th St., 5th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on better grade of coats and suits. 48 to 54 West 25th, 8th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Open for 1,000 girls' coats; will pay cash; call with samples. 36 West 20th St., 7th floor.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted.—High grade, for cash. Gottdiener, Franklin 4133.

COATS, Suits Wanted.—Last Spring, for spot cash. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS, Suits and Dresses Wanted.—Better grade; jobs; cash. Chelsea 8029.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking all week. Room 804, 27 West 24th St.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—32-inch gingham, 36-inch black sateen, muslins, percales; samples requested. The Denver Maid Garment Co., Denver, Col.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Quantity 3 threads, all colors. Schlang & Co., 151 West 26th.

CRYSTAL CORD Wanted.—Holden Leonard, Fall shades, any quantity, for cash. Telephone Greeley 2137.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber is ready to place stock orders on high-grade satin and serge dresses. Chic Dress & Costume Co., 220 5th Av., 13th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Prominent jobber wants popular-priced serge dresses; looking all week. Model Dress & Costume Co., 1,190 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted. — Jobber placing orders on snappy, chic styles; submit samples 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., 1,122 Broadway, Room 205.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for jobs satin, jerseys, and serge dresses. Spiro Kutner, 270 5th Av.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Skirts, waists Wanted.—Better grade, cash. National, 4343 Franklin.

DRESSES Wanted.—Any quantity for spot cash; satins, jerseys, serges. Farragut 8154.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—F. & H. black Duvet de Laine. Madison Square 6466.

GABARDINE (Acme) Wanted.—Navy and black; exchange for brown rookie or burgundy. Chelsea 7090.

GARBARDINE Wanted.—Navy blue and wine cotton; 5th floor, 151 West 19th.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—100 pieces for cash, white, plush, navy, brown, taupe, and bisque. Abe Garfiel, 248 West 23d St.

GEORGETTES AND SATINS Wanted.—Call with samples. M. Weisman & Sons, 118 West 22d St.

HUDSON BAY Wanted.—Blumenthal's. Madison Square 3564.

JAP SILKS Wanted.—Large quantity of Jap silks on spot cash basis; 4¼, 4½, 4¾ and 5 mummie. X 317 Times Annex.

JERSEYS Wanted.—Open for lightweight wool jerseys; all colors; will pay cash on delivery. Abraham Lustgarten, 8-10 West 19th St.

JERSEY Wanted.—14 and 16 ounce rookie. Telephone Williamsburg 89.

JERSEY Wanted.—Will pay spot cash. Adelson & Weinberg, 5 West 31st St.

JERSEYS Wanted in all colors. Phone or call. Redfern Costume Co.

MERCHANDISE Wanted.—F. O. Watson Co., Atlanta, Ga., will be, Thursday, Sept. 5, from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. at his N. Y. office, 467 Broadway, Room 112A, wants for his various stores jobbing and basement departments outing gowns and petticoats, child's gingham dresses, shirt waists; must be low priced.

NAINSOOKS Wanted.—Light weight. U. S. Textile, Gramercy 4356.

OVERCOATS Wanted.—Open for a couple of hundred nice, snappy men's overcoats, in ready-made; also overcoatings by the yard. Apply Louis United Tailors, 38 West 26th St., fifth floor.

POM POM Wanted.—American, 1207 size, Fall shades; any quantity; must be cheap. Telephone Greeley 2137.

POM POM Wanted.—12075, in all colors, $2.75 net cash. Chelsea 5183.

POM POM Wanted—12075; Burgundy, reindeer, taupe. Farragut 2477.

POPLIN Wanted.—Open to buy American poplin; also American velour 0360 and 032 in all colors, for spot cash. Blaustein, Lesser & Baum, 279 5th Av. Madison Sq. 5153.

POPLIN Wanted.—Will exchange any shade of American poplin for brown, Lieberman & Dors, Farragut 2930.

POPLINS Wanted.—767, 774, or C. P. L. in brown at a price. Farragut 2541.

POPLIN Wanted.—Stevens or American; all shades. Chelsea 1070.

POPLINS Wanted.—774, 767 or similar; all colors. Kantor, Gram. 6199.

SATIN Wanted.—Cotton back; open for 10,000 yards white and light colors. Stern Publishing and Novelty Co., 149 West 36th. Greeley 2906.

SERGES Wanted.—For spot cash; V. F. L. $1.35; M. F. L., at $1.50; W. F. X., $1.75; F. B. G. L., 95c.; 54289, $1.85; 11433, $2.25; 7129, $1.95; state quantities and colors. Box A 273 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman 104 or Botany 11433, 25 navy, 10 black; will pay $2.25 cash. Call Madison Square 4218.

SERGE Wanted.—Botany 11433, navy, 100 pieces; spot cash on delivery. Marion Dress Co., 2-16 West 33d St.

SERGE Wanted.—Will pay $2.25 cash for quantity of 104 or 11433 serge. The McQueen Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

SERGES Wanted.—54289 or 7120; 50 pieces navy; also black meteor Eagle 684. Louis Bernstein, 19 West 24th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Spot cash; large quantities; want 11433 at $2.35; 54289, 949. Phone 5485 Riverside.

SERGES Wanted.—54289 navy; open for large quantity. Shapero, Lewis & Co., 150 Madison Av. Madison Square 5706.

SERGES, Velours, Broadcloth Wanted.—Buy everything; pay cash. Marks, 80 5th Av. Chelsea 9192.

SERGES Wanted.—9, 99, 104, 235, 838, 1464, 800, 0036, 9302, 8200? pay cash. Madison Square 3768.

SERGES Wanted.—09070, 0234, S. B. G. L., and 0360 navy and Botany velour. Gramercy 1807.

SERGES Wanted.—9, black and navy, 774 poplin, black and navy. Max Stahl, 315 4th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 54249, Columbia broadcloth. Charles Kafka, 24 West 27th.

SERGE Wanted.—0209, 211; cash. Call between 9-12, Gramercy 4847. Call Davidson.

SERGES Wanted.—Men's wear; black, navy; poplins, all colors. Farragut 3176.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, poplin, 767, for cash. Madison Square 7559.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity, 54289, 7120, 11433, 528. Mad. Sq. 6172.

SILKS Wanted.—Open to buy silk remnants and light shades of taffeta, for which we pay cash. Besser, 456 4th Av. M. S. 4941.

SILKS Wanted.—Open to buy any quantity of discontinued lines in silks for cash. Besser, 456 4th Av. Madison Square 4941.

SILK Wanted and Susquehanna poplin, high luster, for cash. Mad. Square 2511.

SILKS Wanted.—Open to buy silks of all descriptions. Madison Square 377.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Also Bochmann's Normandy coatings. Rosenhain, 32 East 23d St.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Delphine, Pekin, burgundy, taupe; also broadcloth. Mad. Sq. 10170.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Can use all colors, will pay $3.75 net cash. Chelsea 5183.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades. Flapper Coats, Inc., 105-107 East 29th.

SKIRTS, Dresses Wanted.—Silks, serges, ginghams, wash; cash. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

TAFFETA OR MESSALINE Wanted.—40,000 yards, for cash; colors, plum, gray, navy, and black; bring samples. Call L. M. Bloch & Bro., 116 West 29th St.

VELOUR Wanted.—Open to buy heavyweight velour at a price for cash; any shade. Matchless Cloak Co., 54 East 13th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—F. & H., all colors; also duvet de laines. Mad. Sq. 5825.

VELOURS Wanted.—American, 0360, all colors, at $2.75 net cash. Chelsea 5183.

VELOURS Wanted.—Brown, navy, reindeer, and botany velours. Gramercy 1432.

VELOUR Wanted.—Pekin 0360 or similar make; must be low price. Greeley 6172.

VELOUR Wanted.—0360, all colors; must be reasonable; 2040 Madison Square.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360 or similar, black, brown and navy. Greeley 5186.

VELOUR Wanted.—Poplins, Silvertones, serges; cash. Gramercy 1899.

VELOUR Wanted. — Good quality navy. Chelsea 4571.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Juilliard's 663 cotton serges, 36-inch, 90010. Stuy. 7850.

VENETIANS Wanted.—32 and 36-inch black and colors for spot cash. I. S. Bierman, 303 5th Av.

VENETIANS Wanted.—Colors. Wilson Mfg. Co., 127 Madison Av.

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

VOILES Wanted.—Open for quantity of white organdie and white fancy striped voiles; cash. Astoria Textile, 220 5th Av.

WAISTS Wanted.—Jobs cotton and silk waists. Maison Blanche, 120 West 32d St.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Grey vigoreux, all wool and cotton warp 1554 and 1054 and other makes; also coverts, Pacific C. V. R. L. or Lorraine 0721, all worsted, 50 and 54 inches, all shades. Wachusett Mills, 242 4th Av., 8th floor.

WOOLENS Wanted for cash.—90310, 7301, 7120; T. P. L., 767, 774, 554, 130009; S. B. G. L. 1210; must be cheap. Farragut 5886.

WOOLEN Wanted.—Will exchange 54289 Burgundy, plum, green, brown and taupe for 54289 navy. S. Simon Co., 137 West 27th.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted for dresses; cash paid for navy, mauve, khaki, brown. Cohen & Sons, 6 West 32d.

YLAMA CLOTH Wanted.—Botany, all shades, for cash; also 0360. Chelsea 3465.

$100 REWARD.

A reward of $100 will be paid by The New York Times for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person publishing an advertisement in The Times containing false or misleading information.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BEAVER.—Sidney Blumenthal's Furmoss and Salts beaver plush to close out at reasonable prices. Call Farragut 6264.

BROADCLOTHS, F. & H. plum; lightweight velours, plum, taupe; pom pom 12075; all kinds of serges and poplins. 9406 Farragut.

BROADCLOTH. — Botany, black, navy, $3.174; Venetian, all colors, 0360, 11433. Gramercy 845.

BROADCLOTHS. — Botany, taupe, brown, and other desirable shades, $3.35. Madison Square 1520.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany, 315, also velours, serges, poplins and Panamas. Stuyvesant 3235.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H. botany; also velours, duvet de laine. Farr. 5759.

BROADCLOTH.—Columbia; all shades. Madison Square 7950.

CHEVIOT.—¾ cheviot in navy, similar to Newhouse 114, below market price; no phone calls. Abanauer & Arntein, Inc., 136 Madison Av., New York City.

CHIFFON VELVET.—High shade, 42 silk back. Madison Square 7950.

CLOAKINGS.—Flugler ¾, 1500, Oxford shades; sell reasonable. Mad. Sq. 2094.

COATEES AND STOLES.—Plushes, kerami, Sabring seal, and all fur effects; we are headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 W. 29th.

COATINGS.—¾ goods, Flugler's 24-5. Madison Square 2195.

COATS.—Exceptional values, three leading styles, velour, fur and plush trimmed, $13.50. Alex Kogut, 120 West 22d.

COATS.—1,000 silk and cotton plush, also velour; ready for immediate delivery. Ulin Bros., 34 East 12th St.

COATS.—200 coats and suits of the better grade, to close out at sacrifice. M. Bilsky, 1,170 Broadway. Room 600.

COATS.—Wonderful pom pom coats, all lined, 48 inches long, all colors, $16.75. Cohen & Edelman, 35 West 31st.

COATS.—1,000 wool velours, assorted styles, 4 to 14, $3.75 and $4.75. Nivel, 151 W. 36th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Stouts, at popular prices. Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

COATS, Suits, Waists, Dresses, Skirts.—Best styles, cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—200 new Fall style coats, at big reduction. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS, job, $6 and higher. Rineberg, 41 West 25th St.

COTTON GOODS.—Good assortment, plain and striped Jap crepe, Anderson gingham, plaid and stripes; Renfrew serge, plaids; also large variety of different classes of materials; spot delivery prices below market. Call Mr. Schwartz, Farragut 148, extension 7.

COTTON GOODS.—Lawrence & Co. Pacific foulards and Watteau taffetas; also black and flowered sateens; large quantities for jobbers, manufacturers, and exporters, below market. Greenwald Co., 1,261 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS.—If interested in spot or future goods, get our latest price list. Calbro Mills, 546 Broadway.

COTTON PLUSHES.—Collins's and Arkman's, 171, 172, 503x, and Rollinson's Victoria and Regal. S 130 Times.

DRESSES.—Beautiful models in high-grade satins and serges at prices that can't be duplicated, for immediate delivery. Klif Dress Co., 3 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Big stock of serge dresses, to close out, also jersey dresses for immediate delivery. The London Apparel Co., 22 West 15th St.

DRESSES, satin, serge, and georgette combination dresses for immediate delivery; special values. Elite Dress Co., 126 West 34th.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values in satin, serges, jerseys, from $6.50 to $10.75; immediate delivery. Loeb Mussbaum, 31 West 26th.

DRESSES.—500 dresses for immediate delivery, tricolette, satin, serges, jerseys, at a low price. 12 West 17th, 8th floor. 4776 Chelsea.

DRESSES.—Special offering in 2,000 silk, taffeta, satin, and serge; snappy styles. Kirschner & Bosniak, 20 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Wool jersey, serge, satin; snappy styles; popular prices. Vendome Costume Co., 142 West 24th St.

DRESSES.—1,000 taffeta and beaded Georgette, to close out; large size in all materials. Princess, 19 West 24th St.

DRESSES.—The very newest wool jersey, also all-wool French serge; special, $8.90 to $15. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Serges, satins, jerseys, velvets; styles, values unsurpassed. Deutsch, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES.—200 better stylish serges and satins; big reduction. Emanuel, 43 W. 27th.

DRESSES.—See our $8.75 all-wool French serge dresses. Queen, 149 West 36th.

DRESSES.—200 cotton serges to close out at a price. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 28th.

DRESSES.—Taffetas, satins, and serges to close out. Queen, 149 West 36th.

DRESSES.—See our all-wool serge dresses at $7.75. Nivel, 151 West 36th.

DRESSES.—150 satin dresses at a big sacrifice. Hoffman Bros., 65 4th Av.

DRESSES.—Satin dresses, cheap for cash. Room 1015, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES.—200 silk dresses, to close out. 3d floor, 1 East 27th.

DUVET DE LAINE, Silvertone, Velours, Broadcloth, Poplins and Duotone. Farragut 3553.

DUVET DE LAINE.—F. & H. $3.60; Yalama $3.40. Madison Square 1520.

FURS.—Kitt collars, large, $1.50; immediate delivery; other collars. Birnbaum, 48 West 24th.

JERSEY DRESSES.—In all colors and sizes, for immediate delivery. Redfern Costume Company, 22 West 27th St. Chelsea 9350.

JERSEY heavyweight heather blue, 4 pieces; heather green, 1 piece; khaki, 1 piece, $3.75 net. Krause, Mad. Sq. 8724.

JERSEY CLOTH, all wool navy, for immediate delivery. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

KERSEYS.—Will sell Juilliards 110, all colors, $3.40. Madison Square 1520.

KITTEN EAR.—Juilliard 2085. Madison Sq. 7950.

KNEE PANTS, assorted corduroys and fine worsteds, closing out. Mehlman, 739 Broadway.

MERCERIZED CORD, 3,500 yards, white. Phone Canal 1783

MERCHANDISE.—Drafted, must sell small stock of hosiery, waists, pearl buttons, &c.; also entire pieces of woolen goods. Ehrens, 1,170 Broadway, Room 405.

OXFORDS, Serges, Velours, Poplins, &c., to cutting-up trade; all leading numbers. Evans Brothers, 404 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 202.

OXFORD 504, Lauser's, $2 net. Farragut 6370.

PETTICOATS of sateen and cotton taffeta; large quantities for jobbers below market. Greenwald Petticoat Co., 1,261 Broadway.

POM POM 0816, close out, 2 brown, ½ taupe, ½ gold, 2 green, all $4.75. Madison Square 1520.

POPLINS AND SERGES, Meyer & Joelsch 777, Saxonia 949, Brightwood 4768, Scotia, all wool and cotton warp 54280, 528, 7002. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th Av. Gramercy 1980.

POPLINS.—8158 Amoskeag all wool poplin, navy only, $2.40, and Dobson poplin, $2.25. Phone Farragut 9146.

POPLINS, VELOURS.—American, 06077, 0360; Stevens, 3866, 4231, also Oxfords. Gramercy 2991.

SERGE.—Pacific 54-inch S. B. G. L., 8 navy, 5 black, 3 copen, 8 brown; will sell all at $1.05 net; also C. S. G., navy alone at 70c. Farragut 9076.

SERGES.—54289, $2.15 net cash, (original;) 11433, 94, 104, largest stock in city. 4765 Vanderbilt; (want 940.)

SERGES.—54280; have 50 pieces navy, original tickets; will sell for $2.35 on 3 months' terms. Madison Square 376.

SERGES.—Largest stock in New York; 54280 at $2.15; 11433, 104, 94. Phone 4765 Vanderbilt.

SERGES.—6122, $2; 6120, $2.15; 7122, $2.15, net 70. Spitzer, Madison Square 1872.

SERGES, poplins, 7008, 7302, 3700, 6234, 4632, 6009, 4866; long terms. 9407 Farragut.

SERGES, 1464, 6234, 11433, 519, 7120; others. Tovim & Meyers, 1,170 Broadway.

SERGES.—Whitman's, 104; 11 gera mills, 9056. Telephone 9393 Mad. Sq.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

REPPS.—5,000 yards pink, white, blue, good heavy quality, 24c. net cash. W 308 Times.

SERGES, all shades, 54289, 104, 528, 7120, 1464, Gera 7008, 10453, 10707, Broadhead 500, 8000, Whitman's 774; also Panamas, poplins, velours, kerseys, broadcloths, and big variety fancy skirtings, plaids, stripes, and checks. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—6002, 6301, 7361, 94, S. 0614, 7614, 711, 1209, 6061, 6122, 760, 54289, 9056, 7512, 7120 528, 5110, 104, 99, S. 11435, 1464, 809, 0036, 925, 235, 6709½, 774, 767, 09077, 90610. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Spring 6311-6312.

SERGES.—F. S. N.; W. F.; W. F. T.; C. S.; T. F. S.; R. W. P. Prunella; poplin Lorraine, 40 inch, 3674, in all shades, original tickets, at least 200 pieces of each. Phone 1529 Gramercy.

SERGES.—09070, 0609, 0696, 835, 896, 3850, 1288, 9058, 54289, C. S., C. S., 1210, T. P. S. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d. Phone Gramercy 2991-2.

SERGES.—11433, 0656, 838; also poplin. Farr. 5759.

SILKS of every description for the dress, waist, underwear, and retail trade, for immediate delivery; buyers are invited to call at our show room; prices are right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILK.—Fancy poplin linings, to close out. Madison Square 7950.

SILVERTONES.—Close out cheap Andrews Brown, Holden Leonard, burgundy. Madison Square 1520.

SILVERTONES.—All colors, for immediate delivery. Phone Madison Square 9087.

SNAP FASTENERS.—Bulk, carded; five sizes rolled edge, black and white. O 202 Times.

SUITS.—American Woolen Co.'s all wool poplin suits, nicely trimmed, $13.75; big stock of coats, suits, and dresses for immediate delivery. Abraham Lustgarten, 8-10 West 19th St.

SUITS AND COATS of the better grade for immediate delivery at lowest prices. Gittelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 24th St.

SUITS AND COATS, (200,) close out cheap. Berman, 1,170 Broadway, Room 407.

THIBETS, 100 pieces, 49-1 Bachman's lower than market price. 7879 Stuyvesant.

VELOURS, Stevens 4261, American 0360, all shades; $3.25 net. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Spring 6311-6312.

VELOUR.—50 pieces black, all wool, $2.25; botany, broadcloth, 385; good assortment, cheap. Madison Square 7559.

VELOURS, Kerseys. — Amer., Wyandotte, Stoney, Baruch Wolff's Ottaquatchee; low prices. Farr. 2357.

VELOUR.—Gera 50803, heavyweight; Pekin, taupe, reindeer, and Burgundy. Chelsea 7834.

VELOUR.—American 032, taupe, Burgundy, very reasonable. Chelsea 7834.

VELOURS. — American 0360-032 burgundy and taupe. Telephone Spring 606.

VELVETEEN.—Twill back, 27-inch, Worrall dye, in all colors, for immediate delivery. Hyman Bauman & Co., 93 5th Av.

VELVETEENS.—22-inch domestic, green, navy, vine and brown, 10,000 yards. Chelsea 1113.

VELVETEEN. — 27-inch, Burgundy, green, navy, about 1,000 yards, cheap. Chelsea 9955.

VELVETEENS.—36-inch Julilliards, quality 660, cheap. Madison Square 9656.

VENETIANS. — 32-inch imported black Marquise Eclatat, 36-inch blacks, all below market price. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 Fourth Av. Gramercy 1989.

WASH SKIRTS.—Mostly gabardines; will close out 300 dozen at 50 per cent. below market price; excellent buy for jobber, manufacturer, exporter. 60 5th Av., 7th floor. Stuyvesant 4239.

WOOL JERSEY KHAKI.—Heavy weight, for misses' cloaks, women's army coats; taking manufacturing orders. Becker. Phone Gramercy 1240.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS wanted on children's dresses; will place large orders and furnish our own materials; address, stating number of machines and whether cutting is done on premises, &c. A 309 Times.

CONTRACTORS wanted on silk and serge dresses. Call before 1 o'clock with samples, 15 East 26th, sixth floor.

DRESSES.—Contractors wanted to work on stout serges; big business. Gramercy 4834.

Allied Industries.

FLAGS to close out; also fields. N. Sachs, 32 West 29th St. Phone Farragut 417.

HANGERS.—10,000. Madison Square 5464.

JIG SAW, exhaust, lower sundry machinery, and dies; all in good condition; no reasonable offer refused. Jersey Button Works, 134 West 26th.

RAINCOAT plant wanted, manufacturer open to purchase complete, suitable plant, will also take over lease; state full particulars. A 310 Times.

UNIVERSAL DISPLAY FIXTURE, must be 58 inches wide. Phone Canal 1783.

Help Wanted.

MAN.—To handle sample department; will pay substantial salary to one with experience; exceptional opportunity. Call or write, M. Ascher Silk Corporation, 102 Madison Av.

SALESMEN.—2 experienced shoe salesmen wanted; highest salary paid. Rosenbach Co., 10 West 23d St.

$100 REWARD.

A reward of $100 will be paid by The New York Times for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person publishing an advertisement in The Times containing false or misleading information.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—6 per cent. for the best names. Saturday—6 per cent. for the best names. The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Bids Were Scarce Yesterday.

Interest apparently was lacking in the public opening of bids for August blankets and three-leaf twills, for Government account, that took place here yesterday, for not only were bids few but the attendance was very limited. Including officials, men in the trade, and reporters, there were barely ten persons in the room when Harry Williams, who presided, began reading the bids. The call for blankets asked for 102,500, the specifications setting their size at 48 by 84 inches and their weight at 8½ to 4½ pounds each. There were only nine bidders, the bids running all the way from $2.40 to $5.50. About 1,700,000 yards of 89-inch 68-76, 6-yard three-leaf twills were wanted by the Government, and bids covering only 900,000 yards were received. There were but three bidders, and only one of these bid a definite price, which was 21½ cents. The other bidders specified the Government maximum price at time of delivery. The goods are wanted for delivery in the last quarter of the year.

***

Gray Goods Very Quiet.

Mills drew their horns in tighter than ever in the local gray goods market yesterday following the sharp rise in cotton that, in turn, followed the Government report presaging a marked shrinkage in the current year's crop as compared with earlier reports. Second-hands also paused to get their bearings, with the result that there was very little of interest doing during the day.

***

May Dispose of Claflin Notes.

Holders of Series No. 1 notes of the denomination of $1,000 or less that were issued late in 1914 in payment to creditors of the old H. B. Claflin Company may turn them in if they wish to accept 5 per cent. of their value in cash, as final payment. Announcement to this effect has been made by the Mercantile Stores Corporation, 200 Fifth Avenue. The notes covered 85 per cent. of the total of the original claims, about 40 per cent. of which had been paid before the present offer of the corporation was made. This payment, together with the original 15 per cent. cash settlement, means that the creditors will receive approximately 60 per cent. of their claims if they accept the offer and surrender their notes for a final 5 per cent. settlement. There are more than 1,300 creditors holding Series No. 1 notes, which were for about $7,650,000.

***

Dinner to William Hoar.

The farewell dinner given yesterday noon to William Hoar by the Garment Salesmen's Association, of which he had been President for many years, was attended by about 150 members of the association and their friends. Mr. Hoar, who resigned from the Presidency to take up work in the overseas service of the Y. M. C. A., was visibly overwhelmed by the extent and the unanimity of the tribute paid him on the eve of his departure for the other side. Arthur Lewy, who has been elected to succeed Mr. Hoar as President, acted as toastmaster.

***

Burlap Prices Soften.

Burlap prices continue to ease off slightly as a result of the continued lack of real demand, and yesterday current quotations in the local market were based on the nominal figures of 23 cents for 10½-ounce "40s" and 18¼ cents for 8-ounce goods of the same width. There was very little business stirring. Quotations on the waistcoats were virtually the same as here, being not more than a quarter of a cent under the local nominal figures. The unconfirmed report had it during the day that Calcutta was stronger again in sympathy with a rise of about 40 per cent. in the price of jute. This rise is due to a sharp decline in estimates concerning the present season's crop.

***

Muskrats Will Be Scarce.

From present indications manufacturing furriers are going to face a general shortage of muskrats this Fall, and the situation as to skunks is not much better. Yesterday was closing day for the annual Fall auction of the New York Fur Auction Sales Corporation, and, while the receipts of the general run of skins is understood to be up to the average, a shortage is noted in the two varieties mentioned. The local sale will begin on Monday, Sept. 23, in the Masonic Hall, and show day will be on Sept. 18. A shortage of muskrat and skunk at the St. Louis sale also is presaged by the current report of Funston Brothers & Co. of that city. In part the report says: "Receipts to our sale, which will take place on Oct. 7 and days following, have been very light so far and we recommend heavy shipments of all articles."

***

Ready-to-Wear Trade Picking Up.

As was hoped and even expected, with Labor Day past, business in the women's ready-to-wear industry of this city is becoming more active. Already there seems to be quite a fair sprinkling of buyers in town seeking various numbers to round out their stocks, and the mail brought word of many others who are leaving shortly or who have already left for this market. Thus, with these signs of a revival of interest amounting frequently to actual business, and the practical realization of predictions made not long ago that the second season would be earlier this year, the suggestion of gloom and apathy which prevailed last month is in a fair way to disappear.

***

Buying for Fall Begun.

Though as yet people have only begun to come in from out of town, the larger retail dry goods stores of the city yesterday were more active, it was said, than they have been for some time past. There are some people back from country and seashore who are visiting the stores, and the cooler evenings are serving to remind them and others that things for Fall and Winter will soon be required. There was quite a little business done in the women's coat, suit, and dress departments yesterday. They all shared about equally in the sales made.

***

Fur Hats Being Shown.

In spite of the Summer "feel" still in the air, millinery wholesalers here are already offering hats in various materials combined with fur. This is mostly the case, however, with manufacturers of the higher-priced goods, and yet these hats have not been sold at retail. The materials used with fur include gold and silver brocaded satin, velvet, and panne velvet, and they are combined with mole, natural squirrel and nutria. Mole is most in demand for this purpose. In many cases the upper brims, crowns and facings are made of fur. Some of these hats have bags and scarfs to match. The prices of the sets ranging from $80 to $100.

***

Expects Good Suit Season.

There is good reason to believe that suits will be in high favor this season, according to the opinions expressed by several of the leading manufacturers in this city. "Due to wartime conditions and to the need for economy," said one of them, "practicality is certain to play a more conspicuous part in garments for women this year than ever before; and women's suits are eminently practical. Nearly all women doing Red Cross or semi-military work are wearing suits, whether or not a uniform suit is prescribed. The example set by these women substantiates all the usual talking points in suits. That retailers appreciate this becomes more evident every day as late or duplicate orders arrive."

RECORD WAR EXPENDITURE.

Total for August Likely to Exceed $1,750,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Government war expeditures in August broke all monthly records by more than $100,000,000, amounting to $1,714,000,000 on reports up to today. Later reports may raise this by $50,000,000.

Ordinary war expenses amounted to $1,468,000,000, or $200,000,000 more than last month's high record. This did not include outlays of last Saturday, yet to be tabulated. Loans to allies were reported as $244,000,000, not including Saturday.

BUSINESS RECORDS.

In Town.

ALEXANDER McCONNELL, a florist of 611 Fifth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $82,419 and assets of $99,080, consisting of real estate, $77,000; stock in trade, $62,035; automobiles and carriages, $2,895; machinery, $1,509; accounts, $9,983; cash in bank, $138; cash on hand, $65; books, $40; fixtures and books, $275. Among the persons who owe him money on account are the following: John D. Rockefeller, $112; John D. Rockefeller, Jr., $32; Mrs. George J. Gould, $27; H. Taft, $11; George W. Wickersham, $17; estate of Mrs. C. H. Roosevelt, $15; Countess Sala, $2; Foxhall Dangerfield, $1; Miss Lillian Bustwick, $11; Mrs. R. Goelet, $67; Miss Adrienne Iselin, $3; Mrs. John B. Ryan, $203; Mrs. John R. Livernore, $64; Mrs. W. A. Slayback($22, and the estate of George P. Morgan, $412. His nurseries are at New Rochelle, which he puts in at $38,000. He also owns 285 West Fifty-fourth Street, which he puts in at $22,000; also 61 West Forty-ninth Street, valued at $22,000. The largest unsecured creditor is George Kemp, real estate, $10,116.

LOUIS E. BACKER, dealer in gents' furnishing goods at 310 Sixth Avenue.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against him by two creditors: E. Vineberg & Son, $379; Joseph Lewis, $264, and Ben Ruttenberg & Son, $802. Judge Manton appointed Joseph F. McCloy receiver. Liabilities are $12,000 and assets $2,500.

Judge Manton has appointed Myles Purvin receiver for Walter E. Welborne, doing business as Welborne & Co., dealer in hardware, 45 Beaver Street. He sold merchandise to the United States Government on a contract which has been assigned to banking firms.

WOLFF BROTHERS, engravers, at 165 William Street, has made an assignment to Clifford G. Ludvigh.

LENINE & WACH.—A petition of bankruptcy has been filed against Lenine & Wach, 49 Manhattan Avenue, Brooklyn, by the following creditors: Edward Weinfeld, $441.99; Joseph Steinfeld, $392.10.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Batchelder, Mary V.—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co.	$147.70
Banco de Londres y Mexico—E. Sefton	1,040.57
Clark, Marion K.—Black, Starr & Frost	104.70
Feldman, Jack C.—E. A. Hahn	979.66
Ginsberg, Morris—A. M. Silver & Co.	139.12
Griffithes, Geo. W.—J. M. Hoyt	870.26
Gray, James A.—M. I. St. John	3,576.94
Gould, Rita—E. McLellan	378.20
Greenwald, Simon—Pathephone Sales Co., Inc., of New York	467.44
Hardy, Herbert S.—N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co.	152.70
Johnson-Kahn Co.—Metropolitan Life Ins. Co.	26,084.19
Kistler, Milton S., and Alfred A. Hara—M. Aronson	141.50
McBen Building Co. and John Kelly—Standard Building Co.	466.50
Meyer, Blackman Q.—C. Heckman	416.78
Mann, Otto—Charles & Co.	422.36
Paper Products Corp.—J. F. Seitz	606.47
Rod, Samuel—S. Kridel et al.	244.80
Ruffe, Herman H.—C. E. Miller	527.20
Same—Same	833.20
Rothbothan, Fred—G. H. Kennedy, Jr.	346.60
Salisbury, Edna, (Rock's Auto Supply Co.)—B. F. Goodrich Rubber Co.	239.74
Verity, Harry S., and Lillie B.—I. B. Stewart et al.	260.82

In Bronx County.

Fassler, Robert—J. Pomerantz	$65.95
Gotthelf, Annie—B. Keller	62.72
Glokner & Blue Co.—M. Reiditz	111.45
Jacobs, Samuel E.—W. V. Astor	3,837.61
Kuchenbauer, Louis—Strauss & Adler	138.20

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date when the judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Dulberg, Louis—S. Greenberg, May 31, 1918	$881.17
Harris, Leopold—I. Zimmerman, June 1, 1914	868.53

In Bronx County.

Green, Abraham—F. Green, June 3, 1918	$80.50
Mutual Life Insurance Co. of N. Y.—J. Lesem, March 19, 1914	7,431.34

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neill & Co.; H. G. Cameron, representing; 37 West 26th.

ALTOONA, Penn.—Kline Bros.; J. A. Baird, notions, toilet, leather goods; 28 E. 26th.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.—Bon Marche; A. L. Price, ready-to-wear; 1,178 B'way.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Ogus, Rabinowich & Ogus; T. F. Garry, millinery; 35 West 39th.

AUGUSTA, Ga.—J. B. White & Co.; Miss N. Carey, laces; 23 E. 26th.

BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; Miss E. S. Smith, art embroideries; 200 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; H. S. Messersmith, remnants; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—B. Fleishman & Co.; B. Fleishman, ready-to-wear; 1,161 Broadway.

BALTIMORE—Snow, Mecaslin & Co.; C. H. Snow, Jr., millinery; Wallick.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; D. Rosenberg, silks; New Strand.

BALTIMORE—The Hub; Mrs. H. Sloman, women's, children's wear; 53 West 14th.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; W. W. Stone, women's underwear, hosiery, gloves; 2 West 37th; Latham.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss B. Dooley, dress trimmings; 220 5th Av.; Breslin.

BAY CITY, Mich.—Hawley D. G. Co.; Miss M. E. Ward, ready-to-wear; Marie Antoinette.

BEAUM

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.

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Letters of Credit

Correspondents of
Baring Brothers & Co., Ltd.
LONDON

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Price 85 and Interest

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If you prefer Long-Term Bonds, you can buy even those of a very conservative character to yield around 5½% to 6%.

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BUNCOMBE CO., N. C., 6s
Due 1929-33
PRICES TO YIELD 5%

ASHEVILLE, N. C., 5½s
Due 1919-57
PRICES TO YIELD 5%

GREENVILLE, N. C., 6s
Due 1919-33
PRICES TO YIELD 5.25%

HIGH POINT, N. C., 6s
Due 1935-36
PRICES TO YIELD 5.25%

R. M. GRANT & CO.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Enjoy a Vigorous Rally on War News — Exchange Rates Sympathetic.

It was too much to expect the stock market, even with the recent warning against an increase in the tide of speculative dealings, to continue on its orderly way, as reports of the capture of Lens, of Queant, and of other important points long in the enemies' hands came in. The earlier hours reflected the restraint under which trading has been conducted lately, but as the day wore on enthusiasm was voiced in a spirited demand for stocks under the influence of which the list closed well above last week's final prices.

The real measure of the Street's estimate of the significance of the day's news was supplied by the dealings in United States Steel. In the early part of the session attention was held by advances in American Hide & Leather, Southern Railway, and half a dozen other less important issues, but as the buying movement gained headway it converged on Steel, rallying up to 116 just before the close, a equivalent of 120¾ with the dividend off, this issue displayed greater strength on a broadening demand than has been seen in some weeks. The rest of the list, with few exceptions, was fairly active and strong, with total dealings approaching a half million shares.

Almost as striking as showing the Street's interpretation of the meaning of Haig's advance was the change in rates on neutral countries in yesterday's market. Selling based on the expectation that the new gains will hasten the time when Germany will be forced to acknowledge defeat carried rates on Holland, Switzerland, Sweden, and Norway down quite easily, the drop amounting to half a cent in some instances. Call money was held at 6 per cent. despite a brisk demand.

While the cotton market, in a week of rapidly rising prices, was obviously engaged in discounting a very unfavorable Government report, the figures made public yesterday so far surpassed the worst fears of damage wrought by drought in August that prices were forced to still higher ground, establishing new high records never approached in past years. August proved the most disastrous month in the history of the crop, ending with the crop reduced 2,500,000 bales. The June estimate of a yield of 15,285,000 bales has now been reduced to a prospective crop of 11,137,000 bales.

FIREMEN THREATEN STRIKE.

London Brigade Demands Recognition of Union by Sept. 8.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—Following the settlement of the police strike last week London yesterday was threatened with a strike of the Fire Brigade. The Secretary of the Fire Brigade Branch of the National Union of Corporation Workers addressed an ultimatum to the Ministry of Labor demanding a reply to previous requests for recognition of the union.

In asking for a reply by Sept. 8, the Secretary expressed a hope that it would be satisfactory, as the men, "in their present frame of mind, will require assurance to prevent them from taking drastic action."

Trading Firm on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Sept. 3.—Trading was firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 64f. 10c. for cash. Exchange on London, 26f. 10c. Five per cent. loan, 87f. 95c.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS	ALL INDUSTRIALS
High 6	High 6
Low 6	Low 6
Renewals 6	Renewals 6
Last 6	Last 6

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances..... 4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days 6	Sixty days 6
Ninety days 6	Ninety days 6
Four months 6	Four months 6
Five months 6	Five months 6
Six months 6	Six months 6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for retirement with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days..... 4½@4¾
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days..... 4¾@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days..... 5¼@5¾

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days	6
4 to 6 months	6
Other Names.	
4 to 6 months	6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75½	$4.75⅝	$4.75⅝	.....
Cables	4.76⅝	4.76⅝	4.76⅝	.....
Francs—				
Demand	5.47½	5.47½	5.47½	—.00⅛
Cables	5.46½	5.46½	5.46½	—.00⅛

Closing Rates.

	—Yesterday's Close.—	
	Demand or Checks.	Cables.
Normal Rates	138½	140
Sterling, Actual	15⅜	15⅝
of Exch.	32	32⅜
4.8665 London	62⅛	62⅜
5.1826 Paris	63¼	63⅛
China—		
Hongkong	87⅞	87¾
Peking	27⅜	28
Shanghai	43⅞	43½
19.50 Greece	88	88
40.20 Holland	124.25	124.25
32.44 India—	19.50	19.50
Bombay	36.75	37.00
Calcutta	36.75	37.00
Italy	6¼	6.35
Japan—	127¾	127¾
Kobe	103½	103¾
Yokohama	.....	.....
19.30 Spain	54.50	54.75
50.00 Philippine Islands—	23.50	23.50
Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	33.75	34.125
Copenhagen	30.125	30.625
Christiania	30.625	31.00
South America—		
42.64 Buenos Aires	44.65	44.75
5.1826 Switzerland	24.75	25.00
51.46 Russia—	4.35	4.53
Asked.		
100 rubles	13.40	13.60
500 rubles	13.35	13.55

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.		Commercial.	
60 Days.	90 Days.	60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.72¾	$4.71¾	$4.72¾	$4.70¾

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $310,532,023; balance, $61,758,198; United States Treasury credit balance, $1,233,849; Federal Reserve credit balance, $40,733,555.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 49¼d, unchanged; in New York, $1.01⅛, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 78@81c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$14,175,602	$30,013,692
Internal revenue—		
Inc. & exc. prof. tax	30,795,668	528,292,042
Miscellaneous	85,736,123	189,684,189
Miscellaneous rev...	22,645,000	44,618,810
Total receipts.....	$151,352,592	$792,609,735
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts..	1,375,549,185	1,992,074,641
Excess of total disb. over total receipts.	424,676,774	502,401,651
Expenditures	1,524,901,777	2,784,084,370

Boston Bank Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Sept. 3.—The Boston bank statement this week compares as follows with that of last week's:

	Aug. 31, '18.	Decrease.
Circulation	$4,773,000	*$3,000
Loans, discounts and inv.	478,193,000	5,506,000
Indiv. dep., inc. U. S.	415,146,000	12,346,000
Due to banks.....	108,276,000	4,662,000
Time deposits.....	16,678,000	115,000
Exchange, clearances..	18,276,000	*363,000
Due from banks.....	67,910,000	7,014,000
Cash in banks and in Fed. Res. Bank.....	57,160,000	343,000
Cash excess and not in Fed. Res. Bank....	12,447,000	*712,000

*Increase.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Pay'ble.	Books Close.
Cont. Can, com.	1¼	Q	Oct. 1	Sept. 20
Cont. Can pfd.	1¾	Q	Oct. 1	Sept. 20

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, SEPT. 3.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Days sales	495,584	1,092,432	991,760
Year to date.....	88,876,598	127,060,896	110,512,016

Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
3½	3¾	1,000	Alaska Gold Mines	3½	3½	3½	3½	— ⅛
1⅞	2	800	Alaska Juneau	2	2	1⅞	1⅞	...
33½	33¾	1,200	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	33	33¾	33	33¾	+ ⅜
70¾	71	100	Am. Beet Sugar	70¾	70¾	70¾	70¾	+ ⅜
47½	47¾	700	Am. Can	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾	+ ⅛
93	95	100	Am. Can pf	93½	93½	93½	93½	...
86½	86¾	3,400	Am. Car & Fdry	85¾	86¼	85¾	86¼	+1¼
109	111½	250	Am. Car & Fdry pf	109¾	110	109¾	110	+2¾
43¾	43½	1,200	Am. Cotton Oil	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾	...
21½	21⅞	6,800	Am. H. & Leather	20	21⅝	20	21½	+⅝
93	93⅝	6,400	Am. H. & L. pf	89	93¾	89	93	+1⅝
32¾	35	100	Am. Ice	33	33	33	33	+4⅞
50	50⅝	100	Am. Ice pf	50⅜	50⅜	50⅜	50⅜	...
54½	54⅝	200	Am. International	54⅞	54½	43½	54½	+ ⅛
41¼	41¾	200	Am. Linseed	41½	41½	41½	41½	+ ¼
77⅞	78½	300	Am. Linseed pf	78½	78¼	78¼	78¼	...
67¼	67½	700	Am. Locomotive	67½	67½	66¾	66¾	...
80½	81½	4,000	Am. Steel F'dries	79¾	81¾	79½	81	+2¼
109½	109¾	600	Am. Sugar Ref. x d	110	110	109	109¾	...
124½	125½	2,000	Am. Sumatra Tob	125	126	125	125	...
98	98¼	200	Am. Tel. & Tel	98¼	98¼	98	98⅛	— ⅜
162½	165	100	Am. Tobacco	164	164	164	164	+ ¾
94	95	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	95	95	95	95	+ ½
37	38½	1,300	Am. Writing P. pf	37¾	38¼	37¾	38	+1
17	17½	200	Am. Zinc, L. & S	17	17	17	17	...
49½	52	200	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf	52	52	51	51	+ ½
68⅝	68⅝	4,200	Anaconda Copper	68¾	68¾	68¼	68¼	+ ⅛
62	65	100	Associated Oil	64	64	64	64	+ ½
87½	88	1,300	Atch., Top. & S. F	87¼	88	87¼	88	+ ⅛
99	99	200	Atlantic Coast Line	99⅝	99⅝	98⅝	98⅝	+ ⅝
104½	105	200	At. Gulf & West I	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾	+ ¼
94½	94¾	7,700	Baldwin Loco	93¾	94½	82¾	94½	+ ¾
57⅝	57½	8,600	Baltimore & Ohio	56⅝	57⅝	56⅝	57⅛	+ ⅛
55	56	200	Baltimore & O. pf	55¾	56	55¾	56	+ ⅛
1	1¼	200	Batopilas Mining	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	...
85⅝	86½	10,200	Bethlehem Steel	85	86½	85	86	+1
86	86¼	200	Beth. Steel, class B	85¼	86	84½	86	+1
104	105	200	Beth. Steel 8 p.c. pf	104¼	104½	104½	104½	...
27¼	27⅝	600	Booth Fisheries	27½	27⅝	27¼	27⅜	+ ⅛
38½	39	500	Brklyn Rapid Tran	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	+ ⅛
13	13¾	200	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S	13	13	13	13	+ ⅛
145½	149	600	Burns Brothers	148¾	148¾	148¾	148¾	+ ⅞
11	11¼	200	Butte Cop. & Zinc	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	+ ⅛
26¼	26½	800	Butte & Superior	26½	26½	26½	26½	+ ⅛
19	20	100	California Petrol	20	20	20	20	...
63	63⅜	100	California Pet. pf	63	63	63	63	...
164	164½	2,700	Canadian Pacific	164¼	164¾	164	164¼	+ ¾
70¼	70⅝	3,300	Central Leather Co	70⅞	70⅞	69¾	70½	...
33¾	34½	100	Cerro de Pasco Cop	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	+ ⅛
50½	50¾	3,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	50	50⅝	50	50⅝	+ ⅛
8	8½	100	Chi. Great Western	8	8	8	8	...
25	25½	300	Chi. Great West. pf	24⅞	25	24¾	25	...
52	52½	5,920	Chi., Mil. & St. P	52	52¼	51¾	52¼	+ ⅛
81	81¼	1,900	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	81¼	81¾	80¾	81¼	+ ⅛
94	95	300	Chi. & Northwest'n	94½	94½	94½	94½	+ ⅛
27	27½	5,900	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	26¾	27¾	26¾	27	+ ⅜
81½	81⅝	500	C., R. I. & P. 7 p.c. pf	81½	82	81½	81⅝	+ ⅛
68¾	69	1,400	C., R. I. & P. 6 p.c. pf	68¾	69¼	68¼	69	+1
16½	16⅝	100	Chile Copper	16½	16¾	16½	16⅝	...
39¾	40	300	Chino Copper	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	...
36	37½	300	Clev., C. C. & St.L	35⅞	36	35⅞	36	+1
48	49	5,400	Col. Fuel & Iron	47½	49¼	47½	49⅛	+1⅝
22½	23½	400	Col. & Southern	22½	23	22½	23	+1
50½	58	100	Col. & South. 1st pf	51	51	51	51	+1
44	47	200	Col. & South. 2d pf	44	44	44	44	...
35½	36	1,200	Columbia Gas & El	35¼	35⅝	35¼	35⅝	+ ⅛
71½	72	200	Continental Can	71	71¾	71	71¾	+ ⅜
44	44½	3,400	Corn Products Ref	43⅝	44⅞	43⅝	44⅞	+ ⅞
69⅝	70	2,300	Crucible Steel	69	69½	69	69½	...
23	23¼	4,700	Cuba Cane Sugar	8	8¼	8	8	...
140	150	200	Del., Lack. & West	31⅝	31⅝	31	31⅞	+1
183	185	2,600	Distillers' Securities	183	183	183	183	...
58⅝	58½	100	Dome Mines	58⅝	58⅝	58	58⅝	— ⅝
8½	9	5,900	Erie	9	9	9	9	+ ⅛
15⅝	16	2,000	Erie 1st pf	15⅝	16¼	15⅝	16¼	+ ⅜
32½	42½	400	Federal Min. & S. pf	33	33⅝	33	33⅝	+ ⅛
29¾	40	400	Gaston, W. & W	42¾	42¾	41	41	-1
99½	100½	50	Gen. Chemical pf	28¾	29	28¾	29	+ ⅝
147¼	148	100	General Electric	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	...
125¾	126	1,710	General Motors	147¼	148	147¼	147¼	+1
75¼	78	200	General Motors pf	133	133	126	126	-7
99⅜	100½	100	Goodrich pf. sel. 7	78½	78½	78	78	-2
93¾	94	600	Great Northern pf	100	100	100	100	...
32½	33	4,000	G. N. ctfs. for O. P	93¼	93¼	93¼	93½	+1¼
45	45¼	500	Greene-Can. Cop	33	33¼	33	33	+¼
84½	85	400	Gulf States Steel	45¼	45¾	45	45¾	+¾
96	96¾	100	Illinois Central	85	85	84	84	-2½
53½	54	2,400	Inspiration Copper	97	97	97	97	...
62	62⅜	100	Int. Agricultural pf	53¾	54	53¾	54	+ ⅛
28¼	28½	3,200	Int. Mer. Marine	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼	+ ⅛
103¼	103½	12,800	Int. Mer. Marine pf	28¾	28¾	28	28	...
29½	29⅝	300	Int. Nickel	103¾	103¾	102¾	103⅜	+ ⅝
35½	36	300	Int. Paper	29½	29½	29½	29½	+ ⅛
59	61	200	Int. Paper pf. sta	35½	35½	35½	35½	+ ⅛
19⅝	20	1,300	Kansas City South	60	60	59	59	-1
54	55	100	Kan. City South. pf	19¾	20	19¾	19¾	+ ⅛
34	34¼	2,600	Kennecott Copper	54	54	54	54	-1½
85⅞	86	1,400	Lackawanna Steel	133⅞	134	133⅞	134	+ ⅛
20	20½	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	86	86	85	86	+1½
61½	62	1,500	Lehigh Valley	20	20¼	20	20¼	+ ⅛
147	149½	81	Lorll. (P.) Co	60¾	61¼	60¾	61¼	+ ⅛
101¾	102	3,300	Mexican Petroleum	149¼	149¾	149¼	149¾	...
101	102	300	Miami Copper	101	102	101	102	+1¼
28¼	28½	3,400	Midvale Steel	28	28	28	28	...
53¾	54	1,800	Minn. & St. L. new	54	54¼	53¾	54	+ ⅛
11⅞	11¾	100	M., St. P. & S. M.	11¾	11⅞	11¾	11⅞	+ ⅛
93	95	1,900	Mo., Kan. & Texas	94	94	94	94	+ ⅛
5⅞	6	200	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	5⅞	6	5⅞	5⅞	...
11½	12	11,400	Missouri Pacific	10¾	11¼	10¾	11¼	+1¼
23⅝	26	600	Missouri Pacific pf	22	24¾	22	24¾	+1
58⅜	59	900	Montana Power	59	59	59	59	-1
67¾	70½	300	Nat. Cond. & Cable	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾	...
16	16	100	Nat. Enam. & St	16	16	16	16	...
52	52	100	Nevada Con. Cop	52	52	52	52	+ ⅛
20¼	20⅞	2,700	N. O., Tex. & Mex	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	+ ⅛
23¾	24	100	N. Y. Central	23¾	24	23¾	23¾	+ ⅛
74⅞	76½	13,400	N. Y., N. H. & H	74⅞	76½	74⅞	76½	+ ⅝
44¾	45¼	6,800	N. Y. Ont. & West	44¾	45¼	44¾	44¾	+ ⅛
22	22½	2,700	Norfolk & Western	22	22½	22	22½	+ ⅛
107⅞	107¾	100	Norfolk & West. pf	107⅞	107¾	107⅞	107¾	+ ⅛
70	70	100	North American	70	70	70	70	-5
40	40	1,300	Northern Pacific	40	40	40	40	+ ⅛
91½	91¾	1,800	Ohio Cities Gas	90¾	91¾	90¾	91¾	+ ⅛
37⅞	38¼	100	Ohio Fuel Supply	37⅞	38¼	37⅞	38¼	+ ⅛
42¼	42½	100	Ontario Mining	42¼	42½	42¼	42½	+ ⅛
10	10	200	Owens Bottle Mach	10	10	10	10	+ ⅛
69	69½	2,900	Penn. R. R	69	69½	69	69½	+ ⅛
10½	10⅝	200	Peoria & Eastern	10⅜	10⅝	10⅜	10⅝	+ ⅛
15¾	15⅞	1,700	Pere Marquette	15⅝	15⅞	14⅝	15⅝	+ ⅛
62	62½		Pere Marq. prior pf	61	61	61	61	-1
14¾	14¾	1,100	Philadelphia Co	28	28	28	28	...
17¼	17¾	3,100	Pierce Oil	17¼	17¾	17¼	17¾	+ ⅛
51½	52	600	Pittsburgh Coal	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾	+ ⅛
37	37	300	Pitts. & West Va	51¾	51¾	51	51	+ ⅛
71¾	71¾	200	Pressed Steel Car	36½	37	36½	37	+ ⅛
70	70	2,000	Pullman Co	71¼	71½	71¼	71½	+ ⅛
111⅞	112	10,800	Railway Steel Spr	112	112	111⅞	111⅞	+ ⅛
60	70	6,900	Reading	69¾	70	69¾	69¾	-1½
90¾	91½	100	Rep. Iron & Steel	90¼	91½	90¼	91½	+ ⅛
92¾	94	100	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	92¾	94	92¾	94	+1⅝
102	102	100	Royal Dutch f.	102	102	102	102	+1
100	100	200	St. Louis-San Fran	100	100	100	100	-5
12¼	12¼	100	St. L.-San Fran. pf	12¼	12¼	12¼	12¼	+ ⅛
28½	28½	2,300	Seaboard Air Line	28½	28½	28½	28½	+ ⅛
8	8¼	4,700	Sears, Roeb. & Co	8	8¼	8	8	...
21¼	23	200	Shattuck-Arizona	21¼	23	21¼	23	+1½
15¼	15½	1,100	Sinclair Oil Refin	15¼	15½	15¼	15½	+ ⅛
31¼	32¼	500	Sloss-S. Steel & I	31¼	32¼	31½	32½	+ ⅛
61¼	62½	10,025	Southern Pacific	61¼	62½	61¼	62½	+ ⅛
87⅝	88	31,900	Southern Railway	87⅝	88	87⅝	87⅝	+ ⅛
27	28¼	2,100	Southern Ry. pf	27	28¼	27	28	+1½
66¾	67½	200	Studebaker Co	66¾	68¼	66¾	67½	+1½
43	43⅝	400	Superior Steel	43	43⅝	43	43⅝	+ ⅛
43	43	100	Tenn. C. & C	43	43	43	43	+ ⅛
18⅝	19	4,100	Texas Co	18⅝	19	18⅝	19	+ ⅛
154½	157½	100	Texas & Pacific	154½	157½	154	157	+1¼
15½	15½	2,100	Tobacco Products	15½	15½	15½	15½	+ ⅛
71	72	1,400	Tol., St. L. & W	71	72	71	72	+1⅞
6¼	6¾	4,500	Union Pacific x d	6¼	6¾	6¼	6¾	+1
127¼	127¾	4,100	United Cigar Stores	127¼	127¾	126½	127¼	+1¼
108	108¾	100	United Drys. Invest	108	108¾	103	108¼	+1¼
8½	8½	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	8½	8½	8½	8½	+ ⅛
15	15½	100	U. S. Rubber	15	15½	15	15½	+2
64	64	2,400	U. S. Steel	64	64	63¾	63¾	...
112¾	116	300	U. S. Steel pf	112¾	116	111⅞	115¾	+4
111	111	200	Utah Copper	111	111	111	111	...
83½	84	100	Va.-Car. Chemical	83½	84	83¼	84	...
54⅝	55½	100	Va. Iron, Coal & C	54⅝	55½	54⅝	55¼	+ ⅛
72	72	2,300	Wabash	72	72	72	72	...
6¾	7	2,400	Wabash pf. A	6¾	7	6¾	7	...
39¾	40	200	Wash. pf. A	39¾	40	39¾	40	+ ⅛
24¾	24¾	1,000	Western Maryland	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾	+ ⅛
15	15⅜	100	Western Pacific	15	15⅜	15	15⅜	+ ⅛
19	19	100	Western Pacific pf	19	19	19	19	...
61⅜	61⅝	100	Western Union Tel	61⅜	61⅝	61⅜	61⅜	— ⅛
84½	84¾	1,500	Westingh. E. & M	84½	84¾	84½	84½	+ ⅛
44	44¼	100	Wheeling & L. E	44	44¼	44	44¼	+ ⅛
8	9	100	White Motors	8	9	9	9	+ ⅛
46¼	46¾	2,300	Willys-Overland	46¼	46¾	46¼	46¾	...
10¾	10⅞	100	Willys-Overland pf	10¾	10⅞	10¾	10⅞	+ ⅛
82¾	83½	500	Worthington Pump	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾	+ ⅛
66¾	67	50	Worth. Pump pf. A	66¾	67	66	67	— ¾
90	91⅝	38	Worth. Pump pf. B	91	91	91	91	...
69½	70			70	70	70	70	...

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	84.06	83.39	83.98	+.90
25 industrials	84.24	83.20	83.81	+.36
50 stocks	74.15	73.29	73.89	+.48

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Aug. 31	73.48	73.11	73.41	+.39
Aug. 30	73.15	72.77	73.02	+.08
Aug. 29	73.63	72.87	73.10	+.39
Aug. 28	73.90	73.28	73.49	+.22
Aug. 27	74.07	73.50	73.71	+.07
Aug. 26	74.20	73.57	73.78	—.09

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Aug.	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1918.	74.20 Aug. 26	71.13 Aug. 1	73.41
1917.	82.07 Aug. 8	74.49 Aug. 31	75.17
1916.	89.72 Aug. 28	85.45 Aug. 3	87.59
1915.	78.79 Aug. 17	75.18 Aug. 23	77.54

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1918.	74.32 May 16	64.12 Jan. 15	73.89
†1917.	90.46 Jan. 4	75.77 May 9	79.75

Full Years.

1917	90.46 Jan. 4	57.43 Dec. 20	65.88
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.15 Oct. 22	58.90 Feb. 24	91.50

*To date. †To corresponding date.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	—Net Change.—		
	Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues..... 76.51	..06	—.06	—5.29

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Aug. 31	76.51	+.02	Aug. 24 — 76.47 —.04
Aug. 30	76.49	—.04	Aug. 23 — 76.51 —.06
Aug. 29	76.53	—.02	Aug. 22 — 76.57 —.05
Aug. 28	76.55	—.03	Aug. 21 — 76.62 +.07
Aug. 27	76.58	+.07	Aug. 20 — 76.55 —.01
Aug. 26	76.51	+.04	Aug. 19 — 76.56 —.18

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1918.	77.87 May 24	75.77 Apr. 9	76.51
†1917.	89.48 Jan. 29

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DIVIDENDS.

BETHLEHEM STEEL CORPORATION.—Notice of Dividends on Eight Per Cent. Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock; Seven Per Cent. Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock; Common Stock and Class B Common Stock.

The third instalment of 2% of the eight per cent. dividend upon the Eight Per Cent. Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock and the third instalment of 1¾% of the seven per cent. dividend upon the Seven Per Cent. Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock of Bethlehem Steel Corporation which were declared on January 29, 1918, and the 2½% dividend upon the Common Stock and Class B Common Stock of the Corporation which was declared on July 22, 1918, will be payable on October 1, 1918, to the respective holders of record at said four classes of stock at the close of business on September 16, 1918; the fourth instalment of said dividends on said Eight Per Cent. Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock and on said Seven Per Cent. Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock will be payable on January 2, 1919, to the respective holders of record thereof at the close of business on December 16, 1918.

Checks will be mailed.

Dated New York, September 1, 1918.

E. H. JONES, Secretary.

LIGGETT & MYERS TOBACCO CO.,
St. Louis, Mo., August 29th, 1918.

The transfer books of the registered 7 per cent. bonds of LIGGETT & MYERS TOBACCO COMPANY will close at 3 o'clock P. M., Sept. 16th, 1918, for the payment of interest on said bonds, due October 1st, 1918, and will re-open at 10 o'clock A. M., October 2nd, 1918.

T. T. ANDERSON, Treasurer.

LIGGETT & MYERS TOBACCO CO.,
St. Louis, Mo., August 29th, 1918.

A dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) has been declared on the Preferred stock of LIGGETT & MYERS TOBACCO COMPANY, payable October 1st, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 16th, 1918. Checks will be mailed.

T. T. ANDERSON, Treasurer.

CENTRAL STATES ELECTRIC CORP.
PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 25.
September 3d, 1918.

The Board of Directors has today declared the twenty-fifth quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the preferred stock of Central States Electric Corporation, payable October 1st, 1918, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business on September 10th, 1918. Checks will be mailed.

E. W. FREEMAN, Treasurer.

ST. JOSEPH LEAD COMPANY,
61 Broadway, New York.
Dated, September 3, 1918.

A dividend of fifty cents per share on the outstanding capital stock of the above company has been declared payable September 20, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 9, 1918. The transfer books of the company close at the close of business on September 9, 1918, and reopen September 21, 1918.

LEONIDAS H. BESSON, Secretary.

KELLY-SPRINGFIELD TIRE CO.

A quarterly dividend of one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share on the Six Per Cent. Preferred Stock of this Company has been declared, payable October 1, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 16, 1918.

F. A. SEAMAN, Secretary.

New York, September 3, 1918.

EXCHANGE RATES AGAIN STRONGER

Success of Allied Armies Beneficial to Status of American Dollar in Neutral Countries.

MOVEMENT SEEMS GRADUAL

Stocks Also Move Sharply on the Strength of Favorable War News.

Coincident with the news yesterday of another smashing blow by the British troops through the Hindenburg line came a sharp movement of certain of the foreign exchange markets which attracted much attention in banking circles. In the case of Dutch, Scandinavian, Swiss, and Spanish exchange the price changes were more markedly beneficial to the status of the American dollar in the neutral countries of Europe than any which had occurred during a single day in many months. Bankers interpreted the alterations of quoted rates as indicative of a growth of sentiment, influenced by the success of the allied arms.

All the exchanges mentioned have long been at a substantial premium above par at New York, which meant a corresponding discount of the dollar in foreign markets. Yesterday the quotation for Dutch guilders, to be transferred by check, declined fully 2 cents per guilder, to 48, as compared with the year's maximum of 52.375 and the normal quotation of 40.20 cents. The Copenhagen rate of 30.12½ cents to the krone was a half cent down from last Saturday's closing price, while the Stockholm rate was off even more and the rate on Christiania almost as much. A dollar would buy 4.35 Swiss francs yesterday afternoon, compared with 4.25 last Saturday and a normal rate of 5.1826. The Spanish peseta was quoted at 23.25 per dollar, against 23.37 a few days ago.

The movements were not abrupt, for they had been gradually shading downward for the last month, as the effect of General Foch's strategy became more and more apparent, but the day's results were more substantial in extent than the financial community had expected. French exchange, which improved its position to an important degree last week, was hardly altered yesterday, and sterling rates were about the same as last week. In view of the belief long held in important international banking circles that the exchange market would forecast the imminent end of the war, quotations have been receiving close attention. The bankers have been cautious in commenting on the situation, however, as it is realized that such large premiums still exist, in case of the markets mentioned that there is room for movements of larger extent than any yet seen before the end of hostilities could be considered near at hand.

Stocks also rallied sharply yesterday, particularly United States Steel common, which gained 4 points. Net advances of a point or more were recorded by Bethlehem Steel Class B, Crucible Steel, Great Northern preferred, New York Central, Reading, Union Pacific, Southern Railway, and others. The market was more active than the average sessions of recent weeks with the advance most pronounced at the end of the day. Purchases of Canadian Pacific, Steel, Southern Railway, and certain additional railroad and industrial stocks for account of buyers in England, Holland, and the Scandinavian countries have been reported on the increase for several days.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The firm of Salisbury & Van der Kieft having been dissolved, Albert T. Salisbury has formed a new firm of Salisbury & Co., with Henry Koelle, Jr., as general partner, William M. Van der Kieft will continue in business in unlisted securities at 61 Broadway.

W. Edwin Newlon has joined M. S. Wolfe & Co. to take charge of the service department.

Maury, Rogers & Auchincloss have removed to the ground floor at 25 Broad Street.

William R. Compton & Co. are offering $1,028,000 Lake Worth Drainage District of Palm Beach, Fla., serial 6 per cent. bonds at par and interest.

C. Percy Latting, Jr., and Eben J. Marsh, formerly with Sheldon, Dawson, Lyon & Co., have become associated with Hartshorne & Picabia.

Jason A. Nelison, manager of the foreign department of Brown Brothers & Co., and a Vice-President of the Mercantile Bank of the Americas will hereafter devote all his time to the latter institution, according to announcement made yesterday.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.01	Julia	.01
Alta	.03	Justice	.01
Andes	.04	Mexican	.16
Best & Belcher	.02	Occidental	.40
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.61
Caledonia	.04	Overman	.01
Challenge Con	.03	Potosi	.05
Chollar	.03	Savage	.03
Confidence	.91	Belcher	.01
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.11
Con. Virginia	.24	Union Con	.39
Exchequer	.01	Utah	.01
Hale & Norcross	.13	Mexican dollars	.73¼
Jacket	.07		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	2.50	Florence	.10
Cashboy	.05	Goldfield Merger	.01
Halifax	.18	Great Bend	.02
Jim Butler	.52	Jumbo Ext	.09
MacNamara	.31	Kewanas	.01
Midway	.10	Lone Star	.04
Mizpah	.05	Silver Pick	.04
Monarch Pitts	.04	Spearhead	.01
Montana	.10	MANHATTAN.	
North Star	.05	Big Four	.02
Rescue	.10	Consolidated	.01
Tonopah Divide	1.32½	Mustang	.01
Tonopah Ext	1.50	Union Amal	.01
West End	1.15	White Caps	.16
West Tonopah	.21	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.02
Atlanta	.03	Packard	.26
Booth	.03	Rochester	.33
		Round Mountain	.18

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4½	4⅝	Isabella	4¼	4½
Dr. d'Spot	5	6	McKinney	7	10
Elkton	4⅝	7½	Portland	80	88
El Paso	14	25	Rose Nicol	4½	7¼
Golden Cy	167	176	Un Gold M	13	16
Granite	19	25	Vindicator	38	45

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

BROOKLYN AND CONEY ISLAND TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Brooklyn and Coney Island Telegraph Company for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held in the office of the Company, in the Pennsylvania Station, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, September 16, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon.

WM. F. BROWN, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF CENTRAL FISH COMPANY, a New York Corporation:

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of Central Fish Company will be held at the offices of the Company, 28 Fulton Fish Market, New York City, Friday, October 4th, 1918, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to vote upon the proposition that the Central Fish Company be forthwith dissolved.

WALTER G. WEIL, Secretary.

New York, September 3d 1918.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO THE BONDHOLDERS OF THE PORTO RICO TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Montreal Trust company is prepared to receive, until 12 o'clock noon on the 20th September 1918 at its Montreal Office proposals to sell First Mortgage Six Per Cent Thirty-Year Bonds of the Porto Rico Telephone Company, maturing 1st December 1944 to be purchased by means of approximately Seven Thousand Seven Hundred and Fifty Dollars ($7,750.00) paid by the said Company to the Trustee for the purpose of the Sinking Fund according to the terms of the Trust Deed executed by the Porto Rico Telephone Company in favor of the Montreal Trust Company the 31st December 1914.

The right is reserved to reject any or all offers.

MONTREAL TRUST COMPANY,
11 Place d'Armes,
Montreal.

3rd September 1918.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, 100 East 16th St., N. Y. City.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until twelve o'clock noon, Sept. 10th, 1918, for furnishing Hats, velour, Army Nurses. Information on application at this Office.

CLEARING HOUSE MAKES NEW COLLECTION RULE

Charges for Acceptance Payable at Reserve Cities Outside New York 1-40 to 1-10%.

The New York Clearing House Association, at a special meeting held yesterday afternoon, approved the recommendation of its Clearing House Committee, of which Walter E. Frew is Chairman, that the rules regarding the collection of out-of-town acceptances be amended by reducing the charges. This action was taken in response to the protest of Boston bankers who vigorously opposed the imposition of a charge of 1-10 of one per cent. Under the amended rules, which became effective yesterday, the charge for the collection of bankers' acceptances payable in Federal Reserve cities outside of New York is 1-40 of 1 per cent. in cases where credit is available at the New York Federal Reserve Bank within two days or less; and 1-20 of 1 per cent. on items where credit is available three or four days after receipt. For all other items the charge will be 1-10 of 1 per cent.

The text of the new rules and regulations follows:

Section 6. (a) On acceptances of banks, bankers, and trust companies located in Federal Reserve cities (except New York City) and cities where Federal Reserve branches are at present, or may hereafter be established, purchased for their own account by member or clearing non-member institution, the charge shall be one-fortieth of 1 per cent. on items payable at such cities where credit is available at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York two days or less after receipt; one-twentieth of 1 per cent. on such items where credit is available at said bank three or four days after receipt, and one-tenth of 1 per cent. on such items where credit is available at said bank eight days after receipt. The above charges apply to the above items whether collected through the Federal Reserve Banks or otherwise.

(b) All notes or other time obligations not provided for in Subdivision A of this section, purchased for their own account by member or clearing non-member institutions, payable elsewhere than in New York City, shall be subject to a charge of not less than one-tenth of 1 per cent., except that in the States of Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, North Carolina, and South Carolina the charge shall be not less than one-eighth of 1 per cent., provided, however, that on notes or other obligations for discount or purchase taken from banks, bankers, or trust companies, with or without their indorsement, maintaining an account with the member bank discounting or purchasing the same, with the understanding that payment is to be provided at maturity in New York exchange at par, the charge shall be discretionary.

The following amendment to the Constitution of the New York Clearing House was proposed at yesterday's meeting and it will be voted on at a meeting to be held a week from today:

ARTICLE XI.

Section 2. No member of this association, or bank, or trust company, or others clearing through any member shall pay exchange or other charges or allow time, in connection with the collection of any item collectible through the Federal Reserve Banks, but which is collected through other sources, in excess of the charges which would have been payable or the time allowed had such items been collected through the Federal Reserve Banks.

The purpose of this amendment is to make the Clearing House check collection charges conform to the charges made by the Federal Reserve Banks for similar service.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 3.—Twenty-one new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $260,250, were chartered today. They include:

New York Textile Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; S. Blackwell, D. Derrey, A. S. Jameson, 60 Wall St.

Triangle Trucking Co., Manhattan, $10,000; T. Graf, J. A. and E. J. Stapleton, 224 South St.

Merrimack Clearing Corp., Manhattan, dry goods and mercantile business, $15,000; H. and C. R. Selfridge, H. S. Grattan, Forest Hills.

Maple Leaf Milk and Cream Assn., Manhatten, $25,000; E. P. James, E. E. White, E. Ferraco, 2,231 2d Av.

Monarch Coat and Apron Co., Manhattan, general laundry, $20,000; J. Bramwell, K. R. Norton, F. Freeman, 34 Nassau St.

De Witt H. Stern Co., Manhattan, insurance agency, $10,000; P. M. Hirsch, E. A. and D. H. Stern, 219 West 81st St.

Auto Inspection and Service Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; E. M. Hyams, H. E. Hafer, B. S. Nichaelson, 200 5th Av.

Development Building Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; R. Mencandez, F. R. Smyth, M. F. Canlo, 29 Broadway.

Atkinson Warehouses, Manhattan, $5,000; J. N. O'Conner, S. A. Boyd, H. G. Atkinson, 71 8th Av.

Crystal Trading Corp., Manhattan, general import and export business, $15,000; C. Marshall, L. Markowitz, I. I. Berg, 302 Broadway.

Ferm-Cooper Co., Manhattan, ship brokerage, $15,000; E. M. Ferm, G. H. Mann, I. I. Cooper, 42 Broadway.

Singer Securities Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Singer, F. Simmonds, L. Baisam, 13 Park Av.

Stones-Folks, Inc., Dolgeville, dry goods and department store, $30,000; B. Van V. Putnam, E. A. and F. R. Stone, Dolgeville.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Malone Light and Power Co., Malone, $194,000 to $300,000.

Pier Machine Works, Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Atlantic Piers Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Rohn & Rienzo, Manhattan, $50,000 to $75,000.

Scipio Patrons' Supply Co., Merrifield, $10,000 to $30,000.

Isadore Levy & Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $75,000.

Connecticut Electric Steel Co., Manhattan, $105,000 to $157,500.

Car & Irons, Inc., Manhattan, number of shares no par value to $1,000, active capital $100,000.

Seiter & Kappes Lithographing Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $80,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

German Evangelical Lutheran Church, Port Richmond, also known as German Evangelican, also known as German Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Church of Port Richmond, to St. John's Evangelical Lutheran Church of Richmond County.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Northern Bronx Coal and Wood Co., Manhattan.

John T. Sage Co., Rochester.

Blasier Mfg. Co., Rome.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Sept. 3.—Charters filed:

Wayne Steel Co., $4,000,000; M. M. Clancy, B. A. Spangler, F. B. Drew of Wilmington.

M. J. Breman & Co., $50,000, to manufacture boots, shoes, &c.; Edgar A. Bates, Montclair, N. J.; Joseph H. Courtney, Woodhaven, L. I.; Martin J. Breman, Brooklyn.

K. M. Schan & Co., Ltd., commission merchants, $50,000; M. L. Horty, J. D. Buck of Wilmington.

Kenney-Bulmer Co., to manufacture and sell tires, tubes, &c., $40,000; John H. Bulmer, Homestead, Penn.; Roy F. Kenney, J. F. Searbs of Pittsburgh.

Wentling Auto Co., $25,000; Edward Wentling, Conshohocken, Penn.; Joseph B. Croft, Walter G. Boiard, Norristown, Penn.

Lawrence Knitting Co., $20,000; Charles E. Day, George G. Steigler, E. E. Aberles of Wilmington.

American Clothiers Co., $20,000; Jacob V. Cohn, Louis R. Cohn, Lillian Cohn, all of Baltimore.

Art Clothes Shop Co., $20,000.

American Clothiers Co. of Norfolk, $20,000.

Naval Clothes Shop Co., $20,000; business and incorporators same as above.

National Tailoring Co., $15,000; Jacob V. Cohn, Louis R. Cohn, Baltimore, Md.; Samuel Goldstein of Wilmington.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL.

General Motors Corp., New York, from $200,000,000 to $300,000,000.

Birmingham Shop Corp., Birmingham, Ala., from $1,000,000 to $5,000,000.

Robert Ramsay Co., Baltimore, from $10,000 to $25,000.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4	@4½	6.50 6.00
Buff., R. & P.	1918-'33	4½	@5	6.50 5.75
Can. Pacific	1918-'28	4½		6.75 6.00
Ches. & Ohio	1918-'27	4½		6.50 5.90
Chi. & N. W.	1918-'23	4½		6.10 5.80
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1918-'27	4½	@5	7.00 6.50
G., St. L. & N O.	1918-'24	5		6.30 5.70
Chickasaw Refin.	1918-'21	6		8.00 7.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5		6.75 6.00
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½		6.40 5.80
Erie Railroad	1918-'27	4½	@5	6.60 6.20
Illinois Central	1918-'28	4½	@5	6.20 5.70
Louisv. & Nash.	1918-'23	5		6.10 5.60
Mich. Central	1918-'30	5		6.50 5.75
Mo., Kan. & T.	1918-'23	5		7.50 6.50
Mo. Pacific	1918-'22	5		7.50 6.50
Mobile & Ohio	1918-'28	4½	@5	6.75 6.00
N. Y. Central	1918-'32	4½	@5	6.50 5.75
Norf. & Western	1918-'24	4½		6.10 5.60
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1918-'28	4½	@6	6.75 6.25
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1918-'23	4	@4½	6.10 5.60
Seaboard Air L.	1918-'26	5	@6	7.50 6.50
Sinclair Refin.	1918-'21	6		7.75 7.00
Southern Pacific	1918-'26	4½		6.30 5.90
Southern Railway	1918-'24	4½	@5	6.70 6.00
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5		7.00 6.00

NEW COTTON RECORD ON FEDERAL REPORT

October Contracts Sell Up to 37.25 Cents, Following Crop Estimate of 55.7%.

11,370,000 BALES FORECAST

Big Advance in Prices Brings Out Mass of Profit-Taking, with South a Heavy Seller.

The New York Cotton Exchange was the scene of great excitement yesterday when, at 11 o'clock, there was received the Government's crop report, indicating a condition of 55.7 per cent. of normal—the lowest on record—and forecasting a cotton crop of 11,370,000 bales, the smallest since 1909. Immediately there was a wild rush to execute buying orders and cover shorts on stop-loss orders, and prices advanced sharply, with all the principal months making new high records for the forty years that the Exchange has been in business.

Contracts for October delivery sold up to 37.25 cents and December contracts at 36.50 cents. In the sudden upward movement the advance amounted to as much as $9 a bale, and in the case of October contracts the range between the high and low for the day amounted to 240 points, or $12 a bale.

The market opened strong at an advance of 50 to 95 points, and there was not much activity until 11 o'clock, when the flash was received from Washington. The announcement of a condition of 55.7 per cent. was in the nature of a surprise, for the various private crops had not averaged under 58.5. A canvass of seventy-four members of the Exchange averaged 57.8.

The high price of 37.25 cents for October contracts compared with 35.70 cents, the previous high price established last Thursday afternoon.

The big advance in prices brought out a mass of profit-taking sales. The South was a heavy seller. The selling movement brought about a reaction in prices, the decline amounting to about a cent a pound. During the afternoon the market was dull but steady, with prices off half a cent from the best under realizing. Trade buying became less in evidence and there appeared to be some hesitation on the part of brokers. The market closed barely steady, October showing a net advance of 165 points compared with Friday's final figures.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Dy.
Sept.	....	....	....	36.15 bid	34.50
Oct.	34.85	37.25	34.85	36.15@36.25	34.50
Nov.	....	....	....	35.70 bid	34.00
Dec.	34.60	36.50	34.55	35.55@35.65	33.94
Jan.	34.58	36.35	34.44	35.45@35.54	33.82
Feb.	....	....	....	35.35 bid	33.72
March	34.40	36.05	34.35	35.30@35.35	33.70
April	....	....	....	35.30 bid	33.65
May	34.50	36	34.40	35.27@35.30	33.60
July	34.50	35.49	34.50	35.20 bid	33.55
Aug.	34.50	34.55	34.50	35.20 bid	..

The local market for spot cotton was steady and 170 points higher, with middling upland at 38.20 cents; sales, 100 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 36.35c; New Orleans, 34½c; Savannah, 35¼c; Augusta, 35¾c; Memphis, 35c; Houston, 35¾c; Little Rock, 35c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yes erday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	21,497	18,614	20,004
Exports	....	11,051	9,140
Exports, season	274,005	223,247	386,884
N. Y. stocks	59,828	83,535	63,230
Port stocks	810,008	833,041	444,410
N. Y. arrivals	....	1,838	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton market quiet and 7 points lower, with middling at 25.03d; good middling, 23.95d. Sales, 3,000 bales, of which 2,000 bales were American. Imports, 5,000 bales, all American. Futures opened very steady, 10 to 18 points advance, and closed steady, 44 to 51 points advance, compared with Friday's final quotations. September, 25.33d.; October, 25.03d.; November, 24.79d.; December, 24.60d., and January, 24.41d.

Manchester: Yarns firm and cloths irregular.

GREAT DAMAGE DONE TO THE COTTON CROP

Weather During July and August Dampens Hopes for a Record Output.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—A disaster unparalleled in the history of the cotton growing industry in the United States has befallen the American cotton crop this year as the result of a severe drought in July and August. The Government's September cotton report, issued today, forecasts the prospective production this year at 11,370,000 estimated 500-pound bales—4,098,000 bales less than was forecast at the beginning of the season.

The second largest acreage on record was planted this year and prospects seemed bright for the largest crops ever grown. Drought during July, however, reduced the crop by 1,616,000 bales, and dry weather in August caused the greatest deterioration ever recorded in a single month, there being a decline of 17.9 points in the condition on Aug. 25 as compared with July 25.

The entire cotton belt was affected, but in Texas and Oklahoma and the western part of the region it was greater than in the east. The extent of the depreciation amounted to 2,482,000 bales, reducing the prospective production to 11,137,000 bales. A crop of that size would be slightly smaller than those of the last three years. In a statement issued with the crop report, the Department of Agriculture said:

"The last month was the most disastrous in its effect upon the cotton crop that has been recorded, the decline being 17.9 points, equivalent to a depreciation of 24 per cent. on one month. The forecast of yield per acre, 145 pounds, is smaller than any yield ever reported.

"A large acreage, however, permits a forecast of total production of 11,137,000 bales, which is but slightly smaller than the last three crops. The depreciation was more or less general throughout the cotton belt, but greater in the West (Texas and Oklahoma especially) than in the East. The principal cause of the decline is extreme drought, but contributory causes are boll weevil, red spider, and rust."

The condition of the crop by States is: Virginia, 84; North Carolina, 77; South Carolina, 67; Georgia, 66; Florida, 60; Alabama, 66; Mississippi, 67; Louisiana, 53; Texas, 43; Arkansas, 52; Tennessee, 58; Missouri, 80; Oklahoma, 33; California, 92; Arizona, 96.

Maury, Rogers & Auchincloss
Members
New York Stock Exchange
New York Cotton Exchange
Chicago Board of Trade
Announce the removal of their offices to the ground floor of
25 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK CITY
Telephone Broad 7400

NO MONEY AVAILABLE FOR RAILROAD'S NOTES

Federal Board Makes No Advance for $1,500,000 Issue of Chicago & Western Indiana.

There matured yesterday $15,000,000 of one-year 6 per cent. collateral trust notes of the Chicago & Western Indiana Railroad Company, but at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., where they were payable, it was stated that as no funds had been received with which to pay off the obligations, it was impossible for the bankers to redeem the notes. Holders of notes who presented them for payment were told that no funds were available.

It had ben expected generally in banking circles that the Railroad Administration would furnish the necessary funds out of the revolving fund at its disposal, but despite the efforts made to obtain assistance, no money has come forward. It was learned yesterday that John Skelton Williams had suggested that a bank loan be arranged for the period of one year at 6 per cent. This proposal, it was said, did not meet the approval of the bankers, inasmuch as they thought it inadvisable even to try to burden the banks with a nonliquid capital loan of $15,000,000 extending over ten months or a year, and they had some doubt as to whether the banks would agree to make such an advance. It was also thought hopeless to sell to the public a note at 6 per cent. when equally good and better railroad short-term securities were being offered on a more attractive basis. It appears that Mr. Williams declined to grant permission to float a loan at a rate higher than 6 per cent. One of the difficulties in the way of financing was the fact that the railroad contract has not yet been signed and the road has no assurance in respect to its future earnings.

The notes of the Chicago & Western Indiana Railroad Company are secured by $21,000,000 first and refunding bonds, which enjoy a first lien upon extensive freight-terminal property in and around Chicago which is used by the Pennsylvania, Atchison, Erie, Wabash, Chesapeake & Ohio, and other roads.

It is understood that under the terms of the indenture, the Bankers' Trust Company of New York, which is the Trustee, may sell the security behind the notes for the benefit of the noteholders five days after payment has been defaulted.

The $15,000,000 of one-year notes were offered to the public at 99⅝ by a syndicate composed of J. P. Morgan & Co., the First National Bank, the National City Company, and Harris, Forbes & Co.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Sept.	1.55¾	1.52¾	1.55	1.54⅝
Oct.	1.57¾	1.54¼	1.57¾	1.56⅜
Nov.	1.54⅞	1.51	1.54⅜	..

OATS.

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 80@81c; No. 2 white, 81c; No. 3 white, 79½@80¼c; No. 4 white, 79@80c; ordinary, clipped, 81@82c.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	70¼	69¼	70¼	70¼	55⅞
Oct.	71	71	72	71⅞	..
Nov.	74	72¼	73¼	..	..

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard— Sept.	26.92	26.90	26.92	26.87	23.55
Oct.	26.87	26.85	26.87	26.77	23.50
Ribs— Sept.	24.60	24.50	24.60	24.57	23.60
Oct.	24.85	24.75	24.85	24.80	23.57
Pork— Sept.	43.10	43.10	43.10	43.25	..
Oct.	43.50	43.40	43.45	43.70	42.95

COFFEE.

Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Sept.	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.52
Oct.	..	..	8.65	8.64
Nov.	..	..	8.80	8.75
Dec.	8.95	8.95	8.95	8.87
March	9.40	9.30	9.30	9.14

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.
October	1.60	1.68½	1.69
November	..	..	1.71

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts, two days, 6,192 packages. Market short of fresh; table grades, and prices advanced another ½c, with a very firm feeling at the close. Renovated doing a little better, and ladles and packing stock are stronger. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 49@49½c; extras, 92 score, 48½@49c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 46@48c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 43½@45¼c; thirds, 41@43c; unsalted, higher than extras, 50½@51c; extras, 49½@50c; firsts, 47½@49c; seconds, 45@47c; State dairy tubs finest, 47½@48c; good to prime, 45½@47c; common to fair, 40@44½c; renovated, extras, 42¾@43c; firsts, 41½@42c; lower grades, 38@40½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 40@40½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 38@38½c; seconds, 36@36½c; lower grades, 34½@35½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 36@36½c; No. 2, 35½c; lower grades, 33@35c.

EGGS.—11,921 cases. Market opens with a fairly steady tone. The highest qualities are still in pretty good demand and firm. The medium grades which come more directly in competition with storage eggs are rather quiet. There is some improvement in the quality of the general receipts, although there is still some irregularity, many lots still containing considerable mixture with heated and undesirable stock. Storage eggs in fair demand and held firmly. Strictly fancy nearby white eggs in light supply. Detective qualities are still plentiful, and meeting a dull market at weak and irregular prices. Fresh gathered extras, a dozen, 51@52c; extra firsts, 48@50c; firsts, 44@47c; seconds and poorer, 28@43c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 36@38c; No. 2 and poorer, 26@35c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 31@35c; under grades, 20@30c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, charges paid, 43¼@44c; firsts, charges paid, @43c; seconds, charges paid, 38@42c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western henmery whites, fine to fancy, 62@68c; ordinary to prime, 45@60c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 40@62c; ordinary to fine, 40@62c; Pacific Coast whites, firsts to finest, 62@64c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 40@60c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 54@58c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 38@52c.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Forecast: N. C., S. C., Ga., Fla., Ala., and Miss.—Showers Wed. and Thurs.

Tenn.—Showers Wed. and Thurs.

Ky.—Showers and cooler Wed.; showers Thurs.

Ind.—Cloudy Wed., rain Thurs.

Mich.—Fair and cooler Wed., fair Thurs.

Ohio—Cloudy and cooler Wed., fair Thurs.

La. and Ark.—Showers Wed. and Thurs.

Okla.—Showers Wed., fair Thurs.

Tex.—Showers Wed. and Thurs., fair except local showers in Southeast.

Exempt from Federal Income Taxes

$1,028,000

Lake Worth Drainage District
of Palm Beach County, Florida
Serial 6% Bonds

Dated January 1, 1917. Coupon bonds in denominations of $1,000 and $500. Principal and semi-annual interest, June 1 and December 1, payable at the Hanover National Bank, New York City.

Maturing Serially from Dec. 1st, 1922 to 1944, Inclusive.

These bonds, the obligations of an independent drainage unit, are secured by a tax lien on 130,000 acres of land, strongly held and now averaging in value at least $35 per acre, with an aggregate value of over $4,500,000. The annual requirements for both principal and interest average only 62c per acre.

Lake Worth Drainage District extends from the City of West Palm Beach in a southerly direction for a distance of twenty-six miles and is eight miles wide. Transportation facilities are furnished by the Florida East Coast Railroad, which parallels the District for its entire length and maintains stations at intervals of from three to five miles, and by the Dixie Highway, a paved roadway extending from Jacksonville to Miami. Improved public roads connect all parts of the District with convenient stations on the lines of transportation.

Legality of the bonds has been approved by John C. Thomson, Esq., Attorney, New York City, and by Messrs. Charles & Rutherford, Attorneys, St. Louis, Missouri. The law under which the District operates has been approved by the Supreme Court of Florida, and the organization of the District has been validated by a special act of the Legislature.

Price 100 and Accrued Interest

William R. Compton Company
Government and Municipal Bonds
"Over a quarter century in this business"
14 Wall Street, New York
St. Louis Cincinnati Chicago Pittsburgh Jackson, Miss.

"Passed by the Capital Issues Committee as not incompatible with

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Correspondence Invited

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High Grade Securities
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Telephone Rector 3015.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

50 American Light & Traction Com.
100 Guaranty Trust.
100 Kirby Lumber Com.
25 Lone Star Gas.
50 Midland Securities.
50 Otis Elevator Pfd.
100 Penn. Coal & Coke.
100 Singer Manufacturing.
25 Texas Pacific Coal & Oil.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

25 Associated Dry Goods 1st Pfd.
50 Burns Bros. Ice 2d Pfd.
50 Famous Players-Lasky.
25 Great American Ins.
25 Old Dominion S. S.
50 Remington Type. Com. & 2d Pfd.
25 Texas Pacific Coal & Oil.
25 United States Glass.
100 White Rock Water Pfd.

J.K.Rice, Jr.&Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Wanted

Stern Bros. Pfd.
Butterworth-Judson.
Nat'l Aniline & Chem. Pfd.
Carolina Power & Lt. Pfd.
Burns Bros. Ice 1st & 2d Pfds.
Marlin-Rockwell Stock & Notes.
Fisk Rubber 1st Pfd.

For Sale

Burns Bros. Ice 1st & 2d Pfds.
Carib Syndicate.
American Thread Pfd.
Marlin-Rockwell Stock & Notes.
Midland Securities.
Fisk Rubber Common.
American Uniform.
Electric Bond & Share Pfd.

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C. W. Pope & Co.

Our weekly Market Letters present each week the facts as we see them concerning the investment position of the Sound Unlisted issues.

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UNION PACIFIC EARNS $41,536,499 IN YEAR

Net Income Decreases $1,646,909, Although Operating Revenue Gains $15,689,257.

VALUATION IS $596,392,128

The Increase of Taxes $2,800,147 More Than Accounts for Decline of Profits.

The Union Pacific Railroad Company had an aggregate operating revenue of $130,101,864 in the year ended Dec. 31 last, which was $15,689,257 larger than the year before. The pamphlet report issued yesterday showed that, while gross business scored a substantial increase, the company's experience was not unlike the other great systems, in that expenses ate heavily into the receipts. Operating outlay amounting to $77,295,158 was $13,590,765 larger than in 1917. After counting in the income from investments, rentals, &c., and paying interest charges and taxes, there remained a net revenue of $41,536,499. This was $1,646,909 less than the year before.

It was worth noting in the report that the increase of taxes more than accounted for the decline of net earnings, the increase being $2,800,147. Of this total the Federal capital stock taxes and the war income and excess profits imposts accounted for nearly $2,000,000. The balance of earnings available for dividends was equal to 16.89 per cent. on the common stock, after allowing for the preferred stock dividends, against 17.64 per cent. the year before. The salient items of the annual statement are set forth in the following table:

	1917.	Increase over 1916.
Operating revenue	$130,101,864	$15,689,257
Operating expenses	77,295,158	13,590,765
Taxes	8,457,601	2,800,147
Income from inv., &c.	11,791,366	*455,603
Interest charges	13,092,634	95,235
Net income	41,536,499	*1,646,909

*Decrease.

After paying dividends there remained a balance of approximately $15,325,600, which was not, however, added to the surplus account. The explanation for the disposition of the balance was described in the statement in this way:

"The entire amount of the year's surplus income after appropriations for dividends was appropriated to cover a like amount of expenditures made during the year for purposes chargeable under the requirements of the Interstate Commerce Commission to 'Investment in road and equipment' accounts. This appropriation was deemed expedient in view of the new 10 per cent. tax imposed by the revenue law of Oct. 3, 1917, upon the entire undistributed net income of corporations for each year unless invested or employed or retained for employment in the business or invested in Government bonds. An amount in excess of the whole surplus income of the year having been expended for property investment purposes, and there being no present intention of capitalizing such expenditures, it was considered that the year's surplus income should be specifically allocated to those expenditures by formal appropriation, thereby making the bookkeeping conform to facts."

The balance sheet showed that the value of road and equipment at the end of the year was placed at $596,392,128, an increase of $20,140,357 during 1917. Investments in affiliated companies of $64,156,166 were $3,519,886 higher than at the opening of the year, while the investment in bonds and stock of other concerns, $204,577,819, displayed a gain of $7,547,105. Current assets were valued at $46,849,226, and current liabilities at $32,547,220. The profit and loss account at the close of the year amounted to $124,354,104.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
Spelter	9.37½	9.62½	9.37½	9.62½
Antimony	14.00	.....	13.87½	14.12½
Quicksilver	$125.00	.....	$125.00	.....
Aluminium	.....	33.00	.....	33.00
Iron, No. 2 Xfd'y	.....	34.25	.....	34.25

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 28c.

London quotations were:

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Copper, spot	122	0	0	122	0	0
Tin, spot	353	0	0	361	0	0
Tin, futures	353	0	0	361	0	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	29	10	0	29	10	0

33 NEW WOODEN SHIPS.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 3.—American shipping was increased by thirty-three wooden vessels during August. This was announced today by Charles Piez, Vice President and General Manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation. Twenty-two of the vessels were actually delivered to the Government, and the other eleven passed final tests and are ready for delivery.

Mr. Piez said most of the new ships would be used in the American coastwise trade, but that a few would be diverted to English Channel work connected with the war. Nearly all were constructed in the extreme South.

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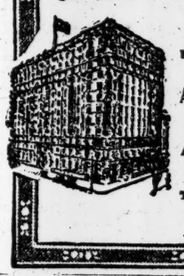
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MARKET REVIEW NO. 318
(Mailed free on request.)
Among other stocks treated are;

Curtiss Aeroplane	Pierce Oil
General Asphalt	Sapulpa Refining
U. S. Steamship	Houston Oil
Midwest Refining	Magma Copper

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4½s Mar., 1963	99⅝	100⅛	99⅝
4½s Nov., 1957	99⅝	100⅛	99⅝
4½s May, 1957	99⅝	100⅛	99⅝
4½s Mar., 1960-80	94½	95	94½
4½s Mar., 1964	94½	95	94½
4½s Apr., 1966	94½	95	94½
4½s Mar., 1962	94½	95	94½
4½s Sept., 1960	94½	95	94½
4s May, 1959	90	91	89½
4s Nov., 1958	90	90½	89¾
4s May, 1957	89	90½	89¾
4s Nov., 1956	89	90¼	89
4s Nov., 1955	89	90¼	89
4s Nov., 1956	92	93	92
4s May, 1919	99¼	..	99¼
4s Nov., 1918	99½	..	99½

	Yester-day. Bid.	Satur-day. Ask.	Bid.
3½s Nov., 1955	80½	81	80½
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4½s 1921-1923	4.60	4.45	4.60
4½s 1919-1926	4.60	4.45	4.60
4½s 1915-1925	4.60	4.45	4.60
4½s 1924-1932	4.80	4.45	4.80
4½s 1940-1953	4.70	4.55	4.70
4½s 1918	4.50	4.40	4.50
3s 1940-1953	4.70	4.55	4.70
3½s 1926-1930	4.70	4.55	4.70
3½s 1918-1926	4.70	4.55	4.70

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11 Cities Service	209½	209¼	209	211
325 Cities Service pf	72⅝	72¼	72¼	73¼

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Power	14	16
Adiron Elec Power pf	87	89
Am Gas & Electric	39	40
Am Gas & Electric pf	39	41
Am Light & Traction	182	185
Am Light & Trac pf	91	93
Am Power & Light	71	72
Am Power & Light pf	68	72
Am Public Utilities	..	50
Am Public Utilities pf	..	50
Am W W & Electric	4½	5½
Am W W & El 1st pf	57	60
Am W W & E partic	12	14
Carolina Pow & Light	25	26
Carolina Power & L pf	85	90
Colorado Power	20	25
Colorado Power pf	95	100
Columbus Electric pf	57	59
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	20	23
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	40	42
Conn Power pf	75	80
Consumers Power pf	80	85
Eastern Texas Electric	53	56
Eastern Tex Elec pf	95	98
El Paso Electric	83	85
El Paso Electric pf	80	85
Electric P & S pf	86	90
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75
Federal Light & Trac	7	10
Federal L & Trac pf	33	40
Galveston-Hous Elec	37	39
Galveston-Hous El pf	80	85
Gas & Elec Securities	200	250

	Bid.	Asked.
Gas & Elec Secur pf	80	85
Miss River Power	12	14
Miss River Power pf	41	46
Northern Ohio Electric	15	25
Northern Ohio Elec pf	50	60
North Ont Lt & Pow	11	15
North Ont Lt & P pf	51	53
Northern States Power	44	45
North States Power pf	81	83
Northern Texas Elec	58	63
Northern Tex Elec pf	70	74
Pacific G & E Electric	33½	35
Pacific Gas & Elec pf	79	80
Puget S T L & P	10	13
Puget S T L & P pf	42	46
Ry & Light Secur pf	80	85
Republic Ry & Light	19½	21
Republic Ry & Lt pf	57	59
Southern Cal Edison	76	78
Southern Cal Edis pf	95	98
Stand Gas & Electric	4	6
Stand Gas & Elec pf	22½	24
Tampa Electric	97	102
Tenn Ry, L & P	2¾	3
Tenn Ry, L & P pf	12	14
United Light & Rys	59	61
United Lt & Rys pf	60	62
Wash I W L & P	81	84
Western Power	12	14
Western Power pf	48	50
West, Church & Kerr	58	65
West, Church & K pf	80	85
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	Bid.	Ask.
Alabama Water 6s, '29	96	98
Appalach Power 5s, '32	93	97
Cin Gas & El 5s, '56	89	92
Cities Serv deb 7s	101	102¼
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	71	76
Commonwealth Power (New) 1st 5s, 1944	97	100
Conn Power 5s, 1963	84	89
Dallas Elec 5s, 1922	84	88
East Tex Elec col 5s	82	88
El Paso Elec 1st 5s	87	92
Gt West Pow 5s, '40	73	76
Gt West Pow 6s, '25	87	90
Int-M Ry, L & P 6s	98	99
Middle W U 8s, '25	84	90
Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	76	77

	Bid.	Ask.
Miss V G & E 5s, '22	78	80
Nor States Pow 6s, '26	89	91
Nor States Pow 5s, '41	84	88
Nor Tex Elec col 5s	79	85
Omaha & C B 5s, 1928	76	85
Pug Sd Tr, L & P 7s	96	98
Roanoke W W 5s, '19	96	97
So Cal Edison 5s, '39	87	90
Twin States Gas & El 5s, 1953	..	..
Un L & R 1st 5s	32	37
Un L & R deb 6s, '26	83	87
Un Util rev 6s, '43	90	95
Utah Securities 6s	..	85
Wash I W L & P 6s	94½	95

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
50 ACL of Conn	83½	85½	83½
10 Con Power	98	98	98
23 Consden	6½	6¾	6½
115 Davidson	39¼	39	39¼
6 Md Casualty	73½	73½	73½

Bonds.

$3,000 Con P 4½s	78	78	78
2,000 Do 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
8,000 Cosden 6s	81	81	81

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
50 Am Zinc pf	50	49⅝	50
60 Allouez	50¼	50	50¼
500 Ariz Com'l	16	15¾	16
5 Bingham	10¼	10¼	10¼
180 Butte & Bal	26c.	26c.	26c.
51 Cal & Ariz	69¾	69	69¾
4 *Cal & Hec	455	455	455
47 Cop Range	47¼	47	47
410 Daly-West	2¾	2½	2½
50 Davis-Daly	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝
10 Gr nby	81	81	81
25 Lake	5¼	5¼	5¼
100 Mass Con	5	4⅝	5
100 New Arc	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞

Railroads.

3 Bost & Alb	130	130	130
55 Boston Elev	70½	70½	70½
*30 Do pf rcts	97	97	97
105 Bost & Me	37	36	37
100 Mass Elec	21	20	20
70 Do pf	16	15½	15½

Miscellaneous.

45 Am Ag Ch	90½	90½	90½
25 Do pf	92½	92	92
200 Am L & S pf	5	5	5
15 Am Sugar	110¼	110¼	110¼
257 Am T & T	98½	98	98¼
45 Am Wool pf	95¾	95¾	95¾
960 Booth Fish	27¾	27¾	27¾
450 Cent Steel	14¼	13¾	14¼
90 Eastern S & S	7	7	7
20 Edison	149	149	149
708 Fairbanks	55¼	54¾	54¾
10 Gen Elec	147½	147½	147½
850 Gorton Fish	33¼	32¾	32¾

42 Mass Gas	84	84	84
30 N E Tel	87	86¾	87
3 Plant pf	91	91	91
410 Punta Sugar	35	35	35
5 Pullman	112	112	112
712 Swift	104⅞	103	104⅝
20 Torrington	52	52	52
40 United Drug	72	70	72
20 Unit Fruit	131	130⅜	131
270 United Shoe	40⅞	40	40¼
2 Do pf	43	42¾	43
100 Ventura Oil	7	7	7

Bonds.

$5,000 A T & T 4s	94¾	94¾	94¾
2,000 C J & S Y 4s	73½	73½	73½
3,000 Punta Su 6s	80	80	80
3,100 Lib 3½s	101.80	101.84	101.64
1,500 Cv 4s	94.14	94.14	94.14

$3,500 Lib 2d 4s	94.40	94.04	94.40
400 4¼s, '47	91.80	94.14	94.50
1,200 4¼s, '42	94.32	94.04	94.24
7,000 4¼

NEW YORK.

HOTEL GRAMATAN
25 minutes from Grand Central.
A city hotel in a country setting. All outdoor sports. Full Train Schedule.
HOTEL GRAMATAN
Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N. Y.
Asa D. Gallup, Vice-President.

Ideal Autumn Outing
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LAKE PLACID, N. Y.
FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT. All out-of-door Adirondack diversion. Circular.

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McPhillips Hotel and Cottages
In the Adirondacks; booklet on request. McPHILLIPS BROS., THE GLEN, N. Y.

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Hotel BRIGHTON
LONG BEACH, L. I.
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For SEPTEMBER and OCTOBER
SPECIAL FALL RATES.
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ALAMAC
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1¼ HOURS FROM N. Y.—LACKAWANNA R. R.
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Every modern comfort and appointment.
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Music and dancing. Bathing, boating, fishing, tennis, saddle horses, etc. Garage.
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Ideal Seashore Resort.
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SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
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On ocean front; golf, tennis, surf bathing.

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THE LEADING RESORT HOUSE OF THE WORLD
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
HEALTH IS EFFICIENCY
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets.
No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments
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Coolest location on the Coast
Near all Piers and Amusements
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Special Diet Kitchen
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FEATURING A SECTION COMBINING WITHIN A COMPARATIVELY SMALL AREA MOUNTAINS, LAKES, AND SEA COAST OF INCOMPARABLE BEAUTY.
ITS ACCESSIBILITY MAKES NEW ENGLAND ESPECIALLY DESIRABLE FOR TOURING THIS YEAR WHEN NEEDED RECREATION MUST BE SECURED AND CLOSE TOUCH KEPT WITH WAR AND BUSINESS CENTRES.
Illustrated Route Book or Large Map in Colors Free at 1,180 Broadway, or by mail from
ALMON C. JUDD
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WHITE MOUNTAINS
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Accommodations for 450 Guests. Opened June 29th. Closes Sept. 25th. Altitude 2,000 ft. All Summer sports. Fine garages. On "IDEAL TOUR." Management of
C. H. Greenleaf Everett B. Rich
Affiliated City Hotel—Hotel Vendome, Boston.

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HOTEL AND COTTAGES
Jefferson, White Mts., N. H.
The Hotel De Luxe of the Mountains.
Altitude 1,600 ft., 25-mile unobstructed view. Open until Oct. 1st. 18-hole golf course. Finest motor roads. New Hampshire's famous horseback riding. H. N. Townsley, Mgr.

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Dixville Notch, N. H. Open until October.
Golf Lakes Camps Touring
DAVID B. PLUMER, Manager.

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431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00
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Get away to happiness—away to the nerve-resting, pine-scented, sleep-giving air of the Muskoka Lakes. There you will find this Hotel, cheery rooms, good food, golf, everything. No increase in rates.
Royal Muskoka
Booklet. Royal Muskoka Hotel, Lake Rosseau, Ontario

RAILROAD CONTROL CONTRACT READY

Approved by McAdoo and Leading Companies, but Some Roads May Dispute Terms.

BILLION DOLLARS RENTAL

Revenues Expected to Fall Far Short—Disputes Over Facts or Law to be Adjudicated.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The form of contract under which the Government will pay nearly a billion dollars rental every year to railroads under Federal control has been approved finally by Director General McAdoo and representatives of the leading railroads, and will be offered to the companies for signature within a few days.

Many protests from company representatives, made during long months of discussion of the contract, have been needed in the final draft, it was announced today, although some roads may yet decline to sign it and resort to further negotiation, or possibly to court action. Without a formal contract during the eight months of Federal control, the Government has paid 90 per cent. of compensation claims to needy roads, and left the balance for adjudication after conclusion of the agreement.

Each of the 170 roads under Federal management will be asked to sign the contract, which will be identical for all except that the specific annual compensation for each will be the average net railway operating income for the three years ended June 30, 1917.

As provision against disputes over questions of fact, the contract specifies that the Interstate Commerce Commission shall be called on to act as referee. Questions of law involved in disputes between any company and the Director General may be submitted to a court.

All operating revenues of the railroads are to go to the Government to be used in paying the compensation. Experience so far this year has demonstrated, however, that these revenues will fall far short of the billion-dollar compensation, which it is estimated the Government will have to pay.

Property taken over by the Government must be returned in good condition at the end of the Federal control and provision made for depreciation, but the Government is permitted to make additional expenditures to insure safe operation.

If any railroad property is destroyed by fire or other means, the Government must replace it, but the Government is not held responsible for destruction by "public enemies." This is taken to mean that if war were carried to this side of the Atlantic and railroads destroyed it would be the companies' loss.

The Railroad Administration must notify a company of additions and betterments or road extensions to be made but if these finally are held to be required by war needs, and not for proper operation of the line, the company will not be called on to stand the expense.

During Federal control the Government is to assume all expenses growing out of settlement of claims arising since the roads were taken over, joint facility and equipment rents, and damage suits against railroads.

Salaries of corporation officers or other corporation or railroad expenses not directly necessary to actual operation must be paid by the companies, unless provided otherwise by the Director General.

Ordinary Federal, State, and local taxes will be paid by the Government, but each company must pay special war taxes.

The contract specifically provides that, since Government operation is to tide the nation over a war emergency, nothing in the contract terms is to be construed as expressing or prejudicing the future policy of the Government concerning ownership, control or regulation of the company.

SEIZE 20,000 HERE IN SLACKER SEARCH

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

tody. All those whose records could not be verified were held in custody.

At 7 o'clock last night 3,192 yellow cards had been issued, and there were probably 1,500 men on the armory floor whose cases had not been attended to. Anticipating that there would be an evening congestion, Mr. DeWoody arranged to make use of the 1,000 cots stored in the armory so that those who were detained over night might have beds to sleep on. The text of the card which each man detained had to make out was as follows:

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.

Name .....
Residence address.....
Residence telephone.....
Business address.....
Firm .....
Business telephone.....
Married? .....
Registered? .....
Local board number.....
Did you file questionnaire?.....
When? .....
Have you your classification card?.....
Where born? .....
Date of birth?.....
How long have you lived at present address? .....
Where did you live before that?.....
When did you come to New York?.....
Show evidence of identity.....
Remarks: .....
Suspect picked up by .....
At .....

The first of those rounded up were caught at the railroad stations. By 6:30 o'clock the stations or ferry-houses of every railroad connecting with New York were manned by operatives of the Department of Justice, and all arrivals, suspected to be between the ages of 21 and 31 were held and questioned. By 10 o'clock there were between 2,000 and 2,500 of these train arrivals in the 69th Regiment Armory. Those having residences other than New York were sent up to the armory balcony at the east end of the building, while the natives were herded in the "bull-pen," a roped space in the centre of the armory floor.

Hurry calls were sent by telephone to the homes of the men, appealing to members of their families to hurry to the armory with whatever cards had been issued by local draft boards, which those in the roundup had failed to carry in their pockets. By noon the armory was besieged by relatives and friends of the men inside. By 2 o'clock in the afternoon the rush of these was so great that they had to be driven from the armory to the street. The iron gates of the armory closed and 720 men from Companies C and D of the Provost Guard at Fort Niagara, which are now stationed at the barracks in Mulberry Bend Park, were thrown around the three sides of the armory.

The arrivals at the armory, for the most part, wore smiling faces and joked one another good naturedly. But as the day grew older and many saw prospect of sleeping in the armory all night, the personal atmosphere changed. The plight of the out-of-town men was indeed serious. The only thing that they could do was to telegraph to distant homes for their draft board records. There seemed to be not only no thinning out in the strangers' gallery during the entire day, but by early evening there was a downright congestion. And what was true in the gallery was true on the floor. At 7 o'clock last evening there were more men in the "bull pen" than there had been at any time during the long day.

Nobody had to go without luncheon or dinner, and those who had to sleep in the armory last night will be served with breakfast this morning. The Government arranged with the caterer who has the contract for feeding those who are detained at Ellis Island to supply as many meals as may be necessary.

Salesmen Caught in Roundup.

In the armory crowd were many local salesmen who were picked up with their sample cases. Many of these who were brought to the armory in the morning were still there last night, having been unable to produce satisfactory information about their eligibility for military service under the first selective draft act. But if some of those who were held all day in the "bull pen" had used just a little horse sense, they need have stayed only a short time. A case in point was that of Perry M. Acker of Peekskill. He had been standing in line from about 2 o'clock in the afternoon until 6 o'clock last evening. Some one asked him how he happened to be picked up, because he looked easily to be more than 31 years old.

"Why," he said, "I work for the Federal Shipbuilding Company at night as a rigger in Kearny, N. J. I live in Peekskill, and commute back and forth. I came to New York early this morning today because I had some personal business to attend to. When I landed at the Grand Central Terminal I was nabbed."

"Well," said one of the American Protective League agents, "if your story is true, it is vastly more important that you be sent your way to Kearny than that you be kept standing around here. Come over here to the Bureau of Information and we will see what can be done." At the Bureau of Information, Acker told his story, said his department number was 45 at the Kearny plant, and that his company number was 121. He said he would pay the expense of a telegram or telephone message to the County Clerk of Westchester County, who would give the record of his birth.

"Let's see that white slip you have," said one of the men supervising the work in the Bureau of Information.

Acker produced his white slip, and it showed that he had been discharged from custody two or three hours but didn't know it. There were hundreds of other cases like this.

The first man brought into the armory was Abrahani Ituo, a Russian, 26 years old, of 148 East 121st Street. He was one of the idlers on the Twenty-sixth Street side of the armory watching the show. He said he had been in this country fourteen years, and when he was asked if he had registered under the first selective draft act, he replied that he had not, because he did not want to. He was promptly sent to the north gallery to join the crowd of real slackers.

All day long, throughout the city, in places where crowds are wont to be found, such as Forty-second Street and Fifth Avenue, Forty-second Street and Broadway, Forty-second Street and Eighth Avenue, Thirty-fourth Street and Fifth Avenue, Thirty-fourth Street and Broadway, Thirty-fourth Street and Park Avenue, and all along Broadway and Sixth Avenue, from Fourteenth to Twenty-third Street, squads of soldiers and sailors were posted to interrogate all those who were suspected of being slackers. The inquiries were made courteously and quietly, but those accosted realized that the interrogators were not to be trifled with. When a squad of ten or twelve suspects was collected at any one point, it was marched to the nearest police station. Between 12 and 1 o'clock guards were posted at most of the city corners, the blocks were closed, and then soldiers and sailors combed them for men who ought to be in the service and were not.

At the noon hour something like 1,000 men were rounded up in Fourteenth and Twenty-third Streets. The great majority of them were cloak and suit makers, and, much to the surprise of the Government agents, nearly every one of them produced his card and was allowed to go. A considerable crowd of alleged slackers had been rounded up at 1 o'clock in Fifth Street and Lafayette Place. A passing truck was commandeered, and the men were taken directly to the Sixty-ninth Street Armory. Arriving there, somebody thought to question the driver. He didn't have his credentials, so he was arrested and his employers were notified to send somebody for the motor truck.

Find Many Drug Fiends.

Expecting that criminals and drug fiends would be rounded up among the slackers, detectives from Headquarters and members of the narcotic squad were on hand, both in New York and Brooklyn, to take a careful look at those rounded up. There were twenty-five or thirty drug fiends found at the 69th Armory, and they were taken in charge by doctors and nurses stationed at the armory hospital. Something like a hundred wanted by the police of New York and New Jersey were taken to Police Headquarters. This reminded United States Marshal McCarthy of what happened in Chicago when they rounded up the slackers there. He said that the net result of that roundup was that 600 men were obtained for the army and 300 crooks were sent to jail.

Late last evening when the official returns came in from Brooklyn, where William Blatchford, Special Agent of the Department of Justice, was in charge, Mr. De Woody said that many more had been taken in the day's bag than had been estimated in the evening. Between 8,000 and 10,000 from Brooklyn, Queens, Coney Island, and other Long Island boaches had been taken to the Twenty-third Regiment Armory and their cases reported to sixty-five local draft boards. Mr. De Woody estimated that there were 5,000 still to be attended to at the armory at 9 o'clock. He estimated that, of the total number, 5 per cent. were out-and-out slackers.

The midnight returns from Jersey City showed that 7,000 men had been detained, and it looked as though about 2,000 of them would be obliged to spend the night in the Fourth Regiment Armory. More than 2,000 persons assisted in the roundup. Midnight returns from Newark estimated the arrest of 4,000. They were first taken to eight police stations and then to the First Regiment Armory. Fifteen of the number were found to be out-and-out slackers and were immediately inducted into the service. They will be sent to Camp Dix tomorrow.

Raymond J. Knoeppel, the representative of the American Protective League in the Bronx, issued a statement last evening to the effect that over 50 per cent. of those taken into custody in that borough came to New York from out of town to evade the draft at home.

The official count for Queens, which came in shortly before 11 o'clock, was as follows: Sixty men rounded up at Hunter's Point, 150 in Astoria, 225 in Elmhurst, 300 in Flushing, 100 in Glendale, 75 in Richmond Hill, 600 in Jamaica, 75 in Rockaway Beach, and 250 in Far Rockaway.

They had a merry day of it rounding up slackers in Passaic. When they decided to quit about 6 o'clock last night 1,500 of those suspected of being eligible for military service were held in the National Guard armory. Teh roundup there was conducted by members of the State militia, the Passaic and Rutherford police, and Department of Justice agents, working under the direction of Thomas Smith. Most of the men were picked up in the fifty factories in and about the city.

The final first-day figures from Hoboken were supplied just before midnight by Special Agent Joseph P. Holmes of the Department of Justice. More than 2,000 were detained in the City Hall Armory, and Mr. Holmes estimated that 5 per cent. were real slackers.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—In Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy calendar discharges:

Andrew T Elliott, Daniel Derren, Lee H Cotton.

Under objections:
John Cort.
Isidor Klein.
Carl Heusser.
Schach & Rosenstein.

Adjourned cases:
Samuel Blumenthal, L. & S Hershkovitz, Bonelli & Losito, Thomas R Wheeler.

Motions:
William M Butler, Rosenberg & Parkey, Lebtman & Kaliner, Steinway & Caulbert, Lizzie F Brown, Dwistan, Inc, B Soloman & Co, Heminway & Gulbert, Louis Pesscov.

DISTRICT COURT—Mack, J.—In Room 3, Woolworth Bldg., 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar.

U S Sampson.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 323.

Equity:
Ellis Foster Co< Williamsburg Chem. Carlson, as Trustee< Frank et al.
Carr, as Trustee< Silver et al.
Waterson, Berlin, et al<15th St Amuse.
Union Reg & Paper Co<Frederick Bischoff.
P. Chappelle<S. K. Applebaum, &c.
A. G. Spalding & Bros<Dorothy Lee, an infant.

Criminal:
U S<Leland E. Hawkins et al, (on a trial.)
Same<J. Ackerman.
Same<Wojciesk Maconchock.
Same<S. Birzec.
Same<J. Popierdink.
Same<J. Linden.
Same<J. Stoller.
Same<A. Finlay.
Same<J. Chorchut.
Same<J. Tivel.
Same<I. Wiener.
Same<W. F. Hudginge.
Same<C. Kona.
Same<D. McManagle.
Same<C. Kanyon Co, Benjamin Wolf, H. Hede, J. Smolauski, and L. J. Friend.
Same<D. Charnick.
Same<S. Sprague.
Same<F. Lattman.
Same<F. Macconchock
Same<C. Seymanala.
Same<J. Watkins and E. Bailey.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Degnan<Sadowsky.
Morrison<The Croller Socy.
Bryson & Bros, Inc< Shongood.
Hubert<The W F Powers Co.
Goldstein<Gardner.
McClelland<Johnson.
Roman<Star Fur Dyeing Co.
Marero Bros<Miller.
Halpern<Cooper.
Nein<Finnigan.
Aufses<Jacobs.

PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—Donnelly J.—In re Colucci.—Frank W. Chambers. Miner<Boyzuffi.—William Allen.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM, (Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar, to be called Friday, Sept. 6.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

Motions:
Estate of Irwin Brott, Patrick Dowd, Jacob Rappaport, Theresa Schefel, Giuseppe Di Polla, Katherine Spaeth.

Wills for probate:
Mary A Corcoran, Charles Zeller, Joseph Fischl, George Hasselmeyer, Estate of Michael Burke, John Costello, Rosie Grosh, Edward Roth, Nannette Boerckel, Mary E McNamara.

Accountings:
Estate of Evadna H Mapes.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.—Herman Feinberg<Adele C. Kerr et al.—Eugene J. Busher.

Referee Appointed.

COUNTY COURT—Gibbs, J.—Kunzig<Krabo.—Samuel W. Phillips.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Cropsey, J.—At 10 A. M.

Motions:
Re Bank of Flatbush.
Gavin<Liebman.
Coriggliano<Pellegrino.
R. Cohen<Freedman.
H. Cohen<same.
Posner<Hackett.
Grillo<Vittorio.
Albrecht<Chelsea Fireproof Warehouse Co.
U. S. Fid. & G Co< Solomon.
Goldstein<Goldstein.
Re Kling.
Carennante<Barbato.
Bookhamer<Archer.
Bitzep<Strcut.
Thompson<Thompson
Harbell<McClellan.
Re Hinds, H & E.
Trachman<Blonder.
Leroy Sargent & Co< Ormsley McHarg.
William<Tax L Corp.
Tyers<Tyers.
Flynn<Hoffman.
Somma<Somma.
Re Hunts Point Road. (Judge.)
Ward<Ward.
Re Cohen, (Gleeksman.)
Tack<Tack.
Hajek<Boh Workingmen's Co-op Assn.
Cuomo<Arnold.
Texler<Pechter.
Bazenche<Schreiber.
Margenstein<Holzwasser.
Quinlan<O'Connell.
Pfau<Stoll.
Buchner<Shindel-Wert Co.
Kirshbaum<Abrahamson.
Sheffield Farms Co< Orange Dairy Co.
Union Trust Co<Levy.
Peo ex rel Schmidt< Transatlantic Co.
Jessop & Sons<Wagner.
Buchner<Shindel-Wert Co.
Sourbree, Inc<Jatison Con Co.
Cameron<Midwout Hold Corp et al (2.)
Re Stand Leases Corp
Belden<Mut Life Ins.
Deridder<Taylor.
O'Brien<Mutual Film Corp.
Donohue<Rice.
Michell<Hudson.
Re Carmichel.

PART II.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part III.—Recess.

PARTS IV. to VIII., inclusive, adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Recess.

PARTS III. to XVIII., inclusive, adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Motions:
Estate of Bernhard Bimenthal, Margaret Morgan, Emilie Weil, Michael Harrison, Anna Ryan, Annie Fallon, Agnes Connelly,
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

Joseph Uhr, Louis Matlowsky, Jacob Altmork, Clausine M Benson, M Abrahams, Mary Jane Tobin.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT Southern District of New York.—Notice is hereby given that on May 28, 1918, the PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY filed its petition praying limitation of liability as owner of the tug PENNSYLVANIA for any loss, damage or injury arising on or about October 31, 1917, while the tug Pennsylvania was preparing to start to shift the scow Ed and Tom at Greenville, New Jersey, in consequence of which Martin F. Cavanaugh is alleged to have sustained injuries. The petitioner has stipulated to pay into this Court the value of said tug and pending freight as appraised, viz.: $25,000, with lawful interest according to law; that all persons claiming damages by reason of said accident are required by the monition issued to me by said Court to prove their claims before Alexander Gilchrist, Jr., Esq., Commissioner, at his office in the Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 4th day of September, 1918, at 10:30 A. M., and that persons not so proving claims will be then defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Notice is given that the CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY, owner of Lighter No. 228, has filed its petition for limitation of liability for any loss, damage or injury arising out of berthing said vessel at Pier 24, Brooklyn, on April 12, 1917. Petitioner has surrendered vessel to trustee. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, damage or injury must prove their claims before Max Rockmore, Esq., Commissioner, at the United States Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before September 4th, 1918, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Bronx Apartment House in the Hunts Point Section Figures in Two Deals.

A Bronx investment property figured in a sale and resale yesterday. The Barnett Realty Company sold to a client of S. S. Isaacs, attorney, the six-story apartment house at 936 Intervale Avenue, on a plot 137.6 by 87 by irregular, in the Hunts Point district, which has been held at $100,000. The property was resold to Jacob Berlin, for investment.

Hotel Bristol Sale.

T. Elliott Tolson, with his associates, David H. Knott and W. W. Wyckoff, forming a corporation, have purchased the entire Hotel Bristol property, 122-124 West Forty-ninth Street, and 129-135 West Forty-eighth Street, so that they are now the sole owners, leasing it to the present company which has been operating the hotel for the last eight years, the Wynotol Realty and Hotel Company, of which T. Elliott Tolson is President.

Last week Mr. Tolson made a contract with the National War Work Council of the Young Men's Christian Associations of the United States to care for their overseas force during the continuation of the war, and six floors in the Forty-ninth Street building will be set aside for the exclusive use of the association. The necessary alterations are expected to be completed within two months. Douglas L. Elliman & Co. negotiated the lease.

Private Dwelling Sale.

The Elizabeth Realty Company purchased from James H. Cruikshank, operator, 316 West 137th Street, a three-story dwelling on a lot 16 by 100 assessed at $6,500.

Buyer for West Side Corner.

The William S. Dempsey Realty Company bought from the William Lustgarten Company the four tenements at the northeast corner of Eleventh Avenue and Forty-eighth Street, on a plot 100 by 100. The John P. Peel Company and E. J. Crawford were the brokers. It is reported that negotiations are pending for the erection of a service station on the plot, to be leased for a long term to an automobile concern.

The Bronx Market.

A. L. Frumento sold for Santo Ciacini to J. Slotnick the five-story tenement, with stores, at 2,357 Hoffman Street, on a plot 37 by 94.

Charles R. Faruolo sold for Ida K. Brenner the five-story flat, 2,246 Washington Avenue, to an Italian investor.

Samuel Barnett has sold the two-family house at 960 Grant Avenue, on a lot 20 by 100, and held at $12,500, to Price Brothers, represented by Abraham Leichter, as attorney. A. H. Hamel was the broker.

Manhattan Beach Results.

A total of $357,475 was realized last Saturday at the auction sale of 400 lots and six houses at Manhattan Beach. The dwellings, which were sold to H. B. Rollher, W. S. Graves, H. Jacobsen, H. Hollabor, P. J. Monahan, and Daniel Daly, brought $66,150. Inside lots were sold at prices ranging from $850 to $1,750 each, and corners containing five lot plots from $4,250 to $6,750. Joseph P. Day conducted the sale.

Queens Borough Sale.

Minor L. Platt has sold for the estate of Edward E. Scheurer the property at the southeast corner of Flushing and Eighteenth Avenues, Astoria, Long Island City, 136 by 172 feet. The sale involves the Elite Hotel property, together with the good will, stock, furniture and fixtures; the Scheurer nurseries and Monumental Works. Part of the property is occupied by apartments and stores. The purchaser will make extensive alterations to the hotel and occupy it.

Westchester County.

Griffen, Prince & Ripley sold for Mrs. Jennie Eggers her residence in Larchmont Park, Larchmont, N. Y., to Mrs. Maude Smith Shannon.

New Jersey.

Bowles & Co. sold for George S. Rowe his house on Crescent Avenue, Leonia, to Dean Potter of New York City.

Frederick Brown, operator, resold to E. C. Eachel the former Morgan property in Montclair, N. J., held at $60,000. The property consists of a mansion and half acre of ground on Undercliff Road. F. M. Crawley & Brother negotiated the sale.

Edward P. Hamilton & Co. sold for the estate of Samuel Campbell the residence and outbuildings with site of 2 acres on Ridgewood Road, South Orange, N. J. The dwelling is octagonal in shape, and was built of solid concrete about seventy-five years ago. It has been owned by the Campbell family since construction.

Former Ticket Offices Leased.

The United States Railroad Administration has leased Brooklyn stores formerly occupied as railroad ticket selling offices at 24 Court Street to Henry Willard and 505 Fulton Street to Louis Kendzur.

Establish Country Department.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have opened a country department in charge of N. M. Ladd, Morton C. Nye, Hayes Robbins, E. C. Hatch, 3rd, Wilson.

Commercial Lease.

S. Osgood Pell & Co. leased for Propper Brothers the five-story completed garage at 305 to 307 West 128th Street for a term of twenty-one years from Sept. 1 at an aggregate rental of about $250,000. The same brokers recently leased to the building for George Henkin to the present tenant for a twenty-one-year term. The subtenant will continue to operate the garage.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. and F. B. Robert leased for the Vanderbilt Avenue Realty Company store No. 1 in 270 Park Avenue, together with the basement under it, and also the remaining space in sub-basements Nos. 1 and 2, extending under the Madison Avenue frontage from Forty-seventh to Forty-eighth Street. The lessee is the Thonet-Vanner Company, furniture, dealer.

M. & L. Hess, Inc., leased for the Ellisdale Company at 55 Fifth Avenue the entire fourteenth floor, containing 20,000 square feet, for a term of years to the F. M. Lupton, Publisher, Inc., publishers of The People's Home Journal, for executive offices.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Samuel Marx.

54th St, 263 West, n s, 25 ft e of 8th Av, 18.9x62.11, three and four story tenement and store; City Real Estate Co. against Alexander McConnell et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $15,521.78; taxes, &c., $800; adjourned to Sept. 10.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

New Buildings.

22d St, 551 and 553 West, for a four-story storage and offices, 50x80; M. C. MacNutt, 101 9th Av., owner; Renwick, Aspinwall & Tucker, 8 West 40th St., architect; cost, $20,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

11th St, 224 West, to a four-story dwelling. Church of St. John the Evangelist Premises, owner; H. V. Hartman, architect; cost, $5,000.

Columbus Av, n e corner 72d St, to a seventy store and tenement, 53 West 72d St. Co., Inc., owner; I. Margon, 355 East 149th St, architect; cost, $40,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 3.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

ARDEN ST, 15, e s, 134 ft n of Nagle Av, 27x110; Bromberg Realty Co. to Olds Holding Corporation, 217 Broadway, mtg $20,000, all clear. Sept. 3; attorney, Julius H. Zieser, 217 Broadway $100

BROADWAY, 915, w s, 46 ft s of 21st St, 24.1x100; 2289T.; New York Life Insurance and Trust Co., trustee, to Agnes Silcock, 24 St. Nicholas Place, 2-3 part, all title, Aug. 26; attorneys, Butcher, T. & F. Stebbins $30,000

SAME PROPERTY; Julia G. Walker to same, 1-3 part, all title, Aug. 26; attorneys, same $15,000

CHRYSTIE ST, 228, e s, 99.5 ft s of Houston St, 25x75; Arthur D. Weekes and another, executors, to Anthony J. Farnolo, 1,778 83d St, Brooklyn, Aug. 28; attorneys, Weekes Bros., 52 William St $28,500

LEXINGTON AV, 1,553, e s, 26 ft n of 66th St, 22x95, foreclosure Aug. 1, 1918; Charles D. Donohue, referee, to Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, 370 Madison Av, Sept. 3; attorney, Edward H. Daly, 52 Wall St $15,000

MADISON AV, 1,772-4, w s, 60 ft n of 116th St, 40.11x110; Navlys Co. to Richelieu Holding Co., 26 Cortlandt St, mtg $51,500, all liens, April 2; attorneys, Pressinger & Newcomb, 60 Wall St $1

167 AV, 853, e s, 46 ft s of 21st St, 22x68.8; Joseph Goldenberg to Solomon Reiner, 1,676 7th Av, all liens; attorneys, Amend & A. $1

79TH ST, s s, 127 ft e of 2d Av, 18.6x102.2; Pauline G. Paymer to Edward Paymer, 9 Park Av, mtg $6,000, Sept. 3; attorney, S. S. Breslin, 110 Broadway $1

112TH ST, 104-6 East, s s, 211.8 ft w of 3d Av, 33x100.11, foreclosure, Aug. 1, 1918; William D. Sporberg, referee, to the Cremieux Benevolent Society, 67 West 125th St, Aug. 30; attorney, M. Frank, 220 Broadway $10,000

113TH ST, n s, 36 ft e of Park Av, 42.8x100.11; Wentworth Holding Co. to Beatrice Iram, 115 West 114th St, mtg $43,000, all liens, Aug. 21; attorneys, Kantrowitz & E., 320 Broadway $100

117TH ST, 226-28 East, s s, 225 ft e of 3d Av, 75x100.11; Cynthia and George M. MacKellar, executors, to Anna E. Morrison, 783 Hancock St, Brooklyn, et al., Aug. 21, quitclaim; attorneys, MacKellar & G., 43 Cedar St, 5 deeds $300

SAME PROPERTY; Jeannette C. Kern to Eloise A. Sickels, William S. MacKellar of Orange, N. J., et al., Jan. 14, 1907, b and s and c. a. g.; attorneys, same, 4 deeds $1

148TH ST, s s, 75.1 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 24.11x74.11; Charles M. and Anna M. Stahl to Rosalie Stahl, 204 West 146th St, mtg $12,000, all liens, July 17; attorney, Arthur G. Basch, 258 Broadway $1

150TH ST, n s, 338.4 ft w of 7th Av, runs n 100 x w 100.1 to e s of Macomb's Dam Road x s 56.10 to street x e 137.6 to beginning; Raymond H. Kutner to Julius Bacharach, 767 5th Av, mtg $76,500, July 11; attorneys, M. S. & I. G. Isaacs, 52 William St $1

208TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 9th Av, 200x99.11; Atlantic Realty Co. to Harriet C. Abbe, 3 East 82d St, et al., mtg $18,000, June 29; attorney, Hubert Howson, 55 Liberty St $1

Bronx.

BRONX TERRACE, e s, 224 ft n of 10th Av, 3tx106; Mary E. Woodhouse to H. W. G. Carper, 50 Union Square; mtg $4,500, Aug. 30; attorney, Gettner, S. & A., 299 Broadway $1

180TH ST, 610 and 612 East, s s, 40.11x irregular; Rebecca Roth to Clara Cooper, 340 East 18th St, mtg $35,850, Aug. 23; attorney, Breitbart & B., 309 Broadway..$100

167TH ST, 818 East, n s, 40x100; also 167th St, 822 East, s s, 40x100; Grand Concourse Realty Co., Inc., to Markstone Realty Co., Inc., 505 East 171st St, mtgs $62,000, Aug. 30; attorney, P. D. Shapiro, 119 Nassau St $1

BATHGATE AV, 2,156, e s, 26.5x100; Mary Arena to Carmela Arena, 2,156 Bathgate Av, mtgs $8,500, Sept. 2; attorney, Carmela Arena, 2,106 Bathgate Av $100

BATHGATE AV, 2,270, e s, 80x115.1; Anna Bayer to Edward McCarrick and another, 2,268 Bathgate Av, mtg $9,000, Aug. 31; attorney, Herman & Edelstein, 277 Broadway..$100

135TH ST, n s, 106.6 ft e of Alexander Av, 25x100; Mutual Life Ins. Co. to Hudwil Corporation, 7 West 42d St, Aug. 30, 5 years; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co. $100

CROTONA AV, 2,137, n w s, 22x125; Anna Picciulo to William C. Deane, Dogliation, N. Y. July 1, installments; attorney, May A. Jarnason, 21 Park Row $4,400

135TH ST, n s, 106.6 ft e of Alexander Av, 12.6x100; Hudwil Corporation to Mutual Life Insurance Co., 34 Nassau St, Aug. 30, due Sept. 1, 1921; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $1,750

BATHGATE AV, 2,270, e s, 80x115; Margaret McCarrick to Frank Bayer, 2,279 Bathgate Av, Aug. 31, due as per bond; attorneys, Herman & E., 170 Broadway $9,000

140TH ST, n s, 185.4 ft e of Alexander Av, 45.10x100; John J. Lawrence to Nellie L. Lawrence, 348 East 140th St, Aug. 31, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, R. Warren Lawrence, 348 East 140th St $1

SAME PROPERTY; same to R. Warren Lawrence, 348 East 140th St, 1-3 part, Aug. 30; same attorney $1

CEDAR AV

APARTMENTS to let in the following very high class houses:

525 West End Avenue
Northwest Corner 85th St.
9 ROOMS and 3 BATHS, $3,500
14 " " 4 " $5,500

220 West 98th Street
Southeast Corner Broadway.
7 Rooms and 3 Baths, $2,000-$2,300
8 " " 3 " $2,100-$2,400
Renting Agents on premises, or
MARK RAFALSKY & CO.,
21 East 40th St. Tel. Vanderbilt 2027

815 Park Av. S.E.Cor. 75th St.
NEW BUILDING,
7-ROOM APARTMENTS
of the Very Highest Class.
ESPECIALLY DESIGNED FOR
SMALL FAMILIES
Large Living Room, Dining Room, Foyer, Kitchen, 2 Master's Chambers & Baths, & 2 Maids' Rooms & Bath.
Also
AN UNUSUAL APARTMENT
1 LARGE SINGLE ROOM with Foyer and Bath.
Agent on Premises. Rhinelander 499.

840 West End Avenue
Corner 101st St.
7 Rooms, $1550
8 " $1800
9 " $1850

430 & 425 West 116th St.
Corners of Amsterdam Ave.
5 Rooms, $762-$882
6 " $720-$1002
7 " $870

528-532 West 111th St.
Near Broadway, block from Subway.
3 Rooms and Kitchen $780-$900
4 " $900-$960
5 " $1080
6 " $1120-$1180

226 West 97th St.
Near Broadway.
2 Room KITCHEN: $720-$870

Apply Superintendents, on premises, or Main Office, 2596 Broadway. Phone River. 6900.

Kew Gardens
Long Island
16 Minutes from the Heart of Manhattan

Exceptional value is found in the house shown above. Located on one of the best corner plots in all of Kew Gardens; size 100x80; 11 rooms, 2 baths, extra toilet, lavatory, and master's shower. Large fireplaces. Screens, etc. A modern house, complete in every accessory. Price $22,500.

Other houses at a wide range of prices, and on liberal terms of sale.

Edgeworth Smith
One West 34th St.,
Phone Greeley 5280.
Office at Kew Gardens Station
Phone Richmond Hill 1713

Offices To Let

Three Floors Downtown corner office building.
9,000 Sq. Ft. per floor.

Entire Floor Woolworth Building.

In Financial District
5,350 SQ. FT. divided as follows:
General office and eleven private offices.
1,325 SQ. FT. General office and three private offices.
960 SQ. FT. General office can be divided.

Possession of above space Oct. 1st.

Wm. A. White & Sons.
46 Cedar Street
TEL. 5700 JOHN.

Lofts to Let

One at
63 WEST 36th ST.
From February 1st, 1919. Size 50 ft. x 98 ft. 9 in. Thoroughly fireproof. 100% sprinkler equipment. Three elevators. Light on four sides. Perfect service. Rent $8,800 per annum.

Also
116-118-120 East 27th Street,
Near 4th Ave.
Three Lofts to Let.
From February 1st, 1919. Size 66 ft. 8 in. x 98 ft. 9 in. Thoroughly fireproof. 100% sprinkler equipment. Three elevators. Perfect light, complying with all factory laws. Rents, $8,800 to $4,300 per annum per loft.

APPLY ON PREMISES, TO YOUR OWN BROKER, OR TO
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 EAST 42ND ST.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

200 West 57th St.
S. W. CORNER 7TH AVE.
The New 14-Story Rodin Studio and Apartment Bldg.

Duplex Studio Apartments, 8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $4200 up.

Duplex Studio Apartments, Studio and Apartment Bldg. Kitchenette, $1700 and up.

Housekeeping Apartments, 4 to 6 Rooms and 1 to 3 Baths, Rents $1500 to $3000.
Refrigeration included in rent.
Apply Manager on Premises.

324 WEST 103D ST.
DUPLEX APARTMENT
16 Rooms, 6 Baths
One of the most beautiful corner suites on Riverside Drive. Southern and western exposure.
Rent $7,000
Might consider dividing into two separate apartments.
Goodale, Perry & Dwight, Inc.,
Tel. Academy 1070. 2705 Broadway.

THE NORWOOD,
102 West 119th St.,
Bet. Seventh and Lenox Aves.
Modern Elevator Apartments.
7 & 8 Rooms & 2 Baths.
Rents, $1,100-$1,200.
Apply Supt., on Premises.

DEARBORN
350 West 55th St.
Apartments of
1, 2, 3 & 4 ROOMS,
KITCHEN AND KITCHENETTE
$35.00 TO $95.00.
Satisfactory reference indispensable.
On premises, or
BING & BING, 119 WEST 40TH ST.

19 WEST 54TH STREET
Near Fifth Avenue and University Club.
Two and four room and bath bachelor apartments with service, $1,000 to $2,000. Exclusive building. Resident valet. Breakfast served in rooms. Apartments open for inspection.
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Bet. West End Ave. & Riverside Drive, High Class Elevator, Front Apartment
7 Large, Light Rooms $1100 and $1200
Bath and Extra Lavatory.

562 WEST END AV.,
AT 87TH ST.
Exceptional Apartment,
8 Rooms and 3 Baths;
Attractive Rental.
Immediate possession.

265 WEST 81ST ST.,
NEAR WEST END AVE.
Choice Elevator Apartment
7 Rooms. Attractive Rent.
Immediate Possession.
6 ROOMS, 2 BATHS.

Claymont & Sherwood,
548-558 W. 164th St.
High-Class Elevator Apartment House,
6 ROOMS $60.
Apply Superintendent, on Premises.

Abercrombie Apartments,
540 West 165th St.
High-Class Elevator Apartments.
8 Beautiful Rooms $80.

8 and 9 Rooms, 2 Baths.
EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENTS and arrangement of rooms, every one being outside and large; abundance of closet room.
805 St. Nicholas Av., Corner 150th St.
W. D. MORGAN, Agent, 3573 B'way. (147th.)

6 ROOMS, 2 BATHS
Large rooms and closets; private house neighborhood; convenient to "L" and subway stations.
302 CONVENT AV., CORNER 142D ST.
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4 TO 8 ROOMS
elevator apartment; extra large, light; high-class service in every respect; all modern improvements; select house; moderate rents. 87 Hamilton Place, corner 141st St., near 137th St. Broadway subway station.

BRYANT PARK STUDIOS
80 WEST 40th ST.
Very desirable North Light Studio Apartments, 7 ROOMS partially furnished, $5,000.
Supt. on premises.

Near Broadway, 204 West 109th
5, 6 Rooms $40-$55. Steam, bath, electricity, telephone, parquet floors, hardwood finish; beautiful entrance; select families.
OWNER'S MANAGEMENT.

THE KANAWAH
203 West 111th St.
5-6 Rooms. Elevator Apts.
$46 to $54. Superintendent.

Eight Rooms, Corner, $75.00.
400 West 152nd (St. Nicholas Av.)
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42 EAST 78TH STREET
S. E. COR. MADISON AVE.
New and Exceptionally
Attractive Apartments
2 and 3 rooms and bath, or larger suites to suit. Elevator service.
French Restaurant on Premises
A charming place to lunch and dine. Moderate rents. Apply on premises or
JOHN J. RAVANAGH,
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Telephone 220-221—Rhinelander.

471 Park Avenue
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Duplex Housekeeping
Studio Apartments.
8 Rooms, 3 Baths, to 13 Rooms, 4 Baths,
$3,800 to $6,500
New Subway Station Lexington Av. and 59th St.
Under Management of
Douglas L. Elliman & Co.
Specialists in Town and Country Residences
414 MADISON AVE.
At 48th Street.

993 PARK AV.,
Corner 84th St.
10 ROOMS, 3 BATHS,
$4,100 to $4,800
On premises or
BING & BING,
119 West 40th St. 6410—Bryant.

152 Madison Ave.
CORNER 32D STREET.
Maid and valet service. Meals if desired.
1 ROOM & BATH, $600 } Per
2 ROOMS & BATH, $900 } Annum
EVERY ROOM LIGHT.
Apply to Superintendent on premises.

2 EAST 12TH STREET.
NEW—JUST BEING FINISHED.
2 rooms, bath and kitchenette, $62.50 to $65.
Studio, north top light, $82.50.
Parlor floor, 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette, $75.
Parlor floor, 2 large rooms, kitchen and bath, $100.
Entire floor could be rented as one apartment of 5 rooms, 2 baths.
E. W. LUDLOW & CO., 149 Broadway.

995 MADISON AV.,
N. E. CORNER 77TH ST.
Second floor, south, eight rooms, three baths; unfurnished, $3,000; furnished, $3,750; fifth floor, north, eight rooms and three baths; unfurnished, $2,750; furnished, $3,500; every detail of this building is the very best. Inquire superintendent, on premises.

THE LOREM
S. W. Cor. of Fox and 168rd Sts.
ELEVATOR APARTMENT
4 TO 7 ROOMS
WARREN & SKILLIN,
174 Fulton St. New York.

Apartments of Quality.
2 ROOMS, BATH AND KITCHENETTE,
55 East 60th St.
ADJOINING PARK AVE. CORNER.
Maid service; ideal for bachelors or couples. Large rooms, fashionable neighborhood.
Inquire on premises or of
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
507 Fifth Ave. Murray Hill 4520.

2 ROOMS
AND BATH.
With or without kitchenette; $750 up; dining room; complete hotel service.
780 MADISON AV.

Three Upper Floors (7 Rooms)
4-STORY DWELLING.
N. W. Cor. Madison Av. & 61st
Very attractive. $1,750 per annum.
Wm. B. MAY & CO., Agents.
717 FIFTH AVE., Near 56th Street.

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51 EAST 96TH ST.
Northeast Corner Madison Av.
One Corner Apartment,
Nine Rooms, Bathe, Rent $1,850.
Apply Superintendent on Premises, or
280 Madison Av.
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Corner Apartment
1,350 Madison Av., S. W. corner 96th St., 7 rooms and 2 baths; kitchen on street; every room brilliant; overlooking Central Park; high-class service; rent $1,150. Apply premises or W. Korn, 847 5th Av.

7-8 Rooms $780-$1,000
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE,
28 EAST 124TH ST.
OPPOSITE MT. MORRIS PARK.
Subway Express Station 125th St.

55 EAST 76TH ST.,
NEAR PARK AVE.
High-class apartment; excellent elevator, hall, and telephone service.
7 Rooms, $1,000 to $1,300

The St. Regis
830 E. 163D ST., NEAR PROSPECT AV.
NEAR PROSPECT AV. SUBWAY STATION.
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE.
4-6-7 Rooms, $40-$60-$70.
BRONX.

NEW BUILDINGS
Ready for Occupancy Oct. 1.
4-6-7 ROOMS, $34-$62.
206-220 EAST 165D St.,
Exceptionally large, light and airy; very latest improvements inst. in each apartment. Conv. to N. Y. C. R. R. crosstown subway, and "L." Reach. Renting agent on premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

10 & 11 ROOMS
3 Baths, $2,100 to $3,000
8&9 Rooms, $1600 to $2,000
Best value for the money in town.
ALL LIGHT, OUTSIDE ROOMS.
125 Riverside Drive
NORTH CORNER OF 84TH ST.

BONNY CASTLE
HIGHLAND COURT
St. Nicholas Av. at 191st St.
Elevator Apartments
3 to 8 Rooms
WARREN & SKILLIN, 174 Fulton St.

1 & 2 ROOMS & BATH,
Strictly Modern
Fireproof Elevator Apartments.
In Private House Block
CENTRAL LOCATION
THE CAMBRIA,
347 WEST 55TH ST.
Large, Fully Equipped Kitchenette, Restaurant. Maid's Service Arranged.
If you appreciate living in a well managed house, amid refined surroundings, inspect apartments at
3,750 Broadway, S. E. Cor. 156th St.
Choice 6 Room Apartments.
All Large, Light Rooms, $75.
OWNER ON PREMISES.

1,425 SQUARE FEET,
all light space,
8 ROOMS AND BATH, $1,200.
Facing Central Park at 100th St. Entrance.
407 CENTRAL PARK WEST.

667 MADISON AV.
Southeast Corner 61st St.
One exceptionally fine large apartment
12 Rooms and 3 Baths
Every Modern Improvement.
$4,500 Per Annum.
Must be seen to be appreciated.
Apply Supt. on premises or your own broker, or Telephone Plaza 3524.

40th St., Nos. 34 & 36 East
High-Class Elevator,
All Improvements,
2 & 3 Rooms and Bath.
Non-housekeeping, including Service.
$1200 to $1500.
BOHNENKAMP & SCHNEIDER, Agents
542 Fifth Av., N. Y. Tel. Vanderbilt 2880.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

WEST END AV., 604.—5-story, 22 ft. front English basement, 7 bedrooms, 4 baths, drawing, dining, reception rooms; (30 tons coal in bins;) decorations perfect condition. Owner, W. S. Champ, 217 Broadway. Phone 4585 Barclay.

TO LET.
64th St., 104 E. st; four story and basement dwelling; 14 rooms, 3 baths; $2,000; possession at once.
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
46 Cedar St. Tel. 5700 John.

INSPECT THESE HOUSES.
78 East 92d St.; rent $1,650.
76 East 91st St.; rent $2,000.
Electric lights; parquet floors; two baths; perfect condition. Caretaker, on premises.

70th St., between Park and Madison Aves.—Very attractive 4-story dwelling with 3-story dining room extension at a moderate rental.
Firm of L. J. Carpenter, 25 Liberty St.

HOUSE FOR RENT.
Three story and basement high stoop private house, 2 baths. 626 West 137th St., adjoining Riverside Drive.

Three-story house; electric lights; Winter coal. Lowther, 757 West End Av.

94th St., near Broadway.—Ten rooms, three baths; coal in. O 191 Times.

Nine-room house, 3 baths; 11 improvements; 2 car parking. 14 Jumel Terrace. (West 162d.)

Bronx.

Two-family, 16-room, brick house, lot 20x100, all modern improvements; 2 blocks subway station, one block Bronx Park; price $11,000. Owner For rent out 9045.

Two-family brick detached house, 15 rooms; all improvements; near N. Y. C. and subway; coal all in. Phone owner and builder, 5599 Melrose.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

42 EAST 78TH STREET
S. E. COR. MADISON AVE.
New and Exceptionally
Attractive Apartments
2 and 3 rooms and bath, or larger suites to suit. Elevator service.
French Restaurant on Premises
A charming place to lunch and dine. Moderate rents. Apply on premises or
JOHN J. RAVANAGH,
963 Madison Ave.
Telephone 220-221—Rhinelander.

471 Park Avenue
S. E. cor. 58th Street.
Duplex Housekeeping
Studio Apartments.
8 Rooms, 3 Baths, to 13 Rooms, 4 Baths,
$3,800 to $6,500
New Subway Station Lexington Av. and 59th St.
Under Management of
Douglas L. Elliman & Co.
Specialists in Town and Country Residences
414 MADISON AVE.
At 48th Street.

993 PARK AV.,
Corner 84th St.
10 ROOMS, 3 BATHS,
$4,100 to $4,800
On premises or
BING & BING,
119 West 40th St. 6410—Bryant.

152 Madison Ave.
CORNER 32D STREET.
Maid and valet service. Meals if desired.
1 ROOM & BATH, $600 } Per
2 ROOMS & BATH, $900 } Annum
EVERY ROOM LIGHT.
Apply to Superintendent on premises.

2 EAST 12TH STREET.
NEW—JUST BEING FINISHED.
2 rooms, bath and kitchenette, $62.50 to $65.
Studio, north top light, $82.50.
Parlor floor, 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette, $75.
Parlor floor, 2 large rooms, kitchen and bath, $100.
Entire floor could be rented as one apartment of 5 rooms, 2 baths.
E. W. LUDLOW & CO., 149 Broadway.

995 MADISON AV.,
N. E. CORNER 77TH ST.
Second floor, south, eight rooms, three baths; unfurnished, $3,000; furnished, $3,750; fifth floor, north, eight rooms and three baths; unfurnished, $2,750; furnished, $3,500; every detail of this building is the very best. Inquire superintendent, on premises.

THE LOREM
S. W. Cor. of Fox and 168rd Sts.
ELEVATOR APARTMENT
4 TO 7 ROOMS
WARREN & SKILLIN,
174 Fulton St. New York.

Apartments of Quality.
2 ROOMS, BATH AND KITCHENETTE,
55 East 60th St.
ADJOINING PARK AVE. CORNER.
Maid service; ideal for bachelors or couples. Large rooms, fashionable neighborhood.
Inquire on premises or of
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
507 Fifth Ave. Murray Hill 4520.

2 ROOMS
AND BATH.
With or without kitchenette; $750 up; dining room; complete hotel service.
780 MADISON AV.

Three Upper Floors (7 Rooms)
4-STORY DWELLING.
N. W. Cor. Madison Av. & 61st
Very attractive. $1,750 per annum.
Wm. B. MAY & CO., Agents.
717 FIFTH AVE., Near 56th Street.

ARTHUR HALL
51 EAST 96TH ST.
Northeast Corner Madison Av.
One Corner Apartment,
Nine Rooms, Bathe, Rent $1,850.
Apply Superintendent on Premises, or
280 Madison Av.
H. F. KELLER, Phone 3003 Murray Hill.

Corner Apartment
1,350 Madison Av., S. W. corner 96th St., 7 rooms and 2 baths; kitchen on street; every room brilliant; overlooking Central Park; high-class service; rent $1,150. Apply premises or W. Korn, 847 5th Av.

7-8 Rooms $780-$1,000
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE,
28 EAST 124TH ST.
OPPOSITE MT. MORRIS PARK.
Subway Express Station 125th St.

55 EAST 76TH ST.,
NEAR PARK AVE.
High-class apartment; excellent elevator, hall, and telephone service.
7 Rooms, $1,000 to $1,300

The St. Regis
830 E. 163D ST., NEAR PROSPECT AV.
NEAR PROSPECT AV. SUBWAY STATION.
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE.
4-6-7 Rooms, $40-$60-$70.
BRONX.

NEW BUILDINGS
Ready for Occupancy Oct. 1.
4-6-7 ROOMS, $34-$62.
206-220 EAST 165D St.,
Exceptionally large, light and airy; very latest improvements inst. in each apartment. Conv. to N. Y. C. R. R. crosstown subway, and "L." Reach. Renting agent on premises.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Brooklyn.

Flatbush, East 26th St., between L and M, modern detached house at bargain, $6,750; lot 37½x100; ample space garage; eight rooms, beautiful dining room; handsomely decorated; all improvements; ready immediate occupancy. Hendrycx, 182 Winthrop St., Brooklyn.

58 PROSPECT PLACE, BROOKLYN.
To let, very attractive 9-room house. Address, for full particulars, John R. Hill, 8-10 Bridge St., New York.

444 SIXTH STREET, BROOKLYN.
To let, attractive 9-room house, in fine condition. Apply to A. J. Shannon Co., 252 7th Av., Brooklyn.

Westchester County.

Furnished, sealed, screened, with 9 rooms, 3 baths, garage, and every convenience, this lovely home at Hartsdale, owner in France, will be sold for $15,000. Telephone 2606 Beekman. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row.

Larchmont, N. Y.—Handsomely furnished stucco house, six rooms, bath; year's lease; $100 month; bargain. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

Long Island.

BAYSIDE.—Can give immediate possession of nearly new house and garage, situated on plot 40x100; within walking distance of station; house contains four sleeping rooms, tiled bath, living room, open fireplace, dining room, and kitchen; hardwood floors; laundry trays, gas range; heated by steam, lighted by electricity; price $5,750; will accept a small first payment and $45 per month. Tuxill Realty Co., 47 West 34th St. Greeley 6806.

New Jersey.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $500 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8 cent commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, and built-in bookcases in living room, panelled dining room, bedrooms in white enamel, hardwood trim, large front porch; also sleeping porch in rear; terraced lawn, trees, finely improved street of beautiful homes; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome combination fixtures, concrete basement, attic, ample space for garden and garage, driveway in rear; near fine schools, and station, 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. Telephone, John 5047.

A charming little home, almost new, of 6 rooms, tiled baths, on a ½-acre plot; fine old shade trees, shrubs, and flowers; has huge veranda and living room 20x20, with big open fireplace; hardwood trim; electric light, steam heat, parquet finished floors; everything new and modern; easy commutation to New York; unusual opportunities for outdoor sports; golf clubs, 2 beautiful lakes nearby; $1,800 on easy terms and $4,000 mortgage buys the property; in fine private neighborhood; immediate occupancy. Personal, B 534 Times Downtown.

Bogota.—Modern seven-room house; every improvement; gas and electricity; heat decorated; convenient to R. R. station; plot 60x100; price $4,500, easy terms, $500 down and monthly installments of $35. W. H. Buffett, Owner, West Englewood, N. J. Phone 310W Englewood.

Bargain.—30 minutes; pretty, new 7-room stucco home; big plot; fireplace; tile bath; electricity; steam; near Lackawanna station, (park section.) 334 Pennington Av., Passaic, N. J.

RENT, THEN BUY.—6 rooms and bath, fireplace, parquet floors, steam heat, gas, electricity, plenty trees; on the hills of River Edge, N. J., half-hour out. Paul Delmont, 50 Church St., N. Y. C., Room 178.

Elegant country home, 10 rooms and bath, all improvements; five minutes from station, 30 minutes from New York. Preston, Builder, Bogota, N. J. Phone Hackensack 1189R.

Mountain Lakes, N. J.—Completed modern residence, furnished or unfurnished, for sale or rent; must see to appreciate; must sacrifice. W. L. Sawyer, 15 Park Row, N. Y.

For rent, furnished, from Oct. 1, thoroughly modern, ten rooms, three baths, garage, at 334 Tremont Av., Westfield, N. J., by John A. Ferrell, 61 Broadway, New York.

Upper Montclair.—Attractive home for sale; nine rooms, garage. Full particulars by addressing Warden, 58 Worth St., N. Y.

Bargain.—Six rooms, bath; all improvements, hollow tile stucco; half hour Erie; $3,750, easy terms. Brady, 154 Nassau St., N. Y.

Connecticut.

Beautiful country home, with all modern improvements; lot 400 feet wide by 1,000 feet deep; town of 2,500 inhabitants, 75 miles from New York, on main macadam road from New York to Boston; lot contains seven acres of level land under high state of cultivation; large variety of fruit; modern garage, barn, hen and pigeon house; steam heat, gas, electricity, city water, telephone, telegraph; two minutes from trolley, twelve minutes from steam cars, five minutes from stores, churches, and school; cash price $17,000. If interested, write "Business Manager," care Case, Lockwood & Brainard Co., Hartford, Conn.

Maine.

COTTAGE—16 ROOMS

and 35 acres of magnificently situated shore land, three miles north of York Harbor. Apply to Henry W. Weare, Ogunquit, Me.

Houses Wanted.

Modern six-room house, near station, within one hour downtown New York; rent about $40 month. S 629 Times Downtown.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

New Jersey.

House facing ocean, garage, $50 until October. 904 Ocean Av., Belmar, N. J.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

A good mortgage application of not over $300,000 is desired, interest rate 6 per cent.; mortgage must be reasonably amortised, Address S 579 Times Downtown.

$45,000 (will divide) for first mortgage loans. R. M., 300 Times Bronx.

REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

$100 PER MONTH
BUYS 5-STORY HOUSE
in one of the best locations on the west side, next to Riverside Drive; this house can be bought for less than what you would pay in rent; first payment, $2,500; house all refinished and in perfect condition; selling price is ¾ of cost; a rare bargain; can be seen by appointment. Mr. Dunn, telephone Rector 5745.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Change of business necessitates my selling our beautiful Colonial home, nine rooms, two baths; plot 80x100; house is in excellent condition; fully screened, awnings, &c.; fine lawn, shrubs and flowers; ideal location; 5 minutes to station, 30 minutes to New York or Brooklyn; the house alone would cost $12,000 to build today; will sell for $10,500; this place is well worth investigating. Phone 1030 Jamaica. W. V. Champlin, Grand and Hillside Avs., Jamaica, N. Y.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Owner will sell at sacrifice large plot overlooking Hudson, stone house; accommodation 60; modern improvements; one hour out. S. A. Lindenberger, Nyack-on-Hudson.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Built in 1726, restored, it has 9 rooms, 2 baths, big fireplaces with cranes and bake ovens, trees, brook, 4 acres, electricity, and its charm is compelling; $9,000 will buy it. Telephone 2596 Beekman. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row.

Real Estate—Out of City.

FOR SALE, ANNUITY INVESTMENT FOR AN ESTATE; MODERN THIRTY APARTMENT BUILDIN IN FINEST RESIDENCE PORTION OF CHICAGO, ALONG THE NORTH SHORE; RENTAL $18,000 PER ANNUM; PRICE $200,000 CASH; NO AGENTS NEED REPLY. FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS X 326 TIMES ANNEX.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Have you Chicago property to trade for my Eastern property? Send description. E. Grover, 1922 Calumet Av., Chicago.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

73-acre farm, on Lincoln Highway, 6 miles north of Princeton, N. J.; high state of cultivation; fair buildings, running water in house and barn; full equipment of machinery and stock; terms reasonable. X 224 Times Annex.

Massachusetts—For Sale or To Let.

Farm for sale, 85 acres, No. 1 condition, fine view and location; mile to centre of town; price $10,000. H. M. Noble, Monson, Mass.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.
Premises 428, 430, and 432 East 48th; two-story brick building, 25x20 ft., on ground 75x200 ft.; entrance on 48th and 47th Sts.; adjoining City Pier, water front; immediate possession; suitable for garage, factory, or truckman; by erecting a one-story building on vacant ground could store 80 commercial trucks on first floor. Phone 3900 Hanover. Geo. Wm. Ballou, 79 Wall St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

218 LENOX AVENUE,
Southeast Corner of 121st Street.
Occupied by Young Women's Christian Assn.
Five-story, 21 feet, corner building, 4,500 feet floor space, suitable for high-class business, technical or business school, private hospital. PIZA, 52 Broadway.

Single or en suite, two large, adjoining offices, facing 5th Av., 4 large windows, completely equipped, with desk phones, &c.; use of adjoining reception room and service; furnished or unfurnished; absolute privacy; reasonable and unusual. Century Advertising Service, 244 5th Av.

OFFICES, 3 rooms, single or en suite, fronting on Fifth Av. and 34th St., twelve large windows; location, appointments and service highest standard; rent very low. Nichols, Room 209, 347 Fifth Av.

Large, light, corner private office, corner William and Pine Sts., outer office and telephone accommodations, for rent; lawyer or insurance man preferred. Call 8th floor, 55 William St.

Furnished private office, $22.50 monthly; also desk room, $9.50; telephone attendant; no lease required. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

133 WEST 72D ST.
Modern building, suitable for
Physicians and Dentists.
Single and double suites.

For Rent.—Offices with three windows, 27th floor Woolworth Bldg.; privileges outer office; reasonable rates; occupants in service; references exchanged. Apply Rooms 2706-8.

Small office to sublet, cont ining partitions, desks, chairs, tables, phone, &c., or will let without furniture. Suite 605, 299 Broadway. Call afternoons.

To lease, small loft building, seven stories, electric power and hoist, east side, near dock. Doscher, 17 Battery Place, Room 923. Tel. Rector 845.

LARGE STORE, 59 EAST 34TH.
New, light, 2 skylights, 23x80.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

PARLOR STORE, $1,300.
132 West 34th, at Broadway; 25x65; light. AMES & CO., 26 W. 31ST ST., OR JANITOR.

FINE LIGHT LOFTS, $65.
264 West 50th, near Broadway; 23x80. AMES & CO., 26 W. 31ST, OR JANITOR.

58th S., 131 West.—Store, high class, in convenient section; suitable any business. H. B. Riecke, 1,737 Broadway.

85th, 9 E st.—Parlor floor, suitable for doctor's office or any other business. Telephone Lenox 8272.

Corner loft 80x100, light manufacturing; elevator, steam heat; brokers protected. 4,077 Park Av., (175th.) Phone 4353 Tremont.

Offices, $25 to $50; 30-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1203.

Corner office, 12 windows, overlooking Bryant Park. 110 West 40th St., Room 1203.

Private office to rent, furnished or unfurnished. 165 Broadway, Suite 2029.

49TH, 116 WEST.—Front parlor, also store. Telephone Madison 6500, Mr. Witsky.

Neatly furnished office space for rent. Suite 1305, 100 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

8TH, (Washington Square.) — Handsomely furnished studio apartment, four rooms, bath; year's lease; $165 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

19TH, 113 EAST.—Studio apartment, 3 rooms, bath, all improvements; light; reasonable.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $18 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

34TH, 62 EAST.—Nicely furnished 2 rooms, bath. Merritt, 9281 Murray Hill, before 6.

77TH ST., 30 EAST.—Two large rooms and bath, comprising entire floor in strictly private dwelling; running water, open fireplaces, mahogany furniture; will divide.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

Apartments and houses, furnished and unfurnished. Mrs. Gerrit Smith, 31 East 48th St. Murray Hill 8485.

APARTMENTS, STUDIOS.
132 W. 34TH, 2 rooms, bath, $40.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, or janitor.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

Corner Madison Av., Sixties; 8 rooms, 3 baths, finely furnished and decorated, $450. HAYWARD, 100th St. and Broadway.

Furnished apartment wanted; refined couple desire 4 rooms and bath; select neighborhood; references furnished; state terms. L 543 Times Downtown.

SAN JACINTO, 18 EAST 60TH ST.
Apartment selections, 1, 2, or more rooms, bath; complete service and restaurant.

THE HAMPTON APARTMENT HOTEL
31st Street, 22 East, (near 5th Av.,) 2 rooms and bath; full hotel service; $70 up.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 8.—Handsomely furnished apartments, four rooms, bath; year's lease, $165 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

Furnished—West Side.

5TH AV., (Madison Square.)—Magnificently appointed housekeeping apartments, 5 rooms and bath, maid service, extra large living room; southern exposure; 6 months or longer; $275 per month. Mad. Sq. 7894.

7TH AV., 725.—Apartment 1 and 2 rooms, bath, beautifully furnished, $45-$85; must be seen to be appreciated.

82D, 9 WEST.—Two rooms and bath, furnished, service, until May. Steigelman.

45TH, 341 TO 347 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness and furnishings unequaled; one, two, three rooms, tiled bath with shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest reference essential; $50 to $95 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

46TH ST., 53 WEST. — LARGE LIVING ROOM, DINING ROOM, TWO BEDROOMS, KITCHEN, BATH. INQUIRE LEVINSON.

48TH ST., (near 5th Av.)—Alcove bedroom, large sitting room, kitchenette; bath. Phone Bryant 9779.

508, (Near 5th.) — Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths; year's lease, $225 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

54TH, 20 WEST. (Near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsome one and two room suites; private baths.

66TH, 208 WEST, (Thorndyke Apartment Hotel.)—Attractive suite, 2 rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly-monthly rates.

59TH ST., 38 WEST.
Apt. selections, 2-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette.

69TH ST., 245 WEST, (the New West End.) —$50 up, 2 and 3 room apartments; kitchenette; completely furnished; latest improvements; references necessary; open evenings.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Two exceptionally handsome rooms, bath, kitchenette; other rooms; refined residence.

69TH, 208 WEST.—3 large, beautiful, light rooms, kitchenette, telephone, shower, reference. Carter.

[illegible] 200 WEST.—Overlooking Drive and river; will let for the Summer months, lovely apartment, nine rooms and three baths; completely furnished and decorated in every detail.

74TH, 103 WEST.—Studios, 30x20, $65; room with private bath, $40; adjoining bath, $30, $25; use kitchenette.

75TH, 14 WEST.—2, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, electricity; maid service.

79TH, 307 WEST.—Seven rooms, two baths; all rooms overlooking Hudson; three exposures; distinctive atmosphere; every detail complete; $325 monthly, yearly $2,800. Tenth floor west.

79TH AND WEST END AV.—The Apthorp, 8 rooms and two maids' rooms, beautifully furnished; $500 month; seen by appointment. Call Schuyler 8673.

80TH, 106 WEST.—Select parlor floor, bath, kitchenette; automatic water heater, electricity.

80S, (Near Drive.) — Handsomely furnished apartment, six rooms, two baths; year's lease; $165 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

82D, 250 WEST. — Attractive eight rooms; modern apartment; artistically furnished; piano. White.

83D, 2 WEST.—Six rooms, elevator, 7 windows, facing street; piano; $135. Pike.

85TH ST., 203 WEST. (Near Broadway.)—An exceptionally well-furnished apartment, bath adjoining, to responsible person. Campbell.

85TH, 332 WEST.—4-room apt., beautifully furnished; 3 windows in parlor; ground floor, front. Mrs. Eichberg.

87TH, 307 WEST.—Private house, floor, 4 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $85; suite $50.

90S, (Riverside Drive.) — Handsomely furnished six rooms, bath apartment, October to January, $150 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

97TH, 300 WEST.—Will sublet for 9 months or longer, 7-room, well-furnished apartment; near Drive and subway; large living room, 3 bedrooms, maid's room, 2 toilets; electricity; linen and silver; select neighborhood; $110 monthly or $1,250 a year; reference required. Madam Robelin. Phone Riverside 5507.

113TH ST., 517 WEST.—Very high class apartments of 2, 4, 5, and 6 rooms, remarkable in their neatness, refinement, and high class furnishings. Telephone Morningside 6240.

113TH ST., 315 WEST. (Georgette Court.)—Four front, outside rooms, handsomely furnished; piano, silver, linen, $75; or will sell furniture. Apt. 4.

118TH, 423 WEST. (Apt. 62.)—5 rooms, all outside; convenient to subway.

119TH, 435 WEST.—2 rooms, kitchenette; entire front, south; opposite Columbia. Hildreth.

119TH, 435 WEST.—Unusually attractive furnished five rooms, front. Apt. 7-C.

122D ST., 620 WEST.—Attractively furnished five-room corner apartment; Hudson views; two suites or entire apartment. Apt. 64.

123D, 547 WEST, (Broadway.) — Eleva or apartment, 5 rooms, bath; $85 per month. Rose.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

137TH ST., 602 WEST.—Nicely furnished suite; conveniences; gentlemen preferred; board optional. Keating.

141ST, 529 W ST.—Seven attractive, modern, fully furnished, large, sunny, clean rooms.

150TH, 539 WEST.—Four rooms, bath, cosy, homelike; Sept. 15; one year; $780.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 838.

ATTRACTIVE Apartments. — Hotel conveniences; apartment r

Early Advertisements

Want advertisements for the Sunday edition of The New York Times should be received at the Times Building as early on Saturday as advertisers can get them there, but not later than 4 P. M.

For the daily edition, 8 P. M. is the closing hour.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

AMERICAN gentleman and wife require small, sunny furnished apartment for season; below 80th St., East or West; $100; best city references; prompt pay. L 517 Times Downtown.

Two rooms and bath furnished apartment wanted, between 32d and 45th Sts., 5th and 8th Avs.; three months' lease. 3089 Broadway, Saturday, August 22.

A SMALL APARTMENT.
Fine section and furnishings required; lease desirable by small couple.
GEORGE NEIMAN, 437 Fifth Av.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED. Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Columbus 836.

Naval officer and wife desire 3-4 room furnished apartment; modern conveniences; $75-$80 monthly. S 108 Times.

TO SUBLET YOUR APARTMENT TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 2890. HERBERT ULLICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

Beautifully furnished 3 to 6 rooms, from $150 to $1,000 monthly. Hager, 10 West 43d st. Columbus 9415.

Three or four rooms, with kitchenette and bath, west side, between 100th and 125th Sts., until June 1. Roberts, Barclay 5635.

Three or four room apartment for housekeeping; two sisters, teachers; near subway; references exchanged. A 339 Times.

Two bedrooms, parlor, kitchenette, bath; between 70th and 100th Sts. S 647 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished.

Wanted, first-class two or three room apartment with kitchenette, unfurnished, vicinity of Grand Central Station; large, old-fashioned rooms preferred. A. Welland, Hotel Lorraine, 45th St. and 5th Av., New York City.

Wanted—Second floor, unfurnished, private house, good neighborhood, west side; responsible tenants. Mrs. Fischer, Sherman Square Hotel.

Three to five rooms and bath wanted on west side; rent $40 to $60. S 136 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

57TH ST., 105 EAST.—Single room, adjoining bath; ninth floor apartment. Tyler.

57TH ST., 142 EAST.—Cool double housekeeping room; home privileges; modern apartment. Apply evenings. Mad. Sq. 4480. Apt. 23.

57TH, 125 EAST.—Large room; also small room; gentleman; references.

58TH, 114 EAST.—Large, small, newly furnished; private bath, electricity; Summer rates.

74TH, 120 EAST.—Attractive room, elevator apartment. Call between 11 and 3, Apt. 9.

57TH, 126 EAST. (Murray Hill Section.)—Newly decorated, steam heated, electric lighted; small, large, connecting rooms; references.

58TH ST., 40 EAST.—Attractively furnished room and suite. Phone Plaza 8607.

56TH, 83 EAST.—Beautiful double, single rooms; private bath; exceptionally gentlemanly.

57TH, 31 EAST.—Desirable large, small rooms; private house; select neighborhood; references.

57TH, 125 EAST.—Charming resident rooms, $30, $45, $25; unusual; references exchanged.

Exceptional floor or beautifully furnished room in private house. Telephone Plaza 9000.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,286, (86th-87th.)—Subway; elegant front parlor, with bedroom; all conveniences; apartment; Swiss family. Sommer.

LEXINGTON AV., 175.—Elevator apartment; large front room; telephone. Apt. 9.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th.)—Parlor floor, corner suite, unfurnished; suitable for music teacher; large, small rooms, furnished, unfurnished.

MADISON AV., 268, (39th.)—Large room, private bath, electricity, g. s. $9.

MADISON AV., 640, (Apt. 7D.)—Beautifully furnished rooms, double and single.

PARK AV., 70, (38th.)—Large, handsome room, adjoining bath, one flight, $11.

West Side.

117TH ST., 21 WEST.—Attractive, comfortable rooms for gentlemen; refined private house.

123D, 258 WEST.—Large room, private bath, $7; single, $3.50; gentlemen.

66-68-70 WEST 36TH ST., separately or together. Cort. 1040.

127TH, 28 WEST.—7 rooms, bath, $12-$15; small room, $3.50; skylight, $2.50.

54TH, 67 WEST.—Large rooms with bath, $15; small rooms; all modern conveniences.

107TH, 65 WEST.—Large room, private baths, telephone, $8, $9, $10, $11.

118ST, 341 WEST.—Attractive room for business woman; $7, with breakfast; references. Donne.

118T, 63 WEST.—Large and small well-kept rooms; southern exposure; first class.

58D, 53 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished rooms, reasonable; gentlemen only; reference.

58D ST., 62 WEST.—Exceptional, fine parlor suite; doctor, studio or private; reasonable.

56TH ST., 48 WEST.—Comfortable room for gentleman; electric light, running water; terms moderate.

56TH ST., 201 WEST.—Attractive, furnished rooms, centrally located; conveniences. Telephone Circle 3993.

56TH, 50 WEST.—Beautiful front parlor, suitable as studio or high-class business.

56TH, 220 WEST.—Three rooms, large kitchen; laundry privileges; $65; references; distinguished old Latin.

56TH, 46 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms; all conveniences; electricity; references.

56TH ST., 31 WEST.—Pleasant, comfortably furnished rooms, with private family.

56TH, 50 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, double rooms, second floor rear, electricity, southern exposure.

56TH, 63 WEST.—Large front, smaller rear room, adjoining bath; electricity, steam; references.

76TH, 278 WEST.—Homelike, airy rooms, suite entire floor; reasonable; gentlemen, business couple.

76TH, 220 WEST.—Attractive parlor and bedroom; running water; electricity; phone; references.

76TH, 134 WEST.—Beautiful large room; also small room; every convenience; business people.

71ST, 147 WEST.—Attractive, large room, with washroom, bath adjoining; also large hall room, bath adjacent.

71ST, 43 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; telephone, electricity; running water; desirable location.

72D, 242 WEST.—Attractive Statius rooms, private baths, modern conveniences; breakfast; references.

72D, 122 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private bath; very superior board; table guests accommodated.

72D ST., 301 WEST, (Corner West End Av.)—Non-housekeeping suites, large and small; also single rooms, with or without baths.

72D ST., 155 WEST.—Attractively furnished room, private bath; kitchenette privileges; ground floor; excellent neighborhood; other rooms; references required.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive rooms, with private bath and without; electricity; references.

74TH, 242 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms with private baths; Japanese service.

76TH, 149 WEST.—Just opened newly furnished residence; parlor with bedroom; rooms with bath, electricity, telephone; $7, $10, $15.

78TH, 55 WEST.—Newly furnished spacious rooms, private bath, electricity, kitchenette, $12 up.

76TH, 46 WEST.—Comfortable, large room, laboratory, private bath, electricity; select residence; $14.

78TH, 159 WEST.—Attractively furnished large rooms, single, en suite; electricity, running water.

74TH, 155 WEST.—Parlors with private bath; large room, private bath; one flight.

76TH, 344, (West End Av.)—Select house, one or two rooms and bath, beautifully furnished; electricity; Winter arrangement solicited.

76TH, 246 WEST.—Small and large rooms, private bath, kitchenette privileges; refined house.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Attractively furnished, large, small rooms, in refined home; every convenience.

76TH, 251 WEST.—Rooms, single, en suite; private baths; continuous hot water.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Large room, with private bath; small room; reasonable.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

38TH, 29 EAST.—Large room, private bath, also small room; meals.

60TH, (1,345 Lexington Av.)—Large, small rooms; excellent table; private house; telephone.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.) For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $18 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

57TH AV., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths, electricity, switchboard; refined service.

60TH, 61 WEST.—Double, single rooms; electricity; also attractive two-room suite.

53D, 57 WEST.—Attractive rooms; good table; reasonable rates; refined surroundings; references.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

70TH, 127 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms, excellent table, fine service.

72D, 122 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private bath; very superior board; table guests accommodated.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 267 WEST.—Desirable double rooms; parlor suite; private bath; table guests.

72D, 280 WEST.—Attractive rooms, with bath, small room; excellent table; guests.

74TH ST., 134 WEST.—One and two rooms, all improvements; service; high class.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Room; private bath; switchboard; dining room opens Sept. 9.

76TH, 129 WEST.—Attractive, homelike rooms; excellent table; parlor dining; table guests.

76TH, 129 WEST.—Attractive rooms; all conveniences; parlor, dining room; table guests.

76TH, 105 WEST.—Large, small rooms; good home for business people; table guests.

77TH, 116-124.—Newly decorated; unusual accommodations; parlors; steam, electricity; dining room open Sept. 9; personal supervision; references.

77TH, 114-142 WEST (Wade, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet

79TH, 121 WEST.—OLD-ESTABLISHED HOUSE; DESIRABLE ROOMS.

80TH, 134 WEST.—LARGE ROOMS; TABLE BOARD; REFERENCES.

81D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small room, excellent board, electricity, hot water, table guests.

86D, 303 WEST.—Large front room, private bath; electricity, steam heat; exclusive.

95TH, 35 WEST, (The Roselle.)—Elegantly furnished, large, small rooms; conveniences; table board.

108TH, 329 WEST.—The most beautiful house in New York; rooms with private bath.

122D, 150 WEST.—Desirable double and single rooms; "L," subway; telephone; references.

BROADWAY, 245, (West 104th.)—Desirable front room; excellent board; homelike; phone. Jantzen.

ROOM, with board, in small family of refinement; centrally located. Schuyler 8831.

THE WILLIAM HENRY
Exclusive family hotel, 25th West End Av., overlooking river and Schwab mansion; rooms with private baths; excellent table; dinner guests accommodated.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th St.)—Large rooms; house thoroughly appointed; excellent table; references.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th St.)—Couple; one flight; meals, bath, $30; single, $10.

BOARD WANTED.

Young Catholic gentleman desires well appointed suite and board with refined French family where surroundings are congenial and with opportunity to speak French; can furnish excellent references and will pay liberally if accommodations warrant. Write Room 904, Hotel Claridge.

JEWISH GENTLEMAN, with daughter, age 12, desires 2 rooms and board with refined family, west side preferably, with a daughter of similar age as companion; references exchanged. Write C. W., 263 West 125th.

British officer's wife and adult daughter require comfortable quarters and board in Winter with cultured people in nice and convenient locality; kindly give full particulars and terms. B 489 Times Annex.

LADY, (war worker,) wishes comfortable room, conveniences, refined, private house, exceptional boarding house; 34th-50th preferred. W 334 Times.

Refined couple desire two rooms, bath, private family, apartment house, between 72d and 103d, west, near subway, with first class board. W 388 Times.

TWO young gentlemen, Gentiles, desire comfortable living quarters, (possibly with meals,) in private family; references, west side, south of 116th St. R 216 Times.

YOUNG MAN, Hebrew, desires furnished room, refined family, north of 96th St., west of 5th Av. S 682 Times Downtown.

COUPLE wants furnished room, use of kitchen, would like apartment between 72d and 110th; reference, T. D., 85 Times.

FURNISHED or unfurnished, with or without board; five adults. Kane, 201 West 117th St.

Single room, board, private house, below 86th St., by young woman; state terms. Address Teacher, 494 Columbus Av.

Room and board with high class private family, by business gentleman, Jewish. A 537 Times.

Three gentlemen desire airy rooms, substantial food, refined parties. Terms, etc., to Permanent, L 545 Times Downtown.

Five adults, private family preferred; references. Kane, 201 West 117th St.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, wishes room with private family, west side. W 340 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

CHAPPAQUA.—The Whispering Pines; select accommodations; wide porches; beautiful lawn; fine old trees; tennis and croquet; own gardens; near station. L. S. Mather. Phone 37.

Attractive suburban home; has large, comfortable rooms, to rent, with board. 209 Park Hill Av., Park Hill-on-Hudson, Yonkers, N. Y.

Rockledge Manor Hotel and cottages, 124 Bruce Av., Yonkers; convenient location; refined clientèle; moderate prices. Telephone 3344 Yonkers.

"Hopsin," 245 Prospect Av., Mount Vernon.—Reservations Fall, Winter; four minutes from New Haven Station; adults only. Phone 2625.

New Jersey.

Gentleman having charming home in delightful Jersey section, 35 minutes commuting distance, offers room and board for one gentleman desirous of refined surroundings at moderate charges; references required; reply at once if interested. W 331 Times.

Country Board Wanted.

By gentleman for Fall, within hour from city, in rural surroundings; appointments must be first-class. S 112 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ADVERTISING MANAGER. — Executive young woman, thoroughly experienced advertising, secretarial work and general efficiency, 10 years' executive experience, wants temporary position, New York, pending Government call to France; moderate salary. W 320 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typist; three years' experience; conscientious, willing worker; best references. T. E. Nirenberg, 703 Jackson Av.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST. — Controlling accounts; five years' experience; thoroughly familiar with detail work; salary $25. O 205 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Jewish, experienced, capable managing office; knowledge stenography; salary $25. S 655 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, ledger clerk; 3½ years' experience; thoroughly competent; $15. L 526 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, eight years' experience, desires position with reliable concern. L 521 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, OFFICE MANAGER, seven years' experience; salary $28; best references. S 658 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, will give evenings and Saturday afternoon at home or office, vicinity 42d St. O 207 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-CLERK.—Five years' experience correspondence, adjustments, credits; thoroughly competent. N 575 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT and ledger clerk; experienced; accurate; $18. R. R., 78 Beaver St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, executive, desires responsible position where ability and loyalty will be appreciated. O 198 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-SECRETARY, energetic; ten years' experience; modern methods. B. H., 960 East 178d St.

BOOKKEEPER, 7 years' experience, trial balance, control system; manufacturing; $25. S 128 Times.

BUSINESS WOMAN, educated, experienced, thorough bookkeeper, stenographer, typist, familiar with all secretarial work and office details, desires position of responsibility and trust as secretary, office manager, bookkeeper. S 118 Times.

CLERICAL WORK.
Girl, American, Christian; has had charge of editorial and advertising make up; familiar with classified advertising; now in charge of clerical work in large drafting department; expert at record keeping, filing, figuring. O 201 Times.

CLERKS-CASHIERS.—Two young ladies would like positions, clerks or cashiers; out of town preferred. S 132 Times.

CLERK.—Collection correspondent; 3 years' publishing and installment experience; $18. S 124 Times.

CLERK.—Fine penman, good figurer; office details; refined American. "H. P.," 117 Times.

COOK.—English woman, first time in America, used to busy London restaurant; good manager and carver; experienced; short hours; no Sunday work. S 117 Times.

COOK.—Competent French cook wishes position in private family; best references. R 218 Times.

DAY'S WORK by Finnish woman. 159 East 127th. Maki.

DRESSMAKER desires a few new patrons; remodeling highly satisfactory. Phone St. Nicholas 350. Ask for Mrs. Morgan.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ENGLISHWOMAN, refined, capable, visiting companion, housekeeper, assist light household duties; references. Phone 1947 Audubon, Apartment 8, after 10.

EVENING WORK, secretarial or clerical, desired by two capable business girls. Address Room 1005, 32 Court St., Brooklyn.

GOVERNESS, nonresident, English, fluent French, will give lessons or take children to the park; excellent references. S 109 Times.

GOVERNESS, nursery, competent, kindergarten, physical care, best references, wishes position; any part of the country. H. M., 350 West 23d.

GOVERNESS, visiting; college graduate; young Parisienne; French, English, kindergarten, pianist. 2,481 Broadway.

GRADUATE Bryn Mawr desires translation work from French into English. P. O. Box 527.

GOVERNESS. — Visiting French governess, school or family; conversation, grammar, &c.; references. N 573 Times Harlem.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined American wishes position as visiting housekeeper; highest credentials. B 490 Times Annex.

MASSEUSE (licensed) desires patient; references. Brook, 211 West 88th. Tel. 3329 Riverside.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR.—Experienced all kinds multigraphing; quick, neat, and capable. W 276 Times.

NURSE, graduate, of experience and with best credentials, desires position as resident nurse in select school. S 639 Times Downtown.

NURSE.—Young undergraduate nurse desires position in either doctor's office or clinic. Call, Miss Shell, Bryant 7720.

NURSE, German, practical, refined, for invalids, convalescents. B 217 East 62d St.

NURSE, English, desires entire charge of one child; salary $50. S 13 Times.

REFINED WOMAN, care for apartment; reference. Carter, 602 West 137th St., Apt. 45. Telephone Audubon 9190.

SCALP AND HAIR attended to at your residence; treatment 75c. Miss Robinson, 120 Wadsworth Av.

SEAMSTRESS wishes position, private family; good references; free now. L. M., 522 Franklin Av., Ridgewood, N. J.

SECRETARY.—Do you want a secretary who will be a real help to you? one who is thoroughly experienced and an efficient stenographer and typist, capable of taking a vast amount of detail from a busy man's mind; I'll fill the bill; may I call for an interview? Salary $33; Christian; 26 years; refined and pleasing manner. S 131 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, (26,) American, Christian, possessing thorough commercial, technical, legal experience, intelligence, initiative, high school education, refinement, desires position reliable concern; $25. S 083 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — A young lady, academic education, desires connection; have displayed exceptional ability along newspaper and mercantile lines; highest credentials; $20. S 645 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 7 years' experience, possesses initiative; thoroughly competent; conscientious; desires permanent position, preferably with executive of corporation; salary $28. B 582 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, efficient, extensive practical and commercial experience; possessing initiative; Christian, age 24; $27-$30. L 513 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, college bred, five years' experience; capable handling correspondence; initiative, resourcefulness, personality; salary $35. W 336 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—15 years' experience with railroad executive desires to make change; excellent references; $30. S 516 Times Annex.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER; efficient; executive ability; extensive practical experience; Christian; $22. "A. Z.," 115 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, typist, correspondent; 2½ years' experience; high school graduate. N 578 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, liberal experience, expert, accurate, college education; salary $20. S 653 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Do you require services bright, experienced, capable stenographer; $22. S 657 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.
Efficient stenographer desires executive position. S 122 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, secretarial; high-grade miscellaneous experiences; newspaper, literary, technical dictation; initiative; handle correspondence; Washington position considered; $30. Steno, Apt. 57, 60 St. Nicholas Av.

STENOGRAPHER and Dictaphone Operator, 3 years' experience, rapid, accurate, competent, conscientious; best references; salary, $18. R 488 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, French-English translator, three years' experience, shipping; present employed; $20. S 652 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly qualified, technical, commercial; American of intelligence and initiative; late forties; alert, conscientious; $25. L 519 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, young college woman, experienced, efficient, accurate; references; PART TIME only. S 107 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Experienced, accurate, good grammarian, initiative, office detail; $20. L 524 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate, experienced, good grammarian, preferably downtown; $16. L 528 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, wishes connection with reliable concern; $14. Jeanette Rosenfeld, 202 West 116th St. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER, 7 years' experience, desires position, responsible concern; salary $23. O 203 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist wishes work several hours daily; own office. Murray Hill 7755.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent; executive ability; 6 years' experience; college education; $25. P. Y., Times, Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, two years' practical experience; rapid writer; references; $16. L 537 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST - FILE CLERK, Christian, 22 years; experienced; references. Stomm, 784 Macon St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, with knowledge of bookkeeping; 1 year's business experience; salary $12. W 313 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; knowledge bookkeeping; (18); references. Cohen, (6265 Tremont,) 458 Tremont Av.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER; initiative ability; eight years' experience; highest references. S 644 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE ASSISTANT, 4 years' experience, thoroughly competent; $20 start. W 333 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, eight years' experience, competent and accurate, desires position. L 523 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — High school graduate; some experience; start $12. Miss Levisohn, 1,693 Clay Av. Phone Tremont 473.

STENOGRAPHER, 21; Christian; law experience; capable. Arnim, 360 East 138th.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, general office assistant; capable and willing; Christian; $12. L 525 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Night work, except Sunday; used to three-trunk 16 extension; $15. W 323 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR desires position, 5 years' experience. S 654 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, expert bill clerk, and assistant; Christian; five years' experience, desires position. R 202 Times.

WOMAN, bright, ambitious, desires position as renting agent or as saleswoman for food products company. M 78 Times.

YOUNG SPANIARD, 23, wants position; knowledge of bookkeeping, typewriting, stenography in English. M. V., 20 Irving Place.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, with places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 514 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

CHAMBERMAIDS, first-class; long; references. Horning's Agency, 944 3d Av., (57th St.). Telephone 4010 Plaza.

BERTA CARLSON Swedish Agency; first-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, 89th. Riverside 9463.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, (25,) 6 years' experience with contractors, shipbuilders, U. S. Government and mercantile establishments; exempted; unquestionable references. L 520 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. 182 Nassau St., Room 1221. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—General and cost accountant, college man, 37, married, 15 years' experience, desires good connection. W 314 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, draft deferred; experienced; can conduct audits, write reports, statements, public utilities, brokerage, foreign exchange accounting. S 114 Times.

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.—Thoroughly experienced; open for engagement evenings and Saturday afternoon; reasonable. R. T., 85 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, attending school of accounting; bookkeeping experience; 18 years old. Apt. 3, 864 West 180th St.

ACCOUNTANT.—Thoroughly qualified senior public accountant open for city position; $50 week. L 511 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Monthly audits; special offers firms not employing bookkeepers. B 584 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Monthly audits; special offers firms not employing bookkeepers. B 488 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances, audits, $5 upward; books opened, closed. Friedlander, Beekman 900.

AMERICAN, (28,) exempt, desires position where he can learn business, earn a living, and prove valuable. S 662 Times Downtown.

AUDITOR AND ACCOUNTANT, (Harvard, married,) twelve years' experience large corporations, seeks connection with mercantile, financial or banking institution; at present employed by $15,000,000 corporation; can swing any proposition; well recommended; salary $4,000. S 669 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND OFFICE MANAGER desires position; draft exempt; 12 years' experience, costs, accounting; references. L 510 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Accountant; young man, 24, Christian; seven years' experience; excellent references; draft exempt. Salary $22. W 335 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT.—(28,) married; 11 years' experience; $35; any business. S 656 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, 10, double entry and trial balances, good penman. L 507 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (21,) exempt; 5 years' experience; best references; college education. S 137 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, 19, accounting student; accurate; trial balance; references. S 111 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—(21,) exempt; experienced; thoroughly competent; excellent penman; 25. L 532 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly competent to take full charge; salary $30. S 571 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (19,) 5½ years' experience sales and purchase ledgers. S 649 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wishes position in or out of New York; knowledge of typewriting and clerical work. N 571 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced general ledger controlling accounts, financial statements. B. B., 1,794 Third Avenue.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, competent to take full charge, draft exempt. S 113 Times.

BUYER AND MERCHANDISE MANAGER.—Real business producer, eighteen years' experience in women's ready-to-wear apparel; executive ability in all of its branches; highest references. W 341 Times.

CHAUFFEUR MECHANIC.
Age 37, married; ten years' city experience; best city references; take good care of car; careful driver. Salary $30. S 135 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, married man, wishes position; five years' experience; best reference. Maples, 108 Elwood St. Phone St. Nicholas 3780.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman discontinuing automobiles recommends exceptional, temperate chauffeur; thoroughly experienced. B 492 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, married, 32; 15 years' experience, high-grade car; expert Pierce-Arrow driver; city references. 526 East 89th St., New York. Scheiblin.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, married, draft exempt, 10 years' experience on all cars, wishes position with private family. S 140 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, exceptional driver, mechanic, 10 years' experience, married, draft exempt, age 35, wishes position, private family; salary $35. Taylor, 609 West 135th St.

CHAUFFEUR, Swede, married, 35 years old; long experience; good mechanic, careful driver; best references. Adamson, 219 East 60th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, wishes position; 15 years' experience. Address B. B., 463 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR desires position with private family, city or country; A1 references; in Class 3B. Mula, 241 East 50th St., City.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored, married; position private family; good driver. Tel. 907 W. New Rochelle. J. B. Lovinggood, 7 Brook St.

CHAUFFEUR, 34, American, married; private position; 14 years riding all makes cars; A1 references. Kerwin, 550 East 85th.

CHAUFFEUR, reliable, experienced on repairs, wishes position; best references. Telephone Rhinelander 3825.

CHAUFFEUR, 24, married, four years' reference, careful driver, good mechanic, wishes private position. F. Howe, 438 W. 49.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, experienced, wishes steady position on all make of cars; best references. Gross, 324 East 81st St.

CHAUFFEUR, 25; married; seven years' experience; good mechanic; references. Chudner. Audubon 4483.

CHAUFFEUR, 7 years' private experience; first-class references. Wieland, 67 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC; draft exempt; best reference. N 574 Harlem.

CIGAR FOREMAN wants position in small factory or store best references. L 536 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Experienced bill of lading and chartering, (22,) draft exempt, with thorough knowledge of French, desires position; first-class references. 69 Times.

COLLEGE and law school graduate with experience in employment and supervision of men and knowledge of factory organization wants "essential" work. Salary $3,000 to start. R 214 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—Fourteen years; gasoline engine design, automobile layout, tools, fixtures. S 120 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, 18, electrical and mechanical, technical graduate, engineering student. L 506 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, 7 years' experience general mechanical piping power plants, layout. W 319 Times.

ENERGETIC young man, 22, employed, draft exempt, desires new position; experienced office man and correspondent. S 90 Times.

ENGLISHMAN of university education wishes position; above draft age. W 317 Times.

EXECUTIVE
OF WIDE EXPERIENCE, COVERING 28 YEARS, DESIRES CONNECTION WITH SUBSTANTIAL CONCERN; $3,000. AMERICAN, S 632 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXECUTIVE.
Investigator, age 33, married; 12 years' experience; I offer my services to any essential industry to help win the war; salary secondary if I can help the cause. S 624 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—General all-around man is open for immediate engagement; experienced sales manager, correspondent, credit manager, and general office work. S 642 Times Downtown.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE SPECIALIST.
Good correspondent, familiar theory, practice; age 38; married; dependents; salary $2,400 per annum. S 684 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN, 27, 8 years' office experience as clerk, desires position. L 504 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN of good education, 50 years, desires position of trust. W 316 Times.

I am a young man, leather salesman, know all office work, draft exempt, willing to connect with manufacturing concern; can produce results. S 638 Times Downtown.

JAPANESE, excellent cook, valet, bachelor's apartment. Gima, 141 East 56th.

LEDGER AND GENERAL OFFICE MAN.—35 years, married; steady and reliable; 15 years' reference; salary $25. L 530 Times Downtown.

MACHINIST—Tool, die maker, foreman, 25 years' experience; high grade executive; able systematizer and instructor. W 339 Times.

MAN beyond draft age, with energy, ability, thorough business training and exceptional references, desires connection with reputable house having a position where trust and responsibility are requisite. C. L. Burns, 1,707 University Av., New York City.

MAN, experienced in chemicals, laboratory supplies, scientific glassware, with knowledge of chemistry, wants position. X 323 Times Annex.

MAN, elderly, well educated, speaking English, French, and German, seeks position as clerk, timekeeper, or similar engagement. Address N. J. B., 155 East 33d St.

MAN over 45 wishes to obtain position with reliable house, office manager; 25 years' experience. R. Y., Times Bronx.

MANAGER, assistant, hotel man, age 36, well-appearing, knowing several languages and general office work, willing to change to another industry, desires position; a good organizer and experienced in every branch of the business; is now employed as head of department. Randall, S 87 Times.

MANAGER AND ASSISTANT MANAGER, 31 years old, American, draft exempt, 12 years' office and sales experience; employed at present; war work preferred. W 324 Times.

MANAGER, 32, to take entire charge stockroom, filling orders; married, class 4A; 10 years' experience. L 514 Times Downtown.

MARRIED COLLEGE MAN, writing, speaking English and Spanish, familiar with South American trade, wants position with reliable export and import house; best of references; draft exempted. W 326 Times.

MIDDLEAGED GENTLEMAN wishes position of trust or salesman and collector; can furnish best of references. N 576 Times Harlem.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE, 30 years old, married, draft exempt; thorough knowledge of bookkeeping and all office details; competent to take charge; excellent credentials; salary $30 to start. S 668 Times Downtown.

PAYROLL MAN, chief timekeeper in construction line, expert cost analyzer, years of practical experience, unquestionable credentials. R 58 Times.

PHYSICIAN, disengaged, act as assistant or for invalid. W., 148 East 127th St.

PRINTER.—Young man with initiative, highly efficient, good organizer, systematic, up-to-the-minute service, low production costs, draft exempt, excellent references, wishes position as superintendent mechanical department. S 650 Times Downtown.

PURCHASING AGENT.—Long experience essential industries; 40, married, family; $3,000. S 121 Times.

SALESMAN, cigar and tobacco machinery, large following with manufacturers, New York State, New England, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Canada, A1 references, would handle appropriate line for this trade. S. S., 263 West 125th St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN.—City salesman, (20 years,) changing, owing to war, desires to represent city or out-of-town concern, making dependable product for best trade; best references, draft exempt. W 270 Times.

SALESMAN, who possesses ability and integrity, desires connection with live manufacturing, jobbing, or specialty house; those who are willing to pay one for quick service reply; best reference. S 138 Times.

SALESMAN, (26,) deferred classification, desires connection with reliable mercantile concern, offering good opportunity to conscientious worker. L 509 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced with the hotel and restaurant trade; excellent references. S 637 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER—EXECUTIVE.
A man of good judgment and habits, with successful record of seven years handling sales and credits for well-known local firm, wants connection offering larger future. W 100 Times.

SALESMAN.—French-American, well acquainted with the hotel trade, is open for an engagement in any line. B 491 Times Annex.

SALES REPRESENTATIVE, age 40, good appearance and education, would like position with responsible house, any line. S 635 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—American young man desires position requiring executive ability; 9 years' experience in United States and Cuba; Spanish correspondent; draft exempt. L 542 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, &c.—Clerical man of 36 would appreciate a position as stenographer, bookkeeper, credit investigator, or sales; references. L 534 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge of accounting, seeks position concern doing essential work; five years' experience; excellent references. S 671 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY desires position; capable; draft exempt. H 30 Times.

TRANSLATOR from French, Spanish, Dutch, German; accurate. Doremus, 263 West 136th.

YOUNG MAN, 30, Class 4, high school graduate, now in business as general insurance broker and investigator for attorneys, past ten years, experienced in drawing legal papers, searching and closing titles, knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting, will accept good position. L 550 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, exempt, college training, prepossessing personality, executive ability, desires to assist and relieve busy executive; successful business experience, where tact, initiative, and resourcefulness were essential; objective—future, not initial compensation. S 626 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) class 3 draft, college education, thoroughly experienced all branches of business, wishes position affording an opportunity; excellent references. S 675 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, Christian, clerical-selling experience, desires position where advancement is assured. C. F. S., 1,156 Stebbins Av.

YOUNG MAN, 25, ex-collegian, just honorably discharged from service, draft exempt, desires connection with reliable concern. S 94 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) desires position with suitable advancement; thoroughly experienced in silks, cotton goods, and ribbons. W 315 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—High school graduate; 17; capable stenographer and typist; desires connection with high-class firm. N 577 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) desires position with manufacturing concern; chances advancement. L 508 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, knowledge bookkeeping, typewriting, clerical, seeks connection. W 325 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (26,) deferred class, good education, 5 years' business experience, desires connection. L 540 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—20; ambitious; wishes work few hours evenings; clerical or otherwise. N 579 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, quick at figures, wants work to do at home evenings. H. E., 245 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—19; draft exempt; desires permanent position; accurate figurer. N 572 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 18, high school graduate, desires position with future. S 636 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires clerical position in office; not in draft. K 737 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, with stock experience in silk lines, wishes position. L 512 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ADVERTISING GIRL.
Bright girl to write her own sales letters, circular letters, and follow-up letters, to take entire charge of mail order department in leather house; must be an exceptionally good letter writer; possess initiative; knowledge of typewriting desirable; state age, experience, and salary desired. Address T. D., 266 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT TO STATISTICIAN.

Man who knows something about stocks and statistics concerning stocks, as an assistant in the statistical department of a Philadelphia Stock Exchange firm; apply by letter, giving age, experience, and salary desired: S 676 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT B

Brooklyn

Advertisements and subscriptions for the daily and Sunday editions of The New York Times received at the Brooklyn office of The Times, Brooklyn Citizen office, 401 Fulton Street.

HELP WANTED—Female.

LADY, ambitious, refined, educated, for sales field; opportunity to learn good business; salary $500 for first six months, commission also. Write to Department C, 303 5th Av.

LEDGER CLERK
in large wholesale house; must be good penman, quick and accurate at figures, accustomed to the off monthly trial balance; steady position; state age, experience, and salary. S. S., 317 Times.

MAILING LISTS.—Young woman for publication subscription lists, Addressograph system; write fully, mention salary; permanent. S 666 Times Downtown.

MARON, WAVER.—All-around girl; steady position; good salary; short hours. 3587 Broadway.

MARRIED WOMEN, dependent on account of husbands serving UNCLE SAM on the other side, can secure good paying positions in clerical department of old-established firm manufacturing medical products for U. S. GOVERNMENT; former knowledge of BURROUGHS and ELLIOTT-FISHER TYPEWRITING MACHINES necessary; state particulars to CONFIDENTIAL. S 672 Times Downtown.

MATRON (white) to take charge of ladies' retiring room in railroad station, attend passengers, and sell toilet articles. Call 2 West Broadway, one flight up.

MILLINERS, FIRST-CLASS; LONG SEASON AND HIGHEST SALARY PAID. B. J. CURRAN, 57 EAST 56TH.

MODEL.
A desirable all-year-round position as model in fitting department for young woman with good figure, measuring 36 bust; no experience necessary. Apply to E. Doughty, BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., Spring and Macdougal Sts., N. Y.

MOTHER'S HELPER wanted; refined intelligent, well-educated, reliable young woman to give general help to a mother whose husband is away in service, in the care of a five-year-old boy and new infant, to give general help in care and management of small house in suburb fifteen minutes from New York, and especially to take capable responsibility of same in mother's occasional absence; one white general housework kept; no experience necessary except refinement, education, trustworthiness, excellent references of character and aptitude with children; good wages and every consideration given. Apply only by letter, stating qualifications and reference names. Interview will be arranged in town. X 314 Times Annex.

NECKWEAR.—EXPERIENCED PACKERS AND EXAMINERS ON MEN'S NECKWEAR; ALSO GIRLS TO MAKE THEMSELVES USEFUL IN FACTORY. ZIMMERN & LEVI, 826 BROADWAY.

NECKWEAR MAKERS.—Four-in-hand makers; experienced; splendid pay and steady work. Opper & Levinson, 352 4th Av.

NURSE for baby 20 months old; must be capable and have had hospital experience; willing to spend September at seaside. Phone Rector 6070.

NURSE.—Young, to assist in care of 2 children, experience unnecessary; references required; pleasant living accommodations; wages $35. Apply Mrs. Burch, 150 E. 72d St. Wednesday morning, between 10 and 12.

NURSE.—A competent trained nurse with executive ability, take entire charge girl 2 years old. See Miss McLoughlin, Room 12, 321 Madison Av., or phone 3071 Murray Hill. Wag. 9.30 to 3.30.

NURSE wanted, for 2 girls, 3½, 8 years. Call Wednesday 11-1, Apt. 15, Belnord, 86th St. and Broadway.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, by Gentile cotton goods house, who is experienced, quick, accurate typist, correspondent and adding machines preferably under clerk; permanent; state age, experience. S 681 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, experienced, willing, and capable; salary $12-$15. Call, hours 8:30-5:30, Franaci, Hudson and Vestry Sts.

OFFICE CLERKS.
Several clerks, 20-35 yrs of age; quick and accurate at figures, on payroll work; good pay and rapid advancement. Call, Employment Department, 754 Pacific St., near Atlantic Av. sub. sta., Brklyn.

SALESLADIES.—College women, with the selling ability to interview big business, clean, educational work; exclusive territory. 8 11. Times.

SALESLADY, EXPERIENCED WITH 5TH AV. TRADE; GOOD APPEARANCE; STEADY POSITION. JOSEPH CO., 20 WEST 57TH ST.

SALESLADIES wanted; two; experienced; highest salary paid. Rosenbach Co., 10 West 23d St.

SALESLADIES.—$9 week upward, according to sales. Call Weisbecker, 270 West 125th.

SALESLADIES.—Two, candy counter; $12 to start. Mary Elizabeth, 362 5th Av.

SALESWOMEN,
TRIMMED MILLINERY.
R. H. MACY & CO. REQUIRE
SALESWOMEN FOR THEIR
FRENCH SALON; ONLY THOSE
WHO ARE ACCUSTOMED TO
PATRONAGE OF THE HIGHEST
CLASS WILL BE CONSIDERED.
APPLY AT OFFICE OF EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, 2D BALCONY, REAR, 34TH ST. ENTRANCE, ANY TIME DURING THE DAY.

SALESWOMEN.
HENRY HESSE,
390 6TH AV., 24TH-25TH STS., has vacancies in the
ART EMBROIDERY
DEPARTMENT.

SECRETARY.—Exceptional opportunity for capable, experienced young lady, well acquainted with French and French stenography; speedy and accurate; $20, with rapid advancement. B 488 Times Annex.

SOLICITOR, experienced, to secure advertisements and subscriptions for leading South American newspapers; give particulars; commission basis. W 484 Times Downtown.

STATIONERY AND OFFICE SUPPLY saleslady to sell inside on the floor; large retail stationery store; permanent position; good salary; must be experienced. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

STATISTICIAN and cost clerk; must be neat and accurate at figures; give references and phone number. S 651 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS.
ONLY THOSE WHO ARE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED WILL BE CONSIDERED; AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY AWAITS THOSE WHO CAN QUALIFY. APPLY MAIN OFFICE, 6TH FLOOR, BLOOMINGDALE BROS., 59TH ST. AND 3D Av.

STENOGRAPHER.
Must be experienced Underwood operator, between 28 and 35 years of age, and have thorough office experience, to act as assistant to busy department head. Apply Loft Employment Department, 400 Broome St.

STENOGRAPHER.
Must have at least two years' experience; good salary; steady position. Apply Superintendent, Rothenberg & Co., 34-42 West 14th St.

STENOGRAPHER, Underwood operator and Pitman's shorthand, young lady, American, bright and willing, for publishing office; permanent position; 8-5, Saturday, half day; good hours and pleasant surroundings. Address in own handwriting, giving experience and salary expected, P., Room 1506, 9 West 45th St.

STENOGRAPHER and Typist in lower Broadway office; American young woman of education and refinement; excellent chance for advancement; good beginner might answer; state salary desired to commence. L 541 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Will pay up to $38 per week to expert stenographer, exceptionally rapid, accurate and neat; unless your qualifications, experience and ability entitle you to salary do not apply; give experience, age, telephone number. L 535 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST for manufacturing office; permanent position; for intelligent and capable young lady; typewriting accuracy and good penmanship essential. Apply Joseph Eckstein, 40 East 30th St.

STENOGRAPHER, age 21 to 40, for permanent position in a long-established concern in Jersey City; must be capable and have had two years' experience; state age, race, school education, stenographic experience, and salary expected. X 265 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Permanent position, well-appearing young woman for New York sales office; experienced and conversant with sales correspondence and office detail; salary $90 per month; state age and full particulars. A 330 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Knowledge of double entry bookkeeping; also assistant in office of commission merchant; must be willing, reliable workers; answer in handwriting, stating religion, references, experience, and salary expected. L 507 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, female, good education; must spell correctly and have some business experience; hours 9 to 5; salary $15; permanent position; if not qualified do not answer. Address G. H. P., P. O. Box 460, City Hall Station.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, with knowledge of double entry bookkeeping; advance assured to right party; reply in own handwriting, stating references, salary expected. Address R. H., 195 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, &c.—Fifth Av. specialty shop requires experienced stenographer, $14; file clerk, $12-$14; office clerk, $10-$12; permanent positions, with advancement; state particulars. W 321 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, progressive, understand little bookkeeping, excellent opportunity offered to young lady possessing executive ability. Apply 9 to 10 A. M. Rauff Electric Co., 244 Canal St.

STENOGRAPHER-FILE CLERK.—Splendid opportunity for bright young lady who is familiar with filing and capable of doing stenographic work; give particulars as to age and salary. S 674 Times Down own.

STENOGRAPHER.—Large Brooklyn manufacturer has opening for a stenographer, preferably high school graduate; only one with brains need apply; good salary; Christian atmosphere. B 583 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in a law office wanted; a well-educated beginner would be accepted; salary according to qualifications; permanent position and prospect of advancement. W 352 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, able to write and translate French and Italian. Apply by letter, giving full information, to National Americanization Committee, 29 West 39th St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER.—Highly efficient stenographer for permanent position; must be thoroughly seasoned, accustomed to busy office; good salary; splendid future. Telephone Murr y Hill 170

STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant in manufacturer's office; Christian firm. Call Wednesday or Thursday, Whitfield Paper Works, 33 Sullivan St., near Canal.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER; must have practical experience; permanent position; state experience and salary expected. O 199 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS, two; must have office experience; position permanent; old-established publishers; state nationality, age, salary, references. S 665 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; bright, clever, experienced girl, accurate and conscientious, looking for advancement; salary $15 to start. Holbrook Co., 67th St. and West End Av.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER, experienced only; good salary to start; opportunity for advancement. Pratt Tool Co., 11th Av., 9th St., Whitestone, L. I.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced; prominent automobile house; permanent position; state experience and salary. A 320 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, accurate, wanted by large corporation; good hours, surroundings and advancement. J. D. Box 70 Station D New York.

STENOGRAPHER, BY LARGE MANUFACTURING HOUSE; STATE EXPERIENCE, RELIGION AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 327 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. B 389 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, first class, intelligent, in combined office; salary $38.70 per month; chance for advancement; state age, experience and religion. Address A 367 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, capable of handling fast work accurately; good opportunity for right party; salary $12. Fashionable Dress, 1-0 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER,
office assistant, experienced, for Brooklyn refinery; state age, experience, and salary. B. S., 226 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—One who understands billing and good at figures; good position for right party. Apply Highgrade Provision Co., 181 South 5th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, bright young woman; must be able to operate Remington billing machine; steady position. Alfred Stern & Co., 30 East 33d.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must have initiative; splendid opportunity in large publishing house, Broadway Music Corporation, 145 West 45th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—ONE WHO IS CAPABLE OF HIGH-CLASS WORK; RAPID AND ACCURATE; APPLY TODAY. N. Y. FULTON TRUCK CO., 1,800 BROADWAY.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST; reply in own handwriting, stating references, experience, education, and salary desired. S 659 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, neat of appearance and possessing some initiative; salary, $20 per week. War Camp Community Service, Room 300-A, 1 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHERS, several, wanted in publishing house; state experience and salary expected. Box 20, Station D, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must have experience and ability; good opportunity. Charles Neidland, Inc., 149 Chambers St.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST; also opportunity for beginner; American. Binger, 53 West 23d St.

STENOGRAPHER. — FIRST CLASS STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST FOR OFFICE. M. & H. RENTNER, 16 WEST 38D.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced in office of importing house; state salary and references. A 329 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for furniture house; state salary expected. A 316 Times.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D STREET,
require several Young Women for the following positions in their Delivery Dept.:
COMPLAINT CLERKS,
ENTRY CLERKS.
Also several young women for General Delivery Work. Apply Supt. Delivery, Employes' Entrance, 6th Av., near 43d St.

TEACHER of common branches in private school, beautifully situated, one hour from city; must be training school or college graduate; salary $40 monthly in addition to room, board, and laundry; Saturdays and Sundays off; no outside duties. Apply personally 470 West 145th St. at 9:30 A. M.

TEACHER.—Wanted, capable Isaac Pitman shorthand teacher. Merchants and Bankers School, 37 East 58th. Plaza 2993.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, excellent opportunity, $1,200 year. Atlas Agency, Room 513, 132 Nassau.

TYPISTS.—Large mail order house requires young ladies, 16-20, as typists; steady position, quick advancement; excellent opportunity for beginners. Call personally, Bellas, Hess & Co., 55 Morton St., near Christopher St. station, 9th Av. "L."

TYPIST, WHO CAN OPERATE UNDERWOOD MACHINE, BY LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN; STATE EXPERIENCE, RELIGION, AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 326 TIMES.

TYPIST.—Wholesale house requires typist who can relieve telephone operators; salary $15. Address with full particulars, Hardware, S 677 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, high school graduate, can secure permanent position; $16 to start; publishing. X 318 Times Annex.

TYPIST for concert bureau; must be neat and intelligent; salary $9; call 9 A. M. R. 4118, 47 West 42d St.

TYPIST, experienced, neat work, good future, by large importing firm; salary to start $15. L 548 Times Downtown.

TYPIST-SECRETARY for teachers' agency; liberal salary. Call Pillsbury, 507 5th Av.

TYPIST and Filing Clerk.—Must have some experience; good opportunity. A 888 Times.

WAITRESSES wanted, apply after 11 o'clock, N. Y. International Exposition Grounds, 171th St. and Bronx River.

HELP WANTED—Female.

WAITRESS, experienced; references; sleep out. Woman's Club, 138 East 40th.

WAITRESS in cafeteria and tearoom. Apply before 12, 18 West 43d St.

WANTED, YOUNG WOMEN
FOR PATRIOTIC DUTY
MAKING MUNITIONS
IN OUR
NEARBY N. J. PLANTS;
GOOD, HEALTHY
LIVING CONDITIONS.
DU PONT COMPANY,
240 WEST 23D ST.,
WOMEN'S DEPT.

WANTED.
Lunch Room Work.
Young women by the New York Telephone Co. for general work and kitchen work in girls' lunch room. Pleasant surroundings; good wages; eight-hour day, permanent positions; opportunity for advancement. Apply 58 West Houston St., New York, or 81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

WOMEN.—Large corporation doing business for Government desires women in its clerical department for work on Elliott-Fisher, Burroughs, and other bookkeeping typewriter machines; salary depends on former experience. Give particulars to Permanent, S 673 Times Downtown.

WOMEN, patriotic, with energy and ambition can earn good money securing members for NATIONAL SOCIETY OF REAL AMERICANS; only those with first-class recommendations will be considered; best territory available; no books to sell; salary or commission. 6th floor, 56 West 45th St.

WOMAN.—Capable, familiar with duties of shipping clerk; high-class furniture and fine arts establishment. Write, stating experience and salary, W. C., Box 15, 1364 Bro dw y.

WOMAN wanted, 20 to 25, for general office billing, typist, and filing work; no objection to married applicants; state age, experience, salary expected. Address A 317 Times.

WOMAN, reliable middle-aged, care for invalid lady in exchange for good home, small wages; suburb. L 539 Times Downtown.

WOMEN to work in private houses by the day; steady work; good pay. House Cleaning Co., 38 East 8th.

YOUNG GIRL as filing clerk and help in office work; commission house. Apply between 9 and 11 A. M., Kugelman, Frankland & Foreman, 354 4th Av., 11th floor.

YOUNG GIRL in finishing department of photographic supply house; experience unnecessary. Call Herbert & Huesgen Co., 18 East 42d St.

YOUNG LADY to call on the wholesale dress and waist manufacturers. Ask for Mr. Adler, 7 West 22d St., ninth floor.

YOUNG LADY.—Clerical work, good handwriting; $9 at st rt. W shington Mills, 54

YOUNG LADY for clerical work. Apply 9th floor, Frank Bros., 588 5th Av.

YOUNG WOMEN
wanted as messengers; must be over 21 years of age. Apply
AMERICAN DISTRICT TELEGRAPH CO.,
33 PARK PLACE.

YOUNG WOMAN FOR A. B. SEE PASSENGER ELEVATOR; EXPERIENCE AND REFERENCES NECESSARY; GOOD, STEADY POSITION. APPLY SIDE ENTRANCE.
KURZMAN,
5TH AV. AND 36TH ST.

YOUNG WOMAN, resident of the Bronx, as assistant cost clerk; manufacturing business; Christian firm; some experience with figures desirable. Please address reply, stating experience and salary expected, to O. Y., 18 Times Bronx.

YOUNG WOMAN well educated and practical, able to edit club monthly, for responsible position with a social welfare institution; address giving details about educ tion, experience, reference, religion, and salary desired. S. W. J., Box 20, 115th St.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted, by large cold storage company, for clerical position; must be good at figures; apply in own handwriting, stating previous experience and salary expected. B 557 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN in wholesale woolen house to take charge of hosiery department; man; rather heavy work; state previous occupation, salary, age, references. Box W. R., 104 East 14th St.

YOUNG LADIES.—Several young ladies wanted for part time positions in subscription department of publishing house; state experience and salary expected. Box 20, Station D, New York City.

YOUNG WOMAN to take charge of children between 6 and 12; hours 2-6 P. M.; experience with large groups necessary. Write Box 162, 1,515 3d Av.

YOUNG WOMAN, attractive personality, not over 30, to solicit business for employment agency; must be American. L 549 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

A FINE POSITION
at good pay awaits the file clerk who is WELL TRAINED. In six weeks we teach you by ACTUAL PRACTICE the things that may require years to learn in an office. And we secure you a position when proficient. Opportunities for promotion. Classes now forming. Evening classes open Sept. 9. Day classes Sept. 10. Apply today, as classes are limited. Call, write, or telephone.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL
FOR FILING,
Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin St., near Broadway.
Telephone Franklin 2261.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in thirty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—America is now demanding hundreds of trained women. Good English is an essential. Can you qualify? Free booklet "Your English" will enable you to determine; it also suggests the method for overcoming defects. Write for Booklet 10. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPERS AND CREDIT OFFICE ASSISTANTS! Double your salary; personal evening training, trial balance, financial statements, credits and collections; moderate rates; write for Prospectus A. Edward Levi, Room 619, 200 5th Av.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and preeminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; references required; regis er now for Fall session.

AMBITIOUS WOMEN ought to know what an exceptional future in store for the woman trained in ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES. Send for Bulletin 19, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' individual instruction; Summer terms.
35 West 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.
Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping. Individual training. Beginners, Advanced students, post-graduates. Begin any time. Hours student's convenience. BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL, 280 Madison Ave. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

GIRLS, LADIES, ATTENTION!
Learn telephone, switchboard operating, typewriting, stenography, billing, dictaphone, bookkeeping. Capt. O'Brien's School, 112 East 23d, 137 Decatur St., Brooklyn.

LADIES, GIRLS, ATTENTION!
Learn telephone, switchboard operating, typewriting, stenography, billing, dictaphone, bookkeeping. Capt. O'Brien's School, 112 East 23d, 137 Decatur, Brooklyn.

FILING COURSE—ATTENTION!
FILING COURSE, $16; WHY PAY MORE? CAPT. O'BRIEN'S SCHOOL, 112 E. 23D ST.

LADIES, GIRLS, ATTENTION!
Learn elevator operating, telephone operating. Captain O'Brien, 112 East 23d St.

Employment Agencies.

WILL YOU HELP ME
TO FILL THE HUNDREDS
of positions that are waiting to be filled?
Stenographers,
Bookkeepers,
Office Assistants, knowledge steno.,
Ledger Clerks,
Typists,
Billing Clerks,
Office Assistants, Learners,
Comptometer Operators,
Telephone Operators,
File Clerks,
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
DIEBL AGENCY,
20 VESEY.

JUFF AGENCY, 81 Nassau.—Stenographers, hundreds permanencies, $10-$25; dozens typists, $10-$16; dozens bookkeepers, $15-$25; dozens clerks, $15-$18; free registration; hundreds superb permanencies.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

HUNDREDS OF POSITIONS.
GET PLACED TODAY.
FREE REGISTRATION.
STENOGRAPHERS, $25, $23, $22, $20, $18, $15, $12; TYPISTS, $16, $12, $15, $17, $19; CLERICAL, many, $10-$20; File Clerks, Comptometer, Elliott-Fisher, statistical, etc.
BRODY AGENCY,
239 BROADWAY, (Entrance 1 Park Place.)

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, formerly Hodges-Brown Exchange.
Secretaries, stenographers, clerks; numerous openings.
93 Nassau. Free registration. 3518 Cort.

FIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE, 74 Broadway.—Highest salaried positions in N. Y. City for all classes of office employes. Register free.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers; numerous desirable positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, FROM $12-$25; IMMEDIATELY. FULTON AGENCY, 489 5TH AV., 93 NASSAU ST.

STENOGRAPHERS, legal, commercial, $12-$25; bookkeepers, $15-$25; clerks, $12-$15. Owens Agency, 165 Fulton, or Times Bldg.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, excellent opportunity, $1,200 year. Atlas Agency, Room 513, 132 Nassau.

MANY excellent openings; stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, clerks, others. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers, Typists, Clericals, $10-$30. Rose Webber Agency, 1009 Tribune Building.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS and BOOKKEEPERS.—A number of good, competent men, draft exempt, wanted by reliable concern; experience in marine insurance line desirable, but not essential; permanent positions; excellent opportunities. In reply, give full particulars as to age, experience, salary desired, &c., K 714 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, Christian firm, thoroughly experienced, rapid and accurate at figures; qualified factory cost accounting, with broad experience in manufacturing cost accounting; good opportunity for right man; state qualifications thoroughly; age, and salary desired. A 175 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Long experience in supervision; capable of directing staff of seniors and juniors; state nationality; give experience in detail; salary, $4,000. B 552 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS
WANTED, SENIORS AND JUNIORS; MUST HAVE HAD PUBLIC ACCOUNTING EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS, STATING SALARY EXPECTED, AGE, REFERENCES, AND PAST EMPLOYMENT. AUDIT, B 530 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT to act as assistant cost accountant at factory of large Christian firm located in Harlem; must be accurate double entry bookkeeper; state age, experience, education, reference, draft status, and telephone. J 686 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT.—Certified or chartered senior wanted; permanent position for competent man. Write, giving full particulars, education, experience, and salary desired, A 315 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced only, for public accountant's staff; state age, experience, references, salary. B 587 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN wanted, who can write and lay out attractive ads.; salary $25; must have references and samples of past work. Apply by letter, which may be presented personally. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., between 42d and 43d Sts.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR who has had experience on trade journals in women's apparel lines; salary and commission; live wires only. W 318 Times.

AGRICULTURAL INSTRUCTORS (3) in boys' boarding school; one strong in poultry, one in market gardening, and one in dairying. Please bring references Thursday, Sept. 5, between 10:30 A. M. and 4 P. M., to F. B. Riggs, care of Pendleton Dudley, 46 Cedar St.

A. I. RICHARDS,
ROOM 307. 52 WALL STREET.
Position for high-class bookkeeper; $30; also buyer for export house, $50.

ASSISTANT—BOOKKEEPER.—Bank wants an assistant in receiving teller's cage; also bookkeeper; state experience and salary expected. L 553 Times Downtown.

A UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PLANT
NEEDS YOU!
Largest shell-making plant in America needs able-bodied men; no experience necessary; ideal working conditions; good wages; advancement possible; age between 18 and 50; if not employed on Government work apply in person or by mail at once.
T. A. GILLESPIE LOADING COMPANY,
SOUTH AMBOY, NEW JERSEY.
Directions to plant: Take Penn. R. R. or Jersey Central to South Amboy, and trolley from there direct to plant.
OR TO
Representative at
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT
OFFICES,
142 Bowery, New York City;
OR TO
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT
OFFICES,
310 Jay St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
"Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 50."

BANK CLERK wanted; excellent opportunity for man familiar with general ledger and teller's duties. State full particulars to X 321 Times Annex.

BILL CLERK AND OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young man, about 18, with some experience in selling goods from call; must be good penman; $15 week. Address, stating experience, Bill Clerk, P. O. Box 24, Station A, New York City.

BILL CLERK.—Draft exempt; wanted by Christian firm; must be experienced at figures; good opportunity for advancement; state salary. D. A. L., Box 7, N. Y. City.

BILL CLERK.—Wholesale dry goods house; must have experience; advancement. S 663 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK, quick and accurate at figures. Call or write Campbell, Metzger & Jacobson, 8 East 22d.

BOOKKEEPER
WANTED; FIRST-CLASS LEDGER MAN; MUST BE GOOD PENMAN AND EXEMPT FROM MILITARY SERVICE; ONE WHO HAS HAD SOME EXPERIENCE IN SAFEGUARD SYSTEM LEDGERS PREFERRED; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT PARTY; GOOD SALARY TO START, WITH UNUSUAL OPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY BETWEEN 10 AND 12 A. M. AND 3 AND 4 P. M. ASK FOR MR. DIETZ.
I. B. KLEINERT RUBBER CO.,
725 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

BOOKKEEPER.
Young married man in deferred class of draft preferred. Experience on customers' ledgers essential. Steady position. Good opportunity.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOOKKEEPER, efficient, for manufacturing concern; American with initiative, one with experience in dissection of account and analytical work; preferably married man above draft age; state age and references; right salary to right party; give earliest date your services are available. Reply in own handwriting. Box 62, Plantsville, Conn.

BOOKKEEPER.—One with at least 6 years' trained experience, accurate figurer, thoroughly familiar with export billing and able to operate adding machine and comptometer; salary $25 weekly; submit references, experience, etc. Future, City Hall P. O. Box 363, New York.

BOOKKEEPER, between 21 and 40, draft exempt; experienced in handling customers' accounts, collections, &c.; splendid opportunity; advancement; state salary to start. Advertiser, P. O. Box 1,178, City Hall Sta., N. Y. City.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, thoroughly experienced in double-entry bookkeeping; must come highly recommended; one who has been employed in cloak and suit house preferred. Apply stating age and salary expected. A 314 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by large motor truck company with offices located near Columbus Circle; applicants aged between 25 and 35, deferred classification. Apply to F. A. Schiller, 1 West 148d St., between 9 and 4 o'clock, or by mail.

BOOKKEEPER and general office assistant for shipping office. Apply to International Provision Co., 88 Desbrosses St., Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER.—Ledger clerk wanted by large wholesale house; must be experienced and accurate at figures; good opportunity; reply stating experience, references, and salary expected. A 331 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.
In wholesale house; good position for capable party; state particulars. Box No. 105, 437 Marbridge Building.

BOOKKEEPER.—Stenographer with executive ability; wholesale fruit house; good position for right man; state age, experience, and wages expected. M. M., 256 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Wanted thorough bookkeeper with long experience; must be fine penman and mathematician and be able to furnish best of references; none other need apply. Address T. B., S 66 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER to take charge full set of books and render monthly balance; bond required; experienced man of 35 or 40 preferred; state references; salary $30. B 501 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER ON CUSTOMERS' LEDGER; EXPERIENCE ESSENTIAL; MAN IN DEFERRED CLASS OF DRAFT PREFERRED. PITTSBURGH PLATE GLASS CO., 323 HUDSON ST.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, to take charge full set books; trial balances, balance sheet, &c. Apply in own handwriting, giving age, experience, and salary expected, Box 35, 163 East 125th St.

BOOKKEEPER with knowledge of control accounts, position in manufacturing concern in Conn.; permanent. Apply 9 to 10 A. M. Thursday morning, 200 5th Av., Room 334.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST, age over 25; only those experienced and with references need apply by mail, or may call with written application; salary $25. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPERS, over 45 years of age, or in class 4-A, to train for traveling auditors; resident territory if competent. B 590 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, experienced in modern methods; fine opportunity with old established concern. Phone Chelsea 254.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; one with hotel experience. Apply Alamac Hotel, Atlantic City, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER, in club; $75 month, meals and bonus; state age and references. O 200 Times.

BOYS
BOYS
BOYS
Must be 16 years of age, for mail and messenger service; excellent opportunity for advancement in electrical business.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOYS AND MEN
can earn good wages on piecework basis or weekly salary, as preferred, delivering telegrams, at our various offices, with or without uniform. Apply, with recommendation.
AMERICAN DISTRICT TEL. CO.,
33 Park Place.

BOYS,
must be 18 years old, to work nights on vacuum pumps; no experience necessary.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 113.

BOYS.
Bright, well educated boys, about 16 years old, for messenger and general office work; good salary; excellent opportunity for advancement. Halsey, Stuart & Co., 49 Wall St., New York.

BOY wanted who desires to learn the advertising business in an old-established advertising agency; excellent chance for a bright boy with good education seeking a permanent position with a chance to grow; salary $7. Address in own handwriting, stating age, Agency, Suite 1106, 95 Madison Av.

BOY.—Firm of contractors and engineers has an opening for a young man, 16-17 years old; splendid opportunity for boy taking up drafting and similar work to secure practical experience with Christian firm; must be ambitious and willing. Call Room 1206, 15 West 38th St.

BOY.—A youth just out of school, correct at figures, for position in office of bookbinding, assisting in estimating; opportunity to learn printing and binding business in large establishment. Address "Printing," 275 Times Downtown.

BOY for office work and errands; rapid promotion for earnest worker; opportunity to learn the operation of multigraphing machine and addressograph and telephone switchboard. Call at 192 Diamond St., Brooklyn.

BOYS TO MAKE THEMSELVES GENERALLY USEFUL IN A WHOLESALE CLOAK HOUSE; CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STEADY POSITION, GOOD SALARY. MAURICE BANDLER, 146 MADISON AV.

BOYS, (4,) not under 16, bright, and neat of appearance, in office of large corporation; excellent opportunity for willing and energetic youths. Call 8:30 A. M., Ajax Rubber Co., 241 West 58th St.

BOYS.—LARGE INSURANCE COMPANY; EXCELLENT CHANCE OF ADVANCEMENT FOR BRIGHT, WELL EDUCATED BOYS; STATE AGE AND SCHOOLING. B 403 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY, about 16 years old, desired for office and warehouse work, with large steel house; good chance for advancement. Call Thursday between 11 and 12 o'clock, Room 905-8, 82 Beaver St., New York.

BOYS, BRIGHT, AMBITIOUS, BY LARGE CASUALTY COMPANY; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY; SALARY $30 MONTHLY; STATE AGE AND SCHOOLING. B 403 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY wanted, 15-16, for office work in salesroom of large software manufacturer; must be bright and ambitious; excellent opportunity for advancement. S 670 Times Downtown.

BOY IN OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE. B 533 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY, bright, wanted for office of large manufacturing concern; one with experience or graduate preferred. Apply A. Hupfel's Sons, 3d Av. and 161st St.

BOYS wanted in office of large downtown insurance company; good opportunity for advancement. Apply before 9 A. M. to Mr. Bolce, 2 Albany St., New York.

BOYS for stockroom work in machine shop; permanent position; government work; good salary. Apply after 10 A. M., Arma Engineering Co., 252 West 29th.

BOY in office of large insurance company; exceptional opportunity for advancement; salary to start, $9 per week. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y.

BOY.—Strong boy wanted as helper on butter and egg auto delivery; $10 to start; good chance for advancement. Joe H. Krenrich Commission Co., 8 Harrison St.

BOY, 14-17, an exceptional opportunity offered to start on a career with a fast growing, liberal house. Call only if you are bright and willing. R. 501, 221 4th Av.

BOY for errands and general office work; permanent position; good wages; short hours. Lakeside Publishing Co., 38 West 32d.

BOYS wanted. Apply 54 West St.

BOY.—Bright, under 18, wanted for advertising agency; good chance for advancement. Room 515, 1,790 Broadway.

BOY, bright, of neat appearance, wanted by large corporation; good advancement. R. N., Box 70, Station D, New York.

BOY wanted, 16-17 years, wholesale millinery house; good opportunity. O 126 Times.

BOY, EDUCATED, AMBITIOUS.
Certain quick advancement if worthy.
203 BROADWAY, SUITE 910.

BOY wanted by large cold storage company; good opportunity for bright boy. B 596 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright; real estate; chance for advancement; call Tuesday. Shaw & Co., 1 West 125th St.

BOY, intelligent, for office work; write, stating age and qualifications. Address K 741 Times Downtown.

BOY.—WHOLESALE HOUSE; STEADY EMPLOYMENT; NOT UNDER 16 YEARS. G. SIDENBERG, 116 5TH AV.

BOY wanted, neat, intelligent boy for general office work; apply with working papers to 231 West 39th St., 9th floor.

BOY wanted, about 15, as office and errand boy to start at $8 at once. S 661 Times Downtown.

BOY FOR BICYCLE MESSENGER SERVICE. GROSSET & DUNLAP, 526 WEST 26TH.

BOY, stock record clerk; silk and woolen house; experience not essential; age 16 to 17; references. R 215 Times.

BOY wanted; office and errands; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call, Daily Marine Record, 59 Pearl St.

BOYS for errands; $6 weekly. Suffolk Engraving, 30 East 21st.

Classified Advertising Rates

The New York Times

Count six words to an agate line.

Agents Wanted	50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	50c
Automobile Exchange	50c
Boarders and Board Wanted	35c
Business Opportunities	50c
Country Board	35c
Employment Agencies	50c
For Sale	50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	35c
Help Wanted	35c
Lost and Found	50c
Mortgage Loans	50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	35c
Situations Wanted	30c

HELP WANTED—Male.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Experienced only; good salary to start; opportunity for advancement. Federal Tool Co., 11th Av. and 9th St., Whitestone, L. I.

SHIPPING CLERK for high-class concern; one with knowledge of packing preferred. Write, stating experience and salary, C. K., Box 10, 1,364 Broadway.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Young man in woolen house; salary $15 per week. A 518 Times.

SHORTHAND TEACHER wanted; capable Isaac Pitman. Merchants' & Bankers' School, 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2093.

SODA MAN.—One who can take entire charge. Apply after 12 o'clock, New York International Exposition grounds, 177th St. and Bronx River.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, knowledge of bookkeeping, on Government construction work. Reply, stating age, experience, salary and telephone number to Post Office Box 4, Astoria, L. I.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man in general office of express company; experienced preferred; $16. New York Transfer Co., 1,354 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER to do billing and general office work. John Johnson Co., 37th St. and 2d Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, general office assistant; state age, experience if any. L 516 Times Downtown.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D ST.,

HAVE VACANCIES FOR THE FOLLOWING POSITIONS IN THEIR DELIVERY DEPT.:

SHIPPING CLERKS,
COMPLAINT CLERKS,
ENTRY CLERKS,
TRUCK HELPERS,
CRATERS AND BALERS.

APPLY SUPT. DELIVERY, EMPLOYES' ENTRANCE, 6TH AV., NEAR 43D ST.

STOCK CLERK; large retail stationery store; must be experienced; permanent position, good salary. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

STOCK CLERK.—Boy as stock clerk in large wholesale house; bright boy has good chance for advancement. Loeb & Schoenfeld Co., 27-33 West 25d.

STOCK CLERKS.—Experienced preferred; wholesale upholstery goods house. Call P. S. S. & Co., 20 East 20th St.

STOCK CLERKS.—Young men as stock clerks in large veiling house. Hamburger, 91 5th Av.

STOCK SALESMEN.—Experienced stock man for exceptional selling proposition; newspaper leads, liberal commission, big earnings assured; no advances. Apply Suite 501, 1 Broadway.

SUPERINTENDENT

for large plant manufacturing U. S. Army uniforms wanted; men with experience only need apply; must be capable of handling foremen and help, be responsible for quality and production, and must be familiar with sectionizing work; state salary and references. S. T., Box 234 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT
WANTED FOR BRASSIERE MANUFACTURING PLANT. EXPERIENCED MAN WITH ABILITY IN THIS LINE WILL FIND AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY. APPLY IN WRITING, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS, K 774 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

THE
STANDARD
AIRCRAFT
CORPORATION
OF
ELIZABETH, N. J.,
REQUIRE THE FOLLOWING:

TOOLMAKERS,
SCREW MACHINE HANDS.
NIGHT AND DAY SHIFT.
10 PER CENT. EXTRA FOR NIGHT WORK.
MUST BE CITIZENS.
APPLY AT ONCE.

TOOL MAKERS.
INSTRUMENT MAKERS.
FIRST-CLASS MEN ONLY.
GOOD LOCATION.
STEADY POSITION.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

TOOL DRAFTSMEN

on punches and dies, jigs and fixtures for small interchangeable work; only men with experience need apply; good pay.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.
Near West St. Six blocks south of 14th St.

TRACER.—Experienced tracer wanted on structural and mechanical drawing, card indexing and filing drawings; submit sample of lettering and full information, including salary expected and when available in first letter. Apply R 217 Times.

TRAFFIC MANAGER.—Must understand domestic and foreign traffic thoroughly and possess executive ability; state full particulars as to age, experience, and salary desired. X 208 Times Annex.

TYPIST.—Spanish young man, knowledge of English, business experience; can offer permanent employment with good chance for advancement; apply in person. Davis & Lawrence Co., 74 Christopher St., city.

TYPISTS
on factory orders, familiar with dictation; some experience necessary; good opportunity. 48 North 10th St., Brooklyn.

TYPIST AND ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—College graduate preferred. I. Rand & Son, 37 W. 28th.

WANTED,
STATION MEN AND TRAINMEN,
AGES 22 TO 55,
SUBWAY AND ELEVATED DIVISIONS,
INTERBOROUGH RAPID
TRANSIT CO.
APPLY
ROOM 1233, 165 BROADWAY,
9 A. M. TO 5 P. M., DAILY,
EXCEPT SUNDAY.

WANTED BY A BANK,
Junior clerks; must be quick and accurate at figures.
Bookkeepers.
Paying tellers.
Girl messengers.
Chance for advancement. State qualifications, experience, age, nationality, and salary desired. Address A. B. F., Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

YOUNG MAN AS CLOTH BUYER IN CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE; ONE WHO HAS EXPERIENCE AND THOROUGHLY UNDERSTANDS THIS WORK. AL. GOLDSTON & CO., 136 MADISON AV.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, to work in shipping department; excellent opportunity for advancement; ½ day Saturdays years round; good salary. Enterprise Elec. Novelty Co., 127 Greene St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WRIGHT-MARTIN
AIRCRAFT CORP.
REQUIRE AT ONCE ON WAR WORK

TOOLMAKERS.
Toolroom Machinists and Grinder Hands.
Tool Temperer.

FOREMEN for the following departments:
Crankshaft Turning Dept.,
Internal Grinding Dept.,
Crankshaft Grinding Dept.,
Camshaft Turning Dept.

JOB SETTERS for the following:
Fox Lathes,
Acme,
J. & L.,
Heald,
Gisholt,
Milling Machines,
Gridley Single Spindle,
Warner & Swasey,
Job setters for Crankshafts.

EXPERT MACHINISTS.
Engine Lathe Hands,
Universal Grinders,
P. & J. Operators,
Gisholt Operator,
J. & L. Operators.
Machine Inspectors.

DEMONSTRATORS (EXPERT) who thoroughly understand the machining on the following work:
Crankshafts,
Gisholt,
Pistons,
Universal Grinders,
Acme and Gridley Automatics,
Punch Press,

IF NOT NOW EMPLOYED ON GOVERNMENT WORK APPLY AT ONCE.
EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT,
BORDEN AND STARR AVS.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

Directions to Long Island plant: Take Queensboro subway from Grand Central Station, N. Y., and get off at Jackson Av. Take car at Borden Av. to plant.

Or to
representative at U. S. Employment Offices, 22 East 22d St., NEW YORK CITY; 171 HUNTER AV., (BRIDGE PLAZA,) LONG ISLAND CITY, 310 Jay St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

JOIN THE ARMY OF
HOME PRODUCTION.
BUY W. S. S.
REGULARLY.

License Filed U. S. E. S. Permit No. 77.

YOUNG MAN,

ONE WHO UNDERSTANDS BOOKKEEPING OR LEDGER WORK AND HAS HAD INSTALLMENT HOUSE EXPERIENCE, TO TAKE CHARGE OF AN OFFICE; MUST POSSESS TACT AND INITIATIVE; TO ONE WHO CAN QUALIFY WE HAVE AN EXCELLENT OPENING. APPLY MAIN OFFICE, BLOOMINGDALE BROS., 59TH ST. AND 3D AV.

SUPERINTENDENT

for large plant manufacturing U. S. Army uniforms wanted; men with experience only need apply; must be capable of handling foremen and help, be responsible for quality and production, and must be familiar with sectionizing work; state salary and references. S. T., Box 234 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN

TO WORK NIGHTS IN SHOP ON VACUUM PUMPS. NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY. STEADY POSITION. GOOD PAY.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

LICENSED BY W. S. E. S. PERMIT NO. 113.

YOUNG MAN,

pleasing personality; must be quick to get in action; must have a thorough office experience, a fair education, and be draft exempt; salary will depend upon applicant's ability and experience; permanent position.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BEHTHUNE ST.
near West St.; 6 blocks south of 14th St.

YOUNG MEN.

Must be 16 years of age; for mail and messenger service; excellent opportunity for advancement in electrical business.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BEHTHUNE ST.
near West St.; 6 blocks south of 14th St.

YOUNG MEN. — Opportunity to learn a good trade, electrical wiring and testing; positions are permanent; good salaries to start; advancement according to ability; men of sixteen years or over are eligible. Apply by mail, L 349 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, knowledge of electricity, to start as tester and prepare for inspector leading into sales force; advancement according to ability; grammar or high school graduate preferred. Apply by letter for appointment, stating details and salary. Telautograph Corp., 448 West 37th St.

YOUNG MAN, 21 to 30 years old, exempt from draft, must be well educated and practical, able to edit a club monthly, for responsible position with a social welfare institution. Write, giving details about education, experience, religion, references, and salary desired, S. W. J. D., 40 West 115th St.

YOUNG MAN wanted as office assistant with promotion; general contractors; must be able to use typewriter; some knowledge plans preferred. Apply Room 1200, 331 Madison Av., between 5 and 5:30, or Thursday, between 8:30 and 9. Ruggles-Robinson Co., 331 Madison Av., New York City.

YOUNG MAN, resident of the Bronx, as timekeeper and junior clerk on cost work, essential manufacturing business; Christian firm. Address reply, stating age, salary expected, and draft status to O. Y., 19 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN to assist bookkeeping machine operator; one with knowledge of Moon-Hopkins machine preferred; write stating particulars, age, and salary desired. A. G., Box 48, Station G, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, ABOUT 17, FOR GENERAL OFFICE WORK; $10; REFERENCES. JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, 241 WEST ST.

YOUNG MAN, about 16 or 17 years of age, to assist in sales office; splendid opportunity for advancement. E. & J. Bass, Inc., 618 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN not in draft age, clerk in sporting goods store; advancement. Slazenger, 12 East 43d St.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, experienced in cloak and suit shipping dept.; reference required. A 311 Times.

YOUNG MAN for work in shipping department. Campbell, Metzger & Jacobson, 8 East 22d.

YOUNG MAN, (17,) in the chronometer and watch business; advancement. Thomas G. Medinger, 16 Beaver St.

Instruction.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; get into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

MEN—ADVANCE YOURSELVES NOW. Accountants are needed by the Government and in business. Send for details of training to prepare you for exceptional positions; no previous knowledge of bookkeeping required; Write today for Bulletin 40. F. P. Lamphear, 215 West 23d St., N. Y.; or C. W. Stowell, 55 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

COMPLETE secretarial course; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1853,) Broadway at 72d St.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future in store for the ACCOUNTANT-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 29, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPERS AND CREDIT OFFICE ASSISTANTS! Double your salary; personal evening training, trial balance, financial statements, credits and collections; moderate rates; write for Prospectus A. Edward Levi, Room 619, 200 5th Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—America is now demanding hundreds of trained men; one of the essentials is good English; can you qualify? Free booklet "Your English" will enable you to determine; it also suggests the method for overcoming defects. Write for Booklet 73, Page & Page, 30 Church St., N.Y.

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

Employment Agencies.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE, 74 Broadway.—4 invoice and claim clerks, $125; many others; register free.

BOOKKEEPERS, ACCOUNTANTS, CLERKS and others; worth investigating. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

CLERK, night, hotel, $115; assistant clerk, $80. Doherty's Agency, 801 6th Av.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

ABBOTT-DETROIT, 1917; 1913 Oldsmobile; big bargains; easy terms. Gage, 51 East 42d St.

BUICK D45 1917 five-passenger touring car; practically new; will trade in any good runabout, preferably Dodge or Chevrolet. Lowa, 205 South Broadway, Yonkers.

BUICK 1917, Little Six limousine. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1st floor. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Black, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICK D45 runabout, in perfect condition; will sell reasonably. Weber, Circle 1253.

BUICK 1916 CABRIOLET.
Condition excellent. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

BUICK.—Like new; bargain. J. Piero, 1,898 Broadway, city. Columbus 8763.

BUICK Little 6 Cabriolet; like new every way. 305 West 59th. Columbus 9862.

CADILLAC 1917 seven-passenger touring car; practically new; slip covers and all equipment; many extras; will consider taking in trade any good small car. Lowa, 205 South Broadway, Yonkers.

CADILLAC 1917 touring, also 1916 touring and roadster; bargains. 1,778 Broadway, at 57th, 1st floor. Phone Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1918 TOURING,
4 Pass.; Goodyear Cord Tires; 700 Miles.
Schoonmaker & Jecod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1918 LIMOUSINE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE, 4 PASS.,
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

COLE TOURING CAR.

IN FIRST-CLASS CONDITION, FOR SALE BY COLE DEALER; STANDARD IN EVERY RESPECT; $1,000; GUARANTEED.
RUSSELL L. ENGS, INC.,
12 CENTRAL PARK WEST.
TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 510.

CHANDLER.
Rebuilt and refinished
USED CARS.
Ninety-Day Guarantee.
BEST USED CARS IN NEW YORK.
Model 17-B 4-passenger Coupe.
Model 17-B 7-passenger Sedan.
Model 17-B 7-passenger Touring.
Model 17 7-passenger Sedan.
Model 17 7-passenger Touring.
Model 17 7-passenger Limousine.
Model 16 7-passenger Touring.
Model 16 5-passenger Coupelet.
BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORP'N,
62d St. and Broadway.

CHANDLER 1917 sedan; exceptional bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1st floor. Circle 1417.

DE DION-BOUTON SEDAN.
Most beautiful car in city; can't be told from new; special built Brewster body; Westinghouse electric starter and lights; six Kudge-Whitmore wire wheels; condition guaranteed. International Automobile Exchange, 150 West 55th St.

DODGE 1916 touring car; very little used any demonstration given; bargain. 407 South Broadway, Yonkers.

FORD 1918 touring; self-starter, demountables; first-class condition; $000. W 312 Times.

FRANKLINS.—23 used Franklins, including special limousine; bargain; service guaranteed. Gage, 51 East 42d St.

FRANKLIN, 4-passenger, late 1918; less than 4,000 miles; demountable rims; perfect condition. Decatur 4087.

HUDSON super six, late 1917 model, 7 passenger; cord tires, $1,300. N. A. Barnett, 276 North Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J. Phone Elizabeth 1833.

HUDSON 1917 SPEEDSTERS,
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

HUDSON 1917 4 passenger, sport model. Call and see it any time, 1,264 Bedford Av., two doors from Fulton St., Brooklyn.

HUDSON super six touring; three months old; good as new; wonderfully equipped; $1,500. Myers S. A., 263 West 125th.

HUDSON 1917 Super Six touring, 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1st floor. Circle 1417.

HUDSON town car, 1917, Super Six. 1,778 Broadway, 1st floor. Circle 1417.

HUPMOBILE 1916 5-PASSENGER,
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

HUPMOBILE, 5-pass. 1917 touring; mechanically perfect; price, $775. Intervale 2293.

LANCIA 1918, four passenger, Sport type; used one month.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 5th Av. Plaza 4837.

LANCIA SEDAN. LIKE NEW. Very reasonable. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

LOCOMOBILE 7-passenger touring; special body; new top and newly painted; excellent condition mechanically; chauffeur will demonstrate. A. N. Waring, 987 Madison Av. Phone Lenox 7955.

LOCOMOBILE 6-38, five passenger; new victoria top, paint; total mileage 8,100; price $800. N. A. Barnett, 276 North Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J. Phone 1833 Elizabeth.

MARMON 1916 7-pass. touring; Victoria top; wire wheels; two extra shoes and tubes; car in excellent condition. Brady-Murray Corp'n, 62d St. and Broadway.

MARMON 1917 touring car; also Marmon Sedan; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON LIMOUSINE. ALMOST NEW. WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

MARMON 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER,
10 West 60th St. / Columbus 5078.

MAXWELL sedan; perfect mechanical condition; late 1917; run 6,000 miles; all new tires, two extra tires, shock absorber, &c.; $750 cash. Address I. H., Main Post Office, Box 862.

MAXWELL 1917 Cabriolet, beautiful car, exceptional condition. 305 West 59th. Columbus 9862.

MERCER touring car, 1914 model, perfect mechanical condition, looks like new; a very speedy and classy looking car; reasonable. Brennan, Room 514, 367 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Phone Main 3774.

MERCER 1917, four passenger, Sport type; two extra wheels; splendid condition.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 5th Av. Plaza 4837.

MERCER 1917 SPEEDSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

OVERLAND six; beautiful sedan; perfect condition; extras. Insurance. Phone Boro Park 6452.

OVERLAND landaulet 1917, perfect condition; bargain. Barrett, 915 West 150th. Audubon 8506.

PACKARD roadster, 6 cylinder, 38 horse power; almost new; price $1,000. Phone 3401 Stuyvesant, between 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. until Saturday.

PACKARD 1917 BROUGHAM LIMOUSINE
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

PACKARD roadster; good condition; cheap for cash. Roberts, Barclay 7635.

PAIGE 1918 roadster, disappearing seats in rear, practically brand new; bargain. Clark & Kendrick, 148 West 51st St.

PIERCE ARROW TOURING.
This car is the latest model built, and is handsomely equipped with slip covers, torpedo windshield, two extra tires mounted, tire covers, tools, &c.; same looks like a brand new car and is guaranteed to be in perfect mechanical condition, having been driven only 6,300 miles; to duplicate this car would cost $7,400; will sell at a genuine bargain to quick purchaser.
BURRELLE, 1,680 BROADWAY.

PIERCE ARROW 1917 "38"
FOUR PASSENGER TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE ARROW 1917 "48" LIMOUSINE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

REO 1917 touring; like new; must sell. Citron, 691 Broadway, Brooklyn.

STANLEYS.—Two 1918, five 1917, two 1916, and several older models; service guaranteed. Gage, 51 East 42d St.

STEARNS KNIGHTS	OVERHAULED GUARANTEED
1917 Cloverleaf, 8 cyl.	PRICES
1917 7-passenger, 4 cyl.	REASONABLE.
1917 5-passenger, 4 cyl.	
1916 5-passenger, 4 cyl.	

ALSO LIMOUSINES & LANDAULETTES.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.,
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7800

STEARNS KNIGHT 1917, 7-passenger touring; special body, Victoria top; excellent condition, will sell immediately at big bargain. Elk Mfg., 1,926 Broadway.

STUTZ, 1917 touring, and Packard 8-38; both cars in excellent condition and guaranteed like new; bargains. Park Plaza Garage, 920 Union St., Brooklyn.

STUTZ 1918, four-passenger, 10 days old; equal to brand new automobile, including two brand new extra Goodyear shoes, mounted. Clark & Kendrick, 148 West 51st St.

STUTZ, 1918 TOURINGS,
4 AND 6 PASS.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BILL CLERK AND TYPIST.—SIEGEL, young man that called in reference to a typist position, please call again. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

STUTZ 1918 Runabout; 1917 Bulldog, 1918 touring; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

STUTZ 1917 16 valves; must sacrifice immediately; $1,700. Riverside 3677, Apt. 3.

WILLYS six, 1917, seven-passenger, repainted Pekin, thoroughly overhauled, good rubber, two spares on rims, $850, or make offer. Phone 2800 Gramercy, between 2 and 4.

WINTON MODEL 38; light six touring car; overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th Street.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
No war tax on used cars.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
FIAT (30) Sedan, foreign; latest importation.
1918 CADILLAC town car.
1918 BUICK Little "6" roadster.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1918 MITCHELL touring.
1918 CHANDLER Chummy Roadster.
1918 CHALMERS touring; new; big discount.
1917 MARMON touring.
1917 CADILLAC limousine.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH coupe.
1917 STUTZ speedster.
1917 NATIONAL touring.
1917 PEERLESS touring.
1916 STUTZ roadster; practically new.
1916 STUTZ speedster; Bearcat.
1917 OVERLAND Little "6" sedan.
Lawrence, R.
TRUCKS.
PACKARD, 3½ TON.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

RIGHT PRICES.

1918 HAYNES, seven-passenger touring.
1917 CHALMERS, small "6" touring.
1917 CADILLAC SEDAN, exceptional.
1917 CADILLAC TOURING.
1917 HUPMOBILE RUNABOUT.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" TOURING.
1917 OVERLAND SMALL RUNABOUT.
1917 MAXWELL TOURING, very late.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING, exceptional.
1916 CHALMERS, seven-passenger.
1916 DODGE RUNABOUT, exceptional.

Open 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Closed Sunday.

THE BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.
Appraisers to the Trade.
1,077 ATLANTIC AV., CORNER FRANKLIN AV., BROOKLYN.

BODIES. SECURE A BARGAIN NOW!
100 Limousines, Landaulets, Sedans, Coupelets.

ALL NOW AT SACRIFICE PRICES.
Limousines-Landaulets $25, $50, $75, $100, &c.
Some swell new jobs. Big saving.
Runabouts.....$35 up; Touring.....$20 up.
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.
Notice our address carefully.
☞Beware of "Fakirs" using our name.
1,763 Broadway, near 57th St.

AUTOS TAKEN IN DEAD STORAGE, $5 up; space for 300 cars; fireproof garage. Grand Boulevard Garage, between 187th and 188th, Grand Boulevard and Concourse, Wm. Peat, Manager. Phone 2910 Fordham.

AUTOMOBILE. — Will sacrifice my late model, five-passenger, six-cylinder Chalmers, in perfect mechanical condition, for $425. 409 West 39th St., Mr. O'Connell's car.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS.	Reconditioned & guaranteed; price very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

A gentleman will sell his electric roadster, Edison batteries; prime condition. A. G. W., New York Athletic Club.

Motor Trucks.

TRUCKS.—Will sell 3½ and 5 ton trucks on deferred payment plan to responsible parties, and give yearly contract for work. 1,457 Broadway, Room 903.

TRUCK D. E. ¾-ton closed delivery wagon in good condition; will sell at low price. Brady-Murray Motors Corp'n, 62d St. and Broadway.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire, hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. Corey, Williamson, 204 West 48d St. Phone 4319-3530 Bryant.

PACKARDS.—1917 twin sixes exclusively, landaulet, touring; hour, monthly. Willmarth. Tel. Columbus 8080.

PACKARD, (twin sixes.) Pierce-Arrows; hour or season. Muldoon, 254 West 68th. Phone Columbus 2181-7201.

PACKARD.—Nice private landaulet, $100 weekly to desirable party. Rowse, Circle 447.

Automobiles Wanted.

PACKARD touring, 1918, 3-35, wanted; state number of miles run and lowest price; no dealers. L 533 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—Late model Fiat touring; good condition essential. Address W. S., 109 Times.

WANTED—AUTOS; SPOT CASH READY! Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway. Phone Circle 2476.

WANTED SEDAN IN GOOD CONDITION FOR CASH. FREYDBERG, 166 5TH AV.

Cars on consignment, cash or dead storage. 305 West 59th. Columbus 9862.

High-grade car wanted immediately; no dealers. M. M., 22 Times.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 20 REASONS 20
Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. at Broadway. Write today for Catalogue 1.

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A.	Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 302 W. 57th St. 7920. Special classes for ladies.
ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St.	Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.
COSMOPOLITAN AUTO SCHOOL, 221 W. 57TH ST.	Moderate priced instruction. Mechanical and private driving. Evs. to 10 P. M. Men, women.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

One-hundred-thousand-dollar credit rating, large banking discounts, yearly increase of sales and net profits I had established when closing my successful import business lately, retiring independently; wish to be active again; will invest ability on credit, merchandising and salesmanship, with about $5,000. W 322 Times.

AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.
An established New York corporation with large orders on hand wishes additional capital to fill these orders; good opportunity for small investments. R. R., 295 Times Downtown.

Plant, fully equipped, with machines and all other factory facilities; excellent for cloak and suit or clothing manufacturer; reasonable. Inquire Meyer Nagel & Co., 105 Madison Av., New York City.

Bona fide garage business and lease 10 years for sale; new building; no posts; 135 cars. Principals apply Hayward, 2,640 Broadway.

GARAGE, 150 CARS.
Long lease; rent $10,000; location best; cash is essential; principals only. Bona fide. 123 Times.

Established skirt business for sale, everything prepared for new concern to take immediate charge. Telephone 9393 Mad. Sq.

Ice business, 25 years established; trial allowed. Lund, 478 Lexington Av., Brooklyn.

Business Notices.

MANUFACTURERS TAKE NOTICE.
H. E. Gilbert Company, Inc., 50 Church Street, are qualified as consulting engineers in the conservation of oil or gas fuel for industrial purpose. Inquiries solicited.

GENERAL DRAFTING.
Mechanical drawing, mapping, development of inventions, Patent Office drawings. Room 1105, 601 West 122d Av., corner 122d Av.

Kodak Rolls developed, 10c; pictures finished, 2c; "Best Kind," "None Better." Art Studio, Box J72, New York City.

FOR SALE.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES.
New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 29 to 35 West 32d St., near B'way.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

FOR SALE.
Office safe, 38x24. Address Owner, B 480 Times Annex.

Office equipment for sale; desks, chairs, files, etc. Room 412, 105 West 40th St.

Machinery.

FOR SALE,
ALUMINUM PISTON CASTINGS,
CAST-IRON PULLEYS,
SHAFTING,
HANGERS,
MOTORS,
ENGINES,
MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
F. B. SWEIGARD,
MUT. 3102-Y. 3,153 CHAPIN ST.,
R. D. NO. 3. ERIE, PENN.

Purchase and Exchange.

Will buy fixtures for ready-to-wear department, consisting of standard wardrobe cases, rack fixtures, carpet, &c., for cash. The Klein & Heffelman Co., Canton, Ohio.

Wanted—I buy miscellaneous sheet music and broken McKinley and Century outfits if cheap. Hubbard, Riverside, California.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Following are promoted to be Lieutenant Colonels:

MAJORS.

Davis, C. E.	Martin, E.
Nichols, N. E.	Kerr, J. P.
Farrell, P. J. H.	Harden, R. D.
Rice, W. F.	McHenry, J. H.
Small, A. A.	Cook, R. L.
Skillern, R. H.	Scott, T. H.
Danna, J. A.	Dunn, W. Le R.
Meyers, S. J.	

Following are promoted to be Majors:

CAPTAINS.

Riley, E. J.	
Kirkpatrick, W. D.	Rosser, W. W.
Pepper, O. H. P.	Greene, J. V.
Shoemaker, L.	Newhouse, O. A.
Townsend, M. L.	Ritchie, F. G.
Brogart, A. E.	Brown, R. A.

Following are promoted to be Captains:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Fisher, L.	Adams, E. G.
Chandler, C. E.	Dobbs, J. C.
Curtis, H. C.	Engle, R. L.
Eberhard, F. G.	Roger, E. A.
Fagan, P. E.	Sheets, F. L.
Rossell, F. H.	Taylor, C. B.
Stier, J. H.	Jones, C. H.
Hawkins, H. M.	Grin, J.
Doran, W. E.	Rucks, W. L.
Harvey, H.	Lutz, J. S.
Hatcher, G. A.	Amory, O. T.
Lawrence, R.	McCormick, G.
Hall, J.	Donohoe, S. R., Jr.
Brewer, C. S.	Mackey, D. B.
Allen, D. K.	Knowlton, E. A.
McCune, D. P.	Joneson, T. B.
Markham, H. B.	Ratliff, H. M.
Mathis, E. G.	Wilson, F. D.
Strain, C. S.	Rhyne, A. W.
Rogers, A. E.	Cawley, W. D.
Sykes, L. G.	Staatz, L. A.
Ronayne, F. J.	Luders, C. W.
McCullough, T. L.	Gray, C. M.
Hickman, W. A.	Doescher, T. F.
Pought, R. N.	Withers, E. C., Jr.
Chisholm, A. J.	Lactue, O.
Logan, J. A.	Wakefield, E. F.
Eckert, M. M.	Betts, H.
Wade, J. C.	Aitken, W. A.
Weber, T. C.	Aplin, F. W.
Akehurst, R. L.	Carncross, H. L.
Beeby, R. J.	Craig, J. S.
Cook, W. E.	Harris, E. R.
Digges, J. H.	Hunts, C. J.
Goodman, J. A.	Lippman, L. H.
Anthony, W. E.	Schofield, R. W.
Wiley, C. B.	Smeck, A. R.

Following to Camp Greenleaf:

CAPTAINS.

Cary, J. H.	Schmiled, J. D.
Cavins, L. B.	Davis, W. B.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.	
Jolliffe, M. B.	Hughes, J. C.
Wheeldon, T. T.	

Dunne, Capt. G. M., and Kelly, Capt. A. H., are discharged from the service.

Ellison, Capt. G.; Hornaday, Capt. F. A.; Jacocks, Capt. W. P., and Seale, Capt. J. P., to Yale Army Laboratory School.

Allen, 1st Lt. C. D., and Kline, 1st Lt. E., to Camp Lee as asstS. to the Camp Surgeon.

Dodge, Capt. A. M., to Camp Lee.

Burkland, Capt. P. R.; Abbott, Capt. U. S., and Robinson, Capt. P. W., to Ft. Riley.

Dedrick, Capt A. C., to Ft. Slocum.

King, 1st Lt. J. D., to Base Hosp. 112 at Camp Sherman.

Dudley, Capt. L. W., to Army Hosp. 17 at Markleton, Penn.

Allen, 1st Lt. E. B., to Base Hosp. 89 at Camp Wheeler.

Zeinert, 1st Lt. O. B., to Evac. Hosp. 49 at Camp Greenleaf.

Hill, 1st Lt. H. R., to Camp Upton.

Davenport, Maj. W. P., to Camp MacArthur.

Grant, Maj. D. N. W., to Camp Gordon.

Edson, 1st Lt. H. S., to Camp Humphreys.

Wheate, Maj. J. M., to Camp Wheeler.

Dunham, 1st Lt. W. F., to Camp Taylor.

Brayshaw, 1st Lt. J., to Camp Funston.

McClish, Capt. C. L., to Camp Dix.

Bodman, 1st Lt. E. L., to Camp Dodge.

Brooks, Capt. T. C., to Camp Beauregard.

Welsh, Capt. T. W., to Camp Kearny.

Tompkins, 1st Lt. R. D., to Camp Johnston.

Perry, Capt. W. B., to Camp Custer.

Witte, 1st Lt. D. H., to Camp McClellan.

Duckwall, Maj. B. F., to Camp Sherman.

Harris, Capt. R. B., and Delaney, 1st Lt. J. F., to Camp Forrest with 210th Engs.

Knowles, Maj. W. F., to Camp Devens as President of Aviation Board, vice Maj. W. B. Lancaster, relieved.

Schreiner, Col. E. R., assigned as Cmdg. Off. at Walter Reed Hosp.

Swartz, 1st Lt. B. A., to Army Gen. Hosp. at Ft. Bayard, sick.

Harrington, T. L., is appointed as Capt., and will proceed to Ft. Sheridan.

Truby, Col. W. F., will report to Surg. Gen.

Desmond, 1st Lt. M. A., to Harvard Graduate School of Medicine.

Leiblinger, 1st Lt. H. R., to Camp Pike as orthepaedic surgeon.

Tofte, 1st Lt. A. A., to Nitrate Plant No. 4, at Cincinnati.

Ewing, Capt. H. M., to Army Med School, as tuberculosis examiner.

Bodson, J. F., is appointed a Capt., and will report by wire to Cmdg. Gen. Cent. Dept.

Tolson, Maj. O., to Ft. McDowell.

Young, 1st Lt. C. L., will report to Cdmg. Off. of students' army training corps at Purdue Univ., Lafayette

CURCI BRINGS SUIT FOR HIS WIFE'S LOVE

Singer's Husband Seeks $250,000 from Her Manager and Accompanist.

WIFE RECOVERS EFFECTS

She Alleges Her Husband and His Brother Have Held Contents of Her House Wrongfully.

The separation of Amelita Galli-Curci, the singer, and her husband, Luigi Curci, an Italian Marquis and landscape painter, who left his title behind when he came to this country with his wife in 1916 to aid her in winning fame, became a matter of public record yesterday when the singer sent Deputy Sheriff Rooney to her town house at 27 West Sixty-seventh Street to take possession of personal effects she claimed as hers which she valued at $17,000, and which she alleged her husband was withholding from her wrongfully.

At about the time the writ of replevin was issued Signor Curci filed a $250,000 alienation suit against her manager, Charles L. Wagner, and her accompanist, Homer Samuels, on the ground that Wagner and Samuels had conspired together to turn her against him for their own purposes. Galli-Curci at once issued a statement branding her husband's charges as "absurd," and made for the purpose of humiliating her.

The complaint in Curci's alienation suit was served on Samuels on Saturday when he was riding with the singer in her car near Croton, N. Y., and was served on Mr. Wagner in his office at 511 Fifth Avenue yesterday. It alleges that both defendants made false and fraudulent representations to the singer concerning her husband and urged her to abandon him on the ground that his station in life, although he is an artist and is well to do, was a drawback to her success.

Curci says he married the singer in Rome in 1908 and that they lived happily together until November, 1916, when Wagner became her manager. She engaged Samuels as accompanist in February, 1917, and it is alleged that the two defendants then began their conspiracy to supplant the plaintiff's affections with the "unlawful affections of Homer Samuels." The plaintiff says his domestic troubles culminated when he ordered Samuels from the Summer home of the singer at Pine Hills in the Catskills on Aug. 17 last, after upbraiding him for his attentions to the singer, and Galli-Curci left the house with Samuels.

In Galli-Curci's replevin suit to get her personal effects she filed a bond for $34,000, or twice the value of the property, in the Sheriff's office, and Deputy Rooney at once took possession. She gave a list of the articles she said were being withheld from her, which included tapestry panels, rugs, a Capo di Monte vase, all the singer's wearing apparel in the house, and the furnishings of a modern apartment.

RED CROSS TO CARE FOR 10,000 CAPTIVES

Will Have Warehouses in Denmark and Switzerland with Supplies of Food and Clothing.

PLAN CHRISTMAS ROLL CALL

Drive for New Membership Announced—District Quotas the Limit of Population.

The Atlantic Division of the Red Cross announced yesterday that it had obtained two large storage warehouses at Copenhagen, Denmark, and Renens, Switzerland, in which food, clothing, tobacco, and other comforts will be assembled at once in sufficient quantity to maintain 10,000 American soldiers in prison camps in Germany, if that number should need care.

At latest accounts a few more than 500 American soldiers had been located at prison camps in Germany. These supplies will be distributed weekly through neutrals.

Henry P. Davison announced yesterday that in the week from Dec. 16 to Dec. 23 of this year a "Christmas Roll Call" would be held at which it was hoped to enroll practically every man, woman, and child in this country as a Red Cross member. Mr. Davison's statement was in part as follows:

"From Dec. 16 to 23 the list will be opened for every American in every corner of the world, so that it may be known that the whole nation at home and broad is registered for the cause. The Red Cross wants again to give the world notice not only that America can fight, but that to the last man, woman, and child we stand four-square for mercy, honor, and good faith among the nations.

"There will be no allotment of quotas to any communities. The quota for every district will be the limit of its adult population. When the roll call comes, every American, old or young, will be called on to register and add the weight of his name to the Red Cross message.

"Let us answer with one voice to the words of President Wilson when he said, 'I summon you to the comradeship.'"

CHINESE GET BIG LOAN.

Agreement with Japanese Puts Monopoly on Imports and Exports.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, Sept. 3.—An agreement was signed today between the War Ministry and the Taihelkumei Japanese Company for a loan of 30,000,000 yen to be issued at 90 and bearing 7 per cent. interest. The issue will be secured by Chinese Treasury bonds. The scheme is the most extensive ever attempted in China, and consists of the formation of a company which will virtually monopolize all imports and exports requiring Government permits, including iron, rice, arms, ammunition, railway material, &c.

The Government agreement provides that Chinese only are eligible as shareholders of the company, but it is understood that the Japanese will provide the entire funds, while the Chinese will receive 40 per cent. of the shares.

Regulations have been issued forbidding the export of silver and copper money, which is needed in the Government's campaign against the rebels in the south.

CLAIM MARCH AS A DANE.

Copenhagen Papers Say the General's Family Name Was Mark.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 3.—Much interest has been created in Denmark by the statement that the American General March is of Danish descent. The press appears to have unearthed the fact that he is closely related to the respected Danish family of Mark at Nibe, Jutland.

MAN-A-CEA WATER promotes good digestion

Sip a glass or two of this delicious natural mineral spring water with your meals to relieve indigestion and intestinal disturbances—including the ill effects of overeating. A superb table water, especially for those whose digestions are delicate.

Try one more good dinner

Man-a-cea is endorsed by highest medical authorities. Sold by first-class grocers and druggists generally. Money refunded if it does not prove beneficial.

Park & Tilford NEW YORK Sole Agents

The Hart Schaffner & Marx Fall Suits are Ready

Here indeed is good news, if you need clothes—and want good ones.

Come in today and see what is what for Autumn wear.

Suits, $30 to $75

Closing Our Sale of Summer Suits

There are some mighty fine chances to get a Hart Schaffner & Marx Summer Suit at $27.50, $32.50, $37.50 and $43.50 today—but you'd better hurry. Some are suitable for Fall wear.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

Buy W. S. S. Regularly

Uncle Sam says:—
A Pledge to Save is a Pledge to Fight

I DON'T care whether you are a Millionaire or a Miner—this is the *One* year that you can't afford to waste *One* dollar.

Some "exclusive" shops are going to charge fancy prices for hats this Fall—and some men are going to stand the "gaff" because they got in the habit of paying more than necessary before the War.

The fellow who wants to "do his bit" and can't go "Over There" is going to puncture the false pride of paying for a fancy label when buying a Fall hat, and save the difference to help the boys who are on the road to Berlin.

I'm going to maintain my quality, and just as long as my present supply lasts, all my hats will be one price—$2.85.

Trufyt Warner

New York and Everywhere
Telephone Book Gives Addresses of New York and Brooklyn Stores.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Brown alligator satchel, containing child's wearing apparel principally, from automobile, on road Edgemere to New York, Monday night, Sept. 2; reward if returned to H. Bergman, 93 William St., New York or 320 Dickerson Av., Edgemere, L. I.

LOST—From auto in front of Campus, 104th St. and Columbus Av., Monday, between 9 and 10 P. M., suit case, containing various articles; reward equivalent to value of returned articles. Return to Metropolitan Advertising Co., 6 Wall St.

LOST—Platinum pin, set with diamonds, between Larchmont and 125th St., on New Haven R. R., Amsterdam Av. car to 135th St., to Riverside Drive; liberal reward. Mrs. Thomas Russell, Larchmont Manor, N. Y. Telephone Ito Forty-one.

LOST—Diamond engagement ring, hexagonal platinum setting, engraved "L. V. E. S. R. M., Jan. 1, 1916," between Henderson's, Coney Island, and Avenue J station of B. R. T.; liberal reward. L. Winzhiem, eighth floor, 122 West 27th St. Farragut 2770.

LOST—Tuesday afternoon on old subway local train, between 33d and 14th St., slide ring silver mesh purse, containing sum of money and smaller silver dollar purse. Finder return to L. Genken, 18 Broadway, and receive reward; no questions asked.

LOST—Sept. 1, gold hunting case watch, initials "E. W. D.," New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad from Boston, or taxicab from 125th St. station to Amsterdam Av. and 119th St. Reward if returned to Davies, 619 West 136th St.

LOST—At Labor Day parade, pocketbook, containing American and Russian currency, registered Liberty Bonds and registration card of Anne Zujeuski; liberal reward; no questions asked. Trion Toy Co., 144 B'way, Brooklyn.

LOST—Tan leather valise, with initials "W. F.," containing man's shirts, shoes, and underwear, on the road between Monticello and Hackensack. A. Fisher, care of Arrow Electrical Contracting Co., 1,368 Broadway.

LOST—Corona typewriter in case, left on 7th Av. subway, Wednesday, Aug. 28, leaving 14th St. at 5:15 P. M. Reward if returned to James W. Johnson, Room 519, 70 5th Av.; name of owner on inside of case.

LOST—Automobile, Ford delivery, No. 1858234, from Yonkers; closed body, red and black; name of owner, F. C. Holwick, on lower panel. Tierney, 49 John St. Phone John 2153.

LOST—On Labor Day on way to City Island, watch chain and locket. Liberal reward paid if returned to C. G. Boenau, 670 East 182d St.

LOST—Monday evening, between 62d St. and Central Park West and Hotel Majestic roof, pearl and diamond bar pin; reward for return. Telephone 5081 Riverside.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, Monday night, St. Nicholas Av., between 179th and 185th Sts.; liberal reward, no questions asked. Lippe, 512 West 179th St.

LOST—Brown fox fur, about 7 P. M. Sept. 1, between 2d St. and Seaside Park, Coney Island; liberal reward. Return to Limonick, 150 West 111th St.

LOST—Diamond sapphire bar pin at Hotel Vanderbilt, Aug. 28; $200 reward; no questions asked. Lois Whitney, 41 West 82d St.

LOST—Sept. 2, on train coming from Bridgeport, Hudson seal stole, 72x18; liberal reward to finder. Rubin, 176 South 8th St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Silk handbag containing money, gold watch, Thrift Stamps, eyeglasses; suitable reward. Phone Cathedral 8380; or S 129 Times.

LOST—Aug. 31, in Grand Central Restaurant, wrist watch, with leather strap; reward if returned to Miss Teall, 381 4th Av., 12th floor.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, between Lafayette Hotel and Castle Restaurant, Long Beach; reward. Phone 236 Long Beach, F. Rudiger.

LOST.—In Worth's, gold bar pin with sapphire and pearls. Reward, return to H. Ward, 502 West 58th St., care Law Studios.

LOST—On Freeman St., gold locket and cigar cutter; $10 reward. A. Van Dilla, 5 Dover Lane, Brighton Beach.

$100 reward for information as to whereabouts of seven-passenger Phaeton Hudson 1917 Super Six, No. 25440, license No. 176-516; information will be held strictly confidential. S 641 Times Downtown.

Found.

FOUND—Sum of money. Owner can have same by telephoning Vanderbilt 4743.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Aug. 30, white wire-haired terrier with brown patches; name Scamp; great pet. Please notify Drayton Burrill, Jr., Great Neck Station, L. I. Phone 319.

SCHOOL ADVICE FREE

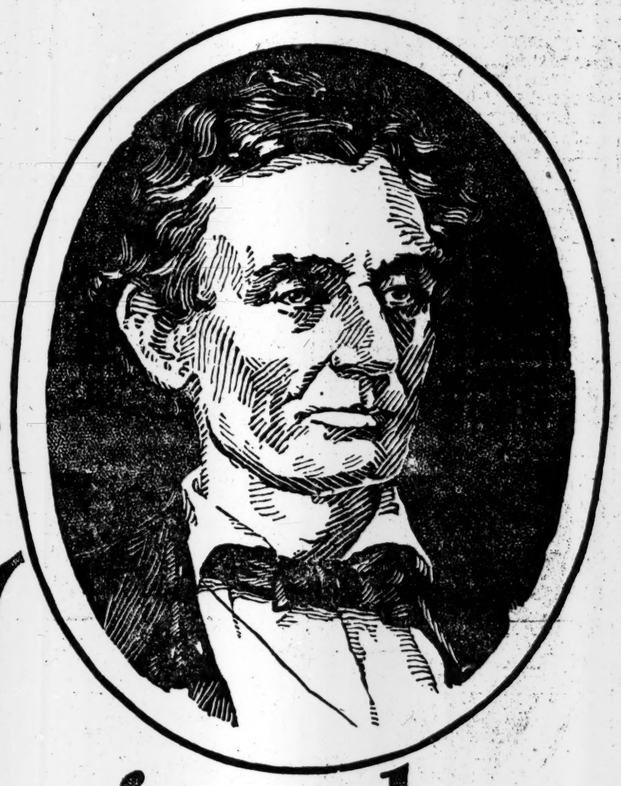
Call and consult with school specialist. Free information and catalogs of all boarding schools in the U. S.

AMERICAN SCHOOLS' ASSOCIATION

Bureau maintained by the schools to help you.

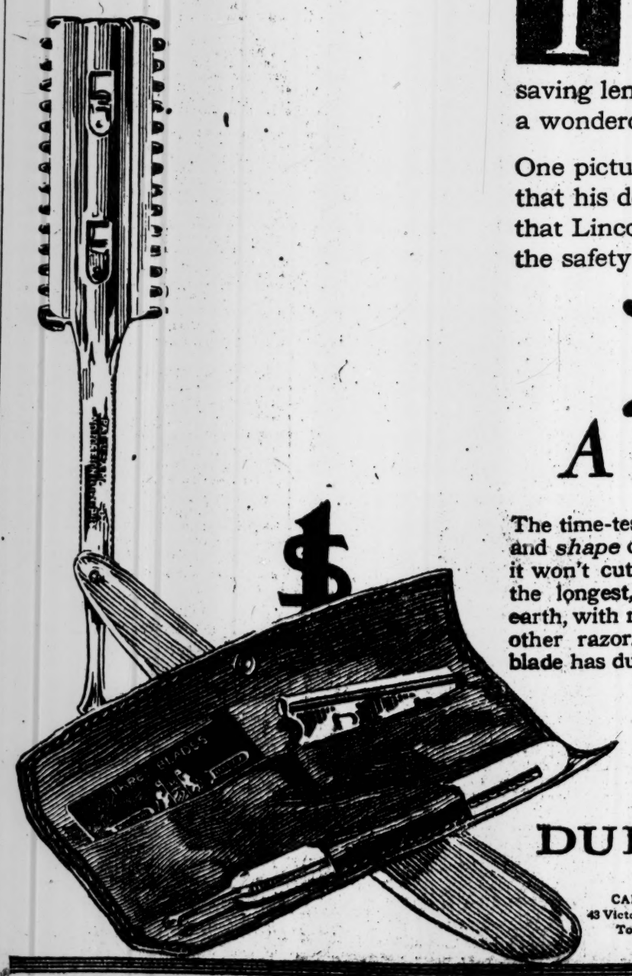
1072 Times Bldg., N. Y.
Phone Bryant 8980

The Razor Lincoln used



THE razor Lincoln used was not unlike the man himself—in outward form, unassuming, and yet an instrument of exquisite balance—with a time-saving length of blade, a fresh, keen stropped edge for the work in hand and a wonderously even temper.

One pictures Lincoln as full of affection for this honest blade despite the fact that his deep-furrowed face was not the easiest to shave. The only things that Lincoln's razor really needed to lighten the patient morning task were the safety and convenience of the guarded, *double-edged* blade of the



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